Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.
Financial statements
Together with
Review report
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

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English Translation of Review Report Originally Issued in Chinese Review report of independent accountants

Board of Directors Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

We have reviewed the accompanying balance sheet of Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. (the "Company") as of March 31, 2005, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the three-month period then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to issue a review report based on our review. The Company's statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2004 were reviewed by other auditors whose report, date April 13, 2004 expressed a standard unqualified review report.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards No. 36 "Review of Financial Statements" in the Republic of China. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical review procedures to financial data, and making inquires of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2005 in order for them to be in conformity with "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Property and Casualty Insurance", "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and generally accepted accounting principles in the Republic of China.

Diwan, Ernst & Young Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China April 18, 2005

Notice to Readers:

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdiction. The standards, procedures and practices to review such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. Unaudited balance sheets As of March 31, 2004 and 2005 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

		March 31,	2004	March 31, 2005		
Assets	Notes	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Current assets	2.4	#4.001.200	#122.070	#2 007 120	nos 260	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,4	\$4,091,290	\$123,978	\$2,997,129	\$95,268	
Short-term investments	2,5	2,106,033	63,819	2,653,426	84,343	
Notes receivable	2	146,556	4,441	135,800	4,316	
Interests receivable		26,108	791	27,837	885	
Premiums receivable	2,6	718,297	21,767	942,318	29,953	
Claims recoverable from reinsurers	2	171,785	5,206	180,286	5,731	
Due from reinsurers and ceding companies		113,205	3,430	29,622	941	
Other accounts receivable	2	119,750	3,629	81,816	2,601	
Deferred income tax assets - current	2,15	51,152	1,550	39,179	1,245	
Prepayments		2,383	72	2,640	84	
Subtotal		7,546,559	228,683	7,090,053	225,367	
Exchange bills negotiated, discounted and loans	2,7					
Short-term secured loans		-	-	15,253	485	
Medium-term secured loans		408,548	12,380	656,062	20,854	
Long-term secured loans		367,597	11,139	429,576	13,655	
Subtotal		776,145	23,519	1,100,891	34,994	
Funds, long-term investments and receivable	2,8					
Long-term investments in stocks						
Under the equity method		234,968	7,120	230,984	7,342	
Under the cost method		165,780	5,024	83,796	2,664	
Long-term investments in bonds		1,786,453	54,135	2,890,447	91,877	
Subtotal		2,187,201	66,279	3,205,227	101,883	
Property and equipment	2,9					
Communication and transportation equipment		18,234	553	19,660	625	
Other equipment		149,855	4,541	171,321	5,446	
Subtotal		168,089	5,094	190,981	6,071	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(115,613)	(3,503)	(134,476)	(4,275)	
Prepayments for equipment		-	-	2,520	80	
Subtotal		52,476	1,591	59,025	1,876	
Intangible assets				, in the second	<u> </u>	
Computer software cost	2	9,582	290	13,251	421	
Subtotal		9,582	290	13,251	421	
Other assets						
Guarantee deposits paid		16,815	510	17,922	570	
Overdue receivables	2	64,056	1,941	178,430	5,672	
Temporary payments and suspense accounts	-	16,088	487	5,920	188	
Securities serving as deposits paid-bonds	10,18	359,058	10,881	361,232	11,482	
Funds held by ceding companies	10,10	339,038	10,001	8	11,402	
Deferred pension cost		6,059	184	6,303	200	
	2.15		104	0,303	200	
Deferred income tax assets- noncurrent	2,15	14	14 002	560 015	10 110	
Subtotal		\$11,034,061	14,003	\$12,039,363	18,112	
Total assets		\$11,034,061	\$334,365	\$12,038,262	\$382,653	

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on March 31, 2004 and 2005 were NT\$33.00 and NT\$31.46 to US\$1.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

$\underline{\textbf{English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese}}$

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. Unaudited balance sheets - (Continued) As of March 31, 2004 and 2005 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

		March 31,	2004	March 31, 2005	
Liabilities & stockholders' equity	Notes	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Current liabilities					
Collections for others		\$6,790	\$206	\$4,890	\$155
Accrued expenses		155,522	4,713	149,158	4,741
Commissions payable		3,818	116	4,234	135
Claims outstanding		2,383	72	789	25
Due to reinsurers and ceding companies		168,806	5,115	261,623	8,316
Other payables		502,150	15,216	717,181	22,797
Subtotal		839,469	25,438	1,137,875	36,169
Long-term liabilities					
Accrued pension liabilities		8,966	272	9,450	300
Subtotal		8,966	272	9,450	300
Other liabilities					
Unearned premiums reserve	2,11	3,774,238	114,371	4,167,471	132,469
Special reserve	2,11	2,351,670	71,263	2,666,127	84,747
Claims reserve	2,11	619,699	18,779	643,422	20,452
Temporary receipts and suspense accounts		64,716	1,961	45,158	1,435
Funds held for reinsurers		185	5	185	6
Subtotal		6,810,508	206,379	7,522,363	239,109
Total liabilities		7,658,943	232,089	8,669,688	275,578
Stockholders' equity					
Capital stock					
Common stock	12	2,317,006	70,212	2,317,006	73,649
Capital surplus		430	13	2,021	64
Retained earnings	13				
Legal reserve		161,475	4,893	220,741	7,017
Unappropriated retained earnings		894,920	27,119	829,271	26,360
Equity adjustment					
Cumulative conversion adjustments		1,287	39	(465)	(15)
Total stockholders' equity		3,375,118	102,276	3,368,574	107,075
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity		\$11,034,061	\$334,365	\$12,038,262	\$382,653

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on March 31, 2004 and 2005 were NT\$33.00 and NT\$31.46 to US\$1.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

$\underline{English\ Translation\ of\ Financial\ Statements\ Originally\ Issued\ in\ Chinese}$

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Unaudited statements of income

For the three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2005

(Expressed in thousands of dollars, expect earning per share)

