Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Financial Statements
Six-Month Periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2007
With Independent Auditors' Report

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The reader is advised that these consolidated financial statements have been prepared originally in Chinese. These consolidated financial statements do not include additional disclosure information that is required for Chinese-language reports under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies. If there is any conflict between these consolidated financial statements and the Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese language consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

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English Translation of Report Originally Issued in Chinese Independent auditors' report

To: Board of Directors
Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries ("Subsidiaries") as of June 30, 2006 and 2007 and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the six months then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and "Guidelines for Certified Public Accountants' Examination and Reporting on Financial Statements' in the Republic of China. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company and Subsidiaries as of June 30, 2006 and 2007 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 in conformity with "Business Entity Accounting Act", "Regulation on Business Entity Accounting Handling", "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies" and the generally accepted accounting principles in the Republic of China.

As discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, effective from January 1, 2006, the Company and Subsidiaries have adopted the Republic of China Statements of Financial Accounting Standards No. 34, "Accounting for Financial Instruments" and No. 36, "Disclosure and Presentation of Financial Instruments".

Ernst & Young Taipei, Taiwan The Republic of China August 9, 2007

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdiction. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated balance sheets June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	June 30, 2	2006	June 30, 2007		
Assets	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	
Cook and each equivalents	\$200 270 7 <i>66</i>	¢0 010 001	\$422.427.005	\$12,171,702	
Cash and cash equivalents Due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks	\$288,379,766 38,725,879	\$8,919,881 1,197,831	\$432,427,005 38,842,235	\$13,171,703 1,183,132	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	170,679,532	5,279,293	161,740,946	4,926,620	
5 .		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		4,926,620	
Securities purchased under agreements to resell Receivables -net	39,379,505	1,218,048	16,141,793	2,704,586	
Loans -net	106,734,897 1,155,141,959	3,301,420 35,729,723	88,791,567	37,963,216	
Available-for-sale financial assets -net	278,498,899	8,614,256	1,246,332,395 463,763,195	14,126,201	
Held-to-maturity financial assets -net	537,618,616	16,629,094	569,515,330	17,347,406	
Investments under equity method	3,472,401	10,029,094	2,899,125	88,307	
Other financial assets -net	43,655,187	1,350,300	47,149,810	1,436,181	
Investments in debt securities with no active market	275,833,505	8,531,813	121,254,370	3,693,401	
Separate account products assets	120,318,957	3,721,588	211,438,582	6,440,408	
Investments in real estate	105,141,141	3,252,123	105,267,384	3,206,439	
Property and equipment -net	39,974,400	1,236,449	38,932,042	1,185,868	
Goodwill and intangible assets -net	1,917,516	59,311	822,933	25,067	
Other assets -net Total assets	45,519,113 \$3,250,991,273	1,407,953 \$100,556,488	\$1,071,358 \$3,596,390,070	1,555,631 \$109,545,844	
Liabilities & stockholders' equity Liabilities					
Due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks	\$107,737,997	\$3,332,447	\$65,673,374	\$2,000,407	
Bankers acceptances and funds borrowed	811,625	25,104	821,000	25,008	
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	71,593,049	2,214,446	64,529,248	1,965,557	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	28,846,247	892,244	19,225,421	585,605	
Payables	55,138,823	1,705,500	66,164,362	2,015,363	
Deposits	896,612,787	27,733,151	1,006,209,767	30,649,094	
Bonds payable	28,455,272	880,151	17,686,802	538,739	
Reserve for operations and liabilities	1,732,557,801	53,589,787	1,897,624,011	57,801,523	
Other financial liabilities	1,614,280	49,931	1,694,566	51,616	
Separate account products liabilities	120,318,957	3,721,589	211,438,582	6,440,408	
Other liabilities	11,501,994	355,768	14,243,112	433,845	
Total liabilities	3,055,188,832	94,500,118	3,365,310,245	102,507,165	
Caraba Mand Funda attributable to another hald on the fall of the					
Stockholders' Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent Stock					
Common stock	85,646,481	2,649,133	92,770,191	2,825,775	
Stock dividend to be distributed		131,873	92,770,191	2,623,773	
Capital surplus	4,263,443 69,953,056	2,163,720	81,971,167	2,496,837	
Retained earnings	09,933,030	2,103,720	01,971,107	2,490,837	
Legal reserve	8,188,136	253,267	9,245,862	281,628	
Unappropriated retained earnings	18,113,107	560,257	25,512,939	777,123	
Other stockholders' equity	10,113,107	300,237	23,312,939	777,123	
Land revaluation increment	2,106	65	2,106	64	
Cumulative conversion adjustments	43,856	1,357	166,614	5,075	
Unrealized gains or losses on financial instruments	6,207,343	191,999	22,625,535	689,173	
Treasury stock	0,207,343	191,999	(4,140,047)	(126,106)	
Net loss not yet recognized as net pension cost	(1,837)	(57)	(573)	(120,100)	
Total stockholder's equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	192,415,691	5,951,614	228,153,794	6,949,552	
Minority interest	3,386,750	104,756	2,926,031	89,127	
Total stockholders' equity	195,802,441	6,056,370	231,079,825	7,038,679	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$3,250,991,273	\$100,556,488	\$3,596,390,070	\$109,545,844	
20m momes and secondorders equity	Ψυ,2υυ,771,210	Ψ100,330,700	Ψ5,570,570,070	Ψ107,575,077	

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on June 30, 2006 and 2007 were NT\$32.33 and NT\$32.83 to US\$1.00, respectively)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated statements of income For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earning per share)

	January 1 ~ June 30, 2006			Janua	January 1 ~ June 30, 2007			
	NT	Γ\$	US	\$	N	7.\$	US	5 \$
Interest income		\$52,718,545		\$1,630,638		\$54,438,785		\$1,658,202
Less: Interest expenses		(9,211,569)		(284,923)		(10,180,419)		(310,095)
Net interest income		43,506,976		\$1,345,715		44,258,366		1,348,107
Net income other than interest								
Net commission and handling fee		2,413,969		\$74,667		2,410,855		73,435
Net premiums from insurance business		58,051,469		\$1,795,591		52,082,244		1,586,422
Gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(5,024,746)		(\$155,421)		(1,438,858)		(43,828)
Realized gains on available-for-sale financial assets		7,815,910		\$241,754		16,573,130		504,817
Realized gains on held-to-maturity financial assets		(68,191)		(\$2,109)		(260,942)		(7,948)
Gain on investments under equity method		240,487		\$7,439		148,492		4,523
Gain on investments in real estate		5,419,794		\$167,640		3,250,603		99,013
Loss on foreign exchange		(5,139,182)		(\$158,960)		3,496,307		106,497
Impairment loss		(208,971)		(\$6,464)		39,096		1,191
Provision for insurance reserve		(73,019,923)		(\$2,258,581)		(70,177,552)		(2,137,604)
Net other non-interest income		2,767,959		\$85,616		564,530		17,196
Total income		36,755,551		\$1,136,887		50,946,271		1,551,821
Bad debt expenses -Loan		(8,927,651)		(\$276,141)		(1,697,018)		(51,691)
Operating expenses								
Personnel expenses		(18,086,604)		(\$559,437)		(19,900,217)		(606,160)
Depreciation and amortizations expenses		(1,938,145)		(\$59,949)		(2,089,710)		(63,652)
Other general and administration expenses		(3,901,507)		(\$120,678)		(4,393,516)		(133,826)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		3,901,644		120,682		22,865,810		696,492
Income taxes (expense) benefit		1,945,329		60,171		(2,089,163)		(63,636)
Consolidated income before cumulative effect of accounting principles		5,846,973		180,853		20,776,647		632,856
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles		3,249,323		100,505		=		=
Consolidated income		9,096,296		\$281,358		\$20,776,647		\$632,856
Include:						<u></u>		
Parent company		\$8,980,158		\$277,766		\$20,683,076		\$630,005
Minority interest		116,138		3,592		93,571		2,851
Consolidated income		\$9,096,296		\$281,358	-	\$20,776,647		\$632,856
Earnings per share (expressed in dollars):								
Primary earnings per share:	Before taxes	After taxes	Before taxes	After taxes	Before taxes	After taxes	Before taxes	After taxes
Consolidated income before cumulative effect of accounting principles	\$0.44	\$0.65	\$0.01	\$0.02	\$2.49	\$2.26	\$0.08	\$0.07
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	0.28	0.36	0.01	0.01	-	_	-	-
Consolidated income	\$0.72	\$1.01	\$0.02	\$0.03	\$2.49	\$2.26	\$0.08	\$0.07
Fully-diluted earnings per share:								
Consolidated income before cumulative effect of accounting principles	\$0.45	\$0.65	\$0.01	\$0.02	\$2.49	\$2.26	\$0.08	\$0.07
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	0.27	0.35	0.01	0.01	=		=	
Consolidated income	\$0.72	\$1.00	\$0.02	\$0.03	\$2.49	\$2.26	\$0.08	\$0.07

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on June 30, 2006 and 2007 were NT\$32.33 and NT\$32.83 to US\$1.00, respectively)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated statements of changes in stockholders' equity For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

		Sto	ock						Retained of	earnings							Other stockho	lders' equity								
			Stock d	ividend	_						Unappropria	ited retained	Land reva	luation	Cumulative	conversion	Unrealized gain	s or losses on			Net loss not ye	et recognized				
	Commo	on stock	to be dis	tributed	Capita	l surplus	Legal	reserve	Special r	reserve	earn	ings	incren	nent	adjusti	ments	financial in	struments	Treasur	ry stock	as net pen	sion cost	Minority	interest	To	tal
Summary	NT \$	US \$	NT\$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT\$	US\$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT\$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT\$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US\$	NT\$	US \$
Balance on January 1, 2006	\$85,242,234	\$2,636,630	S-	S-	\$68,092,037	\$2,106,157	\$6,009,431	\$185,878	\$226,579	\$7,008	\$28,146,255	\$870,592	\$3,048	\$94	\$81,154	\$2,510	\$(68,263)	\$(2,111)	S-	S-	\$(1,837)	\$(57)	\$3,430,369	\$106,105	\$191,161,007	\$5,912,806
AP NOTE OF																							(159,757)	(4.941)	(150 757)	(4041)
Minority interest																							(139,737)	(4,941)	(159,757)	(4,941)
Appropriations and distribution for 2005																										
Legal reserve							2,178,705	67,389	(226 570)	(7.008)	(2,178,705)	(67,389)													-	-
Special reserve									(226,579)	(7,008)	226,579	7,008													-	-
Cash dividends											(12,790,330)	(395,618)													(12,790,330)	(395,618)
Stock dividend to be distributed			4,263,443	131,873							(4,263,443)	(131,873)													-	-
Remuneration paid to directors and supervisors											(5,700)	(176)													(5,700)	(176)
Bonus paid to employees											(1,707)	(53)													(1,707)	(53)
Convertible notes converted into common stock	404,247	12,503			1,861,019	57,563																			2,265,266	70,066
Land revaluation increment													(942)	(29)											(942)	(29)
Cumulative conversion adjustments															(37,298)	(1,153)									(37,298)	(1,153)
Unrealized gains or losses of financial instruments																	6,275,606	194,110							6,275,606	194,110
Consolidated income for the six months ended June 30, 2006											8,980,158	277,766											116,138	3,592	9,096,296	281,358
									_																	
Balance on June 30, 2006	\$85,646,481	\$2,649,133	\$4,263,443	\$131,873	\$69,953,056	\$2,163,720	\$8,188,136	\$253,267	Ş-	\$-	\$18,113,107	\$560,257	\$2,106	\$65	\$43,856	\$1,357	\$6,207,343	\$191,999	\$-	<u>Ş-</u>	\$(1,837)	\$(57)	\$3,386,750	\$104,756	\$195,802,441	\$6,056,370
Balance on January 1, 2007	\$92,068,174	\$2,804,392	\$-	\$-	\$78,867,213	\$2,402,291	\$8,188,136	\$249,410	\$-	S-	\$19,710,210	\$600,372	\$2,106	\$64	\$105,170	\$3,203	\$21,345,473	\$650,182	\$(4,140,047)	\$(126,106)	\$(573)	\$(17)	\$2,879,875	\$87,720	\$219,025,737	\$6,671,511
Minority interest																							(47,415)	(1,444)	(47,415)	(1,444)
Appropriations and distribution for 2006																										
Legal reserve							1,057,726	32,218			(1,057,726)	(32,218)													-	-
Cash dividends											(13,815,539)	(420,820)													(13,815,539)	(420,820)
Stock dividend to be distributed												0													-	-
Remuneration paid to directors and supervisors											(5,700)	(174)													(5,700)	(174)
Bonus paid to employees											(1,382)	(42)													(1,382)	(42)
Convertible notes converted into common stock	702,017	21,383			3,104,004	94,548																			3,806,021	115,931
Capital surplus					(87)	(3)																			(87)	(3)
Cumulative conversion adjustments															61,444	1,872									61,444	1,872
Unrealized gains or losses of financial instruments																	1,280,062	38,991							1,280,062	38,991
Other capital surplus					37	1																			37	1
Consolidated income for the six months ended June 30, 2007											20,683,076	630,005											93,571	2,851	20,776,647	632,856
Balance on June 30, 2007	\$92,770,191	\$2,825,775	<u>\$-</u>	\$-	\$81,971,167	\$2,496,837	\$9,245,862	\$281,628	Ş-	\$-	\$25,512,939	\$777,123	\$2,106	\$64	\$166,614	\$5,075	\$22,625,535	\$689,173	\$(4,140,047)	\$(126,106)	\$(573)	\$(17)	\$2,926,031	\$89,127	\$231,079,825	\$7,038,679

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on June 30, 2006 and 2007 were NT\$32.33 and NT\$32.83 to US\$1.00, respectively)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated statements of cash flows For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	January 1 ~ June 30, 2006		January 1 ~ June	30, 2007
	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$
Cash flows from operating activities	-	_		•
Consolidated income	\$9,096,296	\$281,358	\$20,776,647	\$632,856
Adjustments:				
Income and other adjustments with no cash flow effects				
Depreciation and amortization expenses	1,938,145	59,949	2,089,710	63,652
Investment income recognized by equity method excess of cash dividends received	495,051	15,312	536,007	16,327
Bad debt expenses -loans	8,927,651	276,141	1,697,018	51,691
Provision for insurance reserve from insurance business	73,020,068	2,258,585	70,177,552	2,137,604
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	(1,463,979)	(45,282)	(1,226,100)	(37,347)
Impairment loss (recovery)	208,971	6,464	(39,096)	(1,191)
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	(3,249,323)	(100,505)	-	-
Other adjustments	(340,999)	(10,547)	(5,942)	(181)
Changes on operating assets and liabilities				
Decrease (increase) in receivables	(16,869,203)	(521,782)	560,432	17,071
(Decrease) increase in deferred income tax assets	(4,384,216)	(135,608)	1,012,861	30,852
Increase in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(3,721,373)	(115,106)	(4,342,813)	(132,282)
Increase in other financial assets	(9,746,685)	(301,475)	(1,309,972)	(39,902)
Decrease (increase) in other assets	2,215,122	68,516	(799,735)	(24,360)
Increase in payables	7,986,685	247,036	9,007,284	274,361
Increase (decrease) in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	16,515,373	510,837	(3,524,840)	(107,366)
Decrease in deferred income tax liabilities	(397,810)	(12,305)	(24,955)	(760)
Increase in other financial liabilities	36,815	1,139	146,012	4,448
Decrease in other liabilities	(5,334,743)	(165,009)	(3,417,281)	(104,090)
Net cash provided by operating activities	74,931,846	2,317,718	91,312,789	2,781,383
Cash flows from investing activities				
Restricted assets	(600,000)	(18,559)	_	_
Increase in loans	(31,408,829)	(971,507)	(38,834,113)	(1,182,885)
Decrease in due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks	14,194,670	439,056	12,757,121	388,581
Decrease (increase) in available-for-sale financial assets	3,351,274	103,659	(73,627,525)	(2,242,691)
Increase in held-to-maturity financial assets	(68,790,967)	(2,127,775)	(23,682,025)	(721,353)
Decrease in investments under equity method	2,031,123	62,825	199,661	6,082
Increase in investments in real estate	(2,705,034)	(83,670)	(2,797,221)	(85,203)
Acquisition (disposal) of property and equipment	902,240	27,907	(1,039,911)	(31,676)
Decrease in securities purchased under agreements to resell	(37,951,239)	(1,173,871)	(14,355,734)	(437,275)
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets	(41,527,337)	(1,284,483)	(39,264,226)	(1,195,986)
Increase in other assets	(137,042)	(4,239)	(1,189,499)	(36,232)
Net cash used in investing activities	(162,641,141)	(5,030,657)	(181,833,472)	(5,538,638)
Cash flows from financing activities Increase (decrease) in due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks	35,026,860	1,083,417	(34,786,200)	(1,059,586)
Increase in deposits	20,533,322	635,117	43,589,981	1,327,749
Decrease in securities sold under agreements to repurchase	(5,018,688)	(155,233)	(4,436,319)	(135,130)
Increase (decrease) in banker's acceptances and funds borrowed	(8,875)	(275)	4,750	145
Decrease in bonds payable	(1,636,399)	(50,616)	(868,967)	(26,469)
Increase in other financial liabilities	588,151	18,192	520,742	15,862
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	27,309	845	(153,174)	(4,666)
Cash dividends	(241)	(7)	(31,680)	(965)
Disposal of treasury stock	(2.17)	-	37	1
Bonus paid to employees	(901)	(28)	1,478	45
Net cash provided by financing activities	49,510,538	1,531,412	3,840,648	116,986
Effects of exchange rate changes	(325,862)	(10,079)	196,723	5,992
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(38,524,619)	(1,191,606)	(86,483,312)	(2,634,277)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	326,904,385	10,111,487	518,910,317	15,805,980
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	\$288,379,766	\$8,919,881	\$432,427,005	\$13,171,703
Supplemental disclosure of cash flows information	Ψ200,377,700	ψ0,717,001	Ψτ32,τ21,003	ψ15,171,705
Interest paid during the period (excluding capitalized interest)	\$8,921,814	\$275,961	\$10,397,163	\$316,697
Income tax paid	\$3,850,861	\$119,111	\$845,502	\$25,754
Investing and financing activities with no cash flow effects		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·
Conversion of convertible notes into common stock	\$2,265,266	\$70,067	\$3,806,021	\$115,931

 $(The\ exchange\ rates\ provided\ by\ the\ Federal\ Reserve\ Bank\ of\ New\ York\ on\ June\ 30,\ 2006\ and\ 2007\ were\ NT\$32.33\ and\ NT\$32.83\ to\ US\$1.00,\ respectively)$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in thousands of dollars except
for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated)
June 30, 2006 and 2007

1. Organization and business scope

On December 31, 2001, Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. ("Cathay Life") was reincorporated as Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (the "Company") through stock conversion pursuant to provisions of the Republic of China ("ROC") Financial Holding Company Act ("Financial Holding Company Act") and its shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (TSE) on the same day. On April 22, 2002, Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. ("Cathay Century") and Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd. ("Cathay United Bank") were merged into the Company through stock conversion. On December 18, 2002, United World Chinese Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. ("UWCCB") became a subsidiary of the Company by stock conversion. UWCCB and Cathay United Bank merged on October 27, 2003. UWCCB was the surviving company and was re-named to Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd. ("Cathay United On May 12, 2004 the Company established Cathay Securities Corporation ("Cathay Securities") as a wholly owned subsidiary. On June 30, 2005, the Company has invested Lucky Bank, Inc. ("Lucky Bank") which was approved as a strategic investment by the Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan. And Lucky Bank became a subsidiary of the Company by stock conversion on August 25, 2006. Since July 29, 2003, the Company listed a portion of its common shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (LSE) in the form of Global Depositary Shares (GDSs). The Company mainly engages in financial holding business activities. As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, the total numbers of the employees of the Company and Subsidiaries were 33,620 and 35,764, respectively.

As of and for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, the consolidated financial statements include the followings:

			2006.6.30	2007.6.30	
			Ownership	Ownership	
Investors	Investees	Business	interest	interest	Notes
The Company	Cathay Life	Life insurance	100%	100%	Cathay Life was
					incorporated in Taiwan
					on October 23, 1962
					under the provisions of
					the ROC Company Act
					(the "Company Act").

			2006.6.30	2007.6.30	
			Ownership	Ownership	
Investors	Investees	Business	interest	interest	Notes
The Company	Cathay United	Commercial	100%	100%	Cathay United Bank,
	Bank	banking			originally named
	- 1,222	operations			UWCCB, was
		- P			enfranchised by the ROC
					government in January 4,
					1975. On October 27,
					2003, UWCCB was
					merged with the former
					Cathay United Bank
					which was dissolved
					after the merger.
The Company	Cathay Century	Property and	100%	100%	Cathay Century was
		casualty			incorporated in Taiwan
		insurance			on July 19, 1993, under
					the provisions of the
					Company Act. Cathay
					Century changed its
					name from "Tong Tai
					Insurance Co., Ltd." to
					"Cathay Century
					Insurance Co., Ltd." on
					August 2, 2002.
The Company	Cathay Securities	Securities	100%	100%	Cathay Securities was
					incorporated on May 12,
					2004, under the
					Company Act. The
					securities department
					and the securities agent
					(Taipei branch) of
					Cathay United Bank
					were transferred to
					Cathay Securities by
					using operating
					assignment along with its
					business, assets and
					liabilities. The
					assignment date was
					August 13, 2004.

			2006.6.30 Ownership	2007.6.30 Ownership	
Investors	Investees	Business	interest	interest	Notes
The Company	Cathay Pacific	Venture capital	100%	100%	Cathay Pacific Venture
	Venture Capital	investment			was incorporated on
	Co., Ltd. ("Cathay				April 16, 2003, under the
	Pacific Venture")				Company Act.
The Company \	Cathay Venture	Venture capital	67%	67%	Cathay Venture was
Cathay Life \	Capital Co., Ltd.	investment			incorporated on
Cathay United	("Cathay Venture")				September 13, 2000,
Bank · Cathay					under the Company Act.
Century					
The Company	Cathay II Venture	Venture capital	100%	100%	Cathay II Venture was
	Capital Co., Ltd.	investment			incorporated on April 12,
	("Cathay II				2004, under the
	Venture")				Company Act.
The Company	Lucky Bank	Commercial	100%	-	Lucky Bank, the
		banking			former Taichung
		operations			Central District Credit
					Union, was
					incorporated in 1947,
					reorganized as
					Taichung Seventh
					Credit Union in 1971
					and reincorporated a
					commercial bank in
					1997. On August 25,
					2006, the Company
					acquired 100% of
					Lucky Bank by share
					swap. On January 1,
					2007, Cathay United
					Bank was merged with
					the former Lucky Bank
					which was dissolved
					after the merger.

			2006.6.30	2007.6.30	
			Ownership	Ownership	
Investors	Investees	Business	interest	interest	Notes
Cathay Life	Lin Yuan Property	Property	10%	10%	Lin Yuan Property
	Management Co.,	management			Management Co., Ltd.
	Ltd. ("Lin Yuan	services			was incorporated on July
	Property				1, 2000, under the
	Management")				Company Act. On May
					22, 2002, the company
					name was changed from
					"San Ching Property
					Management Co., Ltd."
					to "Lin Yuan Property
					Management Co., Ltd."
					80% of the Company's
					shares were disposed by
					Cathay Life on January
					13, 2006, while 90% of
					them were held by
					Cathay Life before the
					disposal. As of and for
					the six months ended
					June 30, 2007, the
					consolidated financial
					statement excluded Lin
					Yuan Property
					Management Co., Ltd.
Cathay Life	Cathay Life	Life insurance	50%	50%	Cathay Life (Shanghai)
	Insurance Ltd.				was incorporated on
	(Shanghai)				December 29, 2004.
	("Cathay Life				Cathay Life and China
	(Shanghai)")				Eastern Airlines
					Corporation Limited
					each owns 50% interest
					of Cathay Life
					(Shanghai).
Cathay Life \	Symphox	Type II telecom	99.53%	99.53%	Symphox Information
Cathay Venture	Information Co.,	service, data			was incorporated on
	Ltd. ("Symphox	processing			December 12, 1999,
	Information")	service,			under the Company Act.
		information			Cathay Life and Cathay
		supply service			Venture own 60.12% and
					39.41% interest of
					Symphox Information,
					respectively.

			2006.6.30	2007.6.30	
			Ownership	Ownership	
Investors	Investees	Business	interest	interest	Notes
Cathay United	Indovina Bank	Wholesale	50%	50%	Indovina Bank was
Bank	Limited ("Indovina	banking			incorporated in Vietnam
	Bank")				on October 29, 1992.
Cathay United	Cathay Futures	Further related	99.99%	99.99%	Cathay Futures, former
Bank · Cathay	Corp. ("Cathay	business			Seaward Futures
Securities	Futures")				Agency Co., Ltd., was
	, in the second				incorporated on
					December 29, 1993
					under the Company Act
					and renamed to Seaward
					Futures Corp. on March
					6, 1998. On December
					24, 2003, Seaward
					Futures Corp. changed
					its name to Cathay
					Futures Corp. On
					February 10, 2006,
					Cathay United Bank
					sold all the stocks of
					Cathay Futures to
					Cathay Securities.
Cathay United	Seaward Leasing	Leasing for all	100%	-	Seaward Leasing was
Bank	Ltd. ("Seaward	kinds of			incorporated on
	Leasing")	equipments			February, 1996, under
					the Company Act. As
					of June 30, 2006, all
					Seaward Leasing shares
					held by Cathay United
					Bank were disposed. As
					such, the consolidated
					financial statements as
					of and for the six
					months ended June 30,
					2007 excluded Seaward
					Leasing.

			2006.6.30	2007.6.30	
			Ownership	Ownership	
Investors	Investees	Business	interest	interest	Notes
Lucky Bank	Pao Shin Securities	Securities	38.35%	-	Pao Shin Securities was
	Co., Ltd. ("Pao				incorporated on
	Shin Securities")				September 9, 1988,
					under the Company Act.
					As of April 10, 2006, all
					Pao Shin Securities
					shares held by Lucky
					Bank were disposed. As
					such, the consolidated
					financial statements as
					of and for the six
					months ended June 30,
					2007 excluded Pao Shin
					Securities.

As of and for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, the consolidated financial statements excluded following subsidiaries due to the respective total assets and operating revenues were considered immaterial to the Company.

			2006.6.30	2007.6.30	
			Ownership	Ownership	
Investors	Investees	Business	interest	interest	Notes
The Company	Cathay Capital	Management	100%	100%	Cathay Capital
	Management	consultant			Management was
	Inc.,("Cathay				incorporated on June 12,
	Capital				2000.
	Management")				
Cathay life	Cathay Insurance	Reinsurance	100%	100%	Cathay Insurance
	(Bermuda) Co.,				(Bermuda) was
	Ltd. ("Cathay				incorporated on January
	Insurance				24, 2000.
	(Bermuda)")				
Cathay life	Cathay Securities	Securities	100%	100%	Cathay Securities
	Investment Co.,	investment			Investment was
	Ltd. ("Cathay	research			incorporated on November
	Securities	analysis			25, 2002.
	Investment")				

			2006.6.30	2007.6.30	
			Ownership	Ownership	
Investors	Investees	Business	interest	interest	Notes
Cathay United	Cathay Life	Life insurance	100%	100%	Cathay Life Insurance
Bank	Insurance Agent	agent			Agent was incorporated on
	Co., Ltd. ("Cathay				March 23, 2000.
	Life Insurance				
	Agent")				
Cathay United	Cathay Property	Property	100%	100%	Cathay Property Insurance
Bank	Insurance Agent	insurance agent			Agent was incorporated on
	Co., Ltd ("Cathay				March 23, 2000.
	Property Insurance				
	Agent")				
Cathay United	Seaward Card Co.,	Credit card	100%	100%	Seaward Card was
Bank	Ltd. ("Seaward	service			incorporated on April 9,
	Card")				1999.
Cathay Capital	Cathay Pacific	Finance	60%	60%	Cathay Pacific Partners
Management	Partners Co., Ltd.	consultant			was incorporated on
	("Cathay Pacific				October 15, 2002.
	Partners")				
Seaward Leasing	China England	Credit, loan and	100%	-	China England was
	Co., Ltd. ("China	securities			incorporated on August 7,
	England'')	investment			1996. As of June 30,
					2006, all Seaward Leasing
					shares held by Cathay
					United Bank were disposed
					and therefore the Company
					lost control over China
					England.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

We prepared the financial statements in accordance with "Business Entity Accounting Act", "Regulation on Business Entity Act", "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies" and generally accepted accounting principles. A summary of significant accounting policies follows:

(1) Principles of consolidation

- A. In accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies", consolidated financial statements preparation should comply with the Statements of Financial Accounting Standards of Republic of China ("ROC SFAS") No. 7, except for subsidiaries in banking, insurance and securities which are required to be included in the consolidated financial statements.
- B. All significant inter-company transactions were eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(2) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, unrestricted bank deposits, checks for clearance, due from commercial banks and all highly liquid investments with maturities of less than three months.

