# Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Unaudited financial statements Together with Review report of independent accountants As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

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#### **Index to financial statements**

	Page
Review report of independent accountants	3
Unaudited balance sheets as of September 30, 2003 and 2004	4
Unaudited statements of income for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2004	5
Unaudited statements of changes in stockholders' equity for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2004	6
Unaudited statements of cash flows for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2004	7
Notes to unaudited financial statements	8-43

#### **English Translation of Review Report Originally Issued in Chinese**

Review report of independent accountants

To: Board of Directors
Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

We have reviewed the accompanying balance sheet of Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (the "Company") as of September 30, 2004 and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the nine-month period then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to issue a review report based on our review. The financial statements of the Company as of and for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003 were reviewed by other auditors whose report, dated October 17, 2003, expressed a modified unqualified review report due to the fact that certain investees were reviewed by other auditors.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards No.36 "Review of Financial Statements" in the Republic of China. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical review procedures to financial data, and making inquires of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Base on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements as of and for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2004 in order for them to be in conformity with "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies", "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and generally accepted accounting principles in the Republic of China.

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. has prepared the consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2004 accompany with standard unqualified review report issued by our auditors furnished upon request.

DIWAN, ERNST & YOUNG Taipei, Taiwan The Republic of China October 28, 2004

#### Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdiction. The standards, procedures and practices to review such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

# Cathay Financial Holding Co.,Ltd. Unaudit balance sheets As of September 30, 2003 and 2004 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

		2003		2004		
Assets	Notes	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	2, 4	\$3,614,555	\$107,003	\$353,349	\$10,396	
Short-term investments	2	4,917	146	-	-	
Tax refund receivable		592,229	17,532	611,178	17,981	
Interest receivable		121,176	3,587	32,323	951	
Other receivable		4,747,057	140,529	4,674,496	137,526	
Deferred income tax assets-current	2, 12	4,069	120	3,958	116	
Prepayments		2	-	-	-	
Subtotal		9,084,005	268,917	5,675,304	166,970	
Long-term investments						
Long-term investments in stocks	2, 5				`	
Long-term investments under equity method		153,282,625	4,537,674	174,707,574	5,139,970	
Long-term investments under cost method		100,000	2,960	100,000	2,942	
Allowance for valuation loss on long-term investments in stocks		(201,350)	(5,960)	(114,845)	(3,379)	
Subtotal		153,181,275	4,534,674	174,692,729	5,139,533	
Property and equipment	2					
Transportation and communication equipment		3,199	94	3,199	94	
Other equipment		2,668	79	3,343	98	
Subtotal		5,867	173	6,542	192	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(958)	(28)	(1,974)	(58)	
Subtotal		4,909	145	4,568	134	
Other assets						
Temporary payments and suspense accounts		116	3	-	-	
Deferred income tax assets -noncurrent	2, 12	94,272	2,791	325,947	9,590	
Deferred charges	2	272,449	8,065	108,980	3,206	
Subtotal		366,837	10,859	434,927	12,796	
Total assets		\$162,637,026	\$4,814,595	\$180,807,528	\$5,319,433	
Liabilities & stockholders' equity						
Current liabilities						
Collections for others		\$436	\$13	\$886	\$26	
Accrued expenses		524	16	27,701	815	
Income taxes payable		819	24	-	-	
Dividends payable		2,711	80	3,976	117	
Other payable		642,813	19,029	759,343	22,340	
Subtotal		647,303	19,162	791,906	23,298	
Long-term liabilities						
Bonds payable	2, 6, 19	24,775,924	733,450	25,777,355	758,381	
Accrued pension liabilities		1,313	39	3,691	108	
Subtotal		24,777,237	733,489	25,781,046	758,489	
Other liabilities						
Temporary receipts and suspense accounts		715	21	727	22	
Subtotal		715	21	727	22	
Total liabilities		25,425,255	752,672	26,573,679	781,809	
Stockholders' equity						
Capital stock						
Common stock	7	83,074,891	2,459,292	83,074,891	2,444,098	
Capital surplus	8	53,101,646	1,571,985	53,697,720	1,579,809	
Retained earnings	9					
Legal reserve		1,335,046	39,522	3,026,715	89,047	
Special reserve		1,833,255	54,270	122,653	3,609	
Unappropriated retained earnings		17,290,583	511,858	26,233,972	771,814	
Equity adjustments						
Unrealized valuation losses on long-term equity investments		(201,350)	(5,961)	(114,845)	(3,379)	
Cumulative conversion adjustments		118,113	3,497	175,865	5,174	
Net loss not yet recognized as net pension cost		-	-	(1,971)	(58)	
Treasury stock	2, 10	(19,340,413)	(572,540)	(11,981,151)	(352,490)	
Total stockholders' equity		137,211,771	4,061,923	154,233,849	4,537,624	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity		\$162,637,026	\$4,814,595	\$180,807,528	\$5,319,433	

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on September 30, 2003 and 2004 were NT\$33.78 and NT\$33.99 to US\$1.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### Unaudit statements of income

## For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2004 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earning per share)

		2003		2004		
	Notes	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	
Operating revenues	2					
Interest income		\$333,003	\$9,858	\$178,489	\$5,251	
Gain on long-term equity investments	2, 5	20,707,763	613,019	25,885,831	761,572	
Other operating income		-	-	71,070	2,091	
Subtotal	_	21,040,766	622,877	26,135,390	768,914	
Operating costs	2					
Interest expenses		(606,445)	(17,953)	(643,235)	(18,924)	
Provision for securities trading losses reserve	_		<u> </u>	(41,783)	(1,229)	
Subtotal	_	(606,445)	(17,953)	(685,018)	(20,153)	
Operating gross profit	_	20,434,321	604,924	25,450,372	748,761	
Operating expenses	<del>-</del>					
Administrative and general expenses		(267,663)	(7,924)	(291,146)	(8,566)	
Operating income	<del>-</del>	20,166,658	597,000	25,159,226	740,195	
Non-operating revenues	_					
Gain on foreign exchange		768,888	22,761	-	-	
Miscellaneous income		35,162	1,041	121,497	3,574	
Subtotal	_	804,050	23,802	121,497	3,574	
Non-operating expenses	_					
Loss on foreign exchange		-	-	(17,810)	(524)	
Subtotal	_	-	-	(17,810)	(524)	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	_	20,970,708	620,802	25,262,913	743,245	
Income taxes	2, 12	(49,826)	(1,475)	157,217	4,626	
Net income	=	20,920,882	\$619,327	\$25,420,130	\$747,871	
Earnings per share (expressed in dollars)	13					
Primary earnings per share:						
Before income tax earnings per share		\$2.78	\$0.08	\$3.15	\$0.09	
After income tax earnings per share	=	\$2.78	\$0.08	\$3.17	\$0.09	
Fully-diluted earnings per share:	=	<del></del> -		· -		
Before income tax earnings per share		\$2.71	\$0.08	\$3.06	\$0.09	
After income tax earnings per share	=	\$2.69	\$0.08	\$3.06	\$0.09	
Pro-forma as if amounts, assuming subsidiaries'						
shareholdings of the Company were not treated as						
treasury stock:						
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		\$21,554,860	638,095	\$25,395,191	\$747,137	
Net income	=	\$21,505,034	636,620	\$25,552,408	\$751,763	
Earnings per share (expressed in dollars)	=					
Primary earnings per share:						
Before income tax earnings per share		\$2.76	\$0.08	\$3.16	\$0.09	
After income tax earnings per share	=	\$2.75	\$0.08	\$3.18	\$0.09	
Fully-diluted earnings per share:	=			=		
Before income tax earnings per share		\$2.69	\$0.08	\$3.07	\$0.09	
After income tax earnings per share	=	\$2.67	\$0.08	\$3.07	\$0.09	

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on September 30, 2003 and 2004 were NT\$33.78 and NT\$33.99 to US\$1.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Unaudit statements of changes in stockholders' equity For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2004 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