		2004		2005	
Items	Notes	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Operating revenues	2				
Premiums income		\$2,098,235	\$63,583	\$2,210,995	\$70,280
Reinsurance commission earned		84,571	2,563	115,819	3,682
Claims recovered from reinsurers		259,218	7,855	239,444	7,611
Recovered unearned premiums reserve		3,601,016	109,122	4,031,204	128,137
Recovered special claim reserve		18,187	551	24,628	783
Recovered claims reserve		10,173	308	12,213	388
Handling fee earned		10	-	14	-
Interest income		50,416	1,528	60,456	1,922
Gain on trading bills and securities		113,030	3,425	9,872	314
Gain on long-term equity investment		76	2	12,750	405
Subtotal		6,234,932	188,937	6,717,395	213,522
Operating costs	2				
Reinsurance premiums ceded		(760,330)	(23,040)	(767,277)	(24,389)
Commissions expenses		(27,365)	(829)	(34,762)	(1,105)
Insurance claims payment		(765,367)	(23,193)	(893,965)	(28,416)
Provision for unearned premiums reserve		(3,774,238)	(114,371)	(4,167,471)	(132,469)
Provision for special claim reserve		(107,090)	(3,246)	(120,301)	(3,824)
Contribution to the stabilization funds		(3,999)	(121)	(4,158)	(132)
Provision for claims reserve		(12,213)	(370)	(14,027)	(446)
Handling fee paid		(60,366)	(1,829)	(51,650)	(1,642)
Agent expenses		(770)	(23)	(70)	(2)
Subtotal		(5,511,738)	(167,022)	(6,053,681)	(192,425)
Operating gross profit		723,194	21,915	663,714	21,097
Operating expenses	2				·
Marketing expenses		(305,382)	(9,254)	(346,991)	(11,030)
Administrative and general expenses		(58,744)	(1,780)	(64,600)	(2,053)
Operating income		359,068	10,881	252,123	8,014
Non-operating revenues					<u> </u>
Gain on foreign exchange		79	2	344	11
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		184	6	247	8
Miscellaneous income		12,308	373	3,188	101
Subtotal		12,571	381	3,779	120
Non-operating expenses					
Loss on foreign exchange		(6,122)	(186)	(11,849)	(376)
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		-	-	(4)	-
Miscellaneous expense		_	_	(1)	_
Subtotal		(6,122)	(186)	(11,854)	(376)
Subtom		(0,122)	(100)	(11,054)	(370)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		365,517	11,076	244,048	7,758
Income taxes	2,15	(63,257)	(1,917)	(55,394)	(1,761)
Net income	2,13	\$302,260	\$9,159	\$188,654	\$5,997
		ψ302,200	Ψ2,132	Ψ100,007	Ψυ,ννη
Earning per share (In dollars) Income before income taxes	16	\$1.58	\$0.05	\$1.05	\$0.03
Net income	16	\$1.30	\$0.03	\$0.81	\$0.03
Not income	10	\$1.50	φυ.υ4	φυ.01	φυ.υ3

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on March 31, 2004 and 2005 were NT\$33.00 and NT\$31.46 to US\$1.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Unaudited statements of changes in stockholders' equity

For the three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2005

(Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	Capital	stock		=		Retained e	earnings					
	Common	stock	Capital su	ırplus	Legal res	serve	Unapprop	oriated	Cumula	tive	Tota	al
Summary							retained e	arnings	conversion ad	justments		
	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Balance on January 1, 2004	\$2,317,006	\$70,212	\$430	\$13	\$161,475	\$4,893	\$592,660	\$17,960	\$1,287	\$39	\$3,072,858	\$93,117
Appropriations and distributions for 2003												
Net Income for the three months ended March 31, 2004							302,260	9,159			302,260	9,159
Balance on March 31, 2004	\$2,317,006	\$70,212	\$430	\$13	\$161,475	\$4,893	\$894,920	\$27,119	\$1,287	\$39	\$3,375,118	\$102,276
Balance on January 1, 2005	\$2,317,006	\$73,649	\$1,909	\$60	\$220,741	\$7,017	\$640,617	\$20,363	(\$148)	(\$5)	\$3,180,125	\$101,084
Appropriations and distributions for 2004												
Capital surplus- long-term equity investment			112	4							112	4
Cumulative conversion adjustments									(317)	(\$10)	(317)	(10)
Net Income for the year ended March 31, 2005							188,654	5,997			188,654	5,997
Balance on March 31, 2005	\$2,317,006	\$73,649	\$2,021	\$64	\$220,741	\$7,017	\$829,271	\$26,360	(\$465)	(\$15)	\$3,368,574	\$107,075

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on March 31, 2004 and 2005 were NT\$33.00 and NT\$31.46 to US\$1.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Unaudited statements of cash flows

For the three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2005

(Expressed in thousands of dollars)

		2004		2005	
Items	Notes	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net income		\$302,260	\$9,159	\$188,654	\$5,997
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities:					
Amortization		1,000	30	1,790	57
Depreciation		4,829	146	5,846	186
Provision for reserve for operations		3,893,541	117,986	4,301,799	136,739
Recovered unearned premiums reserve		(3,601,016)	(109,122)	(4,031,204)	(128,137)
Recovered special claim reserve		(18,187)	(551)	(24,628)	(783)
Recovered claims reserve		(10,173)	(308)	(12,213)	(388)
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		-	-	4	-
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		(184)	(6)	(247)	(8)
Smaller (excess) of cash dividends received		(76)	(2)	(12,750)	(405)
Effects of exchange rate changes		6,042	183	11,505	366
Increase in short-term investments		(40,930)	(1,240)	(205,050)	(6,518)
Decrease in notes receivable		41,758	1,265	5,135	163
Decrease (increase) in interests receivable		190	6	(7,274)	(231)
Increase in premiums receivable		(194,477)	(5,893)	(4,306)	(137)
Decrease in claims recoverable from reinsurers		37,350	1,132	72,683	2,310
Decrease in due from reinsurers and ceding companies		73,987	2,242	12,329	392
Increase in other accounts receivable		(96,320)	(2,919)	(964)	(31)
Decrease in prepayments		180	6	176	6
Decrease in deferred income tax assets-current		507	15	594	19
Increase in overdue receivables		(44,709)	(1,355)	(97,766)	(3,108)
(Increase) decrease in temporary payments and suspense accounts		(1,169)	(35)	1,117	35
Increase (decrease) in collections for others		1,899	58	(1,268)	(40)
Decrease in accrued expenses		(79,524)	(2,410)	(119,752)	(3,807)
(Decrease) increase in commissions payable		(117)	(3)	2,397	76
Decrease dividend and bonus payable		(1,441)	(44)	(7,887)	(251)
(Decrease) increase in claims outstanding		(2,354)	(71)	157	5
Increase in other payables		76,205	2,309	38,598	1,227
Increase in accrued pension liabilities		382	12	241	8
Increase in temporary receipts and suspense accounts		47,883	1,451	13,124	417
Increase in claims reserve		32,351	980	7,436	236
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		429,687	13,021	138,276	4,395

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on March 31, 2004 and 2005 were NT\$33.00 and NT\$31.46 to US\$1.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Unaudited statements of cash flows-(Continued)

For the three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2005

(Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	2004		2005		
Items	Notes	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Cash flows from investing activities					
Increase in short-term secured loans		-	-	(17,000)	(540)
Decrease (increase) in medium-term secured loans		74	2	(262,827)	(8,354)
Increase in long-term secured loans		(1,902)	(58)	(19,180)	(610)
Disposal of long-term investments in stocks		33,600	1,018	-	-
Decrease (increase) in long-term investments in bonds		49,825	1,510	(612,906)	(19,482)
Disposal of property and equipment		503	15	1,104	35
Acquisition of property and equipment		(2,118)	(64)	(730)	(23)
Acquisition of intangible assets		(3,321)	(100)	(22)	(1)
Decrease (increase) in guarantee deposits paid		7	-	(31)	(1)
Decrease (increase) in securities serving as deposits paid-bonds		1,226	37	(1,295)	(41)
Decrease in funds held by ceding companies		99	3		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		77,993	2,363	(912,887)	(29,017)
Cash flows from financing activities					
Decrease in funds held for reinsurers		(99)	(3)		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(99)	(3)		
Effects of exchange rate changes		(6,042)	(183)	(11,505)	(366)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		501,539	15,198	(786,116)	(24,988)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period		3,589,751	108,780	3,783,245	120,256
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period		\$4,091,290	\$123,978	\$2,997,129	\$95,268
Supplemental disclosure of cash flows information					
Income tax paid		\$8,059	\$244	\$2,790	\$89

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on March 31, 2004 and 2005 were NT\$33.00 and NT\$31.46 to US\$1.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

The reader is advised that these financial statements have been prepared originally in Chinese. These financial statements do not include additional disclosure information that is required for Chinese-language reports under the "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Property and Casualty Insurance". If there is any conflict between these financial statements and the Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese language financial statements shall prevail.