(3) Financial assets and financial liabilities

Adopted the ROC SFAS No.34 "Accounting for Financial Instruments", "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Company". Financial assets are categorized as the "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "held-to-maturity financial assets", "investments in debt securities with no active market", "available-for-sale financial assets", "derivative financial asset for hedging" or "financial assets carried at cost", and accordingly, recognized at fair value initially. Financial liabilities are categorized as the "financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss", "derivative financial liability for hedging", or "financial liabilities carried at cost".

The Company and Subsidiaries purchases and sales of financial assets in "regular way". "Regular way" purchases or sales are transactions of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

A. Financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are categorized as held for trading or designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Gains and losses from changes in fair values of such assets are reflected in the income statement.

B. Held-to-maturity financial assets

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held-to-maturity when the Company has the intention and ability to hold to maturity. Such investments are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Gains and losses are recognized in the income statement when the investments are derecognized, impaired, or amortized. The amortized cost is computed as the cost (amount initially recognized) minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between the cost and the maturity amount, and less the impairment. The contracts related to the financial assets, transactions costs, fees and premiums/discounts have been taken into the consideration of the effective interest rate calculation.

C. Investments in debt securities with no active market

Investments in debt securities with no active market are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains or losses from changes in fair values are recognized when investments in debt securities with no active market are derecognized, impaired, or amortized.

D. Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or not classified in any of the three preceding categories. Gain or losses on available-for-sale financial assets shall be recognized in equity, except for impairment losses and gains or losses on exchange rate of monetary financial assets until the financial assets is derecognized, at which time the cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in equity shall be recognized in profits and losses.

E. Derivative financial assets or liabilities for hedging

Derivative financial assets or liabilities for hedging are derivative financial assets or liabilities that have been designated as hedges based on hedge accounting and are effective hedging instruments. These assets or liabilities are measured at fair value.

F. Financial assets carried at cost

Financial assets measured at initial cost are investments to non-listed companies without significant influence or control. They are recorded at initial cost due to the fair values of the related equity instruments are not able to be reliably measured. If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss will be recognized. The impairment loss can not be reversed.

G. Financial liabilities

The Company and Subsidiaries uses amortized cost for subsequent valuation of financial liabilities, except for "financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss" and "derivative financial liabilities for hedging", which are measured at fair value.

The fair value of investments is determined by reference to the close price at the balance sheet date for listed shares, the net asset value for open-ended funds, the quoted price at the balance sheet date for bond and valuation techniques for debt securities with no active market, hybrid instruments and derivative instruments.

(4) Derecognizing of financial assets and liabilities

A. Financial assets

A financial asset (or a portion) is derecognized in which the control over the asset (or a portion) is surrendered. Transfer a financial asset (or a portion) is deemed a sale to the extent of consideration received when the transferor surrenders control over the assets.

If a transfer of financial assets does not meet the criteria for a sale, the transfer is accounted for as a borrowing with collateral.

B. Financial liabilities

A financial liability (or a portion) is derecognized when the obligation under the liability agreement is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another one from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the current period income statement.

(5) Accounting for impairment of financial assets

The Company and Subsidiaries assesses at each balance sheet date whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

A. Financial assets carried at amortized cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets carried at amortized cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). The carrying amount of the asset shall be reduced either directly or through use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss shall be recognized in profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease relates to an event occurs after the impairment is recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the income statement, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortized cost at the reversal date.

B. Financial assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on an unquoted equity instrument, or on a derivative asset that is linked to and must be settled by delivery of such an unquoted equity instrument has been incurred, the amount of the loss is recorded as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. The impairment loss can not be reversed.

C. Available-for-sale financial assets

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortization) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognized in profit or loss, is transferred from equity to the income statement. Reversals in respect of equity instruments classified as available-for-sale are not recognized in profit. Reversals of impairment losses on debt instruments are reversed through profit or loss if the increase in fair value of the instrument can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized in profit or loss.

(6) Derivative financial instruments

The Company and Subsidiaries conducts derivative financial instrument transactions such as forward foreign exchange, interest rate swap, cross-currency swap, option and futures to hedge its risks associated with interest rates and foreign currency fluctuations. These derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date of which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are taken directly to net profit or loss for the period.

For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedges are classified as:

- A. Fair value hedges: to hedge the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognized asset or liability;
- B. Cash flow hedges: to hedge the exposure to fluctuation in cash flows that is either attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction;
- C. Hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation: to hedge the exchange rate variability risk for a net investment in a foreign operation.

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Company and Subsidiaries formally designates and documents hedge relationship to which the Company wishes to apply hedge accounting, the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the entity will assess the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value and are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Hedges in compliance with hedge accounting requirements are accounted for as follows:

A. Fair value hedges

Fair value hedges are hedges of the Company's exposure to changes in fair value of a recognized asset or liability or an unrecognized firm commitment, or an identified portion of such an asset, liability or firm commitment, that is attributable to a particular risk which could impact profit or loss. The carrying amount of the fair value hedged item is adjusted for gains and losses attributable to the risk being hedged. The underlying derivative is remeasured at fair value and resulting gains or losses are recognized as profit or loss.

For fair value hedge relating to items carried at amortized cost, the adjustment to carrying value is amortized through profit or loss over the remaining term to maturity. Any adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged financial instrument for which the effective interest method is used is amortized to profit or loss.

Amortization may begin as soon as an adjustment exists and shall begin before the hedge accounting is no longer applicable.

The Company and Subsidiaries discontinues fair value hedge accounting if the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the Company revokes the designation. Any adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged financial instrument for which the effective interest method is used is amortized to profit or loss. Amortization may begin as soon as an adjustment exists and shall begin no later than when the hedged item ceases to be adjusted for changes in its fair value attributable to the risk being hedged.

Hedging instruments are subsequently measured at fair value or the gains (losses) resulting from the exchange rate changes are recognized in current period earnings by to the ROC SFAS No.14 "Accounting for Foreign Currency Transactions and Translation of Foreign Financial Statements".

B. Cash flow hedges

Cash flow hedge is a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction and could affect profit or loss. The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognized directly in equity, while the ineffective portion is recognized in profit or loss.

Amounts taken to equity are transferred to the income statement when the hedged transaction affects profit or loss, such as when hedged financial income or financial expense is recognized or when a forecast sale or purchase occurs. Where the hedged item is the cost of a non-financial asset or liability, the amounts taken to equity are transferred to the initial carrying amount of the non-financial asset or liability.

If the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, amounts previously recognized in equity are transferred to profit or loss. If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised without replacement or rollover, or if its designation as a hedge is revoked, amounts previously recognized in equity remain in equity until the forecast transaction occurs. If the related transaction is not expected to occur, the amount is taken to profit or loss.

C. Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation

Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation, including a hedge of a monetary item that is accounted for as part of the net investment, are accounted for in a way similar to cash flow hedges. Gains or losses on the hedging instruments relating to the effective portion of the hedges are recognized directly in equity while any gains or losses relating to the ineffective portion are recognized in profit or loss. On disposal of the foreign operation, the cumulative value of any such gains or losses recognized directly in equity is transferred to profit or loss.

(7) Allowance for bad debts

Allowance for bad debts on bills, bill purchased, acceptances, guarantees loans, delinquent accounts, receivables of credit card and other receivables are determined based on the aging analysis of outstanding balances of such accounts and past experience.

(8) Investments-equity method

Investments in equity securities are accounted for under the equity method where the Company owns more than 20% of the investee's voting stocks or the Company has significant influence over the investee company. The difference between the investment cost and the Company's share of net assets of the investee company was amortized. However, started from January 1, 2006, such difference is no longer amortized. Newly acquired difference is analyzed and accounted for in inconformity with the acquisition cost allocation as provided in ROC SFAS No.25 "Business Combination-Accounting Treatment under Purchase Method." Goodwill is no longer amortized.

If the investee company issues new shares and original shareholders do not purchase or acquire new shares proportionately, then the investment percentage and the equity in net assets for the investment that the investor company has invested will be changed. Such difference shall be used to adjust the capital surplus and the accounts. If the adjustment stated above is to debit the capital surplus account and the book balance of capital surplus from long-term investments is not enough to be offset, the difference shall be debited to the retained earnings account.

Unrealized intercompany gains or losses are eliminated under the equity method. Gains or losses from sales of depreciable assets between the Company and Subsidiaries are amortized to income over the economic service life of the asset. Gains or losses from other types of intercompany transactions are recognized when realized.

(9) Investments in real estate

Investments in real estate are stated at cost when acquired. Improvements and major renovation of investments in real estate are capitalized, while repairs and maintenance are expensed immediately.

Upon disposal, the related cost, accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment are eliminated and gains and losses are recorded in operating gains and losses accounts.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method in accordance with the "Estimated Useful Life of Fixed Assets Table" published by the Executive Yuan of the ROC (the "Executive Yuan Depreciation Table").

Real estate investment primarily is for commercial leasing purposes; rents can be paid annually, semi-annually, quarterly, monthly or in a lump sum.

(10)Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost or cost plus appreciation. When reevaluating property and equipment, land and other properties shall be reevaluated separately. Property appreciation shall be recorded under "land revaluation adjustments" of stockholders' equity.

Major improvements, additions, and renewals are capitalized, while repairs and maintenance are expensed when incurred.

Upon the sale or disposal of properties and equipment, their cost, related accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment are removed from respective accounts.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated service lives prescribed by the Executive Yuan Depreciation Table. Property and equipment that are still in use after their useful lives are depreciated based on the residual value and the newly estimated remaining useful lives.

(11) Intangible assets

The Company and Subsidiaries adopted the ROC SFAS No. 37 "Accounting for Intangible Assets" on January 1, 2007. Intangible assets are initially recognized at cost except the intangible assets granted by government which are recognized at fair value. After the initial recognition, the intangible assets shall be carried at the costs plus statutory revaluation increment less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

The useful lives of intangible assets of the Company and Subsidiaries are deemed finite.

The amortization amounts of the intangible assets with finite useful lives are allocated on a systematic basis over their useful lives. Impairment testing are performed when there are indications of impairment on intangible assets. The Company and Subsidiaries revaluates the amortization periods and amortization methods of the intangible assets with finite useful lives at each balance sheet date and the changes are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

The "intangible assets" of the Company and Subsidiaries are computer softwares and are amortized over the estimated useful lives of three to five years using the straight-line method.

(12)Accounting for Assets Impairment

Pursuant to ROC SFAS No. 35, "Accounting for Asset Impairment" the Company and Subsidiaries assesses indicators of impairment for all its assets within the scope of ROC SFAS No. 35 on each balance sheet date. If impairment indications exist, the Company and Subsidiaries shall then compare the carrying amount with the recoverable amount of the assets or the cash-generating unit ("CGU") and write down the carrying amount to the recoverable amount where applicable. Recoverable amount is defined as the higher of fair values less costs to sell and the values in use.

For previously recognized losses, the Company and Subsidiaries shall assess, at each balance sheet date, whether there is any indication that the impairment loss may no longer exist or may have decreased. If there is any such indication, the Company and Subsidiaries has to recalculate the recoverable amount of the asset. If the recoverable amount increases as a result of the increase in the estimated service potential of the assets, the Company and Subsidiaries shall reverse the impairment loss to the extent that the carrying amount after the reversal would not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the assets in prior years.

In addition, a goodwill-allocated CGU or group of CGUs is tested for impairment at the same day of each year, regardless of whether an impairment indicator exists. Any impairment loss is recognized to reduce the carrying amount of the assets of the CGU or the group of CGUs in the following order:

- A. first, to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU or group of CGUs:
- B. if the goodwill has been written off, to reduce the other assets of the CGU or group of CGUs pro rata to their carrying amount.

The write-down in goodwill cannot be reversed under any circumstances in subsequent periods.

(13)Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT)

Cathay Life has adopted "Accounting Treatment under Real Estate Securitization" with the Accounting Research and Development Foundation.

Once the sales process is complete and the transferor has transferred his risk and ownership of the real estate property to the transferee, gain on disposal of real estate shall be recognized under "total amount accrual method".

If the originator and its related parties do not participate in the initial offering but subsequently acquire the REIT beneficiary securities less than 20% of its outstanding shares from the TSE at fair market value within three months after the issue date, the transfer and purchase transaction are deemed two independent transactions due to the subsequent purchase transaction has no significant influence over the transfer transaction. However, if the originator and its related parties subsequently acquire the REIT beneficiary securities over 20% of its outstanding shares within three months after the issue date, the subsequently acquired portion is not deemed a sale and therefore gain or loss on disposal of real estate for the originator related to the subsequently acquired portion shall be deferred.

(14) Convertible notes

The excess of the redemption price over the par value of convertible notes are credited to redemption premium payable and amortized using the interest method. This amortization is recorded as interest expense.

The book value approach is used when the conversion privilege of a convertible bond is exercised. In addition, the accounts of convertible notes and reserve amounts for bonds redemption are transferred to the accounts of capital stock and capital surplus and accordingly, no gain or loss is recognized upon conversion.

(15) Reserves for operations and liabilities

The subsidiaries in banking, insurance and securities industries are required by the government to record operating and loss reserves.

(16) Treasury stock

The stock that the Company repurchases is recorded in the "treasury stock account". The book value of the treasury stock is determined based on the reason of purchase and stock type (common or preferred stock) using the weighted average method. At the time of writing off treasury stock, the Company should debit common stock and capital surplus on stock issuance proportionally. As long as the book value of the retired treasury stock is higher than the sum of its par value and capital surplus on stock issuance, the excess should be debited to other capital surplus or retained earnings when capital surplus-treasury stock is insufficient. When the book value of the retired treasury stock is lower than the sum of its par value and capital surplus on stock issuance, the difference is credited to capital surplus-treasury stock.

According to the Ministry of Finance-Securities and Future Commission (91) article 108164:

A. In accordance with Article 38 of the Financial Holding Company Act which provides strict prohibitions on cross-holdings, all the prior share buybacks conducted by listed or over-the-counter traded financial institutions (in accordance with Article 28-2 of Securities Exchange Act), upon the conversion of such institutions into wholly-owned subsidiaries of a financial holding company, must be converted into treasury shares of the financial holding company to be held by such subsidiaries for a period of no more than three years. If such subsidiaries fail to dispose such treasury shares within this

period, those shares will be deemed as un-issued share capital of the financial holding company and shall be cancelled accordingly.

B. Treasury shares of a financial holding company held by its subsidiaries as described above are also treated as their own treasury shares and therefore such subsidiaries may not exercise shareholders rights with respect to those stocks in accordance with Article 28-2 of the Securities Exchange Act.

According to the Securities and Futures Commission (91) article 111467, shares previously bought back by listed or over-the-counter traded financial institutions (in accordance with Article 28-2 of Securities Exchange Act), upon conversion of the institutions into wholly-owned subsidiaries of a financial holding company and the conversion of such shares into treasury shares of the financial holding company, must be treated by such subsidiaries as their own treasury shares and a deduction of shareholders' equity and must be treated as treasury shares of the financial holding company. If the financial institutions hold shares of other financial institutions whose shares are also converted into the shares of the same financial holding company, the principle of equity investment shall apply. The Company follows ROC SFAS NO.30 "Accounting for Treasury Stocks" and treats shares held by its subsidiaries as treasury stock in its financial statements.

(17) Recognition of interest income and service fees

Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis except for loans classified as delinquent accounts. The accrual of income from delinquent accounts is discontinued; subsequent interest payments are credited to income when received. Service fees are recognized on an accrual basis.

(18)Insurance premium income and expenses

Direct premiums are recorded as income at the time of cash receipts. Related expenses (commissions, brokerage fees, etc.) are recognized on an accrual basis.

Reinsurance premiums and reinsurance commission expenses are recognized upon the assumption of reinsurance. Claim expenses for assumed reinsurance policies are recognized upon notification that claim payments are due. Adjustments are made at year-end based on past experience.

(19)Pension plan

The Labor Pension Act of ROC ("the Act"), which adopts a defined contribution scheme, takes effect from July 1, 2005. In accordance with the Act, employees of the Company may elect to be subject to either the Act, and maintain their seniority before the enforcement of the Act, or the pension mechanism of the Labor Standards Act. For employees, the Company shall make monthly contributions to individual pension accounts on a basis no less than 6% of the employees' monthly wages.

In compliance with SFC regulations, the Company and Subsidiaries follow the ROC SFAS No. 18, "Accounting for Pensions". When providing defined benefit plans, an actuarial valuation of pension liability is performed on the balance sheet date, and a minimum pension liability is recorded in the financial statements based on the difference between the accumulated benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets; when providing defined contribution plans, an enterprise should recognize the amounts to be contributed as current expense for the employee's employment period.

(20) Foreign currency transactions

A. Translation of foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency monetary assets or liabilities shall be translated using the applicable rate at each balance sheet date and exchange differences shall be recognized in profit or loss in current income. Non-monetary assets or liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary asset or liability is recognized directly in equity, any exchange component of that gain or loss shall be recognized in equity. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary is recognized, any exchange component of that gain or loss shall be recognized. Non-monetary assets or liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

B. Translation of foreign subsidiaries' financial statements

Financial statements of foreign subsidiaries under the equity method are translation into NT dollars based on follows: all assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translation into NT dollars at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date. Stockholders' equity items are translation based on the historical rates except for the opening balance of retained earnings, which is posted directly from the year end balance of previous year. Income statement items are translation by the weighted-average exchange rate of the fiscal year. Differences arising from above translation are reported as "cumulative translation adjustments" under stockholders' equity.

(21)Income taxes

The Company adopted ROC SFAS No. 22, "Accounting for Income Taxes", which requires inter-period and intra-period tax allocations in addition to computing current period income tax payable. Furthermore, it requires recognition of temporary differences between deferred income tax liabilities, deferred income tax assets, prior years' loss carry forwards and investment tax credits. An allowance is provided under assessment of the realizability of deferred tax assets. Adjustment of prior years' income tax payable are included in current income tax expense.

In accordance with Article 49 of the Financial Holding Company Act, the Company and Subsidiaries selected the consolidated income tax return for tax filings and pay a 10% surcharge on their undistributed retained earnings under the consolidated income tax return. If there are any tax effects due to the adoption of the consolidated tax system, the Company can proportionately allocate the effects on tax expense (benefit), deferred income tax and tax payable (tax refund receivable) among the Company and Subsidiaries.

The Company adopted ROC SFAS No. 12, "Accounting for Income Tax Credits," for income tax deductions. The income tax deductions resulting from the expenditure on the purchase of equipment, research and development, education, training and investment in equity are accounted for under the current period recognition method.

The additional 10% income tax imposed on undistributed earnings is recognized as expenses on the date when the stockholders resolve the appropriation of earnings.

Effective from January 1, 2006, the Company and Subsidiaries have considered the impact of the "Alter native Minimum Tax Act" to estimate its income tax liabilities.

(22) Capital expenditure

Capital expenditure is capitalized and amortized over its useful life if it involves a significant amount and may generate revenues in future periods. Otherwise, it is expensed in the year as incurred.

(23)The interim financial statement

The interim financial statements are prepared according to the ROC SFAS No. 23, "Interim Financial Reporting and Disclosures".

(24) Translation to U.S. dollars

The financial statements are stated in NT dollars. The translated U.S. dollars amounts from NT dollars as of June 30, 2006 and 2007 are for information only. The U.S. dollar/NT dollars noon buying rates of NT\$32.33 and NT\$32.83 provided by Federal Reserve Bank of New York of June 30, 2006 and 2007 are used for the translation.

3. Change in accounting and its effects

The Company and Subsidiaries adopted the ROC SFAS No.34 "Accounting for Financial Instruments" and No.36. "Disclosure and Presentation of Financial Instruments" beginning on and after January 1, 2006 (the "effective date").

The above change in accounting principles increased consolidated assets, liabilities and stockholders' equity by NT\$16,384,910 (US\$506,802), NT\$2,486,909 (US\$76,923) and NT\$10,648,678 (US\$329,375) as of January 1, 2006, respectively. Consolidated income and earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2006 increased by NT\$3,249,323 (US\$100,505) and NT\$0.36 (US\$0.01), respectively.

The Company and Subsidiaries adopted the ROC SFAS No.5, "Accounting for long-term investments in stocks under the equity method" ("ROC SFAS No.5,") and No.25, "Business Combinations-Accounting Treatment under Purchase Method" to account for the difference between the acquisitions cost and the Company and Subsidiaries' share of net assets of equity investee for its financial statements beginning on and after January 1, 2006 (the "effective date"). Goodwill is no longer being amortized. Such change in accounting principles the decreased investment under equity method by NT\$1,372 (US\$42) as of June 30, 2006, and decreased consolidated income by NT\$1,372 (US\$42) for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

4. Cash and cash equivalents

	June 30,						
	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)			
Petty cash and cash on hand	\$11,485,180	\$355,248	\$10,703,273	\$326,021			
Cash in banks	6,807,364	210,559	6,954,386	211,830			
Time deposits	242,980,745	7,515,643	394,027,271	12,002,049			
Cash equivalents	4,866,993	150,541	3,578,103	108,989			
Checks for clearance	5,885,076	182,031	10,609,761	323,173			
Due from commercial banks	16,354,408	505,859	6,554,211	199,641			
Total	\$288,379,766	\$8,919,881	\$432,427,005	\$13,171,703			

As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, the amounts of time deposits with maturities beyond one years were NT\$185,690 (US\$5,744) and NT\$1,388,751 (US\$42,301), respectively.

5. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

		June	e 30,	
	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Common stock	\$23,056,282	\$713,155	\$21,165,392	\$644,696
Beneficiary certificates	53,751,967	1,662,603	14,555,205	443,351
Exchange traded funds	1,821,761	56,349	398,915	12,151
Real estate investment trust	-	-	680,000	20,713
Commercial papers	10,693,532	330,762	13,861,423	422,218
Corporate bonds	804,975	24,899	3,531,864	107,580
Government bonds	49,354,757	1,526,593	30,315,142	923,397
Financial debentures	518,779	16,047	997,400	30,381
Overseas financial instruments	19,000,024	587,690	45,632,028	1,389,949
Derivative financial instruments	3,874,436	119,840	1,941,099	59,126
Certificates of deposit	-	-	4,401	134
Structured time deposits	-	-	2,000,000	60,920
Call options	11	-	-	-
Valuation adjustment	7,803,008	241,355	26,658,077	812,004
Total	\$170,679,532	\$5,279,293	\$161,740,946	\$4,926,620

- (1) As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, certain financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were sold under repurchase agreements with notional amounts of NT\$8,494,700 (US\$262,750) and NT\$9,073,200 (US\$276,369), respectively. Such repurchase agreements amounting of NT\$8,475,636 (US\$262,160) and NT\$9,081,944 (US\$276,636), respectively, were recorded in the account "Securities sold under agreements to repurchase" on the balance sheets. Repurchase agreements entered prior to June 30, 2006 and 2007 are settled at NT\$8,480,454 (US\$262,309) and NT\$9,091,505 (US\$276,927) prior to July 31, 2006 and May 31, 2007, respectively.
- (2) Related information on the above financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as of June 30, 2006 and 2007 being pledged please refer to Note 26.

6. Loans-net

	June 30,					
	2006(NT\$)	2006(NT\$) 2006(US\$) 200		2007(US\$)		
Inward-outward documentary bills	\$623,566	\$19,288	\$719,491	\$21,915		
Loans	1,150,096,797	35,573,671	1,249,405,352	38,056,818		
Overdrafts	636,324	19,682	515,867	15,713		
Discounts	7,052,149	218,130	85,447	2,603		
Delinquent accounts	9,012,234	278,758	8,962,443	272,996		
Subtotal	1,167,421,070	36,109,529	1,259,688,600	38,370,045		
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(12,279,111)	(379,806)	(13,356,205)	(406,829)		
Total	\$1,155,141,959	\$35,729,723	\$1,246,332,395	\$37,963,216		

7. Available-for-sale financial assets-net

		June	30,	
	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Common stock	\$67,411,914	\$2,085,120	\$138,215,197	\$4,210,027
Beneficiary certificates	5,081,902	157,188	724,142	22,057
Collateralized loans obligation and				
collateralized bonds obligation	1,031,102	31,893	7,767,475	236,597
Exchange traded funds	122,857	3,800	4,888,119	148,892
Government bonds	46,563,082	1,440,244	51,805,490	1,577,992
Corporate bonds	34,551,370	1,068,709	36,067,795	1,098,623
Financial debentures	28,613,587	885,048	80,848,963	2,462,655
Overseas financial instruments	86,063,404	2,662,029	111,367,984	3,392,263
Real estate investment trust beneficiary	3,302,115	102,138	9,319,655	283,876
Valuation adjustment	5,757,566	178,087	22,758,375	693,219
Total	\$278,498,899	\$8,614,256	\$463,763,195	\$14,126,201

- (1) As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, certain available-for-sale financial assets were sold under repurchase agreements with notional amounts of NT\$18,720,400 (US\$579,041) and NT\$9,397,600 (US\$286,250). Such repurchase agreements amounting of NT\$20,360,571 (US\$629,773) and NT\$10,143,477 (US\$308,970) were recorded in the account "Securities sold under agreements to repurchase" on the balance sheets. Repurchase agreements entered prior to June 30, 2007 will be settled at NT\$20,396,183 (US\$630,875) and NT\$10,173,918 (US\$309,897) prior to December 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively.
- (2) Related information on the above available-for-sale financial assets as of June 30, 2006 and 2007 being pledged please refer to Note 26.

8. Held-to-maturity financial assets-net

		June	30,	
	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Government bonds	\$13,164,706	\$407,197	\$20,996,425	\$639,550
Corporate bonds	8,095,991	250,417	5,833,376	177,684
Financial debentures	16,958,998	524,559	16,584,264	505,156
Overseas financial instruments	485,451,969	15,015,527	504,890,550	15,378,939
Collateralized loans obligation and				
collateralized bonds obligation	9,454,009	292,422	20,916,694	637,121
Short-term notes	4,494,949	139,034	296,051	9,018
Subtotal	537,620,622	16,629,156	569,517,360	17,347,468
Less: Accumulated impairment	(2,006)	(62)	(2,030)	(62)
Total	\$537,618,616	\$16,629,094	\$569,515,330	\$17,347,406

Related information on the above held-to-maturity financial assets as of June 30, 2006 and 2007 being pledged please refer to Note 26.