							Retained	earnings					Equity adjustm	ents						
									Unappropria	ed retained	Unrealized valua	tion losses on	Cumulative of	conversion	Net loss not y	et recognized				
	Commo	on stock	Capital	l surplus	Legal r	eserve	Special	reserve	earni	ngs	long-term equity	investments	adjustn	nents	as net pe	nsion cost	Treasury	stock	Tota	al
Summary	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Balance on January 1, 2003	\$84,531,631	\$2,502,417	\$56,807,974	\$1,681,705	\$13,713	\$406	\$-	\$-	\$13,085,153	\$387,364	\$(1,032,426)	\$(30,564)	\$199,570	\$5,908	\$-	\$-	\$(42,706,265)	\$(1,264,247)	\$110,899,350	\$3,282,98
Disposal of property and equipment retransfer unappropriated retained earnings			(185,853)	(5,502)					185,853	5,502									-	
Appropriations and distributions for 2002																				
Legal reserve					1,321,332	39,116			(1,321,332)	(39,116)									-	
Special reserve							1,833,255	54,270	(1,833,255)	(54,270)									-	
Cash dividends			(1,649,407)	(48,828)					(10,053,091)	(297,605)									(11,702,498)	(346,43
Remuneration paid to directors and supervisors			(761)	(22)					(4,639)	(138)									(5,400)	(10
Bonus paid to employees			(165)	(5)					(1,006)	(30)									(1,171)	(3
Retired treasury stock	(1,456,740)	(43,125	(978,976)	(28,981)					(3,687,982)	(109,176)							6,123,698	181,282	-	
Capital surplus			(773,011)	(22,884)															(773,011)	(22,88
Cumulative conversion adjustments													(81,457)	(2,411)					(81,457)	
Unrealized valuation losses on long-term equity investments											831,076	24,603							831,076	24,60
Disposal of treasury stock			(558,274)	(16,527)													4,221,829	124,980	3,663,555	108,45
Treasury stock			440,119	13,029													13,020,325	385,445	13,460,444	398,47
Net income for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003									20,920,882	619,327									20,920,882	619,32
Rounding					1	-			., .,										1	
Balance on September 30, 2003	\$83,074,891	\$2,459,292	\$53,101,646	\$1,571,985	\$1,335,046	\$39,522	\$1,833,255	\$54,270	\$17,290,583	\$511,858	\$(201,350)	\$(5,961)	\$118,113	\$3,497	<u>\$-</u>	\$-	\$(19,340,413)	\$(572,540)	\$137,211,771	\$4,061,92
Balance on January 1, 2004	\$83,074,891	\$2,444,098	\$53,651,046	\$1,578,436	\$1,335,046	\$39,278	\$1,833,255	\$53,935	\$16,916,694	\$497,696	\$(136,202)	\$(4,007)	\$176,537	\$5,194	\$(1,971)	\$(58)	\$(15,039,516)	\$(442,469)	\$141,809,780	\$4,172,10
Appropriations and distributions for 2003																				
Legal reserve					1,691,669	49,769			(1,691,669)	(49,769)										
Special reserve					1,071,007	17,707	(1,710,602)	(50,326)	1,710,602	50,326										
Cash dividends							(1,710,002)	(30,320)	(16,105,155)	(473,820)									(16,105,155)	(473,82
Remuneration paid to directors and supervisors									(5,700)	(168)									(5,700)	
Bonus paid to employees									(1,611)	(48)									(1,611)	
Cash dividends to subsidiaries			22,194	653					(1,011)	(40)									22,194	65
Capital Surplus			10,124	298															10,124	29
Cumulative conversion adjustments			10,124	270									(672)	(20)					(672)	(2
Unrealized valuation losses on long-term equity investments											21,357	628	(072)	(20)					21,357	62
Treasury stock			14,356	422					(9,319)	(274)	21,337	020					3,058,365	89,979	3,063,402	90,12
Net income for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2004			14,330	422					25,420,130	747,871							2,020,020	07,7/9	25,420,130	747,87
Balance on September 30, 2004	\$83,074,891	\$2,444,098	\$53,697,720	\$1,579,809	\$3,026,715	\$89,047	\$122,653	\$3,609	\$26,233,972	\$771,814	\$(114,845)	\$(3,379)	\$175,865	\$5,174	\$(1,971)	\$(58)	\$(11,981,151)	\$(352,490)	\$154,233,849	\$4,537,62

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on September 30, 2003 and 2004 were NT\$33.78 and NT\$33.99 to US\$1.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Unaudit statements of cash flows For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2004 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

2003 2004 NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ Cash flows from operating activities \$20,920,882 Net income \$619,327 \$25,420,130 \$747,871 Adjustments: Amortizations 109,025 3,228 109,025 3,208 Depreciation 611 18 771 23 Investment gains recognized by equity method excess of (19,798,151) (13,915,705) cash dividends received (586,091) (409,406) Increase(decrease) in bonds payable redemption premium 606,445 17,953 642.264 18.896 Effects of exchange rate changes (9) 17,810 524 Decrease (increase) in short-term investments 445,338 13,184 2,147,421 63,178 Decrease(increase) in tax refund receivable (592,229)(17,533)(611,178)(17,981)Decrease (increase) in interest receivable (76,970)(2,279)10 419 306 30,772 Decrease(increase) in other accounts receivable 911 (167,852)(4,938)Decrease(increase) in prepayments 4 Decrease (increase) in deferred income tax assets-current 17,879 526 47,054 1.393 (154, 125)Decrease (increase) in deferred income tax assets-noncurrent (4.534)Decrease (increase) in temporary payments and suspense accounts 513 15 167 5 Increase (decrease) in collections for others (70)(10)(2) Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses (404,090) (11,961) (8,927) (263) Increase (decrease) in income tax payable 819 24 (5,600) (165)Increase (decrease) in dividends payable 1.749 52 2,499 73 Increase(decrease) in other accounts payable 642,813 19,029 759,343 22,340 Accrued pension liabilities 877 26 115 3 Increase (decrease) in temporary receipts and suspense accounts 33 419,667 1.935,389 57.294 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 14,264,479 Cash flows from investing activities Acquisition of long-term investments in stocks (775,001) (22.943)(4,116,560)(121,111) Acquisition of property and equipment (3,218)(95)(669) (19)Decrease (increase) in deferred charges 13,578 402 13,577 399 Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (764,641) (22,636) (4,103,652) (120,731) Cash flows from financing activities Increase (decrease) in bonds payable (847,000) (25,073)Remuneration paid to directors and supervisors (5.400)(160)(5.700)(168)Bouns paid to employees (1,171)(35)(1,611)(47)Cash dividends (11,702,498)(346,433) (16,105,155) (473,820)Disposal of treasury stock 3,663,555 108,453 (263,248) (16,112,466) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (8,892,514)(474,035) (524)Effects of exchange rate changes 9 (17,810)Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (7,721,757)(228,590)(5,969,449) (175,623) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period 6,322,798 186,019 11,336,312 335,593 Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period \$3,614,555 \$107,003 \$353,349 \$10,396 Supplemental disclosure of cash flows information Interest paid during the period \$971 \$29 Interest paid (excluding capitalized interest) \$29

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on September 30, 2003 and 2004 were NT\$33.78 and NT\$33.99 to US\$1.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Income tax paid

\$13,408

\$397

\$110

# Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Notes to unaudited financial statements (Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated) As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

#### 1. Organization and business scope

On December 31, 2001, Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. ("Cathay Life") was reincorporated as Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (the "Company") through stock conversion pursuant to the provisions of the Republic of China ("ROC") Financial Holding Company Act ("Financial Holding Company Act") and its shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (TSE) on the same day. On April 22, 2002, Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. ("Cathay Century") and Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd. ("Cathay United Bank") were merged into the Company through stock conversion. On December 18, 2002, United World Chinese Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. ("UWCCB") became a subsidiary of the Company by stock conversion. UWCCB and Cathay United Bank merged on October 27, 2003. UWCCB was the surviving company, and the merged bank was re-named Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd. ("Cathay United Bank (merged)"). On July 29, 2003, the Company listed a portion of its common shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (LSE) in the form of Global Depositary Shares (GDSs). The Company mainly engages in financial holding business activities.

As of September 30, 2003 and 2004, the total numbers of employees were 38 and 57, respectively.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

We prepared the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies." The summary of significant accounting policies is as follows:

#### (1) Distinguish assets and liabilities, current and non-current

Current assets are assets which can be liquidated or disposed of within one year. Assets that do not belong to current assets are called non-current assets. Current liabilities are debts which must be paid-off within one year. Debts that do not belong to current liabilities are called non-current liabilities.

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

#### (2) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, unrestricted bank deposits and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of less than three months.

#### (3) Short-term investments

When market value is available, short-term notes are stated at the lower of aggregate cost or market value. The costs of these notes, interest income, and gain or loss due to maturity or as a result of sales of notes are determined by the specific identification method.

Beneficiary certificates are stated at cost. The cost and gain/loss of beneficiary certificates sold are determined based on the weighted-average cost method.

#### (4) Long - term investments

#### A.Long-term investments in stocks

Long-term investments in listed companies in which the Company's ownership interest is less than 20% of the voting stock, and which the Company lacks significant influence over operating and financial policies of the investee, are stated at the lower of cost or market value. Unrealized loss thereon is reflected as a reduction of shareholders' equity. Long-term investments in unlisted companies, in which the Company's ownership interest accounted for less than 20% of the common stock, are stated at cost. However, when there is evidence showing that a decline in market value of such investment is not temporary and is already less than cost, the market value becomes the new cost basis and the difference is accounted for as if it were a realized loss, and included in the determination of net income. Stock dividends are not recognized as investment income but are recorded as an increase in the number of shares held. Upon sales of long-term equity investments (accounted for under the cost method), the difference between the weighted-average cost and sales price is used to compute the resulting gain or loss.

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

Investments in equity securities are accounted for under the equity method where the Company's ownership interest is 20% or more of the voting shares and the Company has significant operational influence.