1. Organization and business scope

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated in Taiwan on July 19, 1993, under the provisions of the Company Law (the "Company Law") of the Republic of China ("ROC"). The Company mainly engaged in the business of property and casualty insurance. On April 22, 2002, the Company became a subsidiary of Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. by adopting the stock conversion method under the ROC Financial Holding Company Act ("Financial Holding Company Act") and other pertinent laws of the ROC. On August 2, 2002, the Company officially changed its name from "Tong-Tai Insurance Co., Ltd." to "Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.".

As of March 31, 2004 and 2005, the total numbers of employees were 832 and 870, respectively.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

We prepared the financial statement, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Property and Casualty Insurance". Summary of significant accounting policies as follows:

(1) Distinguish assets and liabilities, current and non-current

Current assets are assets which can be liquidated or disposed within one year. Assets that do not belong to current assets are classified as non-current assets. Current liabilities are debts which must be paid-off within one year. Debts that do not belong to current liabilities are classified as non-current liabilities.

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

(2) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, unrestricted bank deposits, and all highly

liquid investments with a maturity of less than three months.

(3) Short-term investments

Marketable equity securities are stated at the lower of cost or market value. Stock dividends

are not treated as an increase in the number of shares, not as investment income. The cost of

marketable equity securities sold is determined by the weighted-average cost method.

Beneficiary certificates are stated at the lower of cost or market value. The cost of

beneficiary certificates sold is determined by the weighted-average cost method.

Short-term notes are stated at the lower of cost or market value on the balance sheet date, if

the market value is available. The costs of these notes, interest income, and gain or loss,

either due to maturity or resulting from the sales of notes are determined by the specific

identification method.

Bonds and convertible bonds are recorded at the lower of cost or market value. The cost of

these bonds sold is determined by the specific identification method.

The ROC Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 30 "Treasury stock"

considers parent company stock held by a subsidiary to be treasury stock of the

consolidated entity. Parent stock held by subsidiary is stated individually at the lower of

aggregate cost or market value.

(4) Allowance for bad and doubtful debts

Allowance for bad debts and doubtful accounts on notes receivable, premiums receivable,

accounts overdue and loans are determined based on the aging analysis of outstanding

balances of such accounts and the past experience of the Company.

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Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

(5) Long – term investments

A. Long-term investments in stocks

Long-term investments in listed companies for which the Company's ownership interest is less than 20% of the voting stock, and over which the Company lacks significant operational influence are stated at the lower of cost or market value. Unrealized loss thereon is reflected as a reduction of shareholders' equity. Long-term investments in unlisted companies, in which the Company's ownership interest accounted for less than 20% of the common stock, are stated at cost. However, when there is evidence showing that a decline in market value of such investment is not temporary and is already less than cost, the market value becomes the new cost basis and the difference is accounted for as if it were a realized loss, and included in the determination of net income. Stock dividends are not recognized as income but treated as an increase in the number of shares held. Upon sales of long-term investments (accounted for under the cost method), the difference between the weighted-average cost and sales price is used to compute the resulting gain or loss.

Investments in equity securities are accounted for under the equity method where the Company's ownership interest is 20% or more of the voting shares and the Company has significant operational influence. According to the ROC SFAS No.23, "Interim Financial Reporting and Disclosures", the equity method is not required where the Company's first quarter interim financial statements are prepared for a holding interest of between 20% and 50% on a consistent basis.

The cost of the disposal of an investment is determined by the weighted-average method.

B. Long-term investments in bonds

Long-term investments in bonds should be accounted for at cost, and any premium or discount should be amortized based on a reasonable and systematic basis.

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

(6) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost. Improvements and major renovation of properties are capitalized, while repairs and maintenances are expensed currently. Upon the sale or disposal of property and equipment, the related cost and accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment are eliminated. Gain or loss resulting from such sale or disposal is classified as non-operating gain or loss. Depreciation on depreciable assets is calculated on a straight-line method over the estimated service lives prescribed by the "Estimated Useful Life of Fixed Assets Table' published by the ROC Executive Yuan (the "Executive Yuan Depreciation Table"). Property and equipment that are still in use after their useful lives are depreciated based on the residual value and the newly estimated remaining useful lives.

(7) Intangible assets

"Computer software cost" are stated at cost and amortized over three years on the straight-line method.

(8) Accounting for Asset Impairment

Pursuant to SFAS No. 35, the Company assesses indicators for impairment for all its assets within the scope of SFAS No. 35 at each balance sheet date. If impairment indicators exist, the Company shall then compare the carrying amount with the recoverable amount of the assets or the cash-generating unit ("CGU") and write down the carrying amount to the recoverable amount where applicable. Recoverable amount is defined as the higher of fair values less costs to sell and the values in use.

For previously recognized losses, the Company shall assess, at each balance sheet date, whether there is any indication that the impairment loss may no longer exist or may have decreased. If there is any such indication, the Company has to recalculate the recoverable amount of the asset. If the recoverable amount increases as a result of the increase in the estimated service potential of the assets, the Company shall reverse the impairment loss to the extent that the carrying amount after the reversal would not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the assets in prior years.

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

In addition, a goodwill-allocated CGU or group of CGUs is tested for impairment at the same time each year, regardless of whether an impairment indicator exists. Any impairment loss is recognized to reduce the carrying amount of the assets of the CGU or the group of CGUs in the following order:

- (a) first, to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU or group of CGUs; and
- (b) if the goodwill has been written off, to reduce the other assets of the CGU or group of CGUs pro rate to their carrying amount.

The write-down in goodwill cannot be reversed under any circumstances in subsequent periods. Impairment loss (reversal) is classified as non-operating losses/(income).

(9) Reserve for operations

Reserves for operations are organized according to the Insurance Law. These reserves include unearned premiums reserve, claims reserve and special claim reserve. The actuary provides the figures of such reserves in the financial statements.

(10) Premiums income

Direct premiums are recognized on the date when the policies became effective. Policy related expenses are recognized when incurred.

Reinsurance premiums and reinsurance commission expenses are recognized upon the assumption of reinsurance. Claim expenses for assumed reinsurance policies are recognized upon notification that claim payments are due. Adjustments are made at year-end based on past experience.

(11) Contribution to the stabilization funds

The Company makes a monthly contribution from gross premiums to the stabilization funds and deposits it in "Property Insurance Stabilization Fund Committees". It is reported as "Contribution to the stabilization funds" in income statements.

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

(12) Pension plan

The Company has established a pension plan for all employees. Pension plan benefits are based primarily on participants' compensation and the length of service.