9. Investments under equity method

	June 30,							
Investee	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)				
Cathay Securities Investment	\$104,103	\$3,220	\$121,800	\$3,710				
Cathay Capital Management	40,610	1,256	40,823	1,243				
Seaward Card	38,463	1,190	37,468	1,141				
Cathay Property Insurance Agent	8,469	262	7,335	223				
Cathay Life Insurance Agent	63,194	1,955	35,257	1,074				
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	66,403	2,054	80,615	2,456				
WK Technology Fund VI Co., Ltd	399,071	12,344	461,157	14,047				
Vista Technology Venture Capital Corp.	55,943	1,730	55,414	1,688				
Omnitek Venture Capital Corp.	343,716	10,631	250,445	7,629				
Wa Tech Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	164,617	5,092	200,117	6,096				
Taiwan Real-estate Management Corp.	17,341	536	35,502	1,081				
Taiwan Finance Corp.	1,331,698	41,191	1,276,396	38,879				
IBT Venture Capital Corp.	597,809	18,491	425,912	12,973				
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	240,964	7,453	286,564	8,729				
Subtotal	3,472,401	107,405	3,314,805	100,969				
Less: Unrealized gain from intercompany								
transactions			(415,680)	(12,662)				
Total	\$3,472,401	\$107,405	\$2,899,125	\$88,307				

10. Other financial assets-net

	June 30,							
Item	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)				
Derivative financial assets for hedging	\$326,924	\$10,112	\$193,039	\$5,880				
Financial assets carried at cost	26,634,866	823,844	27,364,333	833,516				
Structured time deposits	15,350,000	474,791	19,963,071	608,074				
Customer's margin accounts	1,193,986	36,931	957,571	29,168				
Bills purchased	8,361	259	4,090	125				
Other miscellaneous financial assets	920,611	28,476	333,672	10,164				
Accumulated impairment	(779,561)	(24,113)	(1,665,966)	(50,746)				
Total	\$43,655,187	\$1,350,300	\$47,149,810	\$1,436,181				

11. Investments in real estate

Item	NT\$	TICO							Net value	
	-1.2Ψ	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Investments										
in real estate \$11	18,227,310	\$3,656,892	\$4,215	\$130	\$(13,806,156)	\$(427,039)	\$(196,952)	\$(6,092)	\$104,228,417	\$3,223,891
Construction	708,633	21,919	-	-	-	-	-	-	708,633	21,919
Leased assets										
Rental leased										
assets	218,700	6,764			(14,609)	(451)			204,091	6,313
Total \$11	19,154,643	\$3,685,575	\$4,215	\$130	\$(13,820,765)	\$(427,490)	\$(196,952)	\$(6,092)	\$105,141,141	\$3,252,123

June 30, 2006

	Julie 30, 2007								
Со	st	Revaluation	increment	Accumulated of	lepreciation	Accumulated	impairment	Net v	alue
NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
\$118,948,065	\$3,623,152	\$4,632	\$141	\$(14,609,141)	\$(444,994)	\$(195,923)	\$(5,968)	\$104,147,633	\$3,172,331
1,119,751	34,108							1,119,751	34,108
\$120,067,816	\$3,657,260	\$4,632	\$141	\$(14,609,141)	\$(444,994)	\$(195,923)	\$(5,968)	\$105,267,384	\$3,206,439
	NT\$ \$118,948,065 1,119,751	\$118,948,065 \$3,623,152 1,119,751 34,108	NT\$ US\$ NT\$ \$118,948,065 \$3,623,152 \$4,632 1,119,751 34,108 -	NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ \$118,948,065 \$3,623,152 \$4,632 \$141 1,119,751 34,108 - -	Cost Revaluation increment Accumulated of NT\$ NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ NT\$ \$118,948,065 \$3,623,152 \$4,632 \$141 \$(14,609,141) 1,119,751 34,108 - - - -	NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ \$118,948,065 \$3,623,152 \$4,632 \$141 \$(14,609,141) \$(444,994) 1,119,751 34,108 - - - - -	Cost Revaluation increment Accumulated depreciation Accumulated NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ NT\$ \$118,948,065 \$3,623,152 \$4,632 \$141 \$(14,609,141) \$(444,994) \$(195,923) 1,119,751 34,108 - <td>Cost Revaluation increment Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ \$118,948,065 \$3,623,152 \$4,632 \$141 \$(14,609,141) \$(444,994) \$(195,923) \$(5,968) 1,119,751 34,108 -</td> <td>Cost Revaluation increment Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment Net visualized impairment NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ NT\$ \$118,948,065 \$3,623,152 \$4,632 \$141 \$(14,609,141) \$(444,994) \$(195,923) \$(5,968) \$104,147,633 1,119,751 34,108 - - - - - - - 1,119,751</td>	Cost Revaluation increment Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ \$118,948,065 \$3,623,152 \$4,632 \$141 \$(14,609,141) \$(444,994) \$(195,923) \$(5,968) 1,119,751 34,108 -	Cost Revaluation increment Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment Net visualized impairment NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ NT\$ US\$ NT\$ \$118,948,065 \$3,623,152 \$4,632 \$141 \$(14,609,141) \$(444,994) \$(195,923) \$(5,968) \$104,147,633 1,119,751 34,108 - - - - - - - 1,119,751

- (1) The real estate investments are held mainly to generate rental revenue.
- (2) Rents from real estate investment can be paid annually, semiannually, quarterly, monthly or in a lump sum.
- (3) No investments in real estate were pledged as collaterals.
- (4) Cathay Life had established a real estate asset trust by transferring several floors of Cathay Dun Nan Commercial Building in the first half year of 2007. The accounting treatment of the transactions was in compliance with (93) Article 141 and (95) Article 023 of Accounting Research and Development Foundation, "Accounting Treatment of Real Estate Securitization" and "Interpretation of the Accounting Treatment of Real Estate Securitization", respectively. The gain on disposal of real estates on this transaction was NT\$1,195,081 (US\$36,402) for the six months ended June 30, 2007.
- (5) Cathay Life has securitized its real estate properties such as the Sheraton Taipei Hotel, Taipei Xi-Men Building and Taipei Chung Hua Building in 2005. The accounting treatment of these transactions is conformed to the regulations of the Accounting Research and Development Foundation. Related information is as follows:
 - A. Cathay Life transferred the risk and returns of ownership of the real estate property to the assignee and the gain on disposal of real estates under "total amount accrual method" was NT\$8,627,731 (US\$266,865).
 - B. After the REIT was issued, the sponsor and related parties of Cathay Life did not participate in the original offering. Instead, Cathay Life bought the REIT beneficiary securities which were issued within three months and its ownership was over the 20% of the REIT fund's outstanding securities. Thus, it should be treated as a part of unsold real estate. Cathay Life has deferred gain on disposal of real estate by percentage of REIT outstanding securities holding by Cathay Life. As of June 30, 2006, the amounts of deferred gain on disposal of real estate had been recognized.

12. Goodwill and intangible assets-net

	January 1	, 2006	Increas	se	Decrease		June 30,	2006
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Acquired cost								
Goodwill	\$1,277,683	\$39,520	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,277,683	\$39,520
Computer								
software	1,131,969	35,013	292,823	9,057	(631)	(20)	1,424,161	44,051
Land use right	9,480	293	-	-	(1,206)	(37)	8,274	256
Deferred								
pension cost	43,791	1,355		<u> </u>			43,791	1,354
Subtotal	2,462,923	76,181	292,823	9,057	(1,837)	(57)	2,753,909	85,181
Amortized and								
impairment								
Amortized	(377,672)	(11,682)	(147,910)	(4,575)	631	20	(524,951)	(16,237)
Impairment	(311,442)	(9,633)		<u>-</u>			(311,442)	(9,633)
Subtotal	(689,114)	(21,315)	(147,910)	(4,575)	631	20	(836,393)	(25,870)
Book value	\$1,773,809	\$54,866	\$144,913	\$4,482	\$(1,206)	\$(37)	\$1,917,516	\$59,311

	January 1	, 2007	Increas	se	Decrease		June 30, 2	2007
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Acquired cost								
Computer								
software	\$1,578,607	\$48,084	\$106,167	\$3,234	\$(1,789)	\$(54)	\$1,682,985	\$51,264
Land use right	16,132	492					16,132	492
Subtotal	1,594,739	48,576	106,167	3,234	(1,789)	(54)	1,699,117	51,756
Amortized and								
impairment								
Amortized	(697,771)	(21,254)	(180,202)	(5,489)	1,789	54	(876,184)	(26,689)
Book value	\$896,968	\$27,322	\$(74,035)	\$(2,255)	\$-	\$-	\$822,933	\$25,067

The intangible assets are computer software and are calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of three to five years.

13. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	June 30,			
	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Derivative financial				
instruments	\$4,697,664	\$145,303	\$4,961,652	\$151,131
Securities sold under				
agreements to repurchase	685,817	21,213	-	-
Financial debentures	38,665,358	1,195,959	39,700,000	1,209,260
Subordinated financial				
debentures	10,044,123	310,675	5,000,000	152,300
Valuation adjustment	17,500,087	541,296	14,867,596	452,866
Total	\$71,593,049	\$2,214,446	\$64,529,248	\$1,965,557

- (1) On May 23, 2002, Cathay United Bank issued a five-year subordinated financial debentures totaling NT\$5,000,000 (US\$152,300) have matured. Subsequently on September 10, 2002, Cathay United Bank issued five-year and six-month subordinated financial debentures totaling NT\$5,000,000 (US\$152,300) with a floating interest rate or inverse floating interest rate and the interest is paid semi-annually. The subordinated financial debentures are repayable at maturity.
- (2) Each subordinated financial debenture has a lower priority claim on assets and income than other debts. That is, its principal and interest are repayable only after more senior debt with higher priority has been satisfied. These subordinated financial debentures are, however, senior to common stock.
- (3) On June 20, 2003, Cathay United Bank issued five-year and six-month dominant financial debentures amounting to NT\$5,000,000 (US\$152,300) with inverse floating interest rate. On December 4, 2003, December 10, 2003 and December 11, 2003, Cathay United Bank issued five-year dominant financial debentures amounting to NT\$3,200,000 (US\$97,472), NT\$2,700,000 (US\$82,242) and NT\$1,800,000 (US\$54,828), respectively, with floating interest rates, inverse floating interest rates or specific structure rates. Subsequently on March 29, 2004, Cathay United Bank issued six-year dominant financial debentures amounting to NT\$2,000,000 (US\$60,920) with a floating interest rate. These dominant financial debentures are repayable at maturity, and the interest is payable quarterly or semi-annually.
- (4) On July 8 and July 15, 2004, Cathay United Bank issued five-year to seven-year dominant financial debentures amounting to NT\$1,000,000 (US\$30,460), NT\$3,500,000 (US\$106,610), NT\$2,000,000 (US\$60,920), and NT\$1,000,000 (US\$30,460),

respectively, with floating interest rates, inverse floating interest rates or specific structure rates. These dominant financial debentures are repayable at maturity, and the interest is payable quarterly or semi-annually. On November 10, November 25, November 26, December 9, December 10, December 22, December 23, December 29, 2004, and on January 14 and February 22, 2005, Cathay United Bank issued five-year to seven-year dominant financial debentures amounting to NT\$2,500,000 (US\$76,150), NT\$1,500,000 (US\$45,690), NT\$1,500,000 (US\$45,690), NT\$2,500,000 (US\$76,150), NT\$1,500,000 (US\$45,690), NT\$2,500,000 (US\$76,150), NT\$1,000,000 (US\$30,460) NT\$1,000,000 (US\$30,460), NT\$2,000,000 (US\$60,920), NT\$1,500,000 (US\$45,690), These dominant financial debentures are respectively, with fixed interest rates. repayable at maturity and the interest is payable quarterly.

(5) These dominant financial debentures are senior in priority to the subordinated financial debentures and common shares, but are equal to other debts of Cathay United Bank.

14. Deposits

	June 30,					
	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)		
Check deposits	\$12,120,704	\$374,906	\$14,920,278	\$454,471		
Demand deposits	138,051,102	4,270,062	109,922,723	3,348,240		
Savings deposits	569,552,184	17,616,832	387,601,916	11,806,333		
Time deposits	176,508,903	5,459,601	493,095,964	15,019,676		
Remittances payable	379,894	11,750	668,886	20,374		
Total	\$896,612,787	\$27,733,151	\$1,006,209,767	\$30,649,094		

15. Bonds payable

	June 30,					
	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)		
Bonds payable	\$11,172,574	\$345,579	\$-	\$-		
Subordinated financial						
debentures	18,582,500	574,776	18,770,000	571,733		
Discount in financial						
debentures	(110,141)	(3,407)	(102,163)	(3,112)		
Valuation adjustment	(1,189,661)	(36,797)	(981,035)	(29,882)		
Total	\$28,455,272	\$880,151	\$17,686,802	\$538,739		

(1) On April 28, 2003, Cathay United Bank issued a five-year subordinated financial debentures totaling NT\$2,350,000 (US\$71,581) with a stated interest rate of 2%. The subordinated financial debentures are repayable at maturity, and the interest is payable annually.

(2) Cathay United Bank issued a 15-year US\$500 million subordinated bonds with a stated interest rate of 5.5% on October 5, 2005, and the interest is payable semi-annually. Cathay United Bank can redeem the bond after 10 years by exercising the call option. Cathay United Bank has adopted hedge accounting to account for its subordinated financial debentures.

(3) Each subordinated financial debenture has a lower priority claim on assets and income than other debts. That is, its principal and interest are repayable only after more senior debt with higher priority has been satisfied. These subordinated financial debentures are, however, senior to common stock.

(4) Zero coupon convertible notes related information:

A. Issuer: Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

B. Issue amount: US\$700 million.

C. Issue price: 100%.

D. Maturity date: May 20, 2007.

E. Interest: The notes do not bear interest except in the limited circumstances.

F. Conversion rights:

Subject to certain conditions, each holder of the notes (the "Holder") has the right during the conversion period to convert its notes (or any portion thereof being US\$1,000 (dollars) in principal amount or an integral multiple thereof) into common shares and, upon conversion may, subject to compliance with the terms and conditions of the applicable deposit agreement, direct that the common shares deliverable upon conversion be deposited with the depositary for issuance of GDSs, provided, however, that the conversion right during any closed period shall be suspended and the conversion period shall not include any such closed period.

G. Repurchase at the option of the holder:

Unless the notes have been previously redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or converted, each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase all (or any portion of the principal amount thereof which is

US\$1,000 (dollars) or any integral multiple thereof) of such Holder's notes, on May 20, 2005 at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the redemption premium. The redemption premium is the amount payable at the issue price on the original issue date, plus a compound yield rate of 2.75% per annum (computed on a semi-annual note equivalent basis).

H. Repurchase in the event of delisting:

Unless the notes have been previously redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or converted, in the event that the Company's common shares cease to be listed or admitted to trading on the Taiwan Stock Exchange, each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase all (or any portion of the principal amount thereof which is US\$1,000 (dollars) or any integral multiple thereof) of such Holder's notes at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the redemption premium.

I. Repurchase in the event of change of control:

Unless the notes have been previously redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or converted, each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase all (or any portion of the principal amount thereof which is US\$1,000 (dollars) or any integral multiple thereof) of such Holder's notes at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the redemption premium, upon the occurrence of a change of control.

J. Redemption at the option of the Company:

The notes may be redeemed at the option of the Company, in whole but not in part, at any time on or after May 20, 2005 at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the redemption premium on the redemption date; provided that (a) the closing price (translated into US dollars at the prevailing rate) of the common shares for a period of 30 consecutive trading days (including trading days that fall within a closed period), the last of which occurs not more than five days prior to the date on which notice of such redemption is given, is at least 130% of the conversion price (translated into US dollars at the exchange rate, as defined in the indenture for the notes) and (b) the applicable redemption date does not fall within a closed period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company may redeem, in whole but not in part, the notes at any time, on not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice, if at least 90% in principal amount of the notes originally outstanding have

been redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or converted, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the redemption premium on the redemption date; provided that the applicable redemption date does not fall within a closed period.

K. Redemaption due to tax regulation changes:

If, as a result of certain changes relating to the ROC tax laws or such other jurisdiction in which the Company is then organized, the Company becomes obligated to pay certain additional amounts, the notes may be redeemed at the option of the Company, in whole but not in part, at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the redemption premium on such redemption date.

L. Redemption amount at maturity:

Unless the notes have been previously redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or converted, the Company will redeem the notes on the maturity date at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the redemption premium.

M. Negative pledge:

Subject to certain exceptions, the Company will not, and will procure that none of its principal subsidiaries will, create or permit to subsist any lien to secure for the benefit of the holders of any international investment securities any sum owing in respect thereof or any guarantee or indemnity thereof without making effective provision to secure the notes (a) equally and ratably with such international investment securities with a similar lien or (b) with such other security as shall be approved by Holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding notes.

N. Further issues:

The Company may create and issue further securities with the same terms and conditions from time to time without the consent of the Holders of the notes so that such further issuance shall be consolidated and form a single series with the notes.

O. Governing law:

The indenture, notes and deposit agreements are governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

P. Status quo:

As of May 20, 2007, a total of US\$686,074 convertible notes have been converted into common stocks of 461,242 thousand shares. The conversion premiums payable and additional paid-in capital from the conversion amounted to NT\$20,288,151 (US\$617,976) and was recognized as capital surplus. A total of face value US\$2,500,convertible bonds have been redeemed before maturity. The company also has paid US\$214, for the redemption premium. As of the maturity date there were US\$13,926 outstanding convertible bonds outstanding and the Company then had paid off the principal amount plus redemption premium of US\$2,038.

16. Reserve for operations and liabilities

	June 30,						
	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$) 2007(NT\$)		2007(US\$)			
Reserve for insurance business	\$1,732,368,965	\$53,583,946	\$1,897,421,301	\$57,795,349			
Reserves for losses on guarantees	28,647	886	28,690	874			
Reserves for losses on stock brokerage							
transactions	13,383	414	23,519	716			
Reserves for losses on trading securities	146,806	4,541	150,501	4,584			
Total	\$1,732,557,801	\$53,589,787	\$1,897,624,011	\$57,801,523			

(1) Effective from December 24, 2002, Cathay Century Insurance unearned premium reserves should be provided based on assumed risks of different insurance products. The calculation of the reserve requires the involvement of actuaries as well as disclosures on the insurance product calculation statement which can not be changed unless approved by authorities. The unearned premium reserve should be reversed and then accrued at the next year end. Cathay Century Insurance reported to the authorities on the method of calculating unearned premium reserve on July 31, 2003 and was approved by the Ministry of Finance with Article 0920708262. On December 8, 2006, Cathay Century Insurance reported to eh authorities on the change of method of calculating unearned premium reserve and was approved by the Ministry of Finance with Article 09502152840.

The unearned premium on motor vehicles compulsory insurance is provided based on the assumed premium in accordance with the article of Ministry of Finance.

(2) Effective from December 24, 2002, the accruals of claim reserves are in accordance with

"Insurance Industry Provision of Reserve for Indemnity" issued by the Ministry of Finance. The accruals include retained IBNR and outstanding claims. Effective from January 1, 2006, the accruals on reserves have changed from the fixed rates to a method subject to authorities' approval based on the past experience and expenses. Cathay Century Insurance has reported to the authorities for the accrual method and its has been approved by Insurance Bureau of FSC(Article 09500204880). The method is as follows:

- A. Reserve for outstanding claims is estimated based on historical information and circumstances surrounding each claim for each type of insurance.
- B. Reserve for IBNR is determined by the past experience and loss on each insurance product category.
- C. The unearned premium reserve should be reversed and then accrued at the next year end.
- D. The reserve for the compulsory liability insurance of motor vehicle is in compliance with the "Regulations for Deposit and Management of the Reserve of Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance". The reserve on retained outstanding claims is based on related information. The reserve on IBNR is based on 1% of the retained net earned premium.
- E. The special reserve of the nuclear hazard insurance is in compliance with the "Accrual of Nuclear Hazard Insurance Reserve".
- F. The residential earthquake insurance product is in compliance of "Regulations for Method of Coinsurance and Contingency on Residential Earthquake".

17. Other financial liabilities

	June 30,					
	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)		
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging	\$1,300,695	\$40,232	\$1,145,401	\$34,889		
Borrowed funds	313,585	9,699	310,850	9,468		
Others			238,315	7,259		
Total	\$1,614,280	\$49,931	\$1,694,566	\$51,616		

18. Common stock

(1) As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, the authorized share capital amounted NT\$120,000,000 (US\$3,655,193), and the issued share capital amounted NT\$85,646,481 (US\$2,649,133) and NT\$92,770,191 (US\$2,825,775), respectively.

- (2) The undistributed earnings recapitalization of NT\$4,263,443 (US\$131,873) thousand by issuing 426,344 thousand shares with par value of NT\$10 (US\$0.3) was resolved by the Company's stockholders' meeting on June 9, 2006 and approved by the 79Securities and Futures Bureau on June 30, 2006. The recapitalization record date was August 14, 2006.
- (3) On December 31, 2001, the Company listed its shares on Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (TSE) in accordance with relevant regulations. Since July 29, 2003, the Company listed a portion of its common shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (LSE) in the form of Global Depositary Shares (GDSs).

19. Capital surplus

- (1) The capital surplus of the Company consists of consolidation premium from share exchange, accumulated adjustments on paid-in capital from investment under equity method, and paid-in capital from treasury stocks. Capital surplus were NT\$69,953,056 (US\$2,163,720) and NT\$81,971,167 (US\$2,496,837) as of June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively. Retained earnings from certain subsidiaries of the Company before the stock exchange of formation of the financial holding company amounted NT\$267,215 (US\$8,139) were included in the capital surplus as of June 30, 2006 and 2007.
- (2) The capital surplus of par value through the conversion of shares was generated from the transfer of the shares of the subsidiaries to the Company. In compliance with Item 4 of Article 47 of the Financial Holding Company Act, the portion of capital surplus from the share exchange which comes from the original financial institution's undistributed earnings is allowed to be distributed as cash dividends.
- (3) In addition, pursuant to the Company Act, capital surplus can only be used to offset a deficit or to increase share capital. Capital surplus cannot be distributed as cash dividends. Issuance of new stock from capital surplus can be made only once per year. In addition, the amount to be capitalized should not exceed the specific percentage of capital surplus set by the SFC.

20. Retained earnings

(1) Legal reserve

Pursuant to the Company Act, 10% of the Company's after-tax net income in the current year must be appropriated as legal reserve until the total amount of the legal reserve equals the issued share capital. This legal reserve can be used to offset deficits but cannot

be used for the purpose of cash dividend distributions. However, if the total legal reserve is greater than 50% of the issued share capital, up to 50% of such excess can be capitalized if agreed by its stockholders.

(2) Undistributed earnings

- A.According to the Company Act and the Company's articles of incorporation, 10% of the Company's annual earnings, after paying tax and offsetting deductions, if any, shall be appropriated as legal reserve and 0.01%~0.05% for employees' bonus. The remainder must be appropriated in accordance with the resolutions passed at the stockholders' meeting.
- B.On June 20, 2007, the stockholders' meeting resolved the appropriation of earnings for the year ended December 31, 2006. The Company declared cash dividends of NT\$1.5 (US\$0.05) per common share and such dividends with record dates on July 5, respectively.
- C.On June 9, 2006, the stockholders' meeting resolved the distribution of earnings of NT\$2.0 (US\$0.06) per share for the year ended December 31, 2005. The cash and stock dividends with record dates are NT\$1.5 (US\$0.05) and NT\$0.5 (US\$0.02) on July 17 and August 14, 2006, respectively.
- D.The Company is required to pay an extra 10% income tax in the forthcoming tax year for undistributed earnings.
- E. In accordance with SFC regulations, in addition to the legal reserve retained, the Company is required to provide a special reserve in the amount equal to current year's contra account in stockholders' equity from current year's earnings after tax or prior year's undistributed earnings. However, contra accounts in prior year's accumulated stockholders' equity should only be provided from prior year's undistributed earnings. If a reversal of stockholders equity contra account occurs, the reversed portion of the special reserve could be distributed as dividends.
- F. In accordance with SFC regulations, posterior to 2002 subsidiaries of financial holding companies that hold shares of their parent company should treat those shares as treasury stock. The cost of these shares are exempted from distributing as special reserve.

G. Pursuant to the explanatory letter of SFB on January 27, 2006, the Company is required to appropriate a special reserve in the amount equal to unrealized loss of financial instruments, cumulative conversion adjustments, and net loss not yet recognized as net pension cost expect for the special reserve since 2007.

H.Dividends policy

The Company's dividends policy is to distribute dividends in stock in order to retain sufficient cash for operations with excess cash from retained earnings distributed in cash, but cash dividends must be a minimum of 10% of the total dividends declared.

21. Treasury stock

The following is a summary of the movement of treasury stock as of June 30, 2006 and 2007:

The Company has no treasury stock as of June 30, 2006.

					June	30, 2007				
	In thousands of shares		Book value		Book value Per share		Market value Per share			
Reason for	January 1,			June 30,			(in NT	(in US	(in NT	(in US
acquisition	2007	Increase	Decrease	2007	(NT\$)	(US\$)	dollars)	dollars)	dollars)	dollars)
Shares held by										
share exchange	66,660	-		66,660	\$4,140,047	\$126,106	\$62.11	\$1.89	\$78.50	\$2.39

22. Operating Expense

For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, personnel expense, depreciation and amortizations are summarized below:

	For the six months ended June 30,					
	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)		
Personnel expenses	\$18,086,604	\$559,437	\$19,900,217	\$606,160		
Salary and wages	15,920,073	492,424	17,696,906	539,047		
Labor & health insurance expenses	893,956	27,651	967,272	29,463		
Pension expenses	578,995	17,909	455,231	13,866		
Other expenses	693,580	21,453	780,808	23,784		
Depreciation	1,786,377	55,254	1,907,489	58,102		
Amortization	151,768	4,694	182,221	5,550		

23. Estimated income taxes

(1) Income tax expenses include the following:

	For the six months ended June 30,				
	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)	
Income tax calculates on accounting					
income	\$1,909,365	\$59,059	\$(1,768,101)	\$(53,856)	
Plus: Interest income of tax on a separate					
basis	646,294	19,991	262,358	7,991	
Extra 10% income tax on					
undistributed retained earnings	259,353	8,022	55	2	
Alternative minimum tax payable	13,656	422	391,512	11,926	
Allocation of the cumulative effect					
of changes in accounting					
principles	763,130	23,604	-	-	
Withholding tax for overseas					
investments	-	-	55,882	1,702	
(Less) Plus: Tax effects under					
consolidated income tax	(1,441)	(45)	221,014	6,732	
Deferred income tax benefits	(4,387,888)	(135,722)	2,264,373	68,973	
Adjustment of income tax	-	-	644,359	19,627	
Income tax credit	(8,780)	(271)	(8,788)	(268)	
Dissimilitude on estimate tax from					
prior years	(546,274)	(16,897)	10,873	331	
Operating loss carry-forward	(592,744)	(18,334)	15,626	476	
Total income tax (benefits) expenses	\$(1,945,329)	\$(60,171)	\$2,089,163	\$63,636	

In accordance with the Financial Holding Company Act, the Company elected to file consolidated income tax return along with 10% additional undistributed earning tax for all subsidiaries being held over 12 months within a taxable year by the Company.

(2)Income tax returns:

	June 30, 2007					
	Income tax returns	s Notes				
	examined by tax					
	authorities					
The Company	through 2003	The Company filed applications for				
		re-examination of 2002 and 2003 tax returns.				
Cathay Life	through 2003	Cathay Life filed applications for				
		re-examination of 2002 and 2003 tax returns.				
Cathay United Bank	through 2003	-				
Cathay Century	through 2003	The withholding tax on the interest of prior				
		bondholders and tax effects on the interest				
		expenses of amortized premium bonds in year				
		1999, 2001 and 2002 tax returns, respectively,				
		were rejected by the Tax Authority as being				
		able to offset income tax payable. Cathay				
		Century has filed the dispute. Cathay Century				
		also filed an application for re-examination of				
		2003 tax return.				
Cathay Securities	through 2004	Cathay Securities filed an application for				
		re-examination of 2004 tax return.				
Cathay Pacific Venture	through 2003	-				
Symphox Information	through 2004	-				
Cathay Futures	through 2004	-				
Lucky Bank	through 2004	-				
Cathay Venture	through 2004	-				
Cathay II Venture	through 2004	-				

(3)Information related to tax imputation:

A. Balance of imputation tax credit account balances

		June 30,				
	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)		
The Company	\$2,012,764	\$62,257	\$2,611,187	\$79,537		
Cathay Life	88,763	2,746	72,984	2,223		
Cathay United Bank	145,506	4,501	552,402	16,826		
Cathay Century	68	2	8,775	267		
Cathay Securities	6,524	202	5,880	179		
Cathay Pacific Venture	407	13	132	4		
Cathay Venture	18,124	561	183	6		
Cathay II Venture	4,595	142	7,022	214		
Cathay Futures	12,282	380	13,918	424		
Lucky Bank	4,373	135	-	-		

B. Imputation tax credit deductible ratio

	For the six months ended June 30,			
	2006	2007		
	Actual	Actual		
The Company				
-cash dividends	11.97%	13.25%		
-stock dividends	11.96%	-		
Cathay Life	7.33%	7.96%		
Cathay United Bank	13.98%	13.98%		
Cathay Century	1.73%	1.62%		
Cathay Securities	14.45%	14.76%		
Cathay Pacific Venture	-	1.11%		
Cathay Venture	-	32.56%		
Cathay II Venture	33.33%	7.26%		

(4)Information relating of undistributed earnings:

	For the six months ended June 30,					
Year	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)		
Prior to 1997	\$267,215	\$8,265	\$267,215	\$8,139		
After 1998	9,132,949	282,492	4,829,863	147,118		
Total	\$9,400,164	\$290,757	\$5,097,078	\$155,257		

- A. Undistributed earnings after 1998 did not include the net income from January 1 to June 30, 2006 and 2007.
- B. The undistributed earnings prior to 1997 which derived from the undistributed earnings of the subsidiaries were included in the Company's capital surplus and were allowed to be distributed as cash dividends by the regulations.