When the Company subscribes to additional investee shares at a percentage different from its existing equity interest, the resulting carrying amount of the investment in equity investee differs from the amount of Company's proportionate share in the investee's net equity. The Company records such difference as an adjustment to "capital surplus" as well as the "long-term equity investments" accounts. If there is any deficiency in the capital surplus account, the difference will be debited to the retained earnings account.

#### B. Transactions with affiliated companies:

Unrealized intercompany gains or losses are eliminated under the equity method. Gains or losses from sales of depreciable assets between the Company and its subsidiaries are amortized to income over the economic service life of the asset. Gains or losses from other types of intercompany transactions are recognized when realized.

#### (5) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost or cost plus appreciation. Major additions, renewals and betterment are capitalized, while repairs and maintenance are expensed immediately.

Upon the sale or disposal of properties and equipment, the relating cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated. Gain or loss resulting from such sale or disposal is classified as non-operating gain or loss.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated service lives prescribed by the "Estimated Useful Life of Fixed Assets Table" published by the Executive Yuan of the ROC. Property and equipment that are still in use after their useful lives are depreciated based on the residual value and the newly estimated remaining useful lives.

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

#### (6) Deferred charges

Deferred charges are expenses where the associated economic benefit extend more than one year. Deferred charges are amortized over the economic useful life by the straight-line method.

#### (7) Convertible bonds payable

The excess of the redemption price over the par value of a convertible bond is credited to redemption premium payable and amortized using the interest method. This amortization is recorded as interest expense.

The book value approach is used when the conversion privilege of a convertible bond is exercised. In addition, the accounts of convertible bonds payable and reserve amount for bonds redemption are transferred to the accounts of capital stock and capital surplus and accordingly, no gain or loss is recognized upon conversion.

#### (8) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in NT dollars at the spot rate when the conversion occurs. Gains or losses resulting from adjustments or settlements of foreign currency assets and liabilities are credited or charged to income in the period of actual conversion or settlement. Long-term investments in foreign currency are accounted for as cumulative translation adjustments and are treated as adjustments of stockholders' equity. Year-end foreign currency assets and liabilities are converted at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date, and any gains or losses resulting from the transactions are credited or charged to current income.

#### (9) Derivative financial instruments

Interest rate swap ("IRS") transactions may involve the exchange of fixed-rate interest payment for the market floating-rate interest payment obligations based on a notional principal amount. For IRS transactions undertaken for hedging purposes, income and expenses arising upon settlement are netted off and recognized in the statement of income and expenditure.

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

Premiums paid or received for options are recorded as assets or liabilities, respectively. Gains or losses on exercise of such option are credited to or charged against current income. As of the balance sheet dates, any resulting gain or loss upon settlement is credited or charged to income in the period of settlement.

#### (10)Income taxes

The Company adopted SFAS No. 22, "Accounting for Income Taxes", which requires inter-period and intra-period tax allocations in addition to computing current period income tax payable. Furthermore, it requires recognition of temporary differences between deferred income tax liabilities, deferred income tax assets, prior year's loss carry forwards and investment tax credits. The valuation allowance is recognized if evidence shows it is more likely than not that a part or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The prior year's income tax expense adjustment should be recorded as current period income tax expenses in the year of adjustment.

In accordance with Article 49 of the Financial Holding Company Act, the Company and its subsidiaries jointly file corporation income tax returns and pay a 10% surcharge on their undistributed retained earnings under the Integrated Income Tax System. If there are any tax effects due to the adoption of the foregoing Integrated Income Tax System, the Company can proportionately allocate the effects on tax expense (benefit), deferred income tax and tax payable (tax refund receivable) among the Company and its subsidiaries.

Deferred income tax asset or liability is, according to the classification of its related asset or liability, classified as current or non-current. However, if a deferred asset or liability does not relate to an asset or liability in the financial statements, then it is classified as either current or non-current based on the expected length of time before it is realized.

In accordance with Article 49 of the Financial Holding Company Act, if a company holds more than 90% of the outstanding issued shares of its domestic subsidiaries, such company may, for any tax year in which its shareholding in the subsidiary has existed for the entire twelve months of the tax year, elect to be the taxpayer itself, and jointly declare and report income tax and the 10% surcharge on undistributed retained earnings to the Tax Authority under the ROC Income Tax Law ("Income Tax Law").

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

The additional 10% income tax imposed on undistributed earnings is recognized as expenses on the date of the stockholders' meeting for determining the distribution of earnings.

#### (11)Capital expenditure expenses

Capital expenditure is capitalized and amortized over its useful life if it involves a significant amount and may generate revenues in future periods. Otherwise, it is expensed in the year of expenditure.

#### (12)Treasury stock

The stock that the Company repurchases is recorded in the "treasury stock account". The book value of this treasury stock is determined based on the reason of purchase and stock type (common or preferred stock) using the weighted average method. When treasury stock is retired, capital surplus-premium of common shares and common stock are debited according to the ratio of retired treasury stock to total issued stock. When the book value of the retired treasury stock is higher than the sum of its par value and capital surplus-premium of common shares, the difference is debited to other capital surplus. If other capital surplus is insufficient to cover the difference, retained earnings are debited. When the book value of the retired treasury stock is lower than the sum of its par value and capital surplus-premium of common shares, the difference is credited to capital surplus-treasury stock.

According to the Ministry of Finance Security and Future Committee (91) article 108164:

In accordance with Article 38 of the Financial Holding Company Act which provides strict prohibitions on cross-holdings, all the prior share buybacks conducted by listed or over-the-counter traded financial institutions (in accordance with Article 28-2 of Securities and Exchange Law), upon the conversion of such institutions into wholly-owned subsidiaries of a financial holding company, must be converted into treasury shares of the financial holding company to be held by such subsidiaries for a period of no more than three years. If such subsidiaries fail to dispose of such treasury shares within this period, those shares will be deemed as un-issued share capital of the financial holding company and shall be cancelled accordingly. Treasury shares of a financial holding company held by its subsidiaries as described above are also treated as their own treasury shares and therefore such subsidiaries may not exercise shareholders rights with respect to those stocks in accordance with Article 28-2 of the Securities and Exchange Law.

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

According to the Securities and Futures Commission (91) article 111467, shares previously bought back by listed or over-the-counter traded financial institutions (in accordance with Article 28-2 of Securities and Exchange Law), upon conversion of the institutions into wholly-owned subsidiaries of a financial holding company and the conversion of such shares into treasury shares of the financial holding company, must be treated by such subsidiaries as their own treasury shares and a deduction of shareholders' equity and must be treated as treasury shares of the financial holding company. If the financial institutions hold shares of other financial institutions whose shares are also converted into the shares of the same financial holding company, the principle of equity investment shall apply. The Company follows SFAS NO.30 "Treasury Stock Accounting Principle" and treats shares held by its subsidiaries as treasury stock in its income statements.

#### (13)Pension plan

The Company has established a pension plan for all employees. Pension plan benefits are based primarily on participants' compensation and the number of years of credited service.

In compliance with SFC regulations, the Company and its subsidiaries follow the ROC SFAS No. 18, "Accounting for Pensions". An actuarial valuation of pension liability is performed on the balance sheet date, and a minimum pension liability is recorded in the financial statements based on the difference between the accumulated benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets.

According to the ROC SFAS No. 23 "Interim Financial Reporting and Disclosures", certain pension information is not required to be disclosed in the Company's interim financial statements.

#### (14)Convenience conversion U.S. dollars

The financial statements are stated in NT dollars. Conversion of the September 30, 2003 and 2004 NT dollar amounts into US dollar amounts is provided solely for the convenience of the readers, using the noon buying rate of NT\$33.78 and NT\$33.99 to US\$1.00 on September 30, 2003 and 2004, as provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The convenience conversion should not be construed as representation that the NT dollars amounts have been, could have been, or could in the future be, converted into US dollars at this rate or any other rate of exchange.

#### Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### **As of September 30, 2003 and 2004**

#### 3. Changes in accounting and its effects: None

#### 4. Cash and cash equivalents

		Septem	nber 30,	
	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)
Petty cash	\$30	\$1	\$60	\$2
Cash in banks	723	21	5,520	162
Time deposits	3,613,802	106,981	144,234	4,244
Cash equivalents			203,535	5,988
Total	\$3,614,555	\$107,003	\$353,349	\$10,396

#### **5.** Long-term investments in stocks

		Septem	nber 30,	
	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)
Name of investee	Book Value	Book Value	Book Value	Book Value
Under the equity method:				
Cathay Life	\$77,491,149	\$2,293,995	\$89,068,742	\$2,620,440
Cathay United Bank (merged)	58,977,625	1,745,933	77,845,327	2,290,242
Cathay United Bank (formerly)	13,113,140	388,192	-	-
Cathay Century	2,830,543	83,794	2,926,203	86,090
Cathay Securities Corporation	-	-	3,485,951	102,558
Cathay Pacific Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	595,296	17,623	586,017	17,241
Cathay Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	73,522	2,177	75,173	2,212
Cathay II Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	-	-	594,419	17,488
Cathay Capital Management Inc.			10,897	320
Sub-Total	153,081,275	4,531,714	174,592,729	5,136,591
Under the cost method:				
Debt Instrument Depository and Clearing				
Co., Ltd. Taiwan	100,000	2,960	100,000	2,942
Total	\$153,181,275	\$4,534,674	\$174,692,729	\$5,139,533

#### Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

### $\ \ \, \text{for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)}$

#### **As of September 30, 2003 and 2004**

(1) Changes in long-term investments under the equity method are summarized as follows:

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,						
	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)			
Balance on January 1	\$123,840,475	\$3,666,089	\$157,950,702	\$4,646,976			
Add: Investment gains under							
equity method							
recognized	20,707,763	613,019	25,885,831	761,572			
Add: Increment of investment	675,000	19,982	4,116,560	121,111			
Add: Cash dividends to							
subsidiaries	-	-	22,194	653			
Add: Disposal of the Company							
stocks that the							
subsidiaries held as							
investments were							
treated as treasury							
stocks	13,465,519	398,624	3,063,402	90,126			
Add (Less): Capital surplus							
under equity							
method							
recognized	(830,693)	(24,591)	10,124	298			
Add: Unappropriated retained							
earnings under equity							
method recognized	57,683	1,708	-	-			
Less: Cumulative conversion							
adjustments under							
equity method							
recognized	(81,457)	(2,411)	(672)	(20)			
Add: Unrealized valuation loss							
on long-term equity							
investments under							
equity method							
recognized	831,077	24,603	21,357	628			
Less: The Company stocks							
that the subsidiaries							
held as investments							
were treated as							
treasury stocks	(5,075)	(151)	-	-			
Less: Cash dividends received	(5,579,017)	(165,158)	(16,476,769)	(484,753)			
Balance on September 30	\$153,081,275	\$4,531,714	\$174,592,729	\$5,136,591			

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

(2) The investment gains (losses) recognized by the equity method for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2004 are listed below:

For the nine-month periods ended September 30,

Name of Investee	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)
Cathay Life	\$12,724,210	\$376,679	\$13,814,723	\$406,435
Cathay United Bank (merged)	6,120,637	181,191	11,548,860	339,772
Cathay United Bank (formerly)	1,398,784	41,409	-	-
Cathay Century	470,313	13,923	546,582	16,080
Cathay Securities Corporation	-	-	(14,049)	(413)
Cathay Pacific Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	(4,704)	(139)	(6,862)	(202)
Cathay Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	(1,477)	(44)	1,421	42
Cathay II Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	-	-	(5,581)	(164)
Cathay Capital Management Inc.			737	22
Total	\$20,707,763	\$613,019	\$25,885,831	\$761,572

- A. Except for the Cathay Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Cathay II Venture Capital Co., Ltd. and Cathay Capital Management Inc., which were recognized by the Company under the equity method, the investment gains/losses of the rest of the subsidiaries were determinated based on the reviewed financial statements of the investees for the same period as the Company.
- B. We did not review the financial statements of Cathay Pacific Venture Capital Co., Ltd. for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2004. Cathay Pacific Venture Capital Co., Ltd. was reviewed by other auditors with unqualified opinion. In accordance with other auditors' report of its investee, it recognized its gain/loss on investments in accordance with the statements reviewed by other auditors.
- C. Combined with the voting rights of its subsidiaries, the Company had significant influence on Cathay Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Thus the investment gain, based on the un-reviewed financial statements in same current periods for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2004, was recognized upon equity method. Although the financial statements were un-reviewed, the Company consider it no significant impact.

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

- D. The investment gains of Cathay II Venture Capital Co., Ltd. and Cathay Capital Management Inc. for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2004 were recognized by the equity method based on un-reviewed financial statements in the same period.
- E. UWCCB and Cathay United Bank (formerly) were merged on October 27, 2003. UWCCB was the surviving company but the merged bank was re-named under Cathay United Bank (merged).
- F. We did not review the financial statements of Cathay United Bank (formerly), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Cathay United Bank (formerly) was reviewed by other auditors with qualified opinions, which complied with the ROC Financial Institution Merger Law amortizing the losses of disposing of delinquent On April 11, 2002, Cathay United Bank (formerly) had transferred its delinquent assets to Taiwan Asset Management Corporation, and the related losses amounted to NT\$ 1,894,609 (US\$56,088). According to Article 15 of the ROC Financial Institution Merger Law, the losses on the transaction will be amortized over five years from April 2002. The amortized losses amounted to NT\$284,149 (US\$8,412), for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003. As of September 30, 2003, the unamortized losses on the transfer of delinquent assets accounted for as other assets amounted to NT\$1,325,895 (US\$39,251) should be recognized as current expense on the transaction date. If the losses were recognized as expense in 2002, other assets would be decreased by NT\$994,421 (US\$29,438) and accumulated earnings would be decreased by NT\$994,421 (US\$29,438) as of September 30, 2003; provision for credit losses would be deceased by NT\$284,149 (US\$8,412); the net income before tax would be increased by NT\$284,149 (US\$8,412); and the net income after tax would be increased by NT\$213,112 (US\$6,309) for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003. Effective 2002, the Company recognized as subsidiary's current expenses, the investment gains of the Company accounted for under equity method recognized increased by NT\$213,112 (US\$6,309) for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003.

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

- G. The consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2004 include the Company, and its subsidiaries, which include Cathay Life, Cathay United Bank (merged), Cathay Century and Cathay Securities Corporation. As of and for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003 the consolidated financial statements include the Company, Cathay Life, Cathay Century, Cathay United Bank (formerly) and UWCCB. The consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2004 exclude Cathay Pacific Venture Capital Co., Ltd., Cathay II Venture Capital Co., Ltd. and Cathay Capital Management Inc. because their total assets and operating revenues were less than 10% of the total assets of the Company.
- (3) As of September 30, 2003 and 2004, the Company didn't provide collateral or guarantee on long-term investments.

#### 6. Bonds payable

		September 30,						
	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)				
Zero coupon convertible notes	\$23,653,000	\$700,207	\$23,793,000	\$700,000				
Redemption premium payable	1,122,924	33,243	1,984,355	58,381				
Total	\$24,775,924	\$733,450	\$25,777,355	\$758,381				

Please see note 19(3), "Zero coupon convertible notes related information" for details.

#### 7. Common stock

As of September 30, 2003 and 2004, the numbers of issued shares, par value of NT\$10 dollars (US\$0.3), per share, were 8,307,489,100 shares.

On December 31, 2001, the Company listed its shares of stock on Taiwan Stock Exchange (TSE) in accordance with relevant regulations. On July 29, 2003, the Company listed a portion of its common shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange in the form of Global Depositary Shares.

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

#### 8. Capital surplus

- (1) Capital surplus was NT\$53,101,646 (US\$1,571,985) and NT\$53,697,720 (US\$1,579,809) as of September 30, 2003 and 2004. Before conversion into a financial holding company, NT\$267,215 (US\$7,862) constituted retained earnings of certain subsidiaries of the Company.
- (2) The additional paid-in capital of par value through the conversion of shares was generated from the transfer of the shares of the Subsidiaries to the Company. In compliance with Item 4 of Article 47 of the Financial Holding Company Act, the portion of additional paid-in capital from the share exchange which comes from the original financial institution's undistributed retained earnings is allowed to be distributed as cash dividends.
- (3) In addition, pursuant to the Company Law, capital surplus can only be used to offset a deficit or to increase share capital. Capital surplus cannot be distributed as cash dividends. Issuance of new stock from capital surplus can be made only once per year. In addition, the amount to be capitalized should not exceed the specific percentage of capital surplus set by the SFC.

#### 9. Retained earnings

#### (1) Legal reserve

Pursuant to the Company Law, 10% of the Company's after-tax net income in the current year must be appropriated as legal reserve until the total amount of the legal reserve equals the issued share capital. This legal reserve can be used to offset deficits but cannot be used for the purpose of cash dividend distributions. However, if the total legal reserve is greater than 50% of the issued share capital, up to 50% of such excess can be capitalized if agreed by its stockholders.

#### (2) Unappropriated retained earnings

A. According to the Company Law and the Company's articles of incorporation, 10% of the Company's annual earnings, after paying tax and offsetting deductions, if any, shall be appropriated as legal reserve and 0.01%~0.05% for employees' bonus. The remainder must be appropriated in accordance with the resolutions passed at the stockholders' meeting.