In compliance with ROC Securities and Futures Commissions ("SFC") regulations, the Company followed the ROC SFAS No. 18, "Accounting for Pensions". An actuarial valuation of pension liability is performed on the balance sheet date, and a minimum pension liability is recorded in the financial statements based on the difference between the accumulated benefit obligations and the fair value of plan assets.

According to the ROC SFAS No. 23 "Interim Financial Reporting and Disclosures", the interim financial statements are not required to follow the principles outlined in the ROC SFAS No. 18 "Accounting for Pensions".

(13) Securities serving as deposits paid-bonds

According to Article 141 of the Insurance Law of the ROC, an amount equal to 15% of the Company's capital stock should be deposited in the Central Bank of China as the "Securities serving as deposits paid-bonds". The amount was deposited in the form of a bond.

(14) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions should be accounted for at cost and recognized on a straight-line method recorded in NT dollars at the spot rate when the transactions occur. Any gain or loss resulting from adjustments or settlements of foreign currency assets and liabilities are credited or charged to income. All assets and liabilities stated in foreign currencies are converted into New Taiwan Dollars at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. And any gain or loss resulting from the transactions is recognized as current income.

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

As of Whatch 31, 2004 and 2003

(15) Income Taxes

The Company adopted SFAS No. 22, "Accounting for Income Taxes", which requires inter-period and intra-period taxes allocations in addition to computing current period income tax payable. Furthermore, it requires recognition of temporary differences in deferred income tax liabilities, deferred income tax assets, prior year's loss carry-forwards and investment tax credits. The realization of deferred income tax assets should be further assessed and a valuation allowance will be estimated, if needed. The prior year's income tax expense adjustment should be recorded as current period income tax expenses in the

year of adjustment.

In accordance with Article 49 of Financial Holding Company Act, the Company and its parent company jointly filed corporation income tax returns and 10% surcharge on its inappropriate retained earnings under the Integrated Income Tax Systems. If there is any tax effects due to adopt forgoing Integrated Income Tax System, parent company can proportionately allocate the effects on tax expense (benefit), deferred income tax and tax

payable (tax refund receivable) among the Company and its parent company.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are classified as current or non-current depending on the underlying assets or liabilities. Deferred income taxes not relating to any assets or liabilities are classified as current or non-current based on the length of the expected realizable or reversible period.

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The additional 10% income tax imposed on undistributed earnings is recognized as

expense on the date of the shareholders' meeting.

The Company adopted SFAS No. 12, "Accounting for Income Tax Credits" for deductible income tax. The deductible income tax resulting from the expenditure on the purchase of equipment, R& D, education training, and investment in equity shall be dealt with under the current recognition method.

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Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

(16) Capital expenditure expenses

Expenditure is capitalized and amortized over its useful life if it involves a significant amount and benefit in future periods. Otherwise, it is expensed in the year of expenditure.

(17) Derivative financial products transaction

Transactions on forward exchange contracts are converted into NT dollars based on the spot rate at the contract date. The difference between the spot rate and the agreed forward rate is amortized over the contract period. At each period-end, the assets and liabilities of the forward exchange contracts are restated at the prevailing exchange rate, and any gain or loss is credited or charged to current income. The net value of receivables and payables of the forward exchange contracts is represented as an asset or a liability in the balance sheet. The exchange gains or losses resulting from the settlement of forward exchange contracts are credited or charged to current income in the year of settlement.

The premiums of futures transaction are stated at cost. For those hedging the risks of existed assets or liabilities, the unrealized gains/losses are recognized as current gains/losses or as deferred assets/liabilities, stated at income statement when resold. For those hedging the forecast risks of transactions, the unrealized gains/losses of futures transactions are deferred to the actual trading date as adjustments to the transaction value. The premiums of non-hedging transactions are value upon market value one a monthly basis; its unrealized gains/losses are recognized upon current gains/losses.

(18) Convenience conversion into U.S. dollars

The financial statements are stated in NT dollars. Conversion of the March 31, 2004 and 2005, NT dollar amounts into U.S. dollar amounts is included in the financial statements solely for the convenience of the readers, using the noon buying rate of NT\$33.00 and NT\$31.46 to US\$1.00 effective on March 31, 2004 and 2005, as provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The convenience conversion should not be construed as a representation that the NT dollar amounts have been, or could in the future be, converted into U.S. dollars at this rate or any other rate of exchange.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

3. Changes in accounting and its effects

In accordance with the ROC SFAS No.5, "Long-Term Investments in Equity Securities" revised on December 9, 2004, the Company is required to obtain the investee company's financial statements under the equity method for the same period, and recognized investment gain or loss based on those.

The adoption of ROC SFAS No.5 resulted in a decrease of long-term investment in stocks by NT\$1,846 (US\$59) thousand, and a decrease in net income for the first quarter, 2005 by NT\$1,915 (US\$61) thousand. The Company considers the effect is insignificant on this change in accounting principles.

4. Cash and cash equivalents

March 31, 2005 2004 US\$ Item NT\$ NT\$ US\$ Cash on hand \$8,730 \$264 \$10,990 \$349 Cash in banks 343,055 10,395 7,149 224,917 Time deposits 3,560,132 107,883 2,624,671 83,429 Cash equivalents 179,373 5,436 136,551 4,341 Total \$4,091,290 \$123,978 \$2,997,129 \$95,268 Interest rate of time deposits 1.25%~1.565% 0.75%~1.70% 0.75%~1.70% 1.25%~1.565% Interest rate of cash equivalents 0.95%~0.975% 0.95%~0.975% 1.175%~1.18% 1.175%~1.18%

5. Short – term investments

		March 31,					
	200	4	200	5			
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$			
ırent stock	\$228,587	\$6,927	\$228,587	\$7,266			
ess: Allowance for valuation loss	(18,112)	(549)	(22,935)	(729)			
Subtotal	210,475	6,378	205,652	6,537			
ommon stock and beneficiary				_			
certificates	1,108,090	33,579	1,583,828	50,344			
Designated purpose pecuniary							
trust funds	18,791	569	29,601	941			
Financial debentures	203,179	6,157	460,383	14,634			
Corporate bonds	565,498	17,136	373,962	11,887			
Short-term notes	179,373	5,436	136,551	4,340			
Subtotal	2,074,931	62,877	2,584,325	82,146			
Cash equivalents	(179,373)	(5,436)	(136,551)	(4,340)			
Subtotal	1,895,558	57,441	2,447,774	77,806			
Total	\$2,106,033	\$63,819	\$2,653,426	\$84,343			

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

6. Premiums receivable

March 31,

	200	4	200	95
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Premiums receivable	\$723,007	\$21,909	\$951,836	\$30,256
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(4,710)	(142)	(9,518)	(303)
Net	\$718,297	\$21,767	\$942,318	\$29,953

7. Secured loans

March 31,

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	20	004	20	05		
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		
Short-term secured loans	\$-	\$-	\$17,000	\$540		
Less: Allowance for bad debts			(1,747)	(55)		
Subtotal	-	-	15,253	485		
Medium-term secured loans	507,578	15,381	731,238	23,243		
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(99,030)	(3,001)	(75,176)	(2,389)		
Subtotal	408,548	12,380	656,062	20,854		
Long-term secured loans	456,701	13,839	478,800	15,219		
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(89,104)	(2,700)	(49,224)	(1,564)		
Subtotal	367,597	11,139	429,576	13,655		
Total	\$776,145	\$23,519	\$1,100,891	\$34,994		
Interest rate	2.48%~5.00%	2.48%~5.00%	2.174%~4.66%	2.174%~4.66%		