24. Earnings per share

			For th	ne six months e	ended June 30, 200	6			
		Amount (N	Numerator)		Shares	EPS (in dollars)			
	Before inco	me taxes	After income taxes		(in thousands	Before ince	ome taxes	After income taxes	
					of shares)				
	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	(denominator)	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Primary earnings per share:									
Income from continuing operations	\$3,901,644	\$120,682	\$5,846,973	\$180,853	8,954,448	\$0.44	\$0.01	\$0.65	\$0.02
Cumulative effect of changes in									
accounting principles	2,486,193	76,900	3,249,323	100,505	8,954,448	0.28	0.01	0.36	0.01
Consolidated income	\$6,387,837	\$197,582	\$9,096,296	\$281,358		\$0.72	\$0.02	\$1.01	\$0.03
Effect of potentially dilutive common stock									
convertible notes payable	\$195,469	\$6,046	\$146,602	\$4,535	236,593				
Fully-diluted earnings per share:									
Income form continuing operations	\$4,097,113	\$126,728	\$5,993,575	\$185,387	9,191,041	\$0.45	\$0.01	\$0.65	\$0.02
Cumulative effect of changes in									
accounting principles	2,486,193	76,900	3,249,323	100,505	9,191,041	0.27	0.01	0.35	0.01
Consolidated income	\$6,583,306	\$203,628	\$9,242,898	\$285,892		\$0.72	\$0.02	\$1.00	\$0.03
			For th	ne six months e	ended June 30, 200	7			
		Amount (N	Numerator)		Shares		EPS (in	dollars)	
	Before inco	me taxes	After incor	ne taxes	(in thousands	Before ince	ome taxes	After incom	me taxes
					of shares)				
	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	(denominator)	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Primary earnings per share:									
Income from continuing operation	\$22,865,810	\$696,491	\$20,776,647	\$632,856	9,184,852	\$2.49	\$0.08	\$2.26	\$0.07
Effect of potentially dilutive common stock:									
Convertible notes payable	37,610	1,146	28,207	859	25,507				
Fully-diluted earnings per share:									
Consolidated income	\$22,903,420	\$697,637	\$20,804,854	\$633,715	\$9,210,359	\$2.49	\$0.08	\$2.26	\$0.07

25. Related party transactions

(1) Related parties

Name	Relationship
Cathay Life	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay United Bank	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Century	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Securities	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Pacific Venture	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay II Venture	Subsidiary of the Company
Lucky Bank	Subsidiary of the Company(Merged by Cathay
	United Bank on January 1, 2007)
Cathay Capital Management	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Venture	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Life (Shanghai)	Subsidiary of the Company
Symphox Information	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Futures	Subsidiary of the Company
Indovina Bank	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Pacific Partners	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Securities Investment	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Life Insurance Agent	Subsidiary of the Company
Seaward Card	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Property Insurance Agent	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	The investee is accounted for using the equity method
Taiwan Finance Corp.	The investee in accounted for using the equity method
Taiwan Real-estate Management Corp.	The investee in accounted for using the equity method
Cathay General Hospital	The chairman is also the Company's chairman
Lin Yuan Investment Co., Ltd.	The chairman is a second immediate family
	member of the Company's chairman
Yi Ru Corporation	The chairman is a second immediate family
	member of the Company's chairman in 2006
Wan Pao Development Co., Ltd.	The chairman is a second immediate family member of the Company's chairma

Name	Relationship
Taipei Smart Card Corp.	Investee company of Cathay United Bank
Culture and Charity Foundation of the CUB	Cathay United Bank is the major sponsor of the
	foundation
Taiwan Asset Management Corporation	The chairman is Cathay United Bank
Cathay Global Money Market Fund etc.	The funds which are managed by Cathay Securities
	Trust Co., Ltd.
Lin Yuan Property Management	Affiliate
Seaward Leasing	Affiliate
China England Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Cathay Charity Foundation	Affiliate
Industrial and Commercial Bank of Vietnam	Affiliate
Shanghai China Eastern Media Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
CEA Futures Brokerage Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
CEA Finance Holding Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
CEA Finance Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
China Eastern Airlines Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Shanghai East Fly Service Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
CNDFMC (SCEA) Duty Free Merchandise	Affiliate
Co., Ltd.	
China Eastern Aviation IMP/EXP Corp.	Affiliate
China Eastern Realestateinvestment Co.,Ltd	Affiliate
China Eastern Airlines Jiangsu Ltd	Affiliate
Cathay Lin Yuan Security Co., Ltd.	Affiliate
Other related parties	Includes chairmen, managers, their spouses and
	linear relatives of Subsidiaries

(2) Significant transactions with related parties:

A. Cash in banks

		For the six months ended June 30, 2006					
		Ending balance			Interest income		
Name	Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
CEA Finance Co., Ltd.	Demand deposits	\$1,666	\$51	0.72%-1.44%	\$77	\$2	

		For the six months ended June 30, 2007					
		Ending balance			Interest	income	
Name	Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
CEA Finance Co., Ltd.	Demand deposits	\$36	\$1	0.72%-1.44%	\$13	\$-	

B. Due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks

		For the six months ended June 30,							
	2006				2007				
	Ending b	oalance	alance Interest revenue Ending balance		oalance	Interest revenue			
Name	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Industrial and									
Commercial Bank of									
Vietnam	\$5,442	\$168	\$-	\$-	\$4,496	\$137	\$13	\$-	

C. Funds borrowed from other banks

	For the six months ended June 30,								
		20	2006				2007		
	Ending b	oalance	Interest revenue Ending b		palance Interest		revenue		
Name	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Industrial and									
Commercial Bank of									
Vietnam	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$101,792	\$3,101	\$1,215	\$37	

D. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	June 30,					
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)		
Cathay Securities						
Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	\$6,219,878	\$192,387	\$7,795,726	\$237,457		

E. Receivables

June 30, Name 2006(NT\$) 2006(US\$) 2007(NT\$) 2007(US\$) Cathay Insurance \$91 (Bermuda) \$2,958 \$11,199 \$341 Cathay Capital Management 6,714 208 8,377 255 Cathay General Hospital 604 19 1,526 47 Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. 4,770,327 147,551 538 16 Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd. 428 13 Lin Yuan Property Management 740 23 Cathay Securities Investment 23,008 701 San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd. 356 11 \$147,916 Total \$4,782,127 \$44,648 \$1,360

F. Loans

	For the six months ended June 30, 2006					
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest		
	Balance	Balance	Revenue	Revenue		
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$))	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Taiwan Real-estate						
Management Corp.	\$134,000	\$4,145	\$1,980	\$61		
Cathay General Hospital	3,950,205	122,184	57,340	1,774		
Others	84,210	2,604	1,138	35		
Total	\$4,168,415	\$128,933	\$60,458	\$1,870		

	For the	For the six months ended June 30, 2007					
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest			
	Balance	Balance	Revenue	Revenue			
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$))	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Seaward Leasing	\$2,120,000	\$64,575	\$20,063	\$611			
Taiwan Real-estate							
Management Corp.	125,000	3,808	1,796	55			
Cathay General Hospital	4,734,653	144,217	76,687	2,336			
Others	405,917	12,364	5,115	156			
Total	\$7,385,570	\$224,964	\$103,661	\$3,158			

G. Available-for-sale financial assets

	June 30,				
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)	
Cathay Securities					
Investment Trust Co.,					
Ltd.	\$791,781	\$24,491	\$408,237	\$12,435	

H. Deposit

	For the six months ended June 30, 2006				
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest	
	Balance	Balance	Expense	Expense	
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Cathay Securities Investment					
Trust Co., Ltd.	\$262,163	\$8,109	\$2,308	\$71	
Cathay Real Estate					
Development Co., Ltd.	1,642,049	50,790	22	1	
Others	3,482,315	107,712	24,952	772	
Total	\$5,386,527	\$166,611	\$27,282	\$844	

	For the six months ended June 30, 2007					
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest		
	Balance	Balance	Expense	Expense		
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$))	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Cathay Securities Investment						
Trust Co., Ltd.	\$375,474	\$11,437	\$4,184	\$127		
Cathay Real Estate						
Development Co., Ltd.	72,636	2,212	99	3		
Others	2,398,624	73,062	20,116	613		
Total	\$2,846,734	\$86,711	\$24,399	\$743		

I. Property transactions

a. Transactions between Cathay Life and related parties are undertaking contracted projects, construction, and lease transactions. The terms of such transactions are based on market surveys and the contracts of both parties.

	For the six months ended June 30, 2006			
Name	Item	NT\$	US\$	
San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd.	Cathay General Hospital etc.	\$5,904	\$183	
Cathay Real Estate				
Development Co., Ltd.	Cathay Land Mark	1,500	46	
Lin Yuan Property				
Management	Taipei Royalty Building etc.	76,959	2,380	
	Total	\$84,363	\$2,609	
	For the six months ende	d June 30, 2007		
Name	Item	NT\$	US\$	
San Ching Engineering Co.,				
Ltd.	Cathay Lank Mark etc.	\$6,086	\$185	
Lin Yuan Property				
Management	Cathay Building ect.	106,887	3,256	
	Total	\$112,973	\$3,441	
			·	

The total amounts of contracted projects for real estate as of June 30, 2006 and 2007 between the Company and San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd. were NT\$1,233,866 (US\$38,165) and NT\$22,567 (US\$687), respectively.

b.Real estates acquired by Cathay Life:

		For the six months	
		ended June	30, 2006
		Contrac	t Price
Name	Item	NT\$	US\$
Wan Pao Development Co., Ltd.	No. 658 Simen Rd, Tainan City.	\$5,290,000	\$163,625
Cathay Real Estate Development	Tianmu E.Rd., and Sec. 2 Zhong Cheng		
Co., Ltd.	Rd., Shilin District, Taipei City.	\$2,470,000	\$76,400

The appraisal report has been taken into the consideration of determination on contract prices and the title has been transferred in 2006.

The Company did not acquire any real estates from its related parties for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

c. Real estate rental income from Cathay Life and Cathay United Bank:

	Rental income			
	For the six months ended June 30,			
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Cathay Securities Investment	\$1,687	\$52	\$1,764	\$54
Cathay Capital Management	991	31	1,075	33
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	9,119	282	8,366	255
Cathay General Hospital	73,785	2,282	79,401	2,418
San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd.	3,728	115	3,953	120
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	6,426	199	6,520	199
Taiwan Asset Management Corporation	6,653	206	7,315	223
Taipei Smart Card Corp.	3,208	99	5,794	176
Seaward Leasing	-	-	719	22
Culture and Charity Foundation of CUB	500	16	500	15
Total	\$106,097	\$3,282	\$115,407	\$3,515

	Guarantee deposits in				
		June	20,		
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)	
Cathay Securities Investment	\$877	\$27	\$877	\$27	
Cathay Capital Management	479	15	479	15	
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	3,645	113	3,645	111	
Cathay General Hospital	6,840	211	8,455	257	
San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd.	1,709	53	1,709	52	
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	2,738	85	2,738	83	
Taiwan Asset Management Corporation	3,477	107	3,477	106	
Seaward Leasing			346	11	
Total	\$19,765	\$611	\$21,726	\$662	

Lease periods are usually 2-5 years and rentals are collected monthly.

d.Real estate rental expense from Cathay Life, Cathay United Bank and Cathay Futures.

	Rental expenses						
	F	For the six month	ns ended June 30	30,			
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)			
Cathay Real Estate							
Development Co., Ltd.	\$22,293	\$689	\$20,937	\$638			
Lin Yuan Investment Co.,							
Ltd.	1,053	33	1,256	38			
Yi Ru Corporation	1,684	52	2,134	65			
Seaward Leasing	-	-	7,430	226			
Other	-	-	163	5			
Total	\$25,030	\$774	\$31,920	\$972			
		Guarantee d	leposits paid				
		June	e 30,				
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)			
Cathay Real Estate							
Development Co., Ltd.	\$12,318	\$381	\$11,561	\$352			
Lin Yuan Investment Co.,							
Ltd.	628	19	628	19			
Yi Ru Corporation	1,190	37	1,190	37			
Seaward Leasing	-	-	33,393	1,017			
Other	2	-	2	-			
Total	\$14,138	\$437	\$46,774	\$1,425			

According to the contracts, periods of leases generally were 3 years and rents were paid monthly.

J. Other assets

Prepayment

	June 30,				
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)	
Lin Yuan Investment Co., Ltd.	\$-	\$-	\$419	\$12	
Yi Ru Corporation	462	14	356	11	
Cathay Life Insurance Agent	1,562	49	-	-	
Other			92	3	
Total	\$2,024	\$63	\$867	\$26	

K. Due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks

	For the six months ended June 30, 2006				
	Ending balance	Interest expense	Ending balance	Interest expense	
Name	(NT\$)	(NT\$)	(NT\$) (US\$)		
Due to commercial banks					
Industrial and Commercial					
Bank of Vietnam	\$2,955	\$249	\$91	\$8	

L. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase

	June 30,			
	Ending balance			
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Wan Pao Development Co., Ltd.	\$2,038,908	\$63,065	\$4,203,527	\$128,039
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	19,976	618	-	-
Lin Yuan Investment Co., Ltd.	12,983	402	-	-
Other related parties	941,498	29,121	820,917	25,005
Total	\$3,013,365	\$93,206	\$5,024,444	\$153,044

	For the six months ended June 30,				
	Interest expenses				
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)	
Wan Pao Development Co., Ltd.	\$26,228	\$811	\$24,368	\$742	
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	200	6	-	-	
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	497	15	-	-	
Lin Yuan Investment Co., Ltd.	115	4	-	-	
Other related parties	5,784	179	7,696	235	
Total	\$32,824	\$1,015	\$32,064	\$977	

M.Payables

	June 30,			
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Seaward Card	\$32,782	\$1,014	\$9,914	\$302
Lin Yuan Property Management	26,169	809	16,413	500
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	-	-	1,200	36
Industrial and Commercial Bank of Vietnam	60,060	1,858	-	-
Other			54	2
Total	\$119,011	\$3,681	\$27,581	\$840

N. Advance receipts

	June 30,			
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Taiwan Asset Management Corporation	\$-	\$-	\$2,484	\$76

O. Net commission and handling fee

a. Handling fee Income

	For the six months ended June 30,				
Name	2006(NT\$) 2006(US\$) 2007(NT\$) 2007(US				
Cathay Securities Investment	\$-	\$-	\$954	\$29	
Cathay Life Insurance Agent	1,874	58	-	-	
Cathay securities investment Trust Co., Ltd.	433	13	9,609	293	
Other			41	1	
Total	\$2,307	\$71	\$10,604	\$323	

b. Reinsurance income

	For the six months ended June 30,			
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	\$243	\$8	\$1,805	\$55

c. Commissions expense

	For the six months ended June 30,			
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Cathay Life Insurance Agent	\$66,988	\$2,072	\$11,257	\$343
Cathay Property Insurance Agent	16,345	506	350	11
Total	\$83,333	\$2,578	\$11,607	\$354

d. Reinsurance commissions expense

	For the six months ended June 30,			
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	\$7,842	\$243	\$422	\$13

P. Net premiums from insurance business

a. Insurance income

	For the six months ended June 30,			
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Cathay General Hospital	\$15,084	\$467	\$16,585	\$505
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	1,392	43	811	25
San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd.	596	18	625	19
China Eastern Airlines Co., Ltd.	163,725	5,064	104,327	3,178
CEA Finance Holding Co., Ltd.	304	9	930	28
Seaward Leasing	-	-	3,379	103
Shanghai China Eastern Media Co., Ltd.	56	2	29	1
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	447	14	541	16
China Eastern Aviation IMP/EXP Corp.	-	-	2,101	64
CEA Futures Brokerage Co., Ltd.	-	-	595	18
CEA Finance Co., Ltd.	-	-	1,147	35
China Eastern Airlines Jiangsu Ltd.	-	-	2,127	65
China Eastern Real Estate Investment Co., Ltd.	-	-	2,671	81
Other related parties	14,260	441	324,719	9,891
Total	\$195,864	\$6,058	\$460,587	\$14,029

b. Insurance claims payment

	Fo	r the six montl	hs ended June	30,
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
CEA Finance Holding Co.,Ltd.	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	\$52	\$2
c. Reinsurance income				
	Fo	r the six montl	hs ended June (30,
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	\$71,063	\$2,198	\$58,571	\$1,784
d. Reinsurance claims payment				
d. Reinsurance claims payment	Fo	r the six montl	hs ended June (30,
d. Reinsurance claims payment Name	Fo 2006(NT\$)	r the six montl 2006(US\$)		30, 2007(US\$
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$
Name Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$
Name Cathay Insurance (Bermuda) Net other non-interest income	2006(NT\$) \$67,259	2006(US\$) \$2,080	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$ \$184
Name Cathay Insurance (Bermuda) Net other non-interest income	2006(NT\$) \$67,259	2006(US\$) \$2,080	2007(NT\$) \$6,025	2007(US\$ \$184

	For the six months ended June 30,			
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Cathay General Hospital	\$8,608	\$266	\$3,076	\$94
Cathay Securities Investment	2,198	68	1,695	52
Other	922	29	1,793	54
Total	\$11,728	\$363	\$6,564	\$200

b. Service Income

	For the six months ended June 30,			
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Cathay General Hospital	\$3,612	\$112	\$2,634	\$80
Other	1,731	53	1,089	33
Total	\$5,343	\$165	\$3,723	\$113

c. Miscellaneous income

	For the six months ended June 30,			
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	\$6,146	\$190	\$3,185	\$97
Cathay General Hospital	176	6	2,416	73
Other			1,341	41
Total	\$6,322	\$196	\$6,942	\$211

R. Sale of securities

.1	•	. 1	1 1	T	α	2006
For the	CIV	monthe	andad	liina	311	7/11/16
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		Shares	Amo	Amount		disposal
Name	Securities	(in thousand)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
San Ching	Lin Yuan					
Engineering Co.,	Property					
Ltd.	Management					
	Co., Ltd.	2,400	\$47,554	\$1,471	\$3,707	\$115
Cathay Real Estate						
Development Co.,						
Ltd.	Seaward Leasing	200,000	3,180,000	98,361	1,323,466	40,936
Seaward Leading	Waterland					
	Securities Co.,					
	Ltd. etc.	-	187,708	5,806		-
Total			\$3,415,262	\$105,638	\$1,327,173	\$41,051

There were no related party transactions of securities for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

S. Operating expense

	For the six months ended June 30,				
Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)	
Cathay Securities Investment	\$26,250	\$812	\$26,250	\$800	
Seaward Card	236,925	7,328	172,791	5,263	
Cathay Pacific Management	34,354	1,063	32,925	1,003	
Cathay Pacific Partners	7,500	232	6,750	206	
Lin Yuan Property Management	352,214	10,894	302,679	9,220	
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	6,723	208	6,090	185	
San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd.	2,024	63	2,018	61	
Cathay General Hospital	1,724	53	2,676	82	
Cathay Lin Yuan Security Co., Ltd.	-	-	1,154	35	
Seaward Leasing	-	-	4,338	132	
Others	123	4	36	1	
Total	\$667,837	\$20,657	\$557,707	\$16,988	

T. Others

- a. Cathay United Bank entered into a contract with San Ching Engineering Corp. to build the Nei-hu Financial Building and North Taoyuan Branch totaling NT\$1,411,880 (US\$43,671), in 2006. Cathay United Bank paid the amount of NT\$259,042 (US\$7,890) during the six-month period ended June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the accumulated amount paid was NT\$349,592 (US\$10,649).
- b. Cathay United Bank has paid decoration and fix fee to San Ching Engineering Corp. for the amount of NT\$72 (US\$2) and NT\$2,203 (US\$67) during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively.
- c. Cathay United Bank paid construction planning and design maintenance services fees to Lin Yuan Property Management in the amount of NT\$9,777 (US\$302) and NT\$8,935 (US\$272) during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively.
- d. Cathay United Bank entered into a contract with Taipei Smart Card Corp. for issuing Easy co-branded card. The contract lasts for three year starting 2006 and the royalty amounted NT\$103,125 (US\$3,190) (amortized NT\$2,865 (US\$87) per month) was paid in January, 2006.

- e. For prospective operation and concentration on banking development, the board of directors resolved to sell out the stocks of Seaward Leasing to the Cathay Real Estate Development for the amount of NT3,180,000 (US\$98,361) on June 30, 2006, with NT\$15.9 (US\$0.49) per share. The gain from disposal of the investment recognized by the equity method was NT\$1,323,466 (US\$40,936), with selling price NT\$3,170,460 (US\$98,066) (securities transaction cost NT\$9,540 (US\$295) was deducted) minus the carrying value NT\$1,846,994 (US\$57,129).
- g. Cathay United Bank paid the amount of NT\$45,546 (US\$1,387) to certain managers according to the intercession content which dissolving the construction contract on Shih-Hua Hills and the repossessed the land by mediation.

(3)The Company's significant transactions with related parties

A. Cash in bank

		For the six months ended June 30, 2006			
		Ending balance		Interest income	
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$3,284,871	4.375%-	\$78,653	
			5.2645%		
	Cash in bank	1,266	0.10%-2.25%	41	
	Total	\$3,286,137		\$78,694	
		For the six	months ended Jur	ne 30, 2006	
		Ending balance		Interest income	
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)	
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$101,605	4.375%-	\$2,433	
			5.2645%		
	Cash in bank	39	0.10%-2.25%	1	
	Total	\$101,644		\$2,434	
		For the six	months ended Jur	ne 30, 2007	
		Ending balance		Interest income	
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$3,489,990	4.375%-	\$91,376	
			5.498%		
	Cash in bank	2,890	0.10%-2.35%		
	Total	\$3,492,880		\$91,376	

		For the six months ended June 30, 2007				
		Ending balance		Interest income		
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$106,305	4.375%-	\$2,783		
			5.498%			
	Cash in bank	88	0.10%-2.35%			
	Total	\$106,393		\$2,783		

B. Receivables

		June 30,				
Name	Item	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)	
Cathay United Bank	Receivables due to					
	consolidated income					
	tax	\$5,764	\$178	\$109,660	\$3,340	
Cathay Life	Receivables due to					
	consolidated income					
	tax	1,530,763	47,348	-	-	
Cathay Century	Receivables due to					
	consolidated income					
	tax	122,498	3,789	136,475	4,157	
Cathay Capital	Receivables due to					
Management	consolidated income					
	tax	6,714	208	8,377	255	
Cathay Securities	Receivables due to					
	consolidated income					
	tax	4,385	136	8,329	254	
Cathay II Venture	Receivables due to					
	consolidated income					
	tax	483	15	1,456	44	
Total		\$1,670,607	\$51,674	\$264,297	\$8,050	

C. Payables

		June 30,					
Name	Item	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)		
Cathay Life	Receivables due to						
	consolidated income						
	tax	\$17,721	\$548	\$737,751	\$22,472		
Cathay United Bank	Receivables due to						
	consolidated income						
	tax	1,387,683	42,922	638,005	19,433		
Cathay Pacific	Receivables due to						
Venture	consolidated income						
	tax	3,054	95	847	26		
Cathay II Venture	Receivables due to						
	consolidated income						
	tax	1,329	41				
Total		\$1,409,787	\$43,606	\$1,376,603	\$41,931		

D. Operating expenses

Fo	r the	six	months	ended	June	30,

Name	2006(NT\$)	2006(US\$)	2007(NT\$)	2007(US\$)
Cathay Life	\$5,048	\$156	\$8,407	\$256
Lin Yuan Property Management	609	19	117	3
Symphox Information	-	-	722	22
Seaward Leasing	451	14	483	15
Total	\$6,108	\$189	\$9,729	\$296

(4) Subsidiaries' significant transactions with related parties are follows:

A. Cathay Life

a. Cash in banks

		For the six	For the six months ended June 30,2006				
		Ending balance		Interest income			
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)			
Cathay United	Time deposit	\$1,459,750	1.05%-2.02%	\$81,710			
Bank	Cash in bank	2,787,186	0.10%-2.25%	923			
Total		\$4,246,936		\$82,633			

		For the six	For the six months ended June 30,2006				
		Ending balance		Interest income			
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)			
Cathay United	Time deposit	\$45,152	1.05%-2.02%	\$2,527			
Bank	Cash in bank	86,210	0.10%-2.25%	29			
Total		\$131.362		\$2.556			

		For the six months ended June 30,2007					
		Ending balance	Ending balance Interest inco				
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)			
Cathay United	Time deposit	\$420,050	1.15%-2.49%	\$9,947			
Bank	Cash in bank	2,708,327	0.00%-2.35%	1,650			
Total		\$3,128,377		\$11,597			

	For the six months ended June 30,2007				
	Ending balance		Interest income		
Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)		
Time deposit	\$12,795	1.15%-2.49%	\$303		
Cash in bank	82,495	0.00%-2.35%	50		
	\$95,290		\$353		
	Time deposit	Ending balance (US\$) Time deposit \$12,795 Cash in bank 82,495	Ending balance Item (US\$) Rate Time deposit \$12,795 1.15%-2.49% Cash in bank 82,495 0.00%-2.35%		

b. Other Receivables

June 30,					
2006	5	2007			
NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		
\$1,069	\$33	\$260,490	\$7,935		
18,302	566	737,751	22,472		
\$19,371	\$599	\$998,241	\$30,407		
	NT\$ \$1,069 18,302	2006 NT\$ US\$ \$1,069 \$33 18,302 566	NT\$ US\$ NT\$ \$1,069 \$33 \$260,490 18,302 566 737,751		

c. Other financial assets – current

	For the six months ended June 30,2006				
	Ending balance Interest income				
Name	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)		
Cathay United Bank	\$1,000,000	1.80%	\$4,438		

		For the six months ended June 30,2006			
		Ending balance		Interest income	
Name	2	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)	
Cathay United Bank		\$30,931	1.80%	\$137	
		For the six	months ended Jun	e 30,2007	
		Ending balance		Interest income	
Name		(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	
Cathay United Bank		\$2,450,000	1.80%-4.00%	\$5,896	
		For the six	months ended Jun	e 30,2007	
		Ending balance		Interest income	
Name	e	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)	
Cathay United Bank		\$74,627	1.80%-4.00%	\$180	
d. Secured loans					
	Fo	or the six months e	ended June 30.20	06	
•	Maximum	Ending	,	Interest	
	amount	balance		income	
Name	(NT\$)	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	
Cathay General					
Hospital	\$3,950,612	\$3,950,205	3.03%-3.23%	\$57,340	
	Fo	or the six months e	ended June 30,20	06	
•	Maximum	Ending		Interest	
	amount	balance		income	
Name	(US\$)	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)	
Cathay General					
Hospital	\$122,196	\$122,184	3.03%-3.23%	\$1,774	
	_				
		or the six months e	ended June 30,20		
	Maximum	Ending		Interest	
	amount	balance		income	
Name	(NT\$)	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	
Cathay General Hospital	\$4,449,654	\$4,445,684	3.31%-3.44%	\$72,855	
	<u> </u>	: 			

	For the six months ended June 30,2007						
	Maximum	Ending		Interest			
	amount	balance		income			
Name	(US\$)	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)			
Cathay General							
Hospital	\$135,536	\$135,415	3.31%-3.44%	\$2,219			

e. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-beneficiary certificates

		e 30,		
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)
Cathay Securities				
Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	\$5,850,365	\$180,958	\$7,630,959	\$232,439

f. Property transactions

Transactions between Cathay Life and related parties are undertaking contracted projects, construction, and lease transactions. The terms of such transactions are based on market surveys and the contracts of both parties.

	For the six months ended June 30, 2006					
Name	Item	NT\$	US\$			
Lin Yuan Property						
Management	Taipei Royalty Building etc.	\$76,959	\$2,380			
	For the six months end	led June 30, 2007				
Name	Item	NT\$	US\$			
Lin Yuan Property						
Management	Cathay Building etc.	\$106,887	\$3,256			

The total amounts of contracted projects for real estate as of June 30, 2006 and 2007 between Cathay Life and San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd. were NT\$1,233,866 (US\$38,165) and NT\$22,567 (US\$687), respectively.

g. Real estates acquisition

Cathay Life did not acquire any real estates from its related parties in the first half year of 2007. Please refer to page 57 for the detail of real estate acquisition from related parties for the first half year of 2006.

h. Guarantee deposits paid

	June 30,				
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)	
Cathay Futures	\$668,050	\$20,663	\$345,322	\$10,518	

As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, the imputed interest income of guarantee deposits paid deposited in Cathay Futures were NT\$189 (US\$6) and NT\$78 (US\$2), respectively.

i. Rental income

	For the six months ended June 30,					
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	\$124,531	\$3,852	\$136,276	\$4,151		
j. Other payables						
J. Other payables	Fo	r the six montl	ns ended June 3	30		
			ns ended June 3	•		
Name Cathay Financial Holding	For 2006 (NT\$) \$1,530,763	r the six montl 2006 (US\$) \$47,348	ns ended June 3 2007 (NT\$) \$-	50, 2007 (US\$) \$-		

	For the six months ended June 30,					
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	\$206,174	\$6,377	\$222,268	\$6,770		
Other related parties	14,260	441	324,719	9,891		
Total	\$220,434	\$6,818	\$546,987	\$16,661		

1. Miscellaneous income

	For the six months ended June 30,				
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)	
Cathay Century	\$184,391	\$5,703	\$282,913	\$8,617	

The miscellaneous income primarily was cross-selling income received by Cathay Life.

m.Insurance expense

	For the six months ended June 30,					
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)		
Cathay Century	\$108,721	\$3,363	\$84,459	\$2,573		

The insurance expenses were insurance expenses for fixed assets, cash, public accident and etc. Amounts of NT\$4,794 (US\$148) and NT\$5,002 (US\$152) paid by Cathay Life on behalf the employees for fidelity bond insurance were included in insurance expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007.

n. Operating expense

	For the six months ended June 30,					
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	\$-	\$-	\$136,122	\$4,146		
Symphox Information	117,551	3,636	114,063	3,475		
Lin Yuan Property						
Management	351,605	10,875	302,562	9,216		
Total	\$469,156	\$14,511	\$552,747	\$16,837		

o. Other

As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, the notional amounts of the derivative financial instruments transactions with Cathay United Bank are listed below:

	June 30,			
Item	2006	2007		
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD\$284,789	USD\$1,324,364		
CCS contracts	USD\$793,168	USD\$1,473,439		
Financial debentures	-	USD\$6,092		

The above financial debentures were the debentures acquired by Cathay United Bank from the secondary market. The amount acquired in the first half year of 2007 was NT\$193,510 (US\$5,894).