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

- As of September 30, 2003 and 2004
- B. The distribution of the 2003 earnings was approved in the shareholders' meeting on June 3, 2004. The distribution resulted from retained earnings of NT\$20,588,763 (US\$605,730) in 2003, amounts from special reserve which were converted into undistributed retained earnings totaling NT\$887,442 (US\$26,109) and the disposition of fixed assets from subsidiaries which amounted to NT\$57,683 (US\$1,697), respectively. The Company declared cash dividends of NT\$2 (US\$0.06) on each common share and such dividends were paid on July 9, 2004.
- C. The stockholder's meeting of the Company approved the declaration of dividends on June 6, 2003. It is the Company's policy to distribute the aforementioned dividends based on its annual earnings of NT\$13,085,153 (US\$387,364), its subsidiaries' capital surplus belongs to unappropriated retained earnings before stock conversion of NT\$1,917,548 (US\$56,766) and its disposal of fixed assets retransfer as unappropriated retained earnings of NT\$128,170 (US\$3,794). The Company declared cash dividends of NT\$1.5 (US\$0.04) on each common share and such dividend was paid on July 11, 2003.
- D. Cathay Life originally held 156,927,000 shares of the Company. After conversion into a financial holding company, Cathay Life's treasury stock has been treated as the Company's treasury stock without any stockholder rights. As of September 30, 2004, Cathay Life had transferred all such treasury shares to employees.
- E. According to the revised Tax Law of 1998, the Company is required to pay an extra 10% income tax on all undistributed retained earnings generated during the year.
- F. In accordance with SFC regulations, in addition to the legal reserve retained, the Company is required to provide a special reserve in the amount equal to current year's contra account in shareholders' equity from current year's earnings after tax or prior years' undistributed earnings. However, contra accounts in prior years' accumulated shareholders' equity should only be provided from prior years' undistributed earnings. If a reversal of shareholders equity contra account occurs, the reversed portion of the special reserve could be distributed as dividends.

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

G. In accordance with SFC regulations, subsidiaries of financial holding companies that hold shares of their parent company should treat those shares as treasury stock as of January 1, 2002. The cost of these shares cannot be distributed as special reserve.

#### H. Dividends policy

The Company's dividends policy is to distribute dividends in stock in order to retain sufficient cash for operations with excess cash from retained earnings distributed in cash, but cash dividends must be a minimum of 10% of the total dividends declared.

#### 10. Treasury stock

(1) The following is a summary of the movement of treasury stock for the nine-month period ended September, 30 2004.

	1							/ <del></del>		
								(Un	it: in thousan	ds of shares)
							Per share	Per share	Per share	Per share
							Book value	Book value	Market value	Market value
Reason for	January 1,			September	Book value	Book value	(in NT	(in US	(in NT	(in US
acquisition	2004	Increase	Decrease	30, 2004	(NT\$)	(US\$)	dollars)	dollars)	dollars)	dollars)
Subsidiaries										
transferred shares										
to employees	51,551	-	51,551	-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Parent's stock that										
its subsidiaries										
held which are										
treated as treasury										
stock	11,705	-	608	11,097	530,389	15,604	47.80	1.41	62.67	1.84
Subsidiaries' stocks										
held by the										
Company after										
conversion which										
are treated as										
treasury stock	254,911			254,911	11,450,762	336,886	44.92	1.32	62.67	1.84
Total	318,167		52,159	266,008	\$11,981,151	\$352,490				

#### Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

(2) The Companies' stocks held by subsidiaries are illustrated as follows:

Name	Holding share	Amount (NT\$)	Amount (US\$)	Cause	About retained earnings limit	Legal time limit	Pro forma way determined by the board of directors determine
Cathay United	7,700	\$463,776	\$13,645	Holding other	None	Within three	None
Bank (merged)				subsidiaries		years	
				stock by			
				conversion			
Cathay Century	3,397	212,886	6,263	"	None	Within three	None
				-		years	
Total	11,097	\$676,662	\$19,908	_			

#### 11. Personnel, depreciation, depletion and amortizations

	For the nine-	month period end	ed September	For the nine-m	nonth period ende	d September	
Item		30,2003		30,2004			
		(NT\$)		(NT\$)			
	Operating Operating Total			Operating	Operating	Total	
	costs	expenses		costs	expenses		
Personnel expenses							
Salary and wages	\$ -	\$42,611	\$42,611	\$ -	\$57,631	\$57,631	
Labor & health insurance							
expenses	-	1,290	1,290	-	2,270	2,270	
Pension expenses	-	877	877	ı	2,765	2,765	
Other expenses	-	9,662	9,662	ı	29,021	29,021	
Depreciation	-	611	611	ı	771	771	
Depletion	-	•	-	1	•	-	
Amortizations	-	109,025	109,025	-	109,025	109,025	

	For the nine-	month period ende	ed September	For the nine-n	nonth period ende	l September
Item		30,2003			30,2004	
		(US\$)			(US\$)	
	Operating	Operating	Total	Operating	Operating	Total
	costs	expenses		costs	expenses	
Personnel expenses						
Salary and wages	\$ -	\$1,261	\$1,261	\$ -	\$1,696	\$1,696
Labor & health insurance						
expenses	-	38	38	-	67	67
Pension expenses	•	26	26	-	81	81
Other expenses	•	286	286	1	854	854
Depreciation	-	18	18	-	23	23
Depletion	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amortizations	-	3,228	3,228	-	3,208	3,208

#### Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

#### 12. Estimated income taxes

(1) Income tax expenses for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2004 are estimated as follows:

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,				
	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)	
Income before taxes	\$20,970,708	\$620,802	\$25,262,913	\$743,245	
Adjustments:					
Interest income of tax on a					
separate basis	(63,234)	(1,872)	(18,637)	(548)	
Investment gains recognized by					
equity method	(20,707,763)	(613,019)	(25,885,831)	(761,572)	
Unrealized bonds payable					
redemption premium	606,445	17,953	642,264	18,896	
Unrealized exchange gain	(782,456)	(23,163)	(446)	(13)	
Realized exchange loss	-	-	(19,647)	(578)	
Realized loss on market price					
recovery of short-term					
investment	-	-	(71,071)	(2,091)	
Others	(12,096)	(358)	(9,469)	(279)	
Taxable income	11,604	343	(99,924)	(2,940)	
Times: Taxes rate	25%-10	25%	25%-10	25%	
Subtotal	2,891	86	(24,991)	(735)	
Add: Extra 10% income tax on					
undistributed retained					
earnings	-	-	-	-	
Less: Tax effects under integrated					
income tax systems	-	-	-	-	
Add: Tax on a separate basis	13,408	397	3,727	109	
Deferred income tax expense					
(benefit)	47,055	1,393	(136,246)	(4,008)	
Dissimilitude on estimate tax					
aforetime	(13,528)	(401)	293	8	
Income taxes expense (benefit)	\$49,826	\$1,475	\$(157,217)	\$(4,626)	

#### Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

#### (2) Deferred income tax liabilities and assets are as follows:

_	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,			
_	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004 <u>(</u> US\$)
A. Total deferred income tax liabilities	\$195,614	\$5,791	\$176,861	\$5,203
B. Total deferred tax assets	\$293,955	\$8,702	\$506,766	\$14,909
C. Temporary differences from resulting				
deferred tax assets or liabilities:				
a. Deductible temporary difference				
from Unrealized bonds payable				
redemption premium	\$1,122,924	\$33,242	\$1,984,354	\$58,381
b. Deductible temporary difference				
from organization costs				
amortization into 5 years	52,895	1,566	36,620	1,077
c. Deductible temporary difference				
from unrealized gain on foreign				
exchange	(782,456)	(23,163)	(707,446)	(20,813)
d. Deductible temporary difference				
from pension expenses			6,091	179
Subtotal	\$393,363	\$11,645	\$1,319,619	\$38,824
D. Deferred income tax assets-current	\$4,069	\$120	\$4,069	\$119
Deferred income tax liabilities-				
current			(111)	(3)
Net offset balance of deferred income				
tax assets (liabilities)-current	\$4,069	\$120	\$3,958	\$116
E. Deferred income tax assets-noncurrent	\$289,886	\$8,582	\$502,697	\$14,790
Deferred income tax liabilities-				
noncurrent	(195,614)	(5,791)	(176,750)	(5,200)
Net offset balance of deferred income				
tax assets (liabilities) - noncurrent	\$94,272	\$2,791	\$325,947	\$9,590

(3) The Tax Authority has examined and cleared income tax returns of the Company through 2001.

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

(4) The Company, in accordance with the Financial Holding Company Act, elected to be the payer of the consolidated income tax and the 10% additional undistributed earnings tax filing the consolidated income tax return which includes all subsidiaries who have twelve months of operations in a taxable year.

#### (5) Information related tax imputation:

	September 30,				
	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)	
Balance of imputation					
credit account	\$2,171	\$64	\$356,633	\$10,492	
	For the nine-month period ended		For the nine-month period ended		
	September	30,2003	September	30,2004	
Imputation credit account					
ratio-Actual	35.19%		19.17%		

#### (6) Information relating of undistributed earnings:

Year	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)
Prior to 1997	\$267,215	\$7,910	\$267,215	\$7,862
After 1998			813,842	23,943
Total	\$267,215	\$7,910	\$1,081,057	\$31,805

The above undistributed earnings do not include the net income for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 and 2004.

The undistributed earnings include additional paid-in capital from the stock conversion creating the Company's financial holding company structure, which came from the original financial institution's undistributed retained earnings and is allowed to be distributed as cash dividends.