Secured loans are loans, which secured by real estate. Loans with terms of less than one year are short-term loans; loans with terms of more than one year but less than seven years are medium-term loans; and loans with terms of more than seven years are long-term loans.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

8. Long-term investments

A. Long-term investments in stocks:

		Marc			
	200	14	200	5	
Investee	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
a. Under the equity method:					
Cathay Venture Capital Corp.	\$221,332	\$6,707	\$223,005	\$7,088	
Vista Technology Venture					
Capital Corp.	13,636	413	7,979	254	
Subtotal	234,968	7,120	230,984	7,342	
b. Under the cost method:					
Koo Group Telecommunication					
Co., Ltd.	90,780	2,751	-	-	
Taiwan Cement Corp.	-	-	8,796	280	
KGEX. Com Co., Ltd.	75,000	2,273	75,000	2,384	
Subtotal	165,780	5,024	83,796	2,664	
Total	\$400,748	\$12,144	\$314,780	\$10,006	

c. Changes in long-term investments in stocks under equity method are summarized as follows:

	For the three months ended March 31,						
	200	4	200:	5			
	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$			
Balance on January 1	\$234,892	\$7,118	\$218,439	\$6,943			
Investment income by equity							
method recognized	76	2	12,750	405			
Cumulative conversion							
adjustments by equity method							
recognized	-	-	(317)	(10)			
Capital surplus by equity method							
recognized		-	112	4			
Balance on March 31	\$234,968	\$7,120	\$230,984	\$7,342			

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

d. The investment gains (losses) recognized by the equity method for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2004 and 2005 are listed below:

For the	three	months	ended	Marc	h 31	١,
---------	-------	--------	-------	------	------	----

	200	4	2005		
Investee	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Cathay Venture Capital Corp.	\$76	\$2	\$14,665	\$466	
Vista Technology Venture					
Capital Corp.			(1,915)	(61)	
Total	\$76	\$2	\$12,750	\$405	

- e. In accordance with the ROC SFAS No.5, "Long-Term Investments in Equity Securities" revised on December 9, 2004, and ROC SFAS No.23, "Interim Financial Reporting and Disclosures", the Company is required to obtain the investee Company's financial statements under the equity method for the same period exclude first and third quarter. The accounting treatment of Investment in Vista Technology Venture Capital Corp. is changed from the cost method to the equity method. The investment loss of Vista Technology Venture Capital Corp. for the three-month period ended March 31, 2005 was recognized by the equity method based on last year's audited financial statements.
- f. The investment gains of Cathay Venture Capital Corp. for the three-month period ended March 31, 2004 was recognized by the equity method based on unreviwed financial statements and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2005 was recognized on reviewed financial statement in the same period.
- g. The company invested Koo Group Telecommunications Co., Ltd. was signed the merged contract with Far Eastone Telecommunications Co., Ltd. on October 7, 2003 by adopting partial cash and partial stocks as merging value consideration. After Koo Group Telecommunications and Far Eastone Telecommunications Co., Ltd. exchanged their stock on April 29, 2004, the stock held by the Company was reclassified from long-term investments to short-term investments.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

B. Long-term investments in bonds

	March 31,							
	20	004	2005					
Investee	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$				
Overseas investments in bonds	\$1,786,453	\$54,135	\$2,890,447	\$91,877				
Interest rate	4.00%~6.00%	4.00%~6.00%	4.00%~6.30%	4.00%~6.30%				

9. Property and equipment

			March 31	1, 2004				
	Cost		Accumulated I	Depreciation	Net Value			
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		
Communication and								
transportation equipment	\$18,234	\$553	\$7,686	\$233	\$10,548	\$320		
Other equipment	149,855	4,541	107,927	3,270	41,928	1,271		
Subtotal	\$168,089	\$5,094	\$115,613	\$3,503	\$52,476	\$1,591		
	Cos	March 31, 2005 Cost Accumulated Depreciation Net Value						
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		
Communication and								
transportation equipment	\$19,660	\$625	\$10,221	\$325	\$9,439	\$300		
Other equipment	171,321	5,446	124,255	3,950	47,066	1,496		
Subtotal	\$190,981	\$6,071	\$134,476	\$4,275	\$56,505	\$1,796		
Prepayments for equipment	\$2,520	\$80	\$-	\$-	\$2,520	\$80		
Total	\$193,501	\$6,151	\$134,476	\$4,275	\$59,025	\$1,876		

The insurance of insured property and equipment were NT\$100,955 (US\$3,059) and NT\$121,554 (US\$3,864) as of March 31, 2004 and 2005, respectively.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)

As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

10. Securities serving as deposits paid-bonds

March 31,

	20	004	2005		
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Government bonds	\$359,058	\$10,881	\$361,232	\$11,482	
Interest rate	6.25%~7.75%	6.25%~7.75%	3.00%~6.90%	3.00%~6.90%	

Government bonds are according to Article 141 of the ROC Insurance Law, an amount equal to 15% of the Company's stockholder's equity should be deposited in the Central Bank of China as the "Securities serving as deposits paid-bonds".

11. Reserve for operations and liabilities

	January	1, 2004	Provi	sion	Recovered		March 3	1, 2004
	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Unearned premiums								
reserve	\$3,601,016	109,122	\$3,774,238	\$114,371	\$3,601,016	\$109,122	\$3,774,238	\$114,371
Special reserve	2,262,767	68,568	107,090	3,246	18,187	551	2,351,670	71,263
Claims reserve	585,308	17,737	585,319	17,737	550,928	16,695	619,699	18,779
Total	\$6,449,091	\$195,427	\$4,466,647	\$135,354	\$4,170,131	\$126,368	\$6,745,607	\$204,413
	January	1, 2005	Provi	Provision		ered	March 31, 2005	
	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Unearned premiums								
reserve	\$4,031,204	\$128,137	\$4,167,471	\$132,469	\$4,031,204	\$128,137	\$4,167,471	\$132,469
Special reserve	2,570,454	81,706	120,301	3,824	24,628	783	2,666,127	84,747
Claims reserve	634,173	20,158	603,694	19,189	594,445	18,895	643,422	20,452
Total	\$7,235,831	\$230,001	\$4,891,466	\$155,482	\$4,650,277	\$147,815	\$7,477,020	\$237,668

12. Capital stock and capital increment

As of March 31, 2004 and 2005, the total authorized thousand shares both were 231,7001, with par value of NT\$10 each.

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

13. Retained earnings

(1) Legal reserve

Pursuant to the Company Law, 10% of the annual after-tax net income of the Company shall be appropriated as a legal reserve until the total amount of the legal reserve equals to the amount of issued capital stock. This legal reserve can only be used to offset deficit but not for cash dividend distributions. However, if the total legal reserve is greater than 50% of the issued share capital, up to 50% of such excess can be capitalized if it approves by the Board of Directors.