In the first half year of 2007, Cathay Life had entered a credit assignment agreement with Cathay United Bank in an amount of NT\$344,055 (US\$10,480).

B. Cathay United Bank

a. Loans and deposits

For the six months ended June 30,								
2006				2007				
Ending B	alance	Interest revenu	ue (expense)	Ending B	alance	Interest revenue (expense)		
(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
\$1,950,000	\$60,315	\$14,282	\$442	\$2,120,000	\$64,575	\$20,063	\$611	
134,000	4,145	1,980	61	125,000	3,807	1,796	54	
336,969	10,423	4,586	142	288,969	8,802	3,832	117	
465,138	14,387	7,558	234	297,828	9,072	3,902	119	
\$2,886,107	\$89,270	\$28,406	\$879	\$2,831,797	\$86,256	\$29,593	\$901	
	(NT\$) \$1,950,000 134,000 336,969 465,138	Ending Balance (NT\$) (US\$) \$1,950,000 \$60,315 134,000 4,145 336,969 10,423 465,138 14,387	2006 Ending Balance Interest revenue (NT\$) (US\$) (NT\$) \$1,950,000 \$60,315 \$14,282 134,000 4,145 1,980 336,969 10,423 4,586 465,138 14,387 7,558	2006 Ending Balance Interest revenue (expense) (NT\$) (US\$) (NT\$) (US\$) \$1,950,000 \$60,315 \$14,282 \$442 134,000 4,145 1,980 61 336,969 10,423 4,586 142 465,138 14,387 7,558 234	2006 Ending Balance Interest revenue (expense) Ending Balance (NT\$) (US\$) (NT\$) (US\$) (NT\$) \$1,950,000 \$60,315 \$14,282 \$442 \$2,120,000 134,000 4,145 1,980 61 125,000 336,969 10,423 4,586 142 288,969 465,138 14,387 7,558 234 297,828	Ending Balance Interest revenue (expense) Ending Balance (NT\$) (US\$) (NT\$) (US\$) (NT\$) (US\$) \$1,950,000 \$60,315 \$14,282 \$442 \$2,120,000 \$64,575 134,000 4,145 1,980 61 125,000 3,807 336,969 10,423 4,586 142 288,969 8,802 465,138 14,387 7,558 234 297,828 9,072	Ending Balance Interest revenue (expense) Ending Balance Interest revenue (expense) (NT\$) (US\$) (NT\$) (US\$) (NT\$) (US\$) (NT\$) \$1,950,000 \$60,315 \$14,282 \$442 \$2,120,000 \$64,575 \$20,063 134,000 4,145 1,980 61 125,000 3,807 1,796 336,969 10,423 4,586 142 288,969 8,802 3,832 465,138 14,387 7,558 234 297,828 9,072 3,902	

	For the six months ended June 30,							
		20	06			20	07	
	Ending B	alance	Interest revenu	e (expense)	Ending B	alance	Interest revenue (expense)	
Account	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Deposits								
Cathay Life	\$4,288,789	\$132,657	\$(82,638)	\$(2,556)	\$5,578,377	\$169,917	\$(17,493)	\$(533)
Cathay								
Financial								
Holding	9,846,678	304,568	(72,873)	(2,254)	3,796,044	115,627	(91,376)	(2,783)
Cathay Futures	1,028,886	31,824	(6,129)	(190)	1,082,581	32,975	(7,277)	(222)
Cathay								
Securities	1,255,651	38,838	(9,801)	(303)	707,981	21,565	(7,098)	(216)
Cathay Century	596,174	18,440	(3,121)	(96)	642,296	19,564	(4,809)	(146)
Cathay Pacific								
Venture	387,656	11,991	(1,830)	(57)	228,648	6,965	(2,975)	(91)

					For th	e six month	s ended June 30,				
			20	006			-	2007			
		Ending Ba	alance	Interest re	venue (expense)	Ending Ba	alance	Interest revenu		
Account	(N	T\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)		(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Cathay											
Securities											
Investment											
Trust Co.,											
Ltd.	2	262,163	8,109	(2,308	3)	(71)	375,474	11,437	(4,184)	(127)	
Cathay Real											
Estate											
Development											
Co., Ltd.	1,6	542,049	50,790	(22	2)	(1)	72,636	2,213	(99)	(3)	
Other related											
parties	3,5	82,607	110,814	(25,693	3)	(795)	2,512,861	76,542	(21,007)	(640)	
Total	\$22,8	390,653	\$708,031	\$(204,415	5)	\$(6,323)	\$14,996,898	\$456,805	\$(156,318)	\$(4,761)	
				For the	six me	onths ende	d June 30, 2006				
		Maxii	num amount	End	ding ba	alance		Interest	revenue		
Name		(NT\$)	(US\$)) (NTS	5)	(US\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Call loans to ba	nks										
Indovina Baı	ık	\$768,54	\$23,7	72 \$617,	567	\$19,102	4.38%-7.80%	\$13,842	\$428		
Due from											
Commercial											
Banks Indov	ina										
Bank		\$100,58	38 \$3,1	11 \$6,3	370	\$197	0.50%-2.16%	\$33	\$1		
					=				=======================================		
				For the	six m	onths ende	d June 30, 2007				
		Mayir	num amount		ding ba		a sunc 30, 2007	Interest reve	enue (expense)		
Name		(NT\$)				(US\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Call loans to ba	nlee	(1114)	(034)	(111)	ν <i>)</i> _	(034)	Rate	(1 (1 φ)	(034)		
Indovina Bank	IIKS	¢2.67.42	04 60 1	46 ¢150/	306	¢4 921	5 100/ 7 700/	¢1 (51	¢50		
		\$267,43	84 \$8,14	46 \$158,2	280	\$4,821	5.10%-7.70%	\$1,651	\$50		
Due from											
Commercial											
Banks			_			±.	0.50::-				
Indovina Bank		\$200,19	97 \$6,09	98 \$5,3	376	\$164	0.50%-2.16%	\$48	\$1		
Call loans from banks											
Indovina Bank		\$372,13	34 \$11,33	25	\$-	\$-	4.50%-8.70%	\$(500)	\$ (15)		

Transactions terms with related parties are similar to those with third parties.

b. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase

	June 30,					
		Ending balance				
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)		
Wan Pao Development						
Co., Ltd.	\$2,038,908	\$63,066	\$4,203,527	\$128,039		
Other related parties	941,498	29,121	820,917	25,005		
Total	\$2,980,406	\$92,187	\$5,024,444	\$153,044		
	Fo	or the six month	ns ended June 3	30,		
		Interest	expense			
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)		
Wan Pao Development						
Co., Ltd.	\$(26,228)	\$(811)	\$(24,368)	\$(742)		
Other related parties	(5,784)	(179)	(7,696)	(235)		
Total	\$(32,012)	\$(990)	\$(32,064)	\$(977)		
c. Notes receivable		June	e 30,			
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)		
Cathay Real Estate						
Development Co., Ltd.	\$3,180,000	\$98,361	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>		
d. Receivables						
		June	e 30,			
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)		
Cathay Financial Holding	\$1,387,683	\$42,922	\$638,005	\$19,434		
e. Other receivables						
	June 30,					
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)		
Indovina Bank	\$108,758	\$3,364	\$98,520	\$3,001		

f. Payables

	June 30,							
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)				
Cathay Financial Holding	\$-	\$-	\$109,660	\$3,340				
g. Rental expense								
	Fo	or the six month	ns ended June 3	30,				
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)				
Cathay Life	\$123,672	\$3,825	\$136,276	\$4,151				
h. Commission revenue								
	For the six months ended June 30,							
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)				
Cathay Life	\$2,485	\$77	\$136,122	\$4,146				
i. Accrued insurance expe	ense							
	Ea	un tha aire mantl	ns and ad Ivna	20				
N			ns ended June 3					
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)				
Cathay Life	\$107,151	\$3,314	\$222,268	\$6,770				
: Cananal aymanaa								
j. General expense								
	Fo	or the six montl	ns ended June 3	30.				
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)				
Seaward Card	\$236,262	\$7,308	\$169,797	\$5,172				
Symphox Information	88,346	2,732	234,674	7,148				
Total	\$324,608	\$10,040	\$404,471	\$12,320				
= +		=======================================						

k. Other

(a) Cathay United Bank entered into a contract with San Ching Engineering Corp. to build the Nei-hu Financial Building and North Taoyuan Branch totaling NT\$1,411,880 (US\$43,671), in 2006. The Bank paid the amount of NT\$259,042 (US\$7,890) during the six-month period ended June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the accumulated paid amount was NT\$349,592 (US\$10,649).

- (b) Cathay United Bank enters into a contract with Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. to transferring credit facilities. The transferring loan amount was NT\$344,050 (US\$10,480) during the six-month period ended June 30, 2007.
- (c) Cathay United Bank entered into a contract with Taipei Smart Card Corp. for issuing Easy co-branded card. The contract lasts for three years starting 2006 and the royalty was paid amounted to NT\$103,125 (US\$3,190) (amortized NT\$2,865 (US\$87) per month) in January, 2006.
- (d) The Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. held the dominant financial debenture with notional amounts of NT\$200,000 (US\$6,092) which issued by Cathay United in 2003.
- (e) For organization restructuring, Cathay United Bank's board of directors resolved to sell its 64,994 thousand shares of Cathay Futures Corp. to Cathay Securities Corp. on February 10, 2006. The carrying value on the date when the transaction occurred was NT\$736,454 (US\$22,779) and net selling price was NT\$708,275 (US\$21,908) (the security transaction cost NT\$2,132 (US\$66) was deducted). The loss from the transaction was NT\$28,179 (US\$872) classified as the loss from disposal of the investment recognized by equity method.
- (f) For prospective operation and concentration on banking development, the board of directors resolved to sell out the stocks of Seaward Leasing Ltd. to the Cathay Real Estate Development for the amount of NT3,180,000 (US\$98,361) on June 30, 2006, with NT\$15.9 (US\$0.49) per share. The gain from disposal of the investment recognized by the equity method was NT\$1,323,466 (US\$40,936), with selling price NT\$3,170,460 (US\$98,066) (securities transaction cost NT\$9,540 (US\$295) was deducted) minus the carrying value NT\$1,846,994 (US\$57,129).

C. Cathay Century

a. Cash in banks

		For the six	e 30, 2006	
		Ending balance		Interest income
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Interest rate	(NT\$)
Cathay United Bank	Cash in banks	\$287,670	0.00%-0.10%	\$96
	Time deposits	290,155	1.72%-2.02%	3,271
Total		\$577,825		\$3,367

		For	the six	months ended Jur	ne 30, 2006	
		Ending bal	lance		Interest income	
Name	Item	(US\$)		Interest rate	(US\$)	
Cathay United Bank	Cash in banks	\$8,	898	0.00%-0.10%	\$3	
	Time deposits	8,	975	1.72%-2.02%	101	
Total		\$17,	873		\$104	
		For	the six	months ended Jur	ne 30, 2007	
		Ending bal	lance		Interest income	
Name	Item	(NT\$))	Interest rate	(NT\$)	
Cathay United Bank	Cash in banks	\$255,	846	0.00%-0.10%	\$130	
	Time deposits	386,	450	2.09%-2.21%	4,679	
Total		\$642,	296		\$4,809	
		For	the six	months ended Jur	ne 30, 2007	
		Ending bal	lance		Interest income	
Name	Item	(US\$)		Interest rate	(US\$)	
Cathay United Bank	Cash in banks	\$7,	793	0.00%-0.10%	\$4	
	Time deposits	11,	771	2.09%-2.21%	142	
Total		\$19,	564		\$146	
b. Financial assets a	at fair value throug	h profit or		·	ficates	
N	2006 (217	7 Φ\ 200 6		ne 30,	2007 (Hgh)	
Name	2006 (NT	2006	(US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)	
Cathay Securities Investment Trust C	'o					
Ltd.	\$82,270) \$2	2,545	\$154,376	\$4,702	
c. Accrued marketi	ng expense			_		
		June 30,				
Name	2006 (NT	T\$) 2006	(US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)	
Cathay Life	\$157,972	2 \$4	,886	\$260,490	\$7,935	

d. Other payables

		Jun	e 30,				
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)			
Cathay Financial Holding	\$122,498	\$3,789	\$136,475	\$4,157			
e. Premiums income				20			
	F0	or the six mont	ths ended June	30,			
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)			
Cathay Life	\$108,721	\$3,363	\$84,459	\$2,573			
f. Operating expense For the six months ended June 30,							
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)			
Cathay Life	\$323,128	\$9,995	\$282,913	\$8,618			

g. Other

As of June 30, 2006 and 2007 the nominal amount of the derivative financial instruments transactions with Cathay United Bank are listed below:

	For the six months ended June 30,		
Item	2006	2007	
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD\$1,300	USD\$21,054	
CS contracts	USD\$57,150	USD\$34,550	

D. Cathay Securities

a. Cash in bank

	For the six months ended June 30, 2006				
	Ending balance		Interest income		
Item	(NT\$)	Interest rate	(NT\$)		
Cash in banks	\$19,964	0.10%	\$63		
Negotiable					
certificates of					
deposit	1,220,000	1.43%-1.57%	10,010		
	\$1,239,964		\$10,073		
	Cash in banks Negotiable certificates of	Item (NT\$) Cash in banks \$19,964 Negotiable certificates of deposit 1,220,000	Ending balanceItem(NT\$)Interest rateCash in banks\$19,9640.10%Negotiable certificates of deposit1,220,0001.43%-1.57%		

		For the six	ine 30, 2006	
		Ending balance		Interest income
Name	Item	(US\$)	Interest rate	(US\$)
Cathay United Bank	Cash in banks	\$617	0.10%	\$2
	Negotiable			
	certificates of			
	deposit	37,736	1.43%-1.57%	310
		\$38,353		\$312
		For the six	months ended Ju	ine 30, 2007
		Ending balance		Interest income
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Interest rate	(NT\$)
Cathay United Bank	Cash in banks	\$115,601	0.10%-2.35%	\$42
	Negotiable			
	certificates of			
	deposit	560,000	1.50%-1.53%	6,806
	Time deposits	10,000	1.39%-1.76%	250
		\$685,601		\$7,098
		For the six	months ended Ju	ine 30, 2007
		Ending balance		Interest income
Name	Item	(US\$)	Interest rate	(US\$)
Cathay United Bank	Cash in banks	\$3,521	0.10%-2.35%	\$1
	Negotiable			
	certificates of			
	deposit	17,057	1.50%-1.53%	207
	Time deposits	305	1.39%-1.76%	8
		\$20,883		\$216

As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, except for NT\$900,000 (US\$27,838) and NT\$300,000 (US\$9,138) pledged as collaterals for the over-loaning of settlement accounts and recognized under restricted assets, the remaining negotiable certificates of deposit have not been pledged as collaterals.

b. Open-end funds and currency market instruments

\$407

\$12

	June 30,						
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)			
Cathay Securities							
Investment Trust Co., Ltd.							
- Cathay Bond Fund	\$287,243	\$8,885	\$10,391	\$317			

c. Clearing and settlement fees, dealing handling fee expense and margin for futures trading – own funds

	For the six months ended June 30, 2006							
	Clearing and settlement fees		Dealing handling fee		Accounts payable		Margin for futures trading – own funds	
	Settleffic	settlement lees		expense		ible	trading – Own funds	
Name	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Cathay Futures	\$251	\$8	\$270	\$8	\$63	\$2	\$303,830	\$9,398
	For the six months ended June 30, 2007							
	Clearin	Clearing and Dealing handling			Accounts		Margin fo	r futures
	settleme	settlement fees		expense		able	trading – own funds	
Name	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$

\$17

\$124

\$4

\$313,077

\$9,536

E. Cathay Pacific Venture

Cathay Futures

a. Cash in bank

		For the six months ended June 30, 2006				
		Ending balance	Interest income			
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)		
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$383,084	1.09%-1.57%	\$1,914		
	Cash in bank	4,573	0.10%	2		
	Total	\$387,657		\$1,916		

\$574

For the six months ended June 30, 2006				
		Ending balance	;	Interest income
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)
Cathay United Ban	k Time deposits	\$11,849	1.09%-1.57%	\$59
	Cash in bank	142	0.10%	-
	Total	\$11,991	_	\$59
		For the	six months ended Ju	ine 30, 2007
		Ending balance	:	Interest income
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)
Cathay United Ban	ik Time deposits	-	1.28%-1.49%	\$2,968
•	Cash in bank	3,425	0.10%	7
	Total	\$228,648	_	\$2,975
				
		For the	six months ended Ju	ine 30, 2007
		Ending balance	;	Interest incom
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)
Cathay United Bank Time deposit		\$6,860	1.28%-1.49%	\$91
	Cash in bank	105	0.10%	
	Total	\$6,965	<u></u>	\$91
Seaward Leasing				
a. Cash in banks	3			
		For the six n	nonths ended June	30, 2006
		Ending balance		Interest income
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)
Cathay United				
Bank	Cash in bank	\$109,080	0.00%-0.10%	\$15
		For the six n	nonths ended June	30, 2006
		Ending balance		Interest income
	_		-	
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)

Cash in bank

\$3,374

0.00% - 0.10%

\$-

Bank

b. Short-term debts

		For the six months ended June 30, 2006					
	Maximum	Ending		Interest			
Name	amount (NT\$)	balance (NT\$)	Rate	expense			
Cathay United Bank	\$1,950,000	\$1,950,000	1.48%	\$14,042			
		For the six months ended June 30, 2006					
	Maximum	Ending		Interest			
Name	amount (US\$)	balance (US\$)	Rate	expense			
Cathay United Bank	\$60,315	\$60,315	1.48%	\$434			

The financial statement of Seaward Leasing are not included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company as June 30, 2007 Accordingly, disclosures of related party information for Seaward leasing as June 30, 2007 were not required.

G. Indovina Bank

a. Call Loans to Banks

	For the six months ended June 30, 2006					
	Ending Ending Interest		Interest	Interest		
Name	balance (NT\$)	balance (US\$)	expense (NT\$)	expense (US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	\$617,567	\$19,102	\$15,498	\$479		
Industrial and Commercial						
Bank of Vietnam						
Total	\$617,567	\$19,102	\$15,498	\$479		
	Fo	or the six months	ended June 30, 20	07		
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest		
Name	balance (NT\$)	balance (US\$)	expense (NT\$)	expense (US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	\$158,286	\$4,821	\$1,651	\$50		
Industrial and Commercial						
Bank of Vietnam	101,792	3,101	1,211	37		
Total	\$260,078	\$7,922	\$2,862	\$87		

b. Dividends Payable

	June 30,					
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	\$108,758	\$3,364	\$98,520	\$3,001		
c. Call loans from banks						
	Fo	or the six months	ended June 30, 20	006		
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest		
Name	balance (NT\$)	balance (US\$)	expense (NT\$)	expense (US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	\$6,370	\$197	\$33	\$1		
	Fo	or the six months	ended June 30, 20	007		
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest		
Name	balance (NT\$)	balance (US\$)	expense (NT\$)	expense (US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	\$5,376	\$164	\$48	\$1		
d. Call loans to banks						
	Fo	or the six months	ended June 30, 20	006		
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest		
Name	balance (NT\$)	balance (US\$)	expense (NT\$)	expense (US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-		
	Fo	or the six months	ended June 30, 20	007		
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest		
Name	balance (NT\$)	balance (US\$)	expense (NT\$)	expense (US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	\$-	\$-	\$500	\$15		

H. Cathay Futures

a. Cash in bank

		For the six months ended June 30, 2006				
		Ending balance		Interest income		
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)		
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$260,000	1.09%-2.10%	\$1,340		
	Cash in bank	19,684	0.00%-1.20%	69		
	Total	\$279,684		\$1,409		

		F	For the six	months end	led Jur	ne 30, 200	6
		Ending	balance			Interest	income
Name	Item	(US	S\$)	Rate		(U	S\$)
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	;	\$8,042	1.09%-2.	10%		\$42
	Cash in bank		609	0.00%-1.	20%		2
	Total		\$8,651				\$44
		F	For the six	months end	led Jur	ne 30, 200	7
		Ending					income
Name	Item	(NT		Rate		(N'	T\$)
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$2	75,000	1.34%-2.	21%		\$1,737
•	Cash in bank		9,574	0.00%-2	35%		9
	Total	\$23	84,574				\$1,746
		F	For the six	months end	led Jur	ne 30, 200	7
		Ending					income
Name	Item	(US\$)		Rate	Rate (US\$)		S\$)
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits		\$8,376	1.34%-2.21%		\$53	
•	Cash in bank		292	0.00%-2	0.00%-2.35%		-
	Total	:	\$8,668				\$53
b. Customer's marg	gin accounts			June 30,			
		2006				2007	
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	Rate	(NT	(\$)	(US\$)	Rate
Cathay United Bank	\$748,936	\$23,165	0.01%-2.1	\$797,	.877	\$24,303	0.02%-2.359
c. Futures custome	rs' equity						
			Jı	ine 30,			
Name	2006 (N'	Τ\$) 20	006 (US\$)	2007 (1	NT\$)	2007 ((US\$)
Tallic						<u> </u>	
Cathay Life	\$668,0	050	\$20,663	\$345	5,322	\$10),519

\$971,880

\$30,061

\$658,399

\$20,055

Total

I. Cathay Life (Shanghai)

Insurance income

	For the six months ended June 30,				
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)	
China Eastern Airlines Co.,					
Ltd.	\$163,726	\$5,064	\$103,769	\$3,161	

J. Symphox Information

Sales Revenue

		For the six months ended June 30,			
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)	
Cathay United Bank	\$127,633	\$3,948	\$157,889	\$4,809	

K. Cathay Venture Capital

Available-for-sale financial assets

	June 30,				
Name	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)	
Cathay Securities					
Investment Trust Co.,					
Ltd.	\$699,483	\$21,636	\$245,845	\$7,488	

L. Lucky Bank

a. Loans and deposits

	June 30, 2006					
	Interest revenue (expense)					
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Loans	\$135,107	\$4,179	\$1,909	\$59		
Deposits	\$1,510,509	\$46,722	\$(12,575)	\$(389)		

Transactions terms with related parties are similar to those with third parties.

b. Call loans to banks

		June 30, 2006				
Name	Ending b	alance	Interest expense			
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	\$1,500,000	\$46,397	\$153	\$5		

26. Pledged assets

As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, the Company and Subsidiaries' pledged assets are summarized below:

		Carrying amount			
Item	Guarantee purpose	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)
Time deposits	Correspondent deposit,				
	collateral for the				
	over-loaning of				
	settlement accounts,				
	Loan, others financial				
	or leasing	\$8,817,364	\$272,730	\$516,060	\$15,719
Guarantee deposits paid	Government bonds	8,479,286	262,273	9,113,430	277,595
Financial assets at fair value	Business reserves and				
through profit or loss	guarantees	185,740	5,745	124,902	3,805
Available-for-sale financial	Business reserves and				
assets	guarantees	266,738	8,251	966,964	29,454
Held-to-maturity financial	Business reserves and				
assets	guarantees	2,294,365	70,967	1,544,930	47,058
Investments in debt securities	Business reserves and				
with no active market	guarantees	7,830,000	242,190	15,000,000	456,899
		\$27,873,493	\$862,156	\$27,266,286	\$830,530

27. Commitment and contingent liabilities

(1) Cathay United Bank

- A. On January 1, 2004, Pacific SOGO issued its own SOGO membership card, which Cathay United Bank believes constituted a breach of Pacific SOGO's co-branded card contract with Cathay United Bank. Cathay United Bank has filed a motion of injunction against certain of Pacific SOGO's properties and the issuance of its own membership cards. About provisional measures, the Taipei District Court adjudged that Cathay United Bank in favor of the lawsuit on September 30, 2006. However, Pacific SOGO appealed and the appeal is being reviewed by the High Court. Furthermore, Cathay United Bank also filed an incidental civil procedures and claim, which is being review by the Taipei District Court, against Pacific SOGO. Then the Taipei District Court issued a judgment favoring Cathay United Bank on October, 2006, ordering Pacific SOGO to pay the punitive damages of NT\$400,000 (US\$12,372). Pacific SOGO appealed such order and the appeal is being reviewed by the High Court.
- B. As of June 30, 2007, Cathay United Bank had entered into certain contracts to purchase premises and equipments totaling NT\$2,870,672 (US\$87,441) with prepayments of NT\$1,338,423 (US\$40,768).

(2) Cathay Century

Cathay Century and Itanara Import Export Company have a dispute on cargo insurance benefits. The Itanara filed a lawsuit against Cathay Century and claimed for US\$773 with related notarization expenses. The Taiwan Taipei District Court ruled in favor of Itanara in the lawsuit except the notarization expenses. Cathay Century appealed to the higher court and the lawsuit is still in progress.

(3) Cathay Futures

A. The ex-employees of Cathay Futures took a civil action of the dismiss legally paying with NT\$487 (US\$15) on March, 2007.

As of the date of this report, Court issued a judgment favoring Cathay Futures.

B. The building of management committee of original business address took a civil action of the park paying with NT\$966 (US\$29). As of the date of this report, the case is still in progress by District Court.

(4) As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, the bank subsidiaries had the following commitments and contingent liabilities, which were not reflected in the financial statements:

	June 30,				
	2006 (NT\$)	2006 (US\$)	2007 (NT\$)	2007 (US\$)	
Trust and security held for safekeeping	\$269,948,119	\$8,349,772	\$277,934,034	\$8,465,855	
Travelers checks for sale	831,163	25,709	670,507	20,424	
Bills for collection	58,180,410	1,799,580	46,189,380	1,406,926	
Guarantees on duties and contracts	14,981,939	463,407	17,431,844	530,973	
Unused commercial letters of credit	3,952,747	122,263	4,268,673	130,024	
Irrevocable loan commitments	38,865,888	1,202,162	33,314,917	1,014,771	
Credit card lines commitments	281,650,598	8,711,741	281,247,456	8,566,782	
Stamp tax, securities and memorial					
currency consignments	1,727	53	1,727	53	
Book-entry for government bonds and					
depository for short-term marketable					
securities under management	-	-	337,968,700	10,294,508	

(5) According to the effective operating leases agreement, rentals for the next five years are as follows:

Periods	NT\$	US\$
July 1, 2007~June 30, 2008	\$667,573	\$20,334
July 1, 2008~June 30, 2012	2,081,981	63,417
Total	\$2,749,554	\$83,751

28. Significant disaster losses: None.

29. Subsequent events: None.

30. Other significant matters

(1) Pension related information

According to the ROC SFAS No. 23 "Interim Financial Reporting and Disclosures", the interim financial statements are not required to follow the principles outlined in the ROC SFAS No. 18 "Accounting for Pensions".