Undistributed earnings before 1997 are from the Company's subsidiaries (before conversion) in that period.

#### Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

#### 13. Earnings per share

			For the nii	ne-month peri	iod ended Septem	ber 30, 2003			
	Amount (Numerator)					EP	S		
				_	Shares				
					(in thousands				
					of shares)	Before inc	come tax	After inco	ome tax
	Before inco	ome taxes	After inco	me taxes	(denominator)	EPS (in	dollars)	EPS (in c	iollars)
	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Net income	\$20,970,708	\$620,802	\$20,920,882	\$619,327					
Primary earnings									
per share									
Net income for									
common stock									
holder	\$20,970,708	\$620,802	\$20,920,882	\$619,327	7,532,906	\$2.78	\$0.08	\$2.78	\$0.08
Effect of									
potentially									
dilative									
common stock									
Convertible									
bonds payable	\$606,445	\$17,953	\$454,834	\$13,465	421,873				
Fully-diluted									
earnings per									
share									
Net income for									
common stock									
holder & effect									
of potentially									
common stock	\$21,577,153	\$638,755	\$21,375,716	\$632,792	7,954,779	\$2.71	\$0.08	\$2.69	\$0.08

#### Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2004									
	Amount (Numerator)					EP	S		
					Shares				_
					(in thousands				
					of shares)	Before inc	come tax	After inco	ome tax
	Before inco	me taxes	After incom	me taxes	(denominator)	EPS (in	dollars)	EPS (in o	lollars)
	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Net income	\$25,262,913	\$743,245	\$25,420,130	\$747,871					
Primary earnings									
per share									
Net income for									
common stock									
holder	\$25,262,913	\$743,245	\$25,420,130	\$747,871	8,027,124	\$3.15	\$0.09	\$3.17	\$0.09
Effect of									
potentially									
dilative									
common stock									
Convertible									
bonds payable	\$642,264	\$18,896	481,698	\$14,172	447,017				
Fully-diluted									
earnings per									
share									
Net income for									
common stock									
holder & effect									
of potentially									
common stock	\$25,905,177	\$762,141	\$25,901,828	\$762,043	8,474,141	\$3.06	\$0.09	\$3.06	\$0.09

The changes of the above weighted-average outstanding number of shares are shown below:

	For the nine-month period	ds end September 30,
(Shares)	2003	2004
Shares at the beginning of year	8,453,163	8,307,489
Less: Treasury stock	(490,005)	(254,911)
The Company that the		
subsidiaries held were treated		
as treasury stock	(284,578)	(25,454)
Retired treasury stock	(145,674)	-
Total	7,532,906	8,027,124

#### Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

The pro forma earnings per shares of the Company that the subsidiaries held as short-term investments were not treated as treasury stock:

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,			
	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)
Income before income taxes	\$21,554,860	\$638,095	\$25,395,191	\$747,137
Net income after income taxes	\$21,505,034	\$636,620	\$25,552,408	\$751,763
Before income taxes primary				
earnings per share (expressed in				
dollars)	\$2.76	\$0.08	\$3.16	\$0.09
After income taxes primary				
earnings per share (expressed				
in dollars)	\$2.75	\$0.08	\$3.18	\$0.09
Before income taxes fully –				
diluted earnings per share				
(expressed in dollars)	\$2.69	\$0.08	\$3.07	\$0.09
After income taxes fully –				
diluted earnings per shares				
(expressed in dollars)	\$2.67	\$0.08	\$3.07	\$0.09

#### 14. Related party transactions

#### (1) Related parties

Name	Relationship
Cathay Life	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay United Bank (merged)	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Century	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Securities Corporation	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Pacific Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay II Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Capital Management Inc.	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	The investee is accounted for using the equity
	method

#### Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

Name	Relationship
Lin Yuan Property Management Co., Ltd.	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using
	the equity method
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using
	the equity method
Symphox Information Co., Ltd.	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using
	the equity method
Cathay Securities Investment Co., Ltd.	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using
	the equity method
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Cathay Bank Life Insurance Agency of	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using
Association (merged with Seaward	the equity method
Insurance Agent Corp. on February 5,	
2004, Cathay Bank Life Insurance Agency	
of Association was the surviving	
company)	
Cathay Futures Corp. (formerly Seward	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using
Futures Corp.)	the equity method
Cathay General Hospital	Their chairman is an immediate family
	member of the Company's chairman
Wan Pao Development Co., Ltd.	Their chairman is a second immediate family
	member of the Company's chairman
Lin Yuan Investment Co., Ltd.	Their chairman is a second immediate family
	member of the Company's chairman
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using the equity method
Seaward Leasing Ltd.	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using
•	the equity method
Seaward Property Insurance Agent Corp.	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using
(liquidated in October, 2003)	the equity method
Huong Yee Co., Ltd.(liquidated in July,	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using
2003)	the equity method
Taiwan Real-estate Management Corp.	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using
	the equity method

#### Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

Name	Relationship
Taiwan Finance Corp.	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using the equity method
Seaward Card Co., Ltd.	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using the equity method
Indovina Bank	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using the equity method
Vista Technology Venture Capital Crop.	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using the equity method
Cathay Bank Property Agency of Association	Subsidiaries' investee is accounted for using the equity method
China England Company Ltd. and etc.	Investee company of Cathay United Bank (merged)
Gemfor Tech Co.	Their Chairman of the board is the president of Cathay United Bank (merged)
Taipei Smart Card Corp.	Investee company of Cathay United Bank (merged)
Culture and Charity Foundation of the UWCCB	Cathay United Bank (merged) is the major sponsor of the foundation
Cathay Life Charity Foundation	Their chairman is an immediate family member of the company's chairman
KG Telecommunication Ltd.	Cathay Life appointed a supervisor for KG Telecommunication Ltd. (resigned on Jan. 19, 2004)
Wu Ming-Yang	Senior manager of Cathay Century

#### (2) Significant transactions with related parties:

#### A. Rental expense

For the nine-month periods ended September 30,

		1	1	
Name	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)
Cathay Life	\$6,155	\$182	\$6,155	\$181
Symphox Information				
Co., Ltd.		<u></u>	37	1
Total	\$6,155	\$182	\$6,192	\$182

#### Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

#### B. Cash in bank

		1 01 1110	nine-month period e	наса вертениесь 30;	2000
Name	Item	Maximum amount	Ending balance	Rate	Interest income
		(NT\$)	(NT\$)		(NT\$)
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$3,613,802	\$3,613,802	0.9% ~ 1.05%	\$15,923
(formerly)	Cash in bank	5,553,130	696	$0.25\% \sim 0.5\%$	-
			\$3,614,498		
		For the	e nine-month period e	nded September 30,	2003
Name	Item	Maximum amount	Ending balance	Rate	Interest income
		(US\$)	(US\$)		(US\$)
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$106,981	\$106,980	0.9% ~ 1.05%	\$471
(formerly)	Cash in bank	164,391	21	0.25% ~0.5%	-
			\$107,001		
		For the	\$107,001	nded September 30,	2004
Name	Item	For the		nded September 30, Rate	2004  Interest income
Name	Item		e nine-month period e	•	
Name  Cathay United Bank	Item  Time deposits	Maximum amount	e nine-month period e Ending balance	•	Interest income
		Maximum amount (NT\$)	e nine-month period e Ending balance (NT\$)	Rate	Interest income (NT\$)
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	Maximum amount (NT\$) \$1,289,648	Ending balance (NT\$) \$44,234	Rate	Interest income (NT\$) \$5,635
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	Maximum amount (NT\$) \$1,289,648 3,412,484	Ending balance (NT\$) \$44,234 5,492	Rate 1.00% 0.10%	Interest income (NT\$) \$5,635 511
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	Maximum amount (NT\$) \$1,289,648 3,412,484	Ending balance (NT\$) \$44,234 5,492 \$49,726	Rate 1.00% 0.10%	Interest income (NT\$) \$5,635 511
Cathay United Bank (merged)	Time deposits  Cash in bank	Maximum amount (NT\$) \$1,289,648 3,412,484  For the	Ending balance (NT\$) \$44,234 5,492 \$49,726	Rate  1.00%  0.10%  nded September 30,	Interest income (NT\$) \$5,635 511
Cathay United Bank (merged)	Time deposits  Cash in bank	Maximum amount (NT\$) \$1,289,648 3,412,484  For the	Ending balance (NT\$) \$44,234 5,492 \$49,726 enine-month period enine-mo	Rate  1.00%  0.10%  nded September 30,	Interest income (NT\$) \$5,635 511 2004 Interest income
Cathay United Bank (merged)  Name	Time deposits  Cash in bank  Item	Maximum amount (NT\$) \$1,289,648 3,412,484  For the Maximum amount (US\$)	Ending balance (NT\$) \$44,234 5,492 \$49,726  Ending balance (US\$)	Rate  1.00% 0.10%  nded September 30, Rate	Interest income (NT\$) \$5,635 511  2004 Interest income (US\$)