(2) Unappropriated retained earnings

- A. According to the Company Law and the Company's articles of incorporations, 10% of the Company's annual earnings, after paying taxes and offsetting deficits, if any, shall be appropriated as legal reserve. In addition to distributing stock interest and 2% as a bonus for employees, the remainder shall be allocated in accordance with the resolutions of the Board of Directors.
- B. According to related regulations, if the assessed unappropriated retained earnings of the Company assessed by the tax authority exceed 100% of the Company's paid-in capital, the Company shall distribute cash dividends or stock dividends in the year following the assessment. Otherwise, income tax will be levied on each stockholder's proportion of the total unappropriated retained earnings, Alternatively; the Company may pay an extra 10% income tax on the excessive unappropriated retained earnings.
- (3) According to the revised Income Tax Law in 1998, the Company has to pay an extra 10% income tax on all unappropriated retained earnings generated during the year.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

14. Personnel, depreciation, depletion and amortization

	For th	ne three months	ended	For the three months ended			
Item	Ma	rch 31, 2004 (N	Γ\$)	Ma	arch 31, 2005 (N	Γ\$)	
	Operating	Operating	Total	Operating	Operating	Total	
	costs	expenses		costs	expenses		
Personnel Expenses							
Salaries and wages	\$-	\$115,160	\$115,160	\$-	\$133,157	\$133,157	
Labor & health insurance expenses	-	8,106	8,106	-	8,517	8,517	
Pension expenses	-	8,722	8,722	-	9,443	9,443	
Other expenses	-	49,494	49,494	1	57,695	57,695	
Depreciation	ı	4,829	4,829	1	5,846	5,846	
Depletion	ı	-	ı	-	-	ı	
Amortization	-	1,000	1,000	-	1,790	1,790	

_		ne three months		For the three months ended			
Item	Ma	rch 31, 2004 (US	S\$)	Ma	rch 31, 2005 (US	S\$)	
	Operating	Operating	Total	Operating	Operating	Total	
	costs	expenses		costs	expenses		
Personnel Expenses							
Salaries and wages	\$-	\$3,490	\$3,490	\$-	\$4,233	\$4,233	
Labor & health insurance expenses	-	246	246	-	270	270	
Pension expenses	-	264	264	-	300	300	
Other expenses	-	1,500	1,500	-	1,834	1,834	
Depreciation	-	146	146	-	186	186	
Depletion	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Amortization	-	30	30	-	57	57	

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

15. Estimated income taxes

(1) Income tax expenses include the following:

	For the three months ended March 31,						
	200	04	200)5			
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$			
Income before taxes	\$365,517	\$11,076	\$244,048	\$7,757			
Adjustments							
Interest income of tax on a separate							
basis	(1,890)	(57)	(1,018)	(32)			
Losses (gains) on market price loss							
(recovery) of short-term							
investments	(34,499)	(1,046)	8,356	266			
Bad debts exceeding legal limitation							
recovery	(1,993)	(60)	(3,959)	(126)			
Investment gains recognized by equity							
method	(76)	(2)	(12,750)	(405)			
Gains on trading securities	(78,531)	(2,380)	(18,228)	(579)			
Unrealized losses on foreign exchange	1,258	38	1,582	50			
Others	5		38	1			
Taxable Income	249,791	7,569	218,069	6,932			
Time; taxes rate; less: progressive							
difference	25%-10		25%-10	-			
Subtotal	62,438	1,892	54,507	1,733			
Extra 10% income tax on							
unappropriated retained earnings	5,319	161	-	-			
Tax effects under integrated income tax							
systems	(5,319)	(161)	10	-			
Income tax credit	(65)	(2)	(70)	(2)			
Subtotal	62,373	1,890	54,447	1,731			
Tax on a separate basis	378	12	204	6			
Adjustment of prior year's income tax	-	-	149	5			
Deferred income tax expenses	506	15	594	19			
Total income tax expenses	\$63,257	\$1,917	\$55,394	\$1,761			

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued) (Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated) As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

(2) Deferred income tax liabilities and assets are as follows:

	March 31,					
	200)4	200)5		
	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		
A. Total deferred tax assets	\$51,166	\$1,550	\$39,179	\$1,245		
Total deferred tax liabilities	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-		
B. Temporary differences:						
Employee benefits	\$101	\$3	\$-	\$-		
Bad debts exceeding legal limitation	204,507	6,197	152,970	4,862		
Others	57	2	3,745	119		
Total	\$204,665	\$6,202	\$156,715	\$4,981		
C. Deferred tax assets-current	\$51,152	\$1,550	\$39,179	\$1,245		
D.Deferred tax assets - noncurrent	\$14	\$-	\$-	\$-		

(3) Please refer to the following columns including law of income tax credits, the credits items, and the amount of income tax credits, the remaining balance, and the expiry year:

Law of income tax	The credits items	The amount of	The remaining	Expiry year
credits		income tax credits	balance	
Statute for Upgrading				
Industries	Education training	\$70 (US\$2)	<u>\$-</u>	2009

- (4) The Company's income tax returns, except 1999, have been filed and assessed by the Tax Authorities until 2002.
- (5) Information related to imputation:

-	March 31,					
	200	2004 2005)5		
	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		
Balance of imputation credit account	\$177,123	\$5,367	\$9,885	\$314		
	March 31, 2004 (Estimate)		March 31, 2005 (Estimate)			
Imputation credit account ratio	29.89%		1.54%			
	26		_			

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued) (Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated) As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

(6) Information relating of unappropriated earnings:

March 31, 2005 NT\$ US\$ \$-\$-

US\$ Year NT\$ Prior to 1997 \$-20,363 After 1998 592,660 17,960 640,617 Total \$592,660 \$17,960 \$640,617 \$20,363

2004

Net income after tax for three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2005 does not classify as undistributed earnings generated since 1998.

16. Earnings per share

For the three months ended March 31, 2004 2005 US\$ NT\$ NT\$ US\$ Income before taxes (A) \$365,517 \$11,076 \$244,048 \$7,758 Net income after taxes (B) \$302,260 \$9,159 \$188,654 \$5,997 Outstanding number of thousand shares at year-end 231,701 231,701 231,701 231,701 Adjusted weighted average outstanding number of thousand shares(C) 231,701 231,701 231,701 231,701 Earnings per share before income taxes \$0.05 \$0.03 (A)/(C) (dollars) \$1.58 \$1.05 Earnings per share after income taxes (B)/(C) (dollars) \$1.30 \$0.04 \$0.81 \$0.03

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

17. Related party transactions

(1) Related parties

Name	Relationship
Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	Parent company
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Cathay United Bank	Affiliate
San-Ching Engineering Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Seaward Leasing Ltd.	Affiliate
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Cathay General Hospital	Affiliate
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Symphox Information Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Lin Yuan Building Management & Maintenance Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Cathay Futures Corp	Affiliate
Lin Yuan Investment Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Cathay Securities Corp.	Affiliate
Cathay Capital Management Inc.	Affiliate
Wan Pao Development Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Cathay Securities Investment Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Vista Technology Venture Capital Corp.	Affiliate
Culture and Charity Foundation of the CUB	Affiliate
Cathay Bank Property Agency of Association	Affiliate
Wu Ming-Yang	Senior manager