(2) Financial instruments related information

A. The Company

a. Information of fair value

	June 30, 2006				
	(NT	\$)	(US\$)		
Item	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$26,220,431	\$26,220,431	\$811,025	\$811,025	
Receivables	2,300,555	2,300,555	71,159	71,159	
Long-term investments in stocks					
under the equity method	188,754,101	188,754,101	5,838,358	5,838,358	
Other financial assets	31,720	31,720	981	981	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Payables	15,391,209	15,391,209	476,066	476,066	
Bonds payable	11,172,574	11,172,574	345,579	345,579	
Derivative financial instruments					
<u>Liabilities</u>					
CCS, option	1,495,446	1,495,446	46,256	46,256	
		June 3	0, 2007		
	(NT	\$)	(US\$)		
Item	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$24,114,697	\$24,114,697	\$734,532	\$734,532	
Receivables	1,529,451	1,529,451	46,587	46,587	
Long-term investments in stocks					
under the equity method	215,954,606	215,954,606	6,577,965	6,577,965	
Other financial assets	31,720	31,720	966	966	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Payables	15,348,449	15,348,449	467,513	467,513	
Derivative financial instruments					
<u>Liabilities</u>					
CCS, option	1,009,083	1,009,083	30,737	30,737	

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values of the financial instruments are as follows:
 - (a) The fair value of the Company's short-term financial instruments is based on the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. The method is applied to cash and cash equivalents, receivables payables and other financial assets.
 - (b) The fair value of derivative and bonds payable was recognized by the present value of anticipate cash flow.
- c. The fair value of the Company's financial assets or liabilities determined by quoted market price or pricing models are summarized as following:

_	June 30, 2006						
	Based on the	he quoted	Based on pricing				
_	market	price	model	ls			
Financial instruments	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Non-derivative financial instruments							
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$-	\$-	\$26,220,431	\$811,025			
Receivables	-	-	2,300,555	71,159			
Long-term investments in stocks under the							
equity method	-	-	188,754,101	5,838,358			
Other financial assets	-	-	31,720	981			
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Payables	-	-	15,391,209	476,066			
Bonds payable	-	-	11,172,574	345,579			
Derivative financial instruments							
<u>Liabilities</u>							
CCS, option	-	-	1,495,446	46,256			

_	June 30, 2007					
	Based on the	he quoted	Based on pricing			
_	market	price	mode	ls		
Financial instruments	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$-	\$-	\$24,114,697	\$734,532		
Receivables	-	-	1,529,451	46,587		
Long-term investments in stocks under the						
equity method	-	-	215,954,606	6,577,965		
Other financial assets	-	-	31,720	966		
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Payables	-	-	15,348,449	467,513		
Derivative financial instruments						
<u>Liabilities</u>						
CCS, option	-	-	1,009,083	30,737		

Note: The derivative financial instruments of the Company were valued using Discount Cash flow Model and Black-Scholes Model.

d. Information on financial risks

(a) Risk of interest rate

The following table summarizes the maturities of the Company's financial instruments at June 30, 2006 and 2007:

Fixed interest rate

<u>.</u>		June 30, 2006						
-	Less than	one year	Due in 1-	-2 year	Due in 2~3	year	Due in 3	3~4 year
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial liabilities at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,495,446	\$46,256
		June 30, 2006						
		Due in 4~5 year O			Over 5 year		Total	
Item		NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(N	NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial liabilities at fair value th	rough							
profit or loss		\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,49	5,446	\$46,256

Less than one year

June 30, 2007

Due in 2~3 year

Due in 3~4 year

Due in 1~2 year

Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial liabilities at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,009,083	\$30,737	\$-	\$-
				Jun	e 30, 2007			
	_	Due in 4~5	year		Over 5 years		Total	
Item		(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(USS	\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial liabilities at fair value	through							
profit or loss		\$-	\$-	\$-	-	\$- \$1,0	009,083	\$30,737
Floating intere	st rate							
				June 30	, 2006			
	Less tha	n one year	Due in 1	~2 year	Due in 2	~3 year	Due in 3	3~4 year
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial liabilities at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,495,446	\$46,256
				Jur	ne 30, 2006			
		Due in 4~5	year	C	Over 5 years		Total	
Item		(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$) (NT\$)		(NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial liabilities at fair value	through							
profit or loss		\$-	\$-	\$-		\$- \$1,4	195,446	\$46,256
	T 4b-		Due in 1	June 30	Due in 2	2	Dec. in (2. 4
Item	(NT\$)	n one year (US\$)	Due in 1- (NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	Due in 3	(US\$)
Financial liabilities at fair value	(1114)	(054)	(111ψ)	(034)	(1(1φ)	(054)	(141Φ)	(054)
through profit or loss	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,009,083	\$30,737	\$-	\$-
					ne 30, 2007			
_		Due in 4~5			Over 5 years		Total	
Item		(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$	5)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial liabilities at fair value	through							
profit or loss		\$-	\$-	\$-		\$- \$1,0	009,083	\$30,737

The interest rate of floating interest rate financial instrument is repriced within a year. The interest rate of fixed interest rate financial instrument is fixed until the due date. Financial instruments excluded from the tables above due to absence of interest risk are financial instruments with no interest.

(b) Credit risk

The Company's exposure to credit risk is minimal.

e. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's financial assets primarily consist of cash and cash equivalents, short-term notes and domestic common stocks.

The Company enters into derivative transactions such as foreign currency options and cross currency swaps to protect against the risks of interest rate and exchange rate from investment activities.

The primary risks involved in these derivative transactions are market risk, credit risk, operational risk and liquidity risk. In addition to the risk management policies and guidance, the Company also establishes risk management systems such as the VaR model, the credit evaluation model, the integrated appraisal and collection and the concentration management systems to monitoring and managing the Company's risks.

Market Risk

Market risk is the exposure to uncertain market value of a portfolio, including interest rate risk, stock value risk and exchange rate risk, etc... The Company conducts analysis and assessments of the investment targets before any investment decisions are made. In addition, VaR model in connection with atmosphere simulation methods, stress test methods, Position Limit, VaR Limit and Loss Limit are used to effectively manage the market risk of the Company's financial assets.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to a counterparty defaulting on a contract. An internal credit risk evaluation model for investments in financial instruments is also created based on external credit assessments and various characteristics of financial instruments. The Company also monitors the credit risk level of the investment targets, issuers or counterparties by evaluating the credit concentration of the investments or counterparties.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss due to inadequate or failed internal controls, employee fraud or misconduct and management negligence. To mitigate the operational risk, the Company has adopted and implemented the internal control regulations and sheets. The Company is also commenced to develop the information systems to accommodate the aforementioned policies.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk stemming from the lack of marketability of an investment that can not be bought or sold quickly enough to prevent or minimize a loss. The Company primarily has sought to achieve the flexible cash flow and stable liquidity by utilizing the deposits in financial institutions and short-term notes (includes repurchase agreement). In pursuit of these goals, the Company also conducts analysis of assets allocation, liquid asset ratio and cash flows to ensure the effectiveness and timeliness of managing liquidity risk.

B. Cathay Life

a. Information of fair value

	June 30, 2006					
_	(N	Γ\$)	(US\$)			
	Carrying		Carrying			
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$278,940,934	\$278,940,934	\$8,627,929	\$8,627,929		
Notes receivable	9,380,157	9,380,157	290,138	290,138		
Financial assets at fair value through profit						
or loss - current	113,655,799	113,655,799	3,515,490	3,515,490		
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	84,926,091	84,926,091	2,626,851	2,626,851		
Held-to-maturity financial assets - current	16,838,141	16,841,404	520,821	520,922		
Investments in debt securities with no active						
market - current	2,875,399	2,875,399	88,939	88,939		
Available-for-sale financial assets -	136,104,172	136,104,172	4,209,842	4,209,842		
noncurrent	130,104,172	130,104,172	4,209,642	4,209,642		

June 30, 2006

_	June 30, 2006				
	(NT	Γ\$)	(US\$)		
	Carrying		Carrying		
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
<u>Assets</u>					
Held-to-maturity financial assets -					
noncurrent	512,429,815	490,096,770	15,849,979	15,159,195	
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	20,159,255	20,159,255	623,546	623,546	
Investments in debt securities with no active					
market - noncurrent	42,802,550	41,443,364	1,323,927	1,281,886	
Long-term investments in stocks under the					
equity method	4,181,686	4,181,686	129,344	129,344	
Guarantee deposits paid	8,212,992	8,212,992	254,036	254,036	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Notes payable	15,680	15,680	485	485	
Guarantee deposits received	1,562,848	1,562,848	48,340	48,340	
<u>Derivative financial instruments</u>					
<u>Assets</u>					
Financial assets at fair value through profit					
or loss - current					
Futures	3,689,208	3,689,208	114,111	114,111	
Option	875	875	27	27	
Forward	4,672,455	4,672,455	144,524	144,524	
IRS	158,565	158,565	4,905	4,905	
Derivative financial assets for hedging -					
current					
IRS	326,925	326,925	10,112	10,112	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Financial liabilities at fair value through					
profit or loss - current					
Option	381	381	12	12	
Forward	16,324,495	16,324,495	504,933	504,933	
IRS	880,621	880,621	27,238	27,238	
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging					
- current					
IRS	22,695	22,695	702	702	

	June 30, 2007					
	(N'	Γ\$)	(US	(US\$)		
	Carrying		Carrying			
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$208,693,950	\$208,693,950	\$6,356,806	\$6,356,806		
Notes receivable	9,427,652	9,427,652	287,166	287,166		
Financial assets at fair value through profit						
or loss - current	92,314,258	92,314,258	2,811,887	2,811,887		
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	208,231,727	208,231,727	6,342,727	6,342,727		
Held-to-maturity financial assets - current	8,929,280	8,929,280	271,985	271,985		
Investments in debt securities with no active						
market - current	5,784,912	5,786,617	176,208	176,260		
Available-for-sale financial assets -						
noncurrent	193,994,896	193,994,896	5,909,074	5,909,074		
Held-to-maturity financial assets -						
noncurrent	551,699,219	551,699,219	16,804,728	16,804,728		
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	19,665,955	19,665,955	599,024	599,024		
Investments in debt securities with no active						
market - noncurrent	47,303,121	45,860,765	1,440,850	1,396,916		
Long-term investments in stocks under the						
equity method	4,139,018	4,139,018	126,074	126,074		
Guarantee deposits paid	8,283,705	8,283,705	252,321	252,321		
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Notes payable	3,429	3,429	105	105		
Guarantee deposits received	1,435,917	1,435,917	43,738	43,738		
Derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Financial assets at fair value through profit						
or loss - current						
Futures	1,657,439	1,657,439	50,486	50,486		
Option	152,898	152,898	4,657	4,657		
Forward	16,759,752	16,759,752	510,501	510,501		
IRS	283,526	283,526	8,636	8,636		
Derivative financial assets for hedging -						
current						
IRS	193,039	193,039	5,880	5,880		

	June 30, 2007					
	(NT	(\$)	(US\$)			
	Carrying		Carrying			
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value		
Derivative financial instruments						
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Financial liabilities at fair value through						
profit or loss - current						
Option	\$3,537	\$3,537	\$108	\$108		
Forward	15,655,928	15,655,928	476,878	476,878		
IRS	102,391	102,391	3,119	3,119		
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging -						
current						
IRS	107,267	107,267	3,268	3,268		

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values of the financial instruments are as follows:
 - (a) The fair value of Cathay Life's cash, cash equivalents, receivables and payables is based on the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments.
 - (b) The fair value of the guarantee deposits paid and guarantee deposits received is based on the carrying amount.
 - (c) Quoted market price, if available, are utilized as estimates of the fair value of financial instruments. If no quoted market prices exist for Cathay Life's held-to-maturity financial assets, the fair value of financial assets has been derived based on pricing models. A pricing model incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price. Cathay Life uses discount rates equal to the prevailing rates of return for financial instruments with similar characteristics. The characteristics involve debtor's credit standing, residual period of contracted fixed interest rates, residual period of principal repayment and currency of payment.
 - (d) The fair value of Cathay Life's current and noncurrent financial asset or liabilities was based on market prices at the reporting date if market prices are not available. When market prices are not available, the fair value was based on relevant financial or any other information.

c. The following table summarizes the fair value information of Cathay Life's financial assets and liabilities at June 30, 2006 and 2007:

	June 30,2006					
	Based on the quote	ed market price	Based on pricing models			
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
<u>Assets</u>						
Financial assets at fair value through profit and						
loss - current	\$107,542,178	\$3,326,390	\$6,113,621	\$189,100		
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	84,922,322	2,626,734	3,769	117		
Held-to-maturity financial assets - current	12,052,090	372,784	4,789,314	148,138		
Investment in debt securities with no active						
market - current	-	-	2,875,399	88,939		
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	110,301,306	3,411,733	25,802,866	798,109		
Held-to-maturity financial assets - noncurrent	72,181,695	2,232,654	417,915,075	12,926,541		
Financial assets curried at cost - noncurrent	-	-	20,159,255	623,546		
Investment in debt securities with no active						
market - noncurrent	-	-	41,443,364	1,281,886		
Long-term investments in stocks under the						
equity method	-	-	4,181,686	129,344		
Derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Financial assets at fair value through profit and						
loss - current						
Futures	3,689,208	114,111	-	-		
Option	875	27	-	-		
Forward	-	-	4,672,455	144,524		
IRS	-	-	158,565	4,905		
Derivative financial assets for hedging - current						
IRS	-	-	326,925	10,112		
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit						
and loss - current						
Option	381	12	-	-		
Forward	-	-	16,324,495	504,933		
IRS	-	-	880,621	27,238		
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging -						
current						
IRS	-	-	22,695	702		

		June 30	, 2007	
	Based on the quote	ed market price	Based on pric	ing models
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
loss - current	\$81,087,878	\$2,469,932	\$11,226,380	\$341,955
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	208,230,673	6,342,695	1,054	32
Held-to-maturity financial assets - current	8,556,353	260,626	352,629	10,741
Investments in debt securities with no active				
market - current	-	-	5,786,617	176,260
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	184,962,384	5,633,944	9,032,512	275,130
Held-to-maturity financial assets - noncurrent	95,081,910	2,896,190	434,810,210	13,244,295
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	-	-	19,665,955	599,024
Investment in debt securities with no active				
market - noncurrent	-	-	45,860,765	1,396,916
Long-term investments in stocks under the				
equity method	-	-	4,139,018	126,074
Derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
loss - current				
Futures	1,657,439	50,486	-	-
Option	2,728	83	150,170	4,574
Forward	-	-	16,759,752	510,501
IRS	-	-	283,526	8,636
Derivative financial assets for hedging - current				
IRS	-	-	193,039	5,880
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or				
loss - current				
Option	3,537	108	-	-
Forward	-	-	15,655,928	476,878
IRS	-	-	102,931	3,135
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging -				
current				
IRS	-	-	107,267	3,268

d. Information on financial risk

(a) Interest rate risk

The following table summarizes the maturities of Cathay Life's financial instruments at June 30, 2006 and 2007:

Non-derivative financial instruments of fixed interest rate

				June 3	0, 2006			
	Less than one year		Due in 1	~2 year	Due in 2~3 year		Due in 3~4 year	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit and loss	\$-	\$-	\$622,883	\$19,266	\$284,270	\$8,793	\$-	\$-
Available-for-sale financial assets	2,821,039	87,258	1,666,574	51,549	1,080,059	33,407	911,221	28,185
Held-to-maturity financial assets	16,350,407	505,735	7,792,466	241,029	716,389	22,159	12,821,608	396,585
Investments in debt securities with								
no active market	502,274	15,536	-	-	1,258,431	38,925	447,447	13,840
			June 30	, 2006				
	Due in 4~	5 year	Over 5	year	Tot	al		
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit and loss	\$1,068,887	\$33,062	\$28,983,407	\$896,486	\$30,959,447	\$957,607		
Available-for-sale financial assets	4,839,715	149,697	84,204,684	2,604,537	95,523,292	2,954,633		
Held-to-maturity financial assets	14,318,003	442,870	247,961,871	7,669,715	299,960,744	9,278,093		
Investments in debt securities with								
no active market	615,072	19,025	29,199,429	903,168	32,022,653	990,494		

Non-derivative financial instruments of float interest rate

	June 30, 2006									
	Less than one year		Due in 1~2 year		Due in 2~3 year		Due in 3~4 year			
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Financial assets at fair value										
through profit and loss	\$6,818,078	\$210,890	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-		
Available-for-sale financial assets	43,007,781	1,330,275	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Held-to-maturity financial assets	229,307,212	7,092,707	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Investments in debt securities with										
no active market	13,655,296	422,372	-	-	-	-	-	_		

-	June 30, 2006									
<u>-</u>	Due in 4~5 year		Over 5	year	Tot	al				
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)				
Financial assets at fair value										
through profit and loss	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$6,818,078	\$210,890				
Available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	43,007,781	1,330,275				
Held-to-maturity financial assets	-	-	-	-	229,307,212	7,092,707				
Investments in debt securities with										
no active market	-	-	-	-	13,655,296	422,372				

Derivative financial instruments

				June 30	, 2006			
	Less than o	one year	Due in 1~	·2 year	Due in 2~	3 year	Due in 3~	4 year
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$260,750	\$8,066	\$24,868	\$769	\$3,847	\$119	\$7,541	\$233
Derivative financial assets for								
hedging	-	-	34,790	1,076	48,952	1,514	133,728	4,136
Financial liabilities at fair value								
through profit or loss	117,317	3,629	15,369	475	2,085	65	38,863	1,202
Derivative financial liabilities for								
hedging	-	-	6,355	197	6,608	204	-	-
			June 30,	2006				
	Due in 4~	Due in 4~5 year		year	Tota	1		
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$9,368	\$290	\$100,490	\$3,108	\$406,864	\$12,585		
Derivative financial assets for								
hedging	32,839	1,016	76,616	2,370	326,925	10,112		
Financial liabilities at fair value								
through profit or loss	60,073	1,858	647,369	20,024	881,076	27,253		
Derivative financial liabilities for								
hedging	9,732	301	-	-	22,695	702		

Non-derivative financial instruments of fixed interest rate

June	3()	200

	Less than one year		Due in 1~2 year		Due in 2~3 year		Due in 3~4 year	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$626,126	\$19,072	\$1,483,269	\$45,180	\$100,208	\$3,052	\$1,055,891	\$32,162
Available-for-sale financial assets	3,615,879	110,140	1,866,197	56,844	458,017	13,951	5,937,351	180,851
Held-to-maturity financial assets	7,995,953	243,556	1,643,055	50,047	12,340,042	375,877	13,545,281	412,589
Investments in debt securities with								
no active market	334,091	10,176	878,745	26,767	1,291,906	39,351	1,108,287	33,758

June 30, 2007

	Due in 4-	-5 year	Over 5	i year	Total	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss	\$3,283,131	\$100,004	\$21,605,108	\$658,091	\$28,153,733	\$857,561
Available-for-sale financial assets	8,558,632	260,695	92,168,014	2,807,433	112,604,090	3,429,914
Held-to-maturity financial assets	9,973,898	303,805	432,552,170	13,175,515	478,050,399	14,561,389
Investments in debt securities with						
no active market	1,199,427	36,535	34,864,379	1,061,967	39,676,835	1,208,554

Non-derivative financial instruments of float interest rate

June 30, 2007

	Less than one year		Due in 1~2 year		Due in 2~3 year		Due in 3~4 year	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$7,750,073	\$236,067	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Available-for-sale financial assets	90,270,613	2,749,638	-	-	-	-	-	-
Held-to-maturity financial assets	82,578,100	2,515,324	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments in debt securities with								
no active market	13,411,198	408,505	-	-	-	-	-	-

	June 30, 2007								
<u>.</u>	Due in 4~	5 year	Over 5	year	Total				
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Financial assets at fair value									
through profit or loss	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$7,750,073	\$236,067			
Available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	90,270,613	2,749,638			
Held-to-maturity financial assets	-	-	-	-	82,578,100	2,515,324			
Investments in debt securities with									
no active market	-	-	-	-	13,411,198	408,505			

Derivative financial instruments

		June 30, 2007							
	Less than o	one year	Due in 1~	2 year	Due in 2~	3 year	Due in 3~	4 year	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Financial assets at fair value									
through profit or loss	\$796	\$24	\$-	\$-	\$3,246	\$99	\$27,977	\$852	
Derivative financial assets for									
hedging	2,280	69	18,966	578	-	-	124,984	3,807	
Financial liabilities at fair value									
through profit or loss	2,960	90	19,771	602	36,182	1,102	21,888	667	
Derivative financial liabilities for									
hedging	985	30	23,102	704	25,217	768	15,584	475	
			June 30,	2007					
	Due in 4~	5 year	Over 5	year	Tota	1			
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Financial assets at fair value									
through profit or loss	\$10,054	\$306	\$217,975	\$6,640	\$260,048	\$7,921			
Derivative financial assets for									
hedging	37,564	1,144	9,245	282	193,039	5,880			
Financial liabilities at fair value									
through profit or loss	17	1	27,160	827	107,978	3,289			
Derivative financial liabilities for									
hedging	-	-	42,379	1,291	107,267	3,268			

(b) Credit risk

Cathay Life's exposure to credit risk is minimal.

e. Hedging activities

Cash flow hedges - IRS

Cathay Life held interest swap agreements to hedge the risks from interest rate fluctuation at June 30, 2006 and 2007. The terms of the agreements are as follows:

a. June 30, 2006

Par v	value			
NT\$	US\$	Exchange rate	Frequency	Maturity date
\$372,500	\$11,522	ARMS	Each quarter	2009/3/24
500,000	15,466	4.0005%-6ml	Yearly	2008/9/26
500,000	15,466	7.6%-90DCP	Half year	2007/10/10
500,000	15,466	7.05%-90DCP	Half year	2007/10/10
300,000	9,279	5.5%-6ml	Half year	2007/12/26
500,000	15,466	6.9%-90DCP	Each quarter	2007/7/9
200,000	6,186	4.003%-6ml	Half year	2008/6/13
500,000	15,466	4%-12ml	Yearly	2008/6/5
300,000	9,279	4.3%-12ml	Yearly	2010/6/20
900,000	27,838	90DCP	Each quarter	2015/2/4
400,000	12,372	90DCP	Each quarter	2015/3/17
50,000	1,547	90DCP	Each quarter	2009/3/15
500,000	15,466	If 6ml<1.1%,6ml	Half year	2011/6/30
		If1.1%<6ml<2.0%,3.8%		
		If6ml>2.0%,Max(5.50%-6ml,0)		
200,000	6,186	7.603%-6ml	Half year	2007/7/31
300,000	9,279	7.5%-6ml	Half year	2007/7/31
300,000	9,279	If 6ml<6.9%,3.8%	Half year	2007/7/31
		If 6ml>6.9%,0%		

Par	value			
NT\$	US\$	Exchange rate	Frequency	Maturity date
\$200,000	\$6,186	0~0.5Y:3.8%,0.5Y+6ml:3.0%	Half year	2011/3/19
		0.5-1.5Y:0.75%-2.0%,		
		1.5-2.5Y:1%-2.5%,		
		2.5-3.5Y:1%-3.0%,		
		3.5-4.5Y:1%-3.5%,		
		4.5-5.5Y;1%-4.0%,		
		5.5-6.5Y:1%-4.5%,		
		6.5-7.0Y:1%-5.0%		
200,000	6,186	If6ml<0.95%,6ml	Half year	2009/1/9
		If0.95%<6ml<2.0%,3.5%		
		If2.0%<6ml;4.8%-6ml		
300,000	9,279	5.1%-6ml	Half year	2007/12/19
300,000	9,279	If0.95%<6ml<2.0%,3.5%	Half year	2009/1/7
		If2.0%<6ml;4.8%-6ml		
200,000	6,186	4.000%-6ml	Half year	2010/4/7
300,000	9,279	4.0002%-6ml	Half year	2010/4/7
500,000	15,466	4.0006%-6ml	Half year	2010/4/7
500,000	15,466	4.0007%-6ml	Half year	2010/4/7
250,000	7,733	90DCP	Each quarter	2008/8/10
900,000	27,838	90DCP	Each quarter	2010/8/18
600,000	18,559	90DCP	Each quarter	2010/8/19
450,000	13,919	90DCP	Each quarter	2008/8/22
330,000	10,207	90DCP	Each quarter	2008/8/24
300,000	9,279	5.35%-6ml	Each quarter	2008/1/8
200,000	6,186	4.0003%-6ml	Half year	2010/4/7
300,000	9,279	5.37%-6ml	Yearly	2011/3/15
200,000	6,186	5.85%-6ml	Half year	2009/1/13
50,000	1,547	4.15%-6ml	Half year	2009/1/16
200,000	6,186	6.3%-6ml	Yearly	2010/11/27

b. June 30, 2007

Par value				
NT\$	US\$	Exchange rate	Frequency	Maturity date
\$310,000	\$9,443	ARMS	Each quarter	2009/3/24
350,000	10,661	4.0005%-6ml	Half year	2008/9/26
500,000	15,230	The third year, 7.30%-90 BACP	Each quarter	2007/10/10
		The fourth and fifth years, 7.6%-90 BACP		
500,000	15,230	7.05%-90BACP	Each quarter	2007/10/10
300,000	9,138	5.5%-6m Libor	Half year	2007/12/26
500,000	15,230	6.9%-90DCP	Each quarter	2007/7/9
200,000	6,092	4.003%-6ml	Half year	2008/6/13
500,000	15,230	4%-12m Libor	Yearly	2008/6/5
300,000	9,138	4.3%-12m Libor	Yearly	2010/6/20
500,000	15,230	If 6ml<1.1%,6ml	Half year	2011/6/30
		If 1.1%<6ml<2.0%,3.8%		
		If 6ml>2.0%,Max(5.50%-6ml,0)		
200,000	6,092	7.603%-6ml	Half year	2007/7/31
300,000	9,138	2005/6/17~2005/7/31:7.25%-6ml	Half year	2007/7/31
		2005/7/31~2006/7/31:7.5%-6ml		
		2006/7/31~2007/7/31:7.75%-6ml		
300,000	9,138	If 6ml<6.9%,3.8%	Half year	2007/7/31
		If 6ml>6.9%,0%		
200,000	6,092	0.5Y:3.8%, 3.0%*n/N if 6ml	Half year	2011/3/19
		0.5-1.5Y:0.75%-2.0%,		
		1.5-2.5Y:1.0%-2.5%,		
		2.5-3.5Y:1.0%-3.0%,		
		3.5-4.5Y:1.0%-3.5%,		
		4.5-5.5Y;1.0%-4.0%,		
		5.5-6.5Y:1.0%-4.5%,		
		6.5-7.0Y:1.0%-5.0%		
300,000	9,138	5.1%-6m Libor	Half year	2007/12/19
200,000	6,092	If 6ml<0.95%, Libor	Half year	2009/1/9
		If 0.95%<6ml<2.0%,3.5%		
		If 2.0%<6ml;4.8%-6ml		
300,000	9,138	If 6ml<0.95%,Libor	Half year	2009/1/7
		If 0.95%<6ml<2.0%,3.5%		
		If 2.0%<6ml;4.8%-6ml		

Par value				
NT\$	US\$	Exchange rate	Frequency	Maturity date
\$200,000	\$6,092	4.000%-6ml	Half year	2010/4/7
300,000	9,138	4.0002%-6ml	Half year	2010/4/7
500,000	15,230	4.0006%-6ml	Half year	2010/4/7
500,000	15,230	4.0007%-6ml	Half year	2010/4/7
250,000	7,615	90DCP	Each quarter	2008/8/10
900,000	27,414	90DCP	Each quarter	2010/8/18
600,000	18,276	90DCP	Each quarter	2010/8/19
450,000	13,707	90DCP	Each quarter	2008/8/22
330,000	10,052	90DCP	Each quarter	2008/8/24
300,000	9,138	5.35%-6ml	Half year	2008/1/8
200,000	6,092	4.0003%-6ml	Half year	2010/4/7
300,000	9,138	5.37%-6ml	Half year	2011/3/15
200,000	6,092	5.85%-6ml	Half year	2009/1/13
50,000	1,523	4.15%-6ml	Half year	2009/1/16
200,000	6,092	6.3%-6ml	Half year	2010/11/27
300,000	9,138	180DCP + 40bps	Half year	2008/3/24
300,000	9,138	180DCP	Half year	2008/6/12
2,000,000	60,920	90DCP+75bps	Each quarter	2008/7/19
1,150,000	35,029	90DCP+30bps	Each quarter	2008/9/17
100,000	3,046	180DCP+30bps	Half year	2008/12/18
200,000	6,092	180DCP+18bps	Half year	2008/7/11
900,000	27,414	90DCP+100bps	Each quarter	2009/5/20
2,700,000	82,242	90DCP+25bps	Each quarter	2013/8/24
2,000,000	60,920	90DCP+23bps	Each quarter	2013/12/14
2,000,000	60,920	90DCP+26.5bps	Each quarter	2013/12/14
1,300,000	39,598	90DCP+45bps	Each quarter	2013/12/17
787,920	24,000	1.25% + 3m Libor	Each quarter	2009/9/23
787,920	24,000	6m Libor	Half year	2013/9/20
459,620	14,000	6m Libor	Half year	2014/3/20
787,920	24,000	6m Libor	Half year	2014/3/24

The terms of interest rate swap agreements are established based on the terms of the bonds being hedged.

Cathay Life's interest rate swap agreements for cash flow hedges have passed the effectiveness testing. Unrealized gains on financial instruments were recognized in equity by NT\$433,993 (US\$13,424) and NT\$220,700 (US\$6,723) as of June 30, 2006 and 2007.

f. Financial risk management objectives and policies

Cathay Life's financial assets primarily consist of domestic or foreign common stocks, preferred stocks, bonds, corporate bonds, mortgage-backed securities, mutual funds, short-term notes, cash and cash equivalents.

Cathay Life enters into derivative transactions such as stock options, index futures, interest rate futures, interest rate swaps, currency forwards and cross currency swap to protect against the risks of stock value, interest rate and exchange rate from investment activities.

The primary risks involved in these derivative transactions are market risk, credit risk, operational risk and liquidity risk. In addition to the risk management policies and guidance, Cathay Life also establishes risk management systems such as the VaR model, the credit evaluation model, the integrated appraisal and collection and the concentration management systems to monitoring and managing Cathay Life's risks.

Market Risk

Market risk is the exposure to uncertain market value of a portfolio, including interest rate risk, stock price risk and exchange rate risk, etc... Cathay Life conducts analysis and assessments of the investment targets before any investment decisions are made. In addition, VaR model in connection with atmosphere simulation methods, stress testing methods, back testing methods, Position Limit, VaR Limit and Loss Limit are used to effectively manage the market risk of Cathay Life's financial assets.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to counterparty or a debtor defaulting on their contractual obligations. Cathay Life minimizes the credit risk exposure by performing the following evaluations and controls:

Cathay Life has taken the credit concentration index of each group into the consideration of establishing Lending Policy to prevent over-exposure. Strict credit evaluations are carried out by Cathay Life before committing to any business lending, mortgage lending, policy loan, and security investments. All lending are secured by land, property, plant and equipments or financial guarantees. No defaults have occurred during the current financial year.