#### C. Interest receivable

	September 30,				
Name	2003(NT\$) 2003(US\$) 2004(NT\$) 2004(US\$)				
Cathay United Bank					
(merged)	\$502	\$15	\$43	\$1	

#### Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### **As of September 30, 2003 and 2004**

#### D. Insurance expense

T 41 ' 41	. 1 110 . 1 20
Hor the nine-month	periods ended September 30,
I Of the fille month	periods chaca september 50,

Name	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)
Cathay Life	\$-	\$-	\$373	\$11
Cathay Century			79	2
Total	\$-	\$-	\$452	\$13

#### E. Other accounts payable

#### September 30,

	,					
Name	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)		
Cathay Life	\$454,719	\$13,461	\$187,737	\$5,523		
Cathay United Bank						
(merged)	188,094	5,568	571,606	16,817		
Total	\$642,813	\$19,029	\$759,343	\$22,340		

#### F. Other accounts receivable

#### September 30,

Name	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)
Cathay Life	\$-	\$-	\$4,500,243	\$132,399
Cathay United Bank				
(merged)	-	-	100,582	2,959
Cathay Century	50,584	1,497	73,671	2,168
Total	\$50,584	\$1,497	\$4,674,496	\$137,526

#### G. Repair expense

#### For the nine-month periods ended September 30,

		1	1	
Name	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)
Lin Yuan Property				
Management Co.,				
Ltd.	\$-	\$-	\$117	\$3

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

#### H. Property exchange

	For t	ods ended Septembe	er 30,				
Name	2003(NT\$)	2003(NT\$) 2003(US\$) 2004(NT\$) 2004(US\$)					
Lin Yuan Property							
Management Co.,							
Ltd.	\$-	\$-	\$152	\$4			

#### I. Benefits expense

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,				
Name	2003(NT\$)	2003(US\$)	2004(NT\$)	2004(US\$)	
Symphox Information					
Co., Ltd.	\$-	\$-	\$167	\$5	

#### J. Assignment

Based on the resolution of Cathay Securities' board of directors on April 23, 2004, the securities department and the securities agent (Taipei branch) of Cathay United Bank (merged), along with its business, assets and liabilities, were assigned to Cathay Securities through business assignment, which amounted to NT\$414,930 (US\$12,207). The Xin-yi and Bo-ai branch offices were established at the same locations as at the assignment. The assignment date was August 13, 2004, the application date for the assignment was June 15, 2004 and the authorities approved it on June 28, 2004.

#### 15. Pledged assets: None.

- 16. Other important matters and contingent liabilities: None.
- 17. Serious damages: None.
- 18. Subsequent events: None.

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### **As of September 30, 2003 and 2004**

#### 19. Other important events

#### (1) Pension related information

According to the ROC SFAS No. 23 "Interim Financial Reporting and Disclosures", the interim financial statements are not required to follow the principles outlined in the ROC SFAS No. 18 "Accounting for Pensions".

#### (2) Financial instruments related information

#### A. Derivative financial instruments:

#### a. Credit and market price risk

The Company has entered into certain derivative transactions with financial institutions with high credit ratings to manage exposures related to interest rates and foreign currencies. Management believes its exposure related to the potential default by those counterparties is low. In addition, gains or losses from forward foreign exchange contracts are likely to be offset by gains or losses from the hedged payables. Thus, market risks are believed to be minimal.

#### b. Liquidity and cash requirement

The primary objective of IRS and foreign currency options is to limit interest rate and exchange rate exposures related to assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and foreign currency commitments, and bearing fixed interest rates. As there will be cash inflow and cash outflow on the expiration date of an IRS contract, there is no material fund raising risk or cash flow risk associated with these instruments.

#### c. Cash flow and demand

As cash inflow and cash outflow will be automatically offset against each other on the expiration date of a forward contract, no demand for substantial cash flow is expected in connection with such transactions.

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

#### d. Interest rate swaps (IRS)

- (a) IRS transactions may involve the exchange of fixed-rate interest payments for a market floating-rate interest payment obligation based on a notional principal amount. For IRS transactions undertaken for hedging purposes, income and expenses that arise upon settlement are netted off and recognized in the statement of income.
- (b)As of September 30, 2004, the maturity dates of IRS ranged from May 20, 2002 to May 20, 2007.

#### As of September 30, 2003:

Counterpart	Effective	Contract amount	Contract value
Goldman Sachs International	2002.5.20	USD 700,000	USD 700,000

#### As of September 30, 2004:

Counterpart	Effective	Contract amount	Contract value			
Goldman Sachs International	2002.5.20	USD 700,000	USD 700,000			

#### e. Foreign currency options

The Company uses foreign currency option contracts to manage currency exposures.

#### As of September 30, 2003:

Counterpart	Effective date	Put date	Contract amount	Contract value
Goldman Sachs	2002.5.20	2005.5.20;	USD 700,000	USD700,000
International		2007.5.20		

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

#### B. Non-derivative financial instruments related information

		September 30, 2003										
Item	N	T\$	US\$									
	Carrying		Carrying									
Assets	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$3,614,555	\$3,614,555	\$107,003	\$107,003								
Short-term investments	4,917	4,917	146	146								
Receivables	4,747,057	4,747,057	140,529	140,529								
Long-term investments in stocks	153,181,275	153,603,945	4,534,674	4,547,186								
Deferred charges	272,449	272,449	8,065	8,065								
Liabilities												
Payables	642,813	642,813	19,029	19,029								
Bonds payable	24,775,924	24,775,924	733,449 733,449									
		September 30, 2004										
Item	N	T\$	U	S\$								
	Carrying		Carrying									
Assets	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$353,349	\$353,349	\$10,396	\$10,396								
Receivables	4,674,496	4,674,496	137,526	137,526								
Long-term investment in stocks	174,692,729	175,240,041	5,139,533	5,155,635								
Deferred charges	108,980	108,980	3,206 3,206									
Liabilities												
Payables	759,343	759,343	22,340	22,340								
Bonds payable	25,777,355	25,777,355	758,381	758,381								

Methods and assumptions for estimating the fair value of non-derivative financial instruments are as follows:

a. Short-term financial instruments are stated at carrying amount on the balance sheet date. Because the maturity date of those instruments is very close to the balance sheet date, it is reasonable that their carrying amounts are equal to their fair values. That assumption is adopted by the following accounts: cash and cash equivalents and receivables.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except

for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

**As of September 30, 2003 and 2004** 

b. If short-term investments and long-term investment in stocks have a market value,

that will be their fair value. If there is no market value, their fair value will be

estimated based on other financial information or their carrying amount on the

balance sheet date.

(3) Zero coupon convertible notes related information:

Issuer: Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

Issue amount: US\$700 million.

Issue price: 100%.

Maturity date: May 20, 2007.

Interest: The notes do not bear interest except in the limited circumstances.

Conversion rights:

Subject to certain conditions, each holder of the notes (the "Holder") has the right during the conversion period to convert its notes (or any portion thereof being US\$1,000 dollars in principal amount or an integral multiple thereof) into common shares and, upon conversion may, subject to compliance with the terms and conditions of the applicable deposit agreement, direct that the common shares deliverable upon conversion be deposited with the depositary for issuance of GDSs, provided, however, that the conversion right during any closed period shall be suspended and the conversion

period shall not include any such closed period.

Repurchase at the option of the holder:

Unless the notes have been previously redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or

converted, each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require the

Company to repurchase all (or any portion of the principal amount thereof which is

US\$1,000 dollars or any integral multiple thereof) of such Holder's notes, on May 20,

2005 at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the

redemption premium. The redemption premium is the amount payable at the issue price

on the original issue date, plus a compound yield rate of 2.75% per annum (computed on

a semi-annual note equivalent basis).

38

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

Repurchase in the event of delisting:

Unless the notes have been previously redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or converted, in the event that the Company's common shares cease to be listed or admitted to trading on the Taiwan Stock Exchange, each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase all (or any portion of the principal amount thereof which is US\$1,000 dollars or any integral multiple thereof) of such Holder's notes at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the redemption premium.

Repurchase in the event of change of control:

Unless the notes have been previously redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or converted, each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase all (or any portion of the principal amount thereof which is US\$1,000 dollars or any integral multiple thereof) of such Holder's notes at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the redemption premium, upon the occurrence of a change of control.

Redemption at the option of the Company:

The notes may be redeemed at the option of the Company, in whole but not in part, at any time on or after May 20, 2005 at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the redemption premium on the redemption date; provided that (a) the closing price (translated into U.S. dollars at the prevailing rate) of the common shares for a period of 30 consecutive trading days (including trading days that fall within a closed period), the last of which occurs not more than five days prior to the date on which notice of such redemption is given, is at least 130% of the conversion price (translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate, as defined in the indenture for the notes) and (b) the applicable redemption date does not fall within a closed period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company may redeem, in whole but not in part, the notes at any time, on not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice, if at least 90% in principal amount of the notes originally outstanding have been redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or converted, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the redemption premium on the redemption date; provided that the applicable redemption date does not fall within a closed period.

**Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)** 

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except

for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

Tax redemption:

If, as a result of certain changes relating to the ROC tax laws or such other jurisdiction

in which the Company is then organized, the Company becomes obligated to pay certain

additional amounts, the notes may be redeemed at the option of the Company, in whole

but not in part, at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus

the redemption premium on such redemption date.

Redemption amount at maturity:

Unless the notes have been previously redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or

converted, the Company will redeem the notes on the maturity date at a price equal to

100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the redemption premium.

Negative pledge:

Subject to certain exceptions, the Company will not, and will procure that none of its

principal subsidiaries will, create or permit to subsist any lien to secure for the benefit of

the holders of any international investment securities any sum owing in respect thereof

or any guarantee or indemnity thereof without making effective provision to secure the

notes (a) equally and ratably with such international investment securities with a similar

lien or (b) with such other security as shall be approved by Holders of not less than a

majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding notes.

Further issues:

The Company may create and issue further securities with the same terms and

conditions from time to time without the consent of the Holders of the notes so that such

further issuance shall be consolidated and form a single series with the notes.

Governing law:

The indenture, notes and deposit agreements are governed by, and construed in

accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

40

#### **Notes to unaudited financial statements (Continued)**

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except

#### for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

- (4) Material contract: None.
- (5) Presentation of financial statements:

Certain accounts in the financial statements for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003 have been reclassified in order to be comparable with those in the financial statements for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2004.

- 20. Information for investment in Mainland China: None.
- 21. Segment information: None.

## Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Notes to unaudit financial statements (Continued) (Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

#### 22. The Subsidiaries' concise balance sheets and statements of income

(a) Concise balance sheets:

		Cathay United Band (merged)				Cathay Century				Former Cathay United Bank		Cathay Securities				
	September 3	30, 2003	September	30, 2004	September	30, 2003	September	30, 2004	September 30, 2003		, 2003 September 30, 2004		, 2004 September 30, 2003		September 30, 2004	
Items/Period	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Current assets	\$492,457,215	14,578,367	\$581,059,842	\$17,095,023	\$247,929,931	\$7,339,548	\$324,804,404	\$9,555,881	\$6,403,024	\$189,551	\$7,088,439	\$208,545	\$57,210,291	\$1,693,614	\$3,339,640	\$98,252
Exchange bills negotiated, discounted, and loans	485,853,150	14,382,864	456,958,880	13,443,921	396,790,672	11,746,319	548,579,361	16,139,434	870,310	25,764	823,217	24,220	119,020,093	3,523,389	-	-
Funds and long-term investments	381,221,734	11,285,427	479,772,810	14,115,117	11,983,504	354,751	39,702,953	1,168,078	2,282,905	67,581	2,739,718	80,604	15,211,090	450,299	18	1
Fixed assets	15,885,887	470,275	15,297,952	450,072	23,148,805	685,281	25,663,377	755,027	55,568	1,645	55,628	1,636	1,858,016	55,004	13,179	388
Other assets (including intangible assets)	26,565,244	786,419	48,151,597	1,416,640	6,805,252	201,459	4,459,099	131,189	462,517	13,692	478,133	14,066	10,137,617	300,107	236,541	6,960
Current liabilities	10,934,263	323,690	14,354,602	422,318	610,541,869	18,074,064	830,490,537	24,433,379	735,982	21,787	916,146	26,954	189,966,830	5,623,648	102,842	3,026
Long-term liabilities	528,754	15,653	1,252,595	36,852	-	-	-	-	8,067	239	18,966	558	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	1,313,029,065	38,870,014	1,476,565,141	43,441,163	16,827,926	498,162	34,409,555	1,012,343	6,351,061	188,012	7,110,933	209,206	304,236	9,006	585	17
Capital stocks	50,686,158	1,500,478	50,686,158	1,491,208	39,715,627	1,175,714	43,182,407	1,270,445	2,317,006	68,591	2,317,006	68,167	12,346,083	365,485	3,500,000	102,971
Capital surplus	5,200	154	12,591	371	4,261,892	126,166	13,463,074	396,089	430	13	1,909	56	430	13	-	-
Retained earnings	34,148,047	1,010,895	38,385,188	1,129,308	15,382,006	455,359	21,589,072	635,159	659,535	19,524	818,915	24,093	819,457	24,259	(14,049)	(413)
Equity adjustments	(14,394)	(425)	(15,194)	(447)	(71,156)	(2,107)	74,549	2,194	2,243	67	1,260	37	71	2	-	-
Treasury stocks	(7,333,863)	(217,107)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	\$1,401,983,230	\$41,503,352	\$1,581,241,081	\$46,520,773	\$686,658,164	\$20,327,358	\$943,209,194	\$27,749,609	\$10,074,324	\$298,233	\$11,185,135	\$329,071	\$203,437,107	\$6,022,413	\$3,589,378	\$105,601
Total liabilities	\$1,324,492,082	\$39,209,357	\$1,492,172,338	\$43,900,333	\$627,369,795	\$18,572,226	\$864,900,092	\$25,445,722	\$7,095,110	\$210,038	\$8,046,045	\$236,718	\$190,271,066	\$5,632,654	\$103,427	\$3,043
Total stockholders' equity	\$77,491,148	\$2,293,995	\$89,068,743	\$2,620,440	\$59,288,369	\$1,755,132	\$78,309,102	\$2,303,887	\$2,979,214	\$88,195	\$3,139,090	\$92,353	\$13,166,041	\$389,759	\$3,485,951	\$102,558

#### Notes to unaudit financial statements (Continued)

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2003 and 2004

#### (b) Concise statements of income:

_		Cathay	Life			Cathay United B	and (merged)			Cathay Ce	ntury		Former Cathay U	Jnited Bank	Cathay Securities	
The nine-month pe		period ended	The nine-month period ended		The nine-month period ended		The nine-month period ended		The nine-month period ended		The nine-month period ended		The nine-month period ended			
_	September 3	30, 2003	September 3	30, 2004	September 30, 2003		September 30, 2004		September 30, 2003		September 30, 2004		September 30, 2003		12.5.2004-30.6.2004	
Items/Period	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Operating revenues	\$339,456,443	\$10,049,036	\$380,352,566	\$11,190,131	\$22,211,238	\$657,526	\$30,613,857	\$900,673	\$10,027,547	\$296,849	\$11,108,419	\$326,814	\$9,158,285	\$271,116	\$29,614	\$871
Operating costs & expenses	(325,945,356)	(9,649,064)	(366,387,870)	(10,779,284)	(14,884,851)	(440,641)	(17,041,212)	(501,360)	(9,414,753)	(278,708)	(10,361,500)	(304,839)	(7,412,996)	(219,449)	(46,235)	(1,360)
Operating income	13,511,087	399,972	13,964,696	410,847	7,326,387	216,885	13,572,645	399,313	612,794	18,141	746,919	21,975	1,745,289	51,667	(16,621)	(489)
Non-operating revenues	1,000,227	29,611	1,536,591	45,208	46,405	1,374	1,270,796	37,387	2,339	69	28,411	837	59,496	1,761	-	-
Non-operating expenses	(8,644)	(256)	(1,648,432)	(48,498)	(58,985)	(1,746)	(115,008)	(3,383)	(4,445)	(132)	(17,576)	(518)	(28,770)	(852)	-	-
Operating income before taxes	14,502,670	429,327	13,852,855	407,557	7,313,807	216,513	14,728,443	433,317	610,688	18,078	757,754	22,294	1,776,015	52,576	(16,621)	(489)
Net income	13,346,847	395,111	14,047,478	413,283	6,201,807	183,594	11,637,433	342,378	498,060	14,744	598,174	17,599	1,407,002	41,652	(14,049)	(413)
Earning per share before taxes (in dollars)	\$2.95	\$0.09	\$2.74	\$0.08	\$1.84	\$0.05	\$3.41	\$0.10	\$2.64	\$0.08	\$3.27	\$0.10	\$1.44	\$0.04	\$(0.05)	\$-
Earning per share (in dollars)	\$2.72	\$0.08	\$2.78	\$0.08	\$1.56	\$0.05	\$2.69	\$0.08	\$2.15	\$0.06	\$2.58	\$0.08	\$1.14	\$0.03	\$(0.04)	\$-

Annotation1: On April 11, 2002, Cathay United Bank transferred certain non-performing loans to the Taiwan Asset Management Corporation, and the related losses amounted to NT\$1,894,609 (US\$56,087). According to Article 15 of the ROC Financial Institution Merger Act, the losses on the transaction are being amortized over five year from April 2002. The amortized loss amounted to NT\$1,325,895 (US\$39,251). According to general accepted accounting principles in the ROC, the losses are recognized as current expenses on the transaction date. Thus on September 30, 2003, other assets of former Cathay United Bank decreased by NT\$994,421 (US29,438), In the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003, provision for credit losses of former Cathay United Bank decreased by NT\$284,149 (US\$6,309).