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

(2) Transactions with related parties

A. Premiums income and premiums receivable

For the	three	months	ended	March	31	2004
TOI UIC	unce	monus	CHUCU	march	.) 1 .	. 4004

	Direct written premiums		Premiums receivable	
Name	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	\$79	\$2	\$-	\$-
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	105,646	3,201	2,388	72
Cathay United Bank	43,894	1,330	6,827	207
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	376	11	348	11
Cathay General Hospital	1,475	45	264	8
Seaward Leading Ltd.	901	27	1,299	39
Others	95	3	65	2
Total	\$152,466	\$4,619	\$11,191	\$339

For the three months ended March 31, 2005

	Direct written premiums		Premiums re	eceivable
Name	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$85,963	\$2,732	\$2,277	\$72
Cathay United Bank	63,863	2,030	15,865	504
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	318	10	-	-
Cathay General Hospital	2,254	72	397	13
Seaward Leasing Ltd.	722	23	-	-
Others	23	11	347	11
Total	\$153,143	\$4,868	\$18,886	\$600

B. Insurance claims payment

For the three months ended March 31,

	2004		200)5
Name	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$657	\$20	\$250	\$8
Cathay United Bank	112	3	71,324	2,267
Total	\$769	\$23	\$71,574	\$2,275

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued) (Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated) As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

C. Rental expenses, guarantee deposits paid and prepaid rents

	For the three months ended March 31, 2004				
	Rental e	xpenses	Guarantee depo	osits paid	Prepaid rents
Name	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$ NT	\$ US\$
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$13,712	\$416	\$13,199	\$400 \$2,3	324 \$70
		For the	three months end	led March 31, 200	05
	Rental e	xpenses	Guarantee depo	osits paid	Prepaid rents
Name	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$ NT	\$ US\$
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$14,146	\$450	\$13,731	\$436 \$2,5	506 \$80
D. Cash in banks			For the three	e months ended M	arch 31, 2004
Name	Тур	oe	Ending balance	Interest rate	Interest income
			NT\$		NT\$
Cathay United Bank	Cash in ba	nks	\$306,935	0.35%	\$-
	Time depo	sits	\$235,900	0.85%~1.55%	\$573
				months ended M	
Name	Тур	<u>e</u>	Ending balance	Interest rate	Interest income
			US\$		US\$
Cathay United Bank	Cash in ba	nks	\$9,301	0.35%	
	Time depo	osits	\$7,148	0.85%~1.55%	\$17
			For the three	months ended M	arch 31, 2005
Name	Тур	oe	Ending balance	Interest rate	Interest income
			NT\$		NT\$
Cathay United Bank	Cash in ba	nks	\$201,801	0.10%	\$-
	Time depo	osits	\$343,850	1.40%~1.565%	\$1,049

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

		For the three	e months ended M	farch 31, 2005
Name	Туре	Ending balance	Interest rate	Interest income
		US\$	_	US\$
Cathay United Bank	Cash in banks	\$6,415	0.10%	\$-
	Time deposits	\$10,930	1.40%~1.565%	\$33
E. Secured loans				
	Fo	r the three months end	ed March 31, 2004	
Name	Maximum amount	Ending balance	Interest rate	Interest income
	NT\$	NT\$		NT\$
Wu Ming-Yang	\$2,374	\$1,737	2.48%	\$17
	Fo	r the three months end	ed March 31, 2004	
Name	Maximum amount	Ending balance	Interest rate	Interest income
	US\$	US\$		US\$
Wu Ming-Yang	\$72	\$53	2.48%	\$1
	Fo	r the three months end	ed March 31, 2005	
Name	Maximum amount	Ending balance	Interest rate	Interest income
	NT\$	NT\$		NT\$
Wu Ming-Yang	\$1,651	\$1,622	2.66%	\$11
	Fo	r the three months end	ed March 31, 2005	
Name	Maximum amount	Ending balance	Interest rate	Interest income
	US\$	US\$		US\$
Wu Ming-Yang	\$52	\$52	2.66%	\$-
F. Commissions expenses				
•		For the three r	nonths ended Marc	ch 31,
		2004		2005
Name		NT\$ US\$	NT\$	US\$
Cathay Bank Property Agency	of Association	\$2,933	89 \$6,557	\$208

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)
(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

G. Handling fee paid

	For the three months ended March 31,			
	2004		2005	
Name	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$782	\$24	\$1,818	\$58

H. Marketing expense and accrued expense

	For the three months ended March 31, 2004				
	Marketing	expense	Accrued e	Accrued expense	
Name	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$124,722	\$3,779	\$68,460	\$2,075	
	For the three months ended March 31, 2005				
	Marketing	expense	Accrued e	expense	
Name	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$136,144	\$4,328	\$65,962	\$2,097	

I. Short-term investments-beneficiary certificates

			March 31,			
		200	2004		05	
Name		NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Cathay Securities Investment	Book value	\$333,230	\$10,098	\$254,828	\$8,100	
Trust Co., Ltd.	Fair value	\$353,239	\$10,704	\$260,535	\$8,281	

18. Pledged assets

	March 31,					
	200	4	200	5		
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		
Securities serving as deposits						
paid-government bonds	\$359,058	\$10,881	\$361,232	\$11,482		

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

- (1) According to Article 141 of the ROC Insurance Law, the Company should deposited government bonds, an amount equal to 15% of its' stockholders' equity, into the Central Bank of China as capital guarantee deposit.
- (2) The pledged assets are disclosed at net carrying amount.
- 19. Other important matters and contingent liabilities
 - A. The withholding tax on the interest of prior bondholders and tax effects on the interest expenses of amortized premium bonds in both years 2001 and 2002 tax returns, amounting to NT\$2,474 (US\$79) and NT\$1,658 (US\$53), respectively, were rejected by the Tax Authority as being able to offset income tax payable. The Company disputed the above tax assessments and had filed for reinvestigation.
 - B. By the date March 31, 2005, the Company had signed some significant rental contracts, and base, which we estimate that the rents for the following 5 years are, as follows:

	Amount	Amount
Period	(NT\$)	(US\$)
April 01, 2005 ~ March 31, 2006	\$58,670	\$1,865
April 01, 2006 ~ March 31, 2007	59,759	1,900
April 01, 2007 ~ March 31, 2008	61,507	1,955
April 01, 2008 ~ March 31, 2009	63,307	2,012
April 01, 2009 ~ March 31, 2010	65,162	2,071
Total	\$308,405	\$9,803

20. Serious damage	S
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None.

21. Subsequent events

None.

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

22. Other important events

(1) Pension related information

A. Pension funded status:

According to the ROC SFAS No. 23: "Interim Financial Reporting and Disclosures", the interim financial statements are not required to follow the principles outlined in the ROC SFAS No. 18 "Accounting for Pensions".

(2) Financial instruments related information

A Derivative financial instruments related information:

a. Purpose

As of March 31, 2005, the Company enters into forward foreign exchange contracts and futures contracts. The former were to hedge against risks of foreign currency and net assets exchange rate fluctuations while the latter were mainly to hedge against the volatile risks of stock quotes decline. For the purpose of hedging the maximum market risks, the Company adopted those financial derivative instruments highly relevant to the hedged items and assessed its strategies on a regular basis.

b. Credit and market risks

The Company enters into forward foreign exchange contracts with financial institutions with good credit ratings. In addition, the Company enters into contracts with many financial institutions to hedge risks. Forward hedging contracts can offset losses incurred from exchange rate fluctuations.