Assessments on the mortgage repayment ability and personal credits are performed before the mortgages are granted. The total mortgage amounts granted are limited to 80% of the carrying value of the secured buildings which varies in different regions.

The credit risk level of policy loans is assessed at low, as the policy loan amounts are limited to the net realizable value of the insurance policy and hence are deemed as fully secured investments.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss due to inadequate or failed internal controls, employee fraud or misconduct and management negligence. To mitigate the operational risk, Cathay Life has adopted and implemented the internal control regulations and sheets. Cathay Life is also commenced to develop the information systems to accommodate the aforementioned policies.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk stemming from the lack of marketability of an investment that can not be bought or sold quickly enough to prevent or minimize a loss. Cathay Life primarily has sought to achieve the flexible cash flow and stable liquidity by utilizing the deposits in financial institutions, short-term notes (includes repurchase agreement) and domestic bond funds. In pursuit of these goals, Cathay Life also conducts analysis of assets allocation, liquid asset ratio and cash flows to ensure the effectiveness and timeliness of managing liquidity risk.

C. Cathay United Bank

a. Information of fair value

		June 3	0, 2006	
	Carrying	value	Fair va	alue
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$51,805,390	\$1,602,394	\$51,805,390	\$1,602,394
Available-for-sale financial assets	52,916,689	1,636,767	52,916,689	1,636,767
Held-to-maturity financial assets and debt securities with no active market	243,530,946	7,532,661	243,514,043	7,532,139
Investment accounted for using equity method	2,022,405	62,555	2,022,405	62,555
Others	840,468,859	25,996,562	840,468,859	25,996,562
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	49,395,298	1,527,847	49,395,298	1,527,847
Financial debentures payable	17,282,698	534,572	17,282,698	534,572
Others	1,070,813,548	33,121,359	1,070,813,548	33,121,359
Derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Forward	1,495,794	46,266	1,495,794	46,266
Interest rate swap	737,509	22,812	737,509	22,812
Cross currency swap	1,072	33	1,072	33
Futures	(862)	(27)	(862)	(27)
Options	48,645	1,505	48,645	1,505
Credit derivatives	31,731	981	31,731	981
Credit default swap	562	17	562	17
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Forward	1,374,484	42,514	1,374,484	42,514
Interest rate swap	2,486,851	76,921	2,486,851	76,921
Cross currency swap	622,015	19,240	622,015	19,240
Futures	8,553	265	8,553	265
Options	56,618	1,751	56,618	1,751
Credit derivatives	117,955	3,648	117,955	3,648
Credit default swap	836	26	836	26

	June 30, 2007				
	Carrying	value	Fair va	alue	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
<u>Assets</u>					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$44,798,347	\$1,364,555	\$44,798,347	\$1,364,555	
Available-for-sale financial assets	57,377,590	1,747,718	57,377,590	1,747,718	
Held-to-maturity financial assets and debt securities with no active market	281,899,976	8,586,658	289,838,783	8,828,473	
Investment accounted for using equity method	2,187,755	66,639	2,187,755	66,639	
Others	840,651,145	25,606,188	840,651,145	25,606,188	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	43,834,863	1,335,208	43,834,863	1,335,208	
Financial debentures payable	17,686,802	538,739	17,686,802	538,739	
Others	1,116,653,146	34,013,194	1,116,653,146	34,013,194	
Derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Forward	1,603,961	48,857	1,603,961	48,857	
Non-delivery forward	280,436	8,542	280,436	8,542	
Currency Swap	444,494	13,539	444,494	13,539	
Interest rate swap	1,023,157	31,165	1,023,157	31,165	
Futures	(12,905)	(393)	(12,905)	(393)	
Options	12,910	393	12,910	393	
Credit derivatives	22,900	698	22,900	698	
Credit default swap	(67)	(2)	(67)	(2)	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Forward	1,311,014	39,933	1,311,014	39,933	
Non-delivery forward	277,005	8,438	277,005	8,438	
Currency Swap	672,599	20,487	672,599	20,487	
Interest rate swap	2,506,204	76,339	2,506,204	76,339	
Cross currency swap	557,266	16,974	557,266	16,974	
Options	12,354	376	12,354	376	
Credit derivatives	28,158	858	28,158	858	
Credit default swap	(281)	(9)	(281)	(9)	

b. The methodologies and assumptions used by Cathay United Bank to estimate the above fair value of financial instruments are summarized as following:

- (a) The carrying value of short-term financial instruments, such as cash and cash equivalents, receivables, securities purchased under agreements to resell, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, payables, refundable deposits, guarantee deposits, borrowed funds, due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks and due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks arising in the ordinary course of business, approximate fair value because of the relatively short period of time between their origination and expected realization.
- (b) Quoted market price, if available, are utilized as estimates of the fair values of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, available-for-sale financial instruments and held-to-maturity financial assets. If no quoted market prices exist for certain of Cathay United Bank's financial instruments, the fair value of such instruments has been derived based on pricing models. A pricing model incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price. Cathay United Bank uses discount rates equal to the prevailing rates of return for financial instruments with similar characteristics.
- (c) Discounts, loans and deposits are classified as interest-bearing financial assets. Thus, their face value is equivalent to their fair value.
 - The face value of delinquent accounts deducted from allowance for doubtful accounts is adopted as fair value.
- (d) The value of debt securities with no active market, financial assets carried at cost and investments accounted for using equity method is determined by pricing models. A pricing model incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price. If fair value of equity security can not reliable measurement, fair value is equal to carrying value.
- (e) Fair value of financial debentures payable is based on quoted market price. If quoted market price is not available, pricing models are utilized to assess the fair value of such instruments.
- (f) If there is a quoted market price in an active market, the quoted market price of derivative financial instruments is regarded as fair value. Otherwise, if the market for a derivative financial instrument is not active, Cathay United Bank assesses fair value by using pricing models.

c. The fair values of Cathay United Bank's financial assets or liabilities determined by quoted market price or pricing models are summarized as following:

	June 30,2006					
	Based on the quot	ed market price	Based on the pr	icing models		
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
<u>Assets</u>						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$51,805,390	\$1,602,394	\$-	\$-		
Available-for-sale financial assets	52,916,689	1,636,767	-	-		
Held-to-maturity financial assets and debt securities						
without active market	190,767,421	5,900,632	52,746,622	1,631,507		
Others	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)		
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	685,817	21,213	48,709,481	1,506,634		
Financial debentures payable	-	-	17,282,698	534,572		
Others	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)		
Derivative financial instruments						
<u>Assets</u>						
Forward	-	-	1,495,794	46,266		
Interest rate swap	-	-	737,509	22,812		
Cross currency swap	-	-	1,072	33		
Futures	(862)	(27)	-	-		
Options	752	23	47,893	1,482		
Credit derivatives	-	-	31,731	981		
Credit default swap	-	-	562	17		
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Forward	-	-	1,374,484	42,514		
Interest rate swap	-	-	2,486,851	76,921		
Cross currency swap	-	-	622,015	19,240		
Futures	8,553	265	-	-		
Options	4,023	124	52,595	1,627		
Credit derivatives	-	-	117,955	3,648		
Credit default swap	-	-	836	26		

	June 30,2007					
	Based on the quot	ed market price	Based on the pr	icing models		
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$43,041,436	\$1,311,040	\$1,756,911	\$53,515		
Available-for-sale financial assets	54,717,055	1,666,679	2,660,535	81,040		
Held-to-maturity financial assets and debt securities						
without active market	214,277,285	6,526,874	67,611,498	2,059,443		
Others	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)		
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	43,834,863	1,335,208		
Financial debentures payable	-	-	17,686,802	538,739		
Others	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)		
Derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Forward	-	-	1,603,961	48,857		
Non-delivery forward	-	-	280,436	8,542		
Currency swap	-	-	444,494	13,539		
Interest rate swap	-	-	1,023,157	31,165		
Futures	(12,905)	(393)	-	-		
Options	578	18	12,332	375		
Credit derivatives	-	-	22,900	698		
Credit default swap	-	-	(67)	(2)		
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Forward	-	-	1,311,014	39,933		
Non-delivery forward	-	-	277,005	8,438		
Currency swap	-	-	672,599	20,487		
Interest rate swap	-	-	2,506,204	76,339		
Cross currency swap	-	-	557,266	16,974		
Options	22	1	12,332	375		
Credit derivatives	-	-	28,158	858		
Credit default swap	-	-	(281)	(9)		

Note: Most of such assets and liabilities are investment accounted for cost or using equity method. The amount of fair value is not determined by quoted market price or pricing models but estimated face value.

- d. Gains or losses recognized for the changes in fair value of financial asset or liabilities determined by pricing models were gain NT\$42,662(US\$1,320) and loss NT\$277,982 (US\$8,467) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively.
- e. The interest income arising from other than financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 were NT\$20,578,085 (US\$636,501) and NT\$18,961,671 (US\$577,571), and expenses were NT\$7,760,375 (US\$240,036) and NT\$9,028,325 (US\$275,002), respectively.
- f. Cathay United Bank recognized an unrealized gains or losses of NT\$182,943 (US\$5,659) and NT\$261,307 (US\$7,959) in shareholders' equity for the changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets and realized gains of NT\$188,952 (US\$5,844) and NT\$369,738 (US\$11,262) in income statement for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, respectively.
- g. Interest income of NT\$18 from financial assets were impaired which were assessed by discount rate of cash flow for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2007.

h. Information on financial risk

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the potential loss arising from adverse movements of market price, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity securities.

(a) Interest rate risk

If interest rates are rising, the fair value of Cathay United Bank's fixed-rate bond investments such as government bonds and corporate bonds may decline.

b Foreign exchange risk

Cathay United Bank manages foreign exchange risk by matching foreign currency assets and liabilities. Cathay United Bank trade in currencies and derivative instruments, primarily spot and forward exchange contracts and currency swaps, to manage asset and liability positions and hedge against Cathay United Bank's commercial positions. As most of foreign currency assets and liabilities are matched, the foreign exchange risk is insignificant.

© Equity securities price risk

Cathay United Bank may expose to risk when the price of equity securities, such as stocks, mutual funds and TAIEX Futures and Options, moves in adverse direction.

Cathay United Bank adopts many methodologies to manage its market risk. Value-at-risk (VAR) is one of the methodologies. VAR is statistical measure that assesses potential losses that might be caused by changes in risk factors over a specified period of time and at a specific level of statistical confidence.

June 30, 2006

	Average balance		Maximun	n balance	Minimum balance	
Factors of market risk	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Interest rate	\$92,170	\$2,851	\$138,367	\$4,280	\$55,596	\$1,720
Foreign exchange	43,812	1,355	117,919	3,647	164	5
Equity Securities price	44,607	1,380	66,969	2,071	17,301	535

June 30, 2007

	Average balance		Maximun	n balance	Minimum balance	
Factors of market risk	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Interest rate	\$106,565	\$3,246	\$163,705	\$4,986	\$43,942	\$1,338
Foreign exchange	97,494	2,970	388,037	11,820	3,842	117
Equity Securities price	118,237	3,601	250,352	7,626	31,352	955

Cathay United Bank enters into a variety of derivatives transactions for both trading and nontrading purposes. The objectives in using derivative instruments are to meet customers' needs, to manage Cathay United Bank exposure to risks and to generate revenues through trading activities. Cathay United Bank provides trades derivative instruments on behalf of customers and for its own positions. Cathay United Bank provides derivative contracts to address customer demands for customized derivatives and also takes proprietary positions for its own accounts.

Market risk factor sensitivity is one of the tools to manage market risk. Market risk factor sensitivities of a position are defined as the change in the value of a position caused by a unit shift in a given market factor. Market risk factor sensitivities include interest rate, foreign exchange rate and equity factor sensitivities.

Foreign exchange rate factor sensitivities ("FX delta") represent the foreign exchange portfolios caused by the underlying currency exchange rate at the balance sheet date.

Interest rate factor sensitivities (the present value of one basis point, or "PVBP") represent the change in the net present value of the interest rate derivatives portfolios caused by a parallel unit shift of 0.01% (1 basis point) in the interest rates in various yield curves affecting a portfolio. Cathay United Bank's interest rate-sensitive portfolios include bonds, interest rate swaps and structured products composed of such products.

Equity factor sensitivities ("Equity delta") represent the change of the equity portfolio of the underlying stocks prices. Cathay United Bank equity portfolios include stocks and equity index options.

		(In thousands of US dollars)
	Currency	June 30, 2007
FX factor sensitivity (FX Delta)		
	JPY	\$(275)
	USD	(6,913)
	NTD	7,052
Interest rate factor sensitivity		
(PVBP)		
	JPY	1
	USD	(801)
	NTD	(922)
Equity factor sensitivity (Equity		
Delta)		
	NTD	30,305

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk of loss that Cathay United Bank would incur if counterparty fails to perform Cathay United Bank's contractual obligations.

To centralize risk management functions currently handled by different departments, Cathay United Bank's board of directors resolved that a risk management department would be established to manage the credit risks. The objectives of credit risk management are to improve asset quality and to generate stable profits while reducing risk through a diversified and balance loan portfolio. Cathay United Bank's board of directors sets the counterparty credit limits, which are then implemented by credit committee. The credit committee also monitors current and potential credit exposure to individual counterparties and on an aggregate basis to counterparties and their affiliates. Cathay United Bank performs periodic and systematic detailed reviews of its lending portfolios to identify credit risks and to assess the overall collectibility of those portfolios.

Cathay United Bank maintains a strict policy to evaluate customers' credit ratings when providing loan commitments and commercial letters of credit transactions. Certain customers are required to provide appropriate collateral for the related loans, and Cathay United Bank retains the legal right to foreclose on or liquidate the collateral.

ⓐ The credit risk amounts pertain to contracts with a fair value on balance sheet date and off-balance-sheet commitment and guarantee contracts. The maximum credit risk exposure amounts of various financial instruments are the same as carrying value except which Cathay United Bank held are as following:

	June 30, 2006 (Restated)				
			Maximum credi	it risk exposed	
	Carrying	g value	amo	unt	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
<u>Assets</u>					
Financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss	\$51,805,390	\$1,602,394	\$51,805,390	\$1,602,394	
Available-for-sale financial assets	52,916,689	1,636,767	52,916,689	1,636,767	
Held-to-maturity financial assets and debt					
securities with no active market	243,514,043	7,532,139	243,514,043	7,532,139,	
Investment accounted for using equity					
method	2,022,405	62,555	2,022,405	62,555	
Others	840,468,859	25,996,562	840,468,859	25,996,562	
Guarantees on duties and contracts	-	-	15,289,727	472,927	
Unused commercial letters of credit	-	-	3,644,959	112,742	
Irrevocable loan commitments	-	-	38,865,888	1,202,162	
Credit card line commitments	-	-	281,650,598	8,711,741	

	June 30, 2006 (Restated)					
			Maximum credi	it risk exposed		
	Carrying	g value	amo	unt		
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
Derivative financial instruments						
<u>Assets</u>						
Forward	\$1,495,794	\$46,266	\$1,495,794	\$46,266		
Interest rate swap	737,509	22,812	737,509	22,812		
Cross currency swap	1,072	33	1,072	33		
Options	48,645	1,505	48,645	1,505		
Credit derivatives	31,731	981	31,731	981		
Credit default swap	562	17	562	17		
		June 30	0, 2007	2007 Maximum credit risk exposed amount		
			Maximum credi			
	Carrying	g value	amo			
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
<u>Assets</u>						
Financial assets at fair value through						
profit or loss	\$44,798,347	\$1,364,555	\$44,798,347	\$1,364,555		
Available-for-sale financial assets	57,377,590	1,747,718	57,377,590	1,747,718		
Held-to-maturity financial assets and debt						
securities with no active market	281,838,783	8,584,794	281,838,783	8,584,794		
Investment accounted for using equity						
method	2,187,755	66,639	2,187,755	66,639		
Others	840,651,145	25,606,188	840,651,145	25,606,188		
Guarantees on duties and contracts	-	-	17,431,844	530,973		
Unused commercial letters of credit	-	-	4,268,673	130,024		
Irrevocable loan commitments	-	-	33,314,917	1,014,771		
Credit card line commitments	-	-	281,247,456	8,566,782		
Derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Forward	1,603,961	48,857	1,603,961	48,857		
Non-delivery forward	280,436	8,542	280,436	8,542		
Currency swap	444,494	13,539	444,494	13,539		
Interest rate swap	1,023,157	31,165	1,023,157	31,165		
Options	12,910	393	12,910	393		
Credit derivatives	22,900	698	22,900	698		

© Cathay United Bank does not believe it has high levels of risk concentration with regard to any single customer or transaction. However, Cathay United Bank is likely to be exposed to region or industry concentration risk. Cathay United Banks' information of concentration of credit risk is as follows:

	June 30,				
	20	06	200	07	
Loans, customers' liabilities under					
acceptances and guarantees account	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Industry type					
Manufacturing	\$90,584,841	\$2,801,882	\$107,316,059	\$3,268,841	
Financial institutions and insurance	39,617,949	1,225,424	48,150,828	1,466,672	
Leasing and real estate	69,986,276	2,164,747	67,827,910	2,066,035	
Individuals	402,040,756	12,435,532	412,576,972	12,567,072	
Others	116,090,784	3,590,807	118,262,338	3,602,264	
Total	718,320,606	22,218,392	754,134,107	22,970,884	
Valuation allowance	(10,799,682)	(334,045)	(11,904,778)	(362,619)	
Maximum credit risk exposed	\$707,520,924	\$21,884,347	\$742,229,329	\$22,608,265	
Geographic Region					
Domestic	\$679,328,909	\$21,012,339	\$704,933,640	\$21,472,240	
South East Asia	10,315,341	319,064	12,367,268	376,706	
North East Asia	-	-	133,330	4,061	
America	8,935,666	276,389	10,227,417	311,527	
Others	19,740,690	610,600	26,472,452	806,350	
Total	718,320,606	22,218,392	754,134,107	22,970,884	
Valuation allowance	(10,799,682)	(334,045)	(11,904,778)	(362,619)	
Maximum credit risk exposed	\$707,520,924	\$21,884,347	\$742,229,329	\$22,608,265	

(c) Liquidity risk

The purpose of liquidity risk management is to ensure the availability of funds to meet present and future financial obligations.

Liquidity is also managed by ensuring that the excess of maturing liabilities over maturing assets in any period is kept to manageable levels relative to the amount of funds Cathay United Bank believe Cathay United Bank can generate within that period. As part of our liquidity risk management, Cathay United Bank focuses on a number of components, including tapping available sources of liquidity, preserving necessary funds at reasonable cost and continuous contingency planning.

Cathay United Bank's asset and liability management committee is responsible for overall liquidity risk management. Cathay United Bank's liquidity policy focuses on cash flow management, interbank funding capacity and the maintenance of sufficient liquid assets. The treasury department is responsible for daily operation and monitoring. The primary tools for monitoring liquidity include measurement of liquidity risk, analysis of interest rate sensitivity and scenario simulation, and continuous contingency planning. Cathay United Bank manages liquidity risks across all classes of assets and liabilities with the goal that even under adverse conditions.

The liquidity risk rate was 28.14%. Capital and working capital of the Bank have sufficed to deliver contracts. Cathay United Bank has raised sufficient capital to execute the obligations so that it is without liquidity risk.

(d) Cash flow risk and fair value risk of interest rate fluctuation

Cathay United Bank's financial debentures payable was matched with an interest rate swap contract and was transferred from fixed rate to floating rate.

Except for default or redemption in advance, expected reset and maturity dates of interest-bearing financial instruments are confirmed under related contracts. As of June 30, 2007, there is no significant change in these dates.

As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, the effective interest rates of financial instruments held and issued by Cathay United Bank are classified as follows:

	Effective inter	est rate (%)
Financial instruments	June 30, 2006	June 30, 2007
Available-for-sale financial assets		
Bonds	1.3653-6.83732	1.66761-6.83339
Overseas financial instruments	3.65-4.6	4.501-5.735
Held-to-maturity financial assets		
Bonds	1.64-6.95	1.6495-6.95
Overseas financial instruments	0.61-7.625	3.45-6.65
Investments in debt securities with no active		
market		
Preferred stocks	5	5
Certificates of deposit	1.52-1.9	1.76-3
Overseas financial instruments	0-8.32	0-7.51
Financial debentures payable	4.15-5.59	2-5.593

i. Fair value hedge

The interest rate swap is used to hedge interest rate fluctuations of financial debentures payable with fixed rate:

		Hedging	instruments		
			Fair	r value	
Hedged item	Derivative designated as	June 30, 2006 Ju		June 30, 2007	
	hedging instruments	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial debentures payable	Interest rate swap	\$1,278,00	\$39,530	\$1,038,13	\$31,622
		0		4	

The hedge is regarded as highly effective, at inception and throughout the life of the hedge, Cathay United Bank can expect changes in the fair value of the hedged item that are attributable to the hedged risk to be almost fully offset by the changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument and actual results are within a range of 80~125 percent.

D. Cathay Century

a. Information of fair value

	June 30, 2006					
	(N	T\$)	(US	S\$)		
	Carrying		Carrying			
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Cash and Cash equivalents	\$1,948,591	\$1,948,591	\$60,272	\$60,272		
Financial assets at fair value through	363,386	363,386	11,240	11,240		
profit or loss - current	2,224,091	2,224,091	68,793	68,793		
Available-for-sale financial assets - current						
Investments in debt securities with no						
active market-current	253,025	253,025	7,826	7,826		
Receivables	1,651,871	1,651,871	51,094	51,094		
Claims recoverable from reinsurers	183,111	183,111	5,664	5,664		
Due from reinsurers and ceding						
Companies	80,463	80,463	2,489	2,489		

Secured loans

1,747,000

1,747,000

54,036

54,036

June 30, 2006					
(N	T\$)	(U	S\$)		
Carrying		Carrying			
amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value		
\$3,544,387	\$3,544,387	\$109,632	\$109,632		
36,000	-	1,113	-		
305,871	305,871	9,461	9,461		
448,748	448,748	13,880	13,880		
406,507	406,507	12,574	12,574		
770	770	24	24		
174,785	174,785	5,406	5,406		
8,817,012	8,817,012	272,719	272,719		
7,655	7,655	237	237		
515	515	16	16		
	Carrying amount \$3,544,387 36,000 305,871 448,748 406,507 770 174,785 8,817,012	(NT\$) Carrying amount Fair value \$3,544,387 \$3,544,387 36,000 - 305,871 305,871 448,748 448,748 406,507 406,507 770 770 174,785 174,785 8,817,012 8,817,012 7,655 7,655	(NT\$) (U Carrying amount Fair value Carrying amount \$3,544,387 \$3,544,387 \$109,632 36,000 - 1,113 305,871 305,871 9,461 448,748 448,748 13,880 406,507 406,507 12,574 770 770 24 174,785 174,785 5,406 8,817,012 8,817,012 272,719 7,655 7,655 237		

	June 30, 2007				
	(N'	Γ\$)	(US\$)		
	Carrying	_	Carrying		
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and Cash equivalents	\$1,703,139	\$1,703,139	\$51,878	\$51,878	
Financial assets at fair value through profit					
or loss - current	973,666	973,666	29,658	29,658	
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	2,703,447	2,703,447	82,347	82,347	
Investments in debt securities with no					
active market-current	76,478	76,478	2,330	2,330	
Receivables	2,035,163	2,035,163	61,991	61,991	
Claims recoverable from reinsurers	107,027	107,027	3,260	3,260	
Due from reinsurers sand ceding					
companies	115,393	115,393	3,515	3,515	
Secured loans	2,279,562	2,279,562	69,435	69,435	
Held-to-maturity financial assets					
- noncurrent	4,271,002	4,271,002	130,094	130,094	
Financial assets carried at cost					
- noncurrent	60,000	-	1,828	=	
Investments in debt securities with no					
active market - noncurrent	227,795	227,795	6,939	6,939	
Long-term investments under equity					
method	438,651	438,651	13,361	13,361	
Guarantee deposits paid	413,485	413,485	12,595	12,595	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Claims outstanding	27,012	27,012	823	823	
Due to reinsurers and ceding companies	358,675	358,675	10,925	10,925	
Operating and debt reserve	9,991,554	9,991,554	304,342	304,342	
Derivative financial instruments					
<u>Assets</u>					
Financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss - current					
Futures Contract	7,000	7,000	213	213	
Options Contract	586	586	18	18	

<u>Liabilities</u>

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current

Foreign exchange SWAP

3,432

3,432

105

105

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values of the financial instruments are as follows:
 - (a) The fair value of Cathay Century's short-term financial instruments is based on the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. The method is applied to cash, cash equivalents, receivables and payables, claims recoverable from reinsurers, due from reinsurers and ceding comparies, secured loans, claims outstanding, due to reinsurers and ceding comparies, operating and liability reserve.
 - (b) The fair value of the guarantee deposits paid and guarantee deposits received is based on the carrying amount.
 - (c) Quoted market price, if available, are utilized as estimates of the fair value of held-to-maturity financial assets. If no quoted market prices exist for Cathay Century's held-to-maturity financial assets, the fair value of financial assets has been derived based on pricing models. A pricing model incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price. Cathay Century uses discount rates equal to the prevailing rates of return for financial instruments with similar characteristics. The characteristics involve debtor's credit standing, residual period of contracted fixed interest rates, residual period of principal repayment and currency of payment.
 - (d) The fair value of Cathay Century's current and noncurrent financial asset or liabilities was based on market prices at the reporting date if market prices are not available. When market prices are not available, the fair value was based on relevant financial or any other information.

c. The following table summarizes the fair value information of Cathay Century's financial assets and liabilities at June 30, 2006 and 2007:

		June 30, 2	2006		
	Based on the quote	d market price	Based on prici	ng models	
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
<u>Assets</u>					
Financial assets at fair value through profit					
or loss-current	\$363,386	\$11,240	\$-	\$-	
Available-for-sale financial assets-current	2,224,091	68,793	-	-	
Investment in debt securities with no active					
market-current	-	-	253,025	7,826	
Held-to-maturity financial assets-noncurrent	-	-	3,544,387	109,632	
Financial assets carried at cost-noncurrent	-	-	36,000	1,114	
Investment in debt securities with no active					
market-noncurrent	-	-	305,871	9,461	
Long-term investments in stocks under the					
equity method	-	-	448,748	13,880	
Derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Financial assets at fair value through profit					
or loss-current					
Futures	7,655	237	-	-	
Option	515	16	-	-	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Financial liability at fair value through					
profit or loss-current					
Forward contracts	32,213	996	-	-	

	June 30, 2007						
	Based on the quoted	d market price	Based on pricir	ng models			
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$			
Non-derivative financial instruments							
<u>Assets</u>							
Financial assets at fair value through profit							
or loss-current	\$973,666	\$29,658	\$-	\$-			
Available-for-sale financial assets-current	2,703,447	82,347	-	-			
Investment in debt securities with no active							
market-current	-	-	76,478	2,330			
Held-to-maturity financial assets-noncurrent	-	-	4,271,002	130,094			
Financial assets carried at cost-noncurrent	-	-	60,000	1,828			
Investment in debt securities with no active							
market-noncurrent	-	-	227,795	6,939			
Long-term investments in stocks under the							
equity method	-	-	438,651	13,361			
Derivative financial instruments							
<u>Assets</u>							
Financial assets at fair value through profit							
or loss-current							
Futures	7,000	213	-	-			
Option	586	18	-	-			
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Financial liability at fair value through							
profit or loss-current							
Forward contracts	3,432	105	-	-			

d. Information on financial risk

(a) Risk of interest rate

The following table summarizes the maturities of Cathay Century's financial instruments at June 30, 2006 and 2007:

Fixed interest rate

June 30, 2006

-	Less than o	ne year	Due in 1~2	year	Due in 2~3	year	Due in 3	~4 year
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Held-to-maturity financial assets	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Investments in debt securities								
with no active market	253,025	7,826	76,478	2,366	229,393	7,095	-	-
	Due in 4	~5 year	Over	5 year	To	otal		
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	_	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	\$908,608	\$28,104	\$2,635,779	\$81,528	\$3,544,387	\$109,632	2	
Investments in debt securities								
with no active market	-	-	-	-	558,896	17,28	7	

June 30, 2007

_	Less than	one year	Due in 1-	-2 year	Due in 2-	-3 year	Due in 3	~4 year
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Held-to-maturity financial assets	\$-	\$-	\$890,959	\$27,139	\$-	\$-	\$195,518	\$5,955
Investments in debt securities								
with no active market	76,478	2,330	125,257	3,815	102,538	3,123	-	-

<u>-</u>	Due in 4-	in 4~5 year Over 5 year		Total		
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Held-to-maturity financial assets	\$640,624	\$19,513	\$2,543,901	\$77,487	\$4,271,002	\$130,094
Investments in debt securities						
with no active market	-	-	-	-	304,273	9,268

(b) Credit risk

Cathay Century's exposure to credit risk is minimal.

e. Hedging activities

Fair value hedges

	Designated as hedging instruments				
		Fair value			
		June 30, 2006		June 30, 2007	
	Financial instruments of				
	designated as hedging				
Hedged item	instruments	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)

Overseas investments in bonds Foreign exchange SWAP \$(32,213) \$(996) \$(3,432) \$(104)

f. Financial risk management objectives policies

Cathay Century's primary financial instruments other than derivatives consists of cash and cash equivalents, current and non current investments. The main purpose of holding these financial instruments is to manage cash flow. Cathay Century has other financial assets and liabilities such as notes receivable, due to and from reinsurers and ceding companies, reinsurance account, receivable and payable and secured loans, etc.