On a discretionary basis, Fuh Hwa Securities Investment Trust conducts transactions with Taiwan Futures Exchange for the Company. The credit risks of those transactions are not substational to the point of causing loss; on the other hand, the market risks of stock quotes volatility which might cause loss is offset by the gains/losses from hedging instruments of electronic sector stocks.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

c. Cash flow and demand

As cash inflow and cash outflow will be automatically offset against each other on the expiration date of forward and futures contracts, no demand for substantial cash flow is expected in connection with such transactions.

d. Forward foreign exchange contracts

(a) Receivables and payables resulting from forward foreign exchange contracts are offset against each other. The differences between receivables and payables should be listed as assets or liabilities.

	March 31	1, 2004	March 31, 2005		
Item	NT\$ US\$		NT\$	US\$	
Forward exchange contracts					
receivable	\$1,831,560	\$55,502	\$2,905,631	\$92,360	
Discount on forward					
exchange contracts	7,327	222	15,992	508	
Payables on forward					
exchange purchased	(1,783,080)	(54,033)	(2,878,689)	(91,503)	
Net-other receivable	\$55,807	\$1,691	\$42,934	\$1,365	

(b) As of March 31, 2004 and 2005, the Company has forward exchange contracts of approximately US\$54,000 and US\$91,300, respectively, in notional value. The forward foreign exchange contracts as of March 31, 2004 were due between July 14, 2004 and December 29, 2004. In addition, the forward contracts as of March 31, 2005 were due between April 12, 2005 and March 14, 2006.

		March 31, 2004				
		Fair v	alue	Due	value	
Item	Contract amount	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Forward	US\$54,000	\$1,783,080	\$54,033	\$1,831,560	\$55,502	

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)
(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

		March 31, 2005				
		Fair va	alue	Due v	alue	
Item	Contract amount	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Forward	US\$91,300	\$2,878,689	\$91,503	\$2,905,631	\$92,360	

The above-mentioned forward foreign exchange contracts hedge against risks associated with net assets exchange rate fluctuations for the long-term investments in bonds.

Futures Contract:

a. The Company recognizes NT\$76 (US\$2) offsets before March 31, 2005, as futures trading loss (NT\$41 (US\$1) unrealized future contract gain included).

b.

			March 31, 2005				
	Open I	Interest	Contract	amount	Fair va	alue	
Туре	Buy/Sell	Position	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Taiwan Stock Exchange							
Electronic Sector Index	Sell	4	\$3,735	\$119	\$3,694	\$117	

The Futures contract mentioned above is to hedge the volatility.

c. 2004: None.

If financial instruments have a market value, that will be their fair value. If there is no market value, their fair value will be estimated based on financial information or other information on the balance sheet date.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

B. Non-derivative financial instruments related information:

	March 31, 2004				
Item	N	T\$	U	S\$	
	Carrying		Carrying		
Assets	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$4,091,290	\$4,091,290	\$123,978	\$123,978	
Short-term investments	2,106,033	2,228,385	63,819	67,527	
Receivables	890,961	890,961	26,999	26,999	
Claims recoverable from reinsurers	171,785	171,785	5,206	5,206	
Due from reinsurers and ceding companies	113,205	113,205	3,430	3,430	
Secured loans	776,145	776,145	23,519	23,519	
Long-term investment in stocks	400,748	400,748	12,144	12,144	
Guarantee deposits paid	16,815	16,815	510	510	
Securities serving as deposits paid-bonds	359,058	359,058	10,881	10,881	
Liabilities					
Claims outstanding	2,383	2,383	72	72	
Due to reinsurers and ceding companies	168,806	168,806	5,115	5,115	
Reserve for operations and liabilities	6,745,607	6,745,607	204,413	204,413	
		March 3	31, 2005		
Item	N	T\$	U	S\$	
	Carrying		Carrying		
Assets	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,997,129	\$2,997,129	\$95,268	\$95,268	
Short-term investments	2,650,333	2,668,169	84,245	84,811	
Receivables	1,105,955	1,105,955	35,154	35,154	
Claims recoverable from reinsurers	180,286	180,286	5,731	5,731	
Due from reinsurers and ceding companies	29,622	29,622	941	941	
Secured loans	1,100,891	1,100,891	34,994	34,994	
Long-term investment in stocks	314,780	317,950	10,006	10,006	
Guarantee deposits paid	16,577	16,577	527	527	
Securities serving as deposits paid-bonds	361,232	361,232	11,482	11,482	

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

Liabilities	<u> </u>			
Claims outstanding	789	789	25	25
Due to reinsurers and ceding companies	261,623	261,623	8,316	8,316
Reserve for operations and liabilities	7,477,020	7,477,020	237.668	237.668

Methods and assumptions for estimating the fair value of nonderivative financial instruments are as follows:

- ① Short-term financial instruments estimate their fair values are stated at carrying amount on the balance sheet date. Because the maturity date of those instruments is very close to the balance sheet date, it is reasonable that their carrying amounts are equal to their fair values. That assumption is adopted by the following accounts: cash and cash equivalents, receivables, claims recoverable from reinsurers, due from/to reinsurers and ceding companies, secured loans, claims outstanding and reserve for operations and liabilities.
- ② The amounts are expected to receive guarantee deposits paid and securities serving as deposits paid-bonds are closed to the fair value; accordingly their fair value is equal to their carrying amount.
- ③ If short-term investments and long-term investments in stocks have a market value, that will be their fair value. If there is no market value, their fair value will be estimated based on other financial information or their carrying amount on the balance sheet date.

(3) Discretionary account management

March	31,	2004
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	Book v	alue	Fair value		
Item	NT\$	NT\$ US\$		US\$	
Listed stocks	\$3,229	\$98	\$3,240	\$98	
Cash in banks	54,725	1,658	54,725	1,658	
Net other assets less liabilities	(48)	(1)	(48)	(1)	
Total	\$57,906	\$1,755	\$57,917	\$1,755	

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.

Notes to unaudited financial statements (continued)

(Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
As of March 31, 2004 and 2005

March 31, 2005

	Book v	alue	ue Fair v		
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Listed stocks	\$48,045	\$1,527	\$47,874	\$1,522	
Short-term notes	16,002	508	16,002	508	
Cash in banks	41,932	1,333	41,932	1,333	
Net other assets less liabilities	2,386	76	2,386	76	
Total	\$108,365	\$3,444	\$108,194	\$3,439	

As of March 31, 2004 and 2005, the Company had discretionary account management contracts in the amount of NT\$50,000 (US\$1,515) and NT\$100,000 (US\$3,179), respectively.

(4) Material Contract: None

(5) Presentation of Financial Statements:

Certain accounts in financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2004 have been reclassified in order to be comparable with those in the financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2005.

23. Information for investment in Mainland China

None.

24. Segment information

According to the ROC SFAS No. 23 "Interim Financial Reporting and Disclosures", the interim financial statements are not required to follow the principles outlined in the ROC SFAS No. 20 "Disclosures of Segment Financial Information".