Cathay Century also conducts derivative transactions, primarily including futures, option contracts and forward currency contracts. The purpose is to manage the stock price fluctuation and currency exchange risks arising from Cathay Century's investment activities. Cathay Century does not conduct derivative transactions based on trading purpose.

The primary risks involved in these derivative transactions are market risk, credit risk, operational risk and liquidity risk. In addition to the risk management policies and guidance, Cathay Century also establishes risk management systems such as the VaR model, the credit evaluation model, the integrated appraisal and collection and the concentration management systems to monitoring and managing Cathay Century's risks.

Market Risk

Market risk is the exposure to uncertain market value of a portfolio, including interest rate risk, stock value risk and exchange rate risk, etc. Cathay Century conducts analysis and assessments of the investment targets before any investment decisions are made. In addition, VaR model in connection with atmosphere simulation methods, stress test methods, Position Limit, VaR Limit and Loss Limit are used to effectively manage the market risk of Cathay Century's financial assets.

As a result of significant overseas designated purpose pecuniary trust funds, Cathay Century's balance sheet can be affected significantly by the fluctuation of the US\$/NT\$ exchange rates. Cathay Century utilizes forward currency contracts to hedge this exposure.

Cathay Century also has transactional currency exposures. Such exposure arise from reinsurance transactions. These transactions with foreign reinsurance company usually receive on time and the fluctuation of exchange rate is not significant. Thus Cathay Century did not seek to hedge this exposure.

Credit risk

Cathay Century only conducts business with recognized and creditworthy third parties. Customers are subject to credit verification procedures, and the collection of premium receivable and notes receivable are subsequently assessed. In addition, once the credit of the third party is impaired, Cathay Century will freeze the related contracts until the credit of the third party recovers. Thus Cathay Century has minimal bad debts.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss due to inadequate or failed internal controls, employee fraud or misconduct and management negligence. To mitigate the operational risk, Cathay Century has adopted and implemented the internal control regulations and sheets. Cathay Century is also commenced to develop the information systems to accommodate the aforementioned policies.

Liquidity risk

Cathay Century's exposure to liquidity risk is minimal.

E. Cathay Securities

a. Information of fair value

	June 30, 2006			
	(N'	Γ\$)	(US	S\$)
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
Item	amount	value	amount	value
Non-derivative financial instruments				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$493,652	\$493,652	\$15,269	\$15,269
Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
loss – current				
Open-end funds and currency market instruments	609,763	609,763	18,861	18,861
Operating securities – net	129,905	129,905	4,018	4,018
Receivable amount for margin loans	543,597	543,597	16,814	16,814

	June 30, 2006				
	(N)	Γ\$)	(US	5\$)	
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair	
Item	amount	value	amount	value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Securities refinancing margin deposits	\$499	\$499	\$15	\$15	
Receivables	6,578	6,578	204	204	
Restricted assets – current	900,000	900,000	27,838	27,838	
Long-term investments under equity method	721,851	721,851	22,327	22,327	
Available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent	18	18	1	1	
Operating deposits	215,098	215,098	6,653	6,653	
Settlement and clearance funds	56,335	56,335	1,742	1,742	
Guarantee deposits paid	19,238	19,238	595	595	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	10,040	10,040	311	311	
Securities financial guarantee deposits-in	3,665	3,665	113	113	
Deposit payable for securities financing	4,050	4,050	125	125	
Payables	23,506	23,506	727	727	
Guarantee deposits-in	484	484	15	15	
Derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or					
loss-current					
Call options-futures	11	11	-	-	
Margin for futures trading - own funds	303,830	303,830	9,398	9,398	
Derivative financial instrument assets - GreTai					
(over-the-counter)	10,842	10,842	335	335	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or					
loss – current					
Put options – futures	4	4	-	-	
Other financial liabilities – current	75,282	75,282	2,329	2,329	

Cash and cash equivalents		June 30, 2007			
Item		(N	T\$)	(US	S\$)
Non-derivative financial instruments		Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
Cash and cash equivalents	Item	amount	value	amount	value
Cash and cash equivalents	Non-derivative financial instruments				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current Open-end funds and currency market instruments Operating securities – net 1,063,563 1,063,563 32,396 32,396 Receivable amount for margin loans 943,591 943,591 28,742 28,742 Receivables 59,260 59,260 1,804 1,804 Restricted assets – current 300,000 300,000 9,138 9,138 Long-term investments under equity method 717,306 717,306 21,849 21,849 Available-for-sale financial assets – noncurrent 18 18 18 1	Assets				
loss - current	Cash and cash equivalents	\$475,377	\$475,377	\$14,480	\$14,480
Open-end funds and currency market instruments 130,027 130,027 3,961 3,961 Operating securities – net 1,063,563 1,063,563 32,396 32,396 Receivable amount for margin loans 943,591 943,591 28,742 28,742 Receivables 59,260 59,260 1,804 1,804 Restricted assets – current 300,000 300,000 9,138 9,138 Long-term investments under equity method 717,306 717,306 21,849 21,849 Available-for-sale financial assets – noncurrent 18 18 1 1 Operating deposits 225,097 6,856 6,856 Settlement and clearance funds 50,550 50,550 1,540 1,540 Guarantee deposits paid 28,326 28,326 863 863 Liabilities Securities financing guarantee deposits-in 6,029 6,029 184 18 Deposit payable for securities financing 6,662 6,662 203 203 Payables 56,442 56,442 <t< td=""><td>Financial assets at fair value through profit or</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
Instruments	loss – current				
Operating securities – net 1,063,563 1,063,563 32,396 32,396 Receivable amount for margin loans 943,591 943,591 28,742 28,742 Receivables 59,260 59,260 1,804 1,804 Restricted assets – current 300,000 300,000 9,138 9,138 Long-term investments under equity method 717,306 717,306 21,849 21,849 Available-for-sale financial assets – noncurrent 18 18 1 1 Operating deposits 225,097 225,097 6,856 6,856 Settlement and clearance funds 50,550 50,550 1,540 1,540 Guarantee deposits paid 28,326 28,326 863 863 Ecuritities financing guarantee deposits-in 6,029 6,029 184 184 Deposit payable for securities financing 6,662 6,662 203 203 Payables 56,442 56,442 1,719 1,719 Guarantee deposits-in 141 141 141 4 <	Open-end funds and currency market				
Receivable amount for margin loans	instruments	130,027	130,027	3,961	3,961
Receivables 59,260 59,260 1,804 1,804 Restricted assets – current 300,000 300,000 9,138 9,138 Long-term investments under equity method 717,306 717,306 21,849 21,849 Available-for-sale financial assets – noncurrent 18 18 1 1 Operating deposits 225,097 225,097 6,856 6,856 Settlement and clearance funds 50,550 50,550 1,540 1,540 Guarantee deposits paid 28,326 28,326 863 863 Liabilities Securities financing guarantee deposits-in 6,029 6,029 184 184 Deposit payable for securities financing 6,662 6,662 203 203 Payables 56,442 56,442 1,719 1,719 Guarantee deposits-in 141 141 4 4 Derivative financial instruments Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current 1,200 1,200 36 36	Operating securities – net	1,063,563	1,063,563	32,396	32,396
Restricted assets = current 300,000 300,000 9,138 9,138 Long-term investments under equity method 717,306 717,306 21,849 21,849 Available-for-sale financial assets = noncurrent 18	Receivable amount for margin loans	943,591	943,591	28,742	28,742
Long-term investments under equity method	Receivables	59,260	59,260	1,804	1,804
Available-for-sale financial assets – noncurrent 18 18 1 Operating deposits 225,097 225,097 6,856 6,856 Settlement and clearance funds 50,550 50,550 1,540 1,540 Guarantee deposits paid 28,326 28,326 863 863 Securities financing guarantee deposits-in Deposit payable for securities financing 6,662 6,662 203 203 Payables Guarantee deposits-in 141 141 4 4 Derivative financial instruments Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current Margin for futures trading – own funds Ciabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants (331) (331) (10) (16) Derivative financial instrument liabilities	Restricted assets – current	300,000	300,000	9,138	9,138
Operating deposits 225,097 225,097 6,856 6,856 Settlement and clearance funds 50,550 50,550 1,540 1,540 Guarantee deposits paid 28,326 28,326 863 863 Liabilities Securities financing guarantee deposits-in 6,029 6,029 184 184 Deposit payable for securities financing 6,662 6,662 203 203 Payables 56,442 56,442 1,719 1,719 Guarantee deposits-in 141 141 4 4 Derivative financial instruments Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current Margin for futures trading – own funds 313,077 313,077 9,536 9,536 Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current 1,200 1,200 36 36 Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants 1,200 1,200 36 36 Ciabilities for issuance of issued call (put) w	Long-term investments under equity method	717,306	717,306	21,849	21,849
Settlement and clearance funds Guarantee deposits paid 28,326 28,326 863 863 863 Securities financing guarantee deposits-in Securities financing guarantee deposits-in Deposit payable for securities financing 6,662 6,662 203 203 Payables 56,442 56,442 1,719 1,719 Guarantee deposits-in 141 141 4 Derivative financial instruments Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current Margin for futures trading – own funds 313,077 313,077 9,536 9,536 Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants (331) (331) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (1	Available-for-sale financial assets – noncurrent	18	18	1	1
Settlement and clearance funds 50,550 50,550 1,540 1,544 Guarantee deposits paid 28,326 28,326 863 863 Securities financing guarantee deposits-in 6,029 6,029 184 184 Deposit payable for securities financing 6,662 6,662 203 203 Payables 56,442 56,442 1,719 1,719 Guarantee deposits-in 141 141 4 4 Derivative financial instruments Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current Margin for futures trading – own funds 313,077 313,077 9,536 9,536 Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants 1,200 1,200 36 36 Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants (331) (331) (10) (16) Derivative financial instrument liabilities	Operating deposits	225,097	225,097	6,856	6,856
Securities financing guarantee deposits-in 6,029 6,029 184 184 Deposit payable for securities financing 6,662 6,662 203 203 Payables 56,442 56,442 1,719 1,719 Guarantee deposits-in 141 141 4 4 Derivative financial instruments Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current Margin for futures trading – own funds 313,077 313,077 9,536 9,536 Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants 1,200 1,200 36 36 Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants (331) (331) (10) (10) Derivative financial instrument liabilities		50,550	50,550	1,540	1,540
Securities financing guarantee deposits-in Deposit payable for securities financing 6,662 6,662 203 203 Payables 56,442 56,442 1,719 1,719 Guarantee deposits-in 141 141 4 Derivative financial instruments Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current Margin for futures trading – own funds 313,077 313,077 9,536 9,536 Derivative for issuance of call (put) warrants Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants (331) (331) (10) (10)	Guarantee deposits paid	28,326	28,326	863	863
Deposit payable for securities financing Payables 56,442 56,442 1,719 1,719 Guarantee deposits-in 141 141 4 Derivative financial instruments Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current Margin for futures trading – own funds 313,077 313,077 9,536 9,536 Ciabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants (331) (331) (10) (10)	<u>Liabilities</u>				
Payables 56,442 56,442 1,719 1,719 Guarantee deposits-in 141 141 4 4 Derivative financial instruments Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current Margin for futures trading – own funds 313,077 313,077 9,536 9,536 Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants 1,200 1,200 36 36 Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants (331) (331) (10) (10) Derivative financial instrument liabilities	Securities financing guarantee deposits-in	6,029	6,029	184	184
Guarantee deposits-in 141 141 4 Derivative financial instruments Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current Margin for futures trading – own funds 313,077 313,077 9,536 9,536 Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants 1,200 1,200 36 36 Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants (331) (331) (10) (10) Derivative financial instrument liabilities	Deposit payable for securities financing	6,662	6,662	203	203
Derivative financial instruments Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current Margin for futures trading – own funds January 1313,077 313,077 9,536 9,536 Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants 1,200 1,200 36 36 Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants (331) (331) (10) (10) Derivative financial instrument liabilities	Payables	56,442	56,442	1,719	1,719
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current Margin for futures trading – own funds Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants Derivative financial instrument liabilities	Guarantee deposits-in	141	141	4	4
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current Margin for futures trading – own funds 313,077 313,077 9,536 9,536 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants Derivative financial instrument liabilities	Derivative financial instruments				
loss – current Margin for futures trading – own funds 313,077 313,077 9,536 9,536 9,536 Eiabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants (331) (331) (10) (10)	Assets				
Margin for futures trading – own funds 313,077 313,077 9,536 9,536 9,536 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants (331) (331) (10) (10)	Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants Derivative financial instrument liabilities	loss – current				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants Output Derivative financial instrument liabilities	Margin for futures trading – own funds	313,077	313,077	9,536	9,536
loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants Derivative financial instrument liabilities 1,200 1,200 36 36 36 37 (10) (10)	<u>Liabilities</u>				
loss – current Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants Derivative financial instrument liabilities 1,200 1,200 36 36 36 37 (10) (10)	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or				
Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants 1,200 1,200 36 36 Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants (331) (331) (10) Derivative financial instrument liabilities					
Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants (331) (331) (10) (10) Derivative financial instrument liabilities	Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants	1,200	1,200	36	36
Derivative financial instrument liabilities					(10)
		` '	` '	, ,	` '
,		5,115	5,115	156	156
Other financial liabilities – current 238,315 238,315 7,259 7,259					7,259

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimating the fair value of the financial instruments are as follows:
- (a) Short-term financial instruments are stated at their carrying amount on the balance sheet date. Because the maturity date of these instruments is very close to the balance sheet date, it is reasonable that their carrying amounts are equal to their fair values. This assumption is adopted for the following accounts: cash and cash equivalents, receivable amount for margin loans, securities refinancing margin deposits receivables, receivables, restricted assets, operating deposits, settlement and clearance funds, guarantee deposits paid, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, securities financing guarantee deposits-in, deposit payable for securities financing, payables and guarantee deposits-in.
- (b) Long-term investments under equity method and available-for-sale financial assets noncurrent are estimated based on market prices, if available. If long-term investments under equity method and available-for-sale financial assets noncurrent of Cathay Securities are not traded on the open market, the carrying amount on the balance sheet date is used to estimate the fair value.
- (c) If there is a quoted market price on the open market, the quoted market price of financial assets and liabilities is regarded as fair value. Otherwise, if the market for a financial instrument is not active, Cathay Securities assesses fair value by using pricing model. A pricing model incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price.

The following table summarizes the fair value of financial assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2006 and 2007:

	June 30, 2006					
	Based on the	quoted market				
	pr	ice	Based on pricing models			
Financial instruments	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		
<u>Assets</u>						
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss - current						
Open-end funds and currency						
market instruments	\$609,763	\$18,861	\$-	\$-		
Operating securities – net	129,905	4,018	-	-		
Call options-futures	11	-	-	-		

Juna 20, 2006

	June 30, 2006						
	Based on the q	uoted market					
	prio	•	Based on price	cing models			
Financial instruments	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$			
<u>Assets</u>							
Margin for futures trading – own							
funds	303,830	9,398	-	-			
Derivative financial instrument							
assets – GreTai							
(over-the-counter)	-	-	10,842	335			
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Financial liabilities at fair value							
through profit or loss - current							
Put options – futures	4	-	-	-			
Other financial liabilities – current	-	-	75,282	2,329			
	June 30, 2007						
	Based on the q	uoted market					
	prio	ce	Based on price	Based on pricing models			
Financial instruments	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$			
<u>Assets</u>							
Financial assets at fair value							
through profit or loss – current							
Open-end funds and currency							
market instruments	\$130,027	\$3,961	\$-	\$-			
Operating securities – net	1,063,563	32,396	-	-			
Margin for futures trading - own							
funds	313,077	9,536	-	-			
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Financial liabilities at fair value							
through profit or loss - current							
Liabilities for issuance of call							
(put) warrants	1,200	36	-	-			
Repurchase of issued call (put)							
warrants	(331)	(10)	-	-			
Derivative financial instrument							
liabilities-GreTei							
(over-the-counter)	-	-	5,115	156			
Other financial liabilities - current	-	-	238,315	7,259			

The above derivative financial instrument assets (liabilities)-GreTai (over-the-counter) and other financial liabilities-current are valued using "Monte Carlo Simulations" and "Interest Method".

c. Financial risk management objectives and policies

(a) Market risk

Cathay Securities invests in equity securities that have active public market prices. When adverse market conditions exist, Cathay Securities is exposed to market risk as prices fluctuate. Although Cathay Securities controls and quantifies its market risk by establishing stop-loss limits and measuring Value-at-Risk, evaluates its risk utilizing historical prices and controls its overall investment portfolio, it is still exposed to market risk.

(b) Credit risk

In accordance with Cathay Securities' policy, credit evaluations are required for all credit transactions. Credit limits are established based on customers' credit ratings. Margin ratios are also evaluated continuously to control default risk.

The counterparties to Cathay Securities' other financial assets (including cash and cash equivalents and all other current and non current investments) are all creditworthy and well-known financial institutions in the ROC. As a result, counterparty credit risk is relatively low.

(c) Liquidity risk

Cathay Securities believes its working capital is sufficient for its operations and that the risk of contract defaults resulting from a lack of capital is low.

The financial assets held by Cathay Securities all have active markets and can be sold at prices approximate to fair values. As the result, Cathay Securities believes there is no significant cash flow risk.

(d) Cash flow risk from interest rate fluctuations

Cathay Securities currently has no exposure to floating interest rates related to financial assets or liabilities and thus Cathay Securities believes there is no significant cash flow risk from interest rate fluctuations.

Cathay Securities also held Real Estate Asset Trust (REAT) beneficiary certificates. The value of these certificates may decline if interest rates increase and thus they are subject to valuation risk. However, the term of the certificates is 5 years, and as a result, the risk is relatively lower. In addition, Cathay Securities will take appropriate actions with respect these certificates based on interest rate fluctuations.

d. Derivatives

(a) Issuance call warrants

a Nominal principal or contract amount and credit risk

	June 30,	2006	June 30, 2007		
	Nominal		Nominal		
	principal		principal		
	/contract	Credit	/contract	Credit	
Financial instruments	amount	risk	amount	risk	
For trading purposes					
	NT\$-	NT\$-	NT\$13,300	NT\$-	
Issuance of call warrants	(US\$-)	(US\$-)	(US\$405)	(US\$-)	

Cathay Securities collects premium from investors when issuing call warrants. Therefore, Cathay Securities believes it does not have any credit risk with respect to investors.

b Market price risk

Market risk for call warrants issued arises from changes in prices of the underlying securities. Although market risk can be avoided by adjusting Cathay Securities warrant and hedging positions, certain market risk still exist.

©Liquidity risk, cash flow risk and future cash requirements

When issuing call warrants, Cathay Securities utilizes existing holdings of underlying securities and premiums received in advance to establish hedging positions. Further, because underlying securities must meet specific regulatory requirements with respect to market price and shareholders diversification, Cathay Securities believes they can be easily sold at reasonable prices and that liquidity risk is low. Risk may arise from the need for capital when adjusting hedging position in response to price changes of underlying securities. However, assuming strong market liquidity, Cathay Securities believes cash flow risk is low.

The call warrants issued by Cathay Securities typically have contract periods of six months starting from the date when the warrants are listed. Except for the flow of cash related to hedging transactions, there are no other cash requirements.

d Types, purposes, and strategies for derivatives

Cathay Securities hedging positions are not held for trading purposes but instead, are held to minimize the risk of investors exercising warrants. Cathay Securities hedging strategy is focused on avoiding market price risks. The value of the underlying securities for hedging are highly correlated to the fair value of the issued call warrants. Cathay Securities hedging positions are evaluated and adjusted periodically.

© Financial statement presentation of derivative financial instruments

As of June 30, 2007, disclosure of the issuance of call (put) warrants on the balance sheets and statements of income are summarized as follows:

Balance sheet

	June 30, 2	2007	
	Financial liabilitie	s at fair value	
	through profit or	loss-current	
	NT\$ US\$		
Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants	\$1,200	\$36	
Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants	(331)	(10)	
Total	\$869 \$26		

Statement of income

For the six months ended					
June 30, 2007					
Profit from i	ssuing call				
(put) wa	arrants	Comments			
NT\$	US\$				
\$5,180	\$158	Fair value method			
(10,391)	(317)				
146	4	Fair value method			
11,120	339				
\$6,055	\$184				
	Profit from i (put) wa NT\$ \$5,180 (10,391) 146 11,120	June 30, Profit from issuing call (put) warrants NT\$ US\$ \$5,180 \$158 (10,391) (317) 146 4 11,120 339			

(b) Structured notes transactions

(a) Nominal principal or contract amount and credit risk

	June 30, 20	006	June 30, 2007		
	Nominal		Nominal		
	principal Credit		principal	Credit	
Financial instruments	/contract amount risk		/contract amount	risk	
For trading purposes					
Equity-linked notes	NT\$73,200	NT\$-	NT\$-	NT\$-	
	(US\$2,264)	(US\$-)	(US\$-)	(US\$-)	
Principal guaranteed notes	NT\$-	NT\$-	NT\$240,100	NT\$-	
	(US\$-)	(US\$-)	(US\$7,313)	(US\$-)	

Cathay Securities credit risk arises from a breach of contract by a counterparty. Cathay Securities believes it is not exposed to credit risk because contract amounts are collected in advance of structured notes being issued.

(b) Market risk

In structured notes transactions, Cathay Securities receives proceeds from investors on the contract date and makes its investments pursuant to the contract. Cathay Securities invests in linked and fixed income assets that are subject to regulations and open market pricing. Since hedging positions for derivative instruments and stop-loss points are established, Cathay Securities believes it can limit its losses to within an expected range and that, as a result, there is no significant market risk.

© Risk from liquidity, cash flow and future cash requirements

In structured notes transactions, Cathay Securities receives the contract amount from investors on the contract date and makes its investments pursuant to the contract. In order to provide investors with the ability for early redemption, Cathay Securities considers liquidity risk when investing in fixed income securities. As a result, Cathay Securities does not expect any significant cash requirements at expiration of the contract.

d Types, purposes, and strategies for financial derivatives

The structured notes transactions of Cathay Securities can be divided into principal guaranteed notes and equity-linked notes.

Principal guaranteed notes transactions involve receiving proceeds from investors on the contract date and providing them with a guaranteed payment and returns, if any, of linked assets.

Equity-linked notes transactions involve receiving proceeds from investors, investing in fixed-income products and selling options that settle in cash on the expiration date. Proceeds received by investors consist of returns from the fixed income products and value of the options at expiration.

(c) Financial statement presentation of derivative financial instruments

As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, the disclosure of structured notes transactions on the balance sheets and statements of income are summarized as follows:

Balance sheet

	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2007	
	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Derivative financial instrument assets –				
GreTai (over-the-counter) (note 1)				
Structured notes transactions	\$10,842	\$335	\$-	\$-
Derivative financial instrument liabilities –				
GreTai (over-the-counter) (note 2)				
Structured notes transactions	-	-	5,115	156
Other financial liabilities – current				
Principal of structured notes	75,282	2,329	238,315	7,259

Note 1: Recorded as "Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current" in balance sheet.

Note 2: Recorded as "Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current" in balance sheet.

Statement of income

	For the six months ended June 30, 2006		For the six months ended June 30, 2007		
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	Comments
Loss from derivative financial					
instruments – Gre Jai (over the					
counter)					
Loss from structured notes	\$(6,480)	\$(200)	\$(4,478)	\$(136)	Fair value method

e. Futures and options transactions

As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, Cathay Securities' unexercised options were as follows:

June 30, 2006

		Unexercise	ed options	Contract amount/			
	Nature of			payment o	f premium	Fair v	alue
Item	Transaction	Buy/Sell	Units	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Options	TXO-Put	Sell	1	\$(9)	\$-	\$4	\$-
Options	TXO-Put1	Buy	30	\$54	\$2	\$11	-

June 30, 2007

		Unexercise	ed options	Contract amount/			
	Nature of			payment o	f premium	Fair v	alue
Item	Transaction	Buy/Sell	Units	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Futures	TAIEX futures	Buy	20	\$35,383	\$1,078	\$35,232	\$1,073

(a) Nominal principal or contract amount and credit risk

	June 30, 2006				
	Nominal principal/				
Financial instruments	contract amount	Credit risk			
For trading purposes					
TXO	NT\$63 (US\$2)	NT\$- (US\$-)			
	June 30, 2	2007			
	Nominal principal/				
Financial instruments	contract amount	Credit risk			
For trading purposes					
TAIEX futures	NT\$35,383 (US\$1,078)	NT\$- (US\$-)			

Cathay Securities believes it has no significant credit risk exposure since it has entered into futures trading transactions with the Taiwan Futures Exchange and the risk of default is low.

(b) Market risk

Cathay Securities market risk from futures and options transactions arises from the purchase and sale of futures and options and the volatility of indexes. Since the fair values of futures and options are available and stop-loss points are established, Cathay Securities believes it can limit its losses to within an expected range. However market risk still exists.

(c) Risk from liquidity, cash flow, and future cash requirements

Cathay Securities unexercised options could all be liquidated at reasonable prices in the market. As a result, Cathay Securities believes liquidity risk is low.

Cathay Securities trading in Taiwan stock index futures requires an initial margin and additional margin depending on the daily valuation of open positions. In the event additional margin is required, Cathay Securities has sufficient working capital to meet its requirements, and hence Cathay Securities believes funding risk and cash flow risk are low. With respect to Cathay Securities trading in options, prior to any transaction pays or receives option premium. If Cathay Securities sells call options and the counterparty exercises its option, Cathay Securities has sufficient working capital to cover the exercise and hence Cathay Securities believes funding risk and cash flow risk are low.

(d) Types, purposes, and strategies for financial derivatives

Cathay Securities purpose in trading futures and options is to increase the scope of its investment activities and improve its capital efficiency.

(e)Financial statement presentation of derivative financial instruments

The margin and premium resulting from trading are reflected in "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current (margin for futures trading – own funds) on the balance sheet. For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007, the related gain (loss) of futures and options on the statement of income were as follows:

	For the six months		For the six months		
	ended June	30, 2006	ended Jun	ended June 30, 2007	
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Gain from derivative financial instruments –					
futures					
Gain on futures contracts - realized	\$260	\$8	\$3,034	\$92	
Gain on futures contracts - unrealized	255	8	151	5	
Gain from options transactions - realized	1,771	55	1,187	36	
Loss from options transactions - unrealized	(128)	(4)			
Total	\$2,158	\$67	\$4,372	\$133	

F. Cathay Pacific Venture

a. Information of fair value

	June 30, 2006			
	(NT\$)		(US\$)	
	Carrying		Carrying	
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Cash in bank	\$387,657	\$387,657	\$11,991	\$11,991
Other receivables (contain transactions with				
related parties)	1,808	1,808	56	56
Other current assets	5,234	5,234	162	162
Available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent	100,912	100,912	3,121	3,121
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Other payables (contain transactions with				
related parties)	196	196	6	6

	June 30, 2007			
	(NT\$)		(US\$)	
	Carrying		Carrying	
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
Non-derivative financial instruments				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash in bank	\$228,669	\$228,669	\$6,965	\$6,965
Available-for-sale financial assets-current	223,310	223,310	6,802	6,802
Other receivables (contain transactions with				
related parties)	1,294	1,294	39	39
Other current assets	660	660	20	20
Available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent	224,762	224,762	6,846	6,846
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Other payables (contain transactions with				
related parties)	242	242	7	7

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments are as follows:
 - (a) The fair value of Cathay Pacific Venture short-term financial instruments is based on the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. The method is applied to cash and cash equivalents, other receivables (contain transactions with related parties), other current assets, accrued expenses and other current liabilities.
 - (b) Quoted market price, if available, are utilized as estimates of the fair value of available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent.
 - (c) Financial assets carried at cost are unlisted stock. Since these stocks have no quoted market prices in an active market and their fair value connot be reliably measured, their fair values are based on their carrying values.

G. Cathay Futures

a. Information of fair value

_	June 30, 2006			
	(NT\$)		(US\$)	
	Carrying		Carrying	
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
Non-derivative financial instruments				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$199,735	\$199,735	\$6,178	\$6,178
Customers' margin accounts	1,193,986	1,193,986	36,931	36,931
Futures trading deposits receivable	717	717	22	22
Accounts receivable - related parties	62	62	2	2
Other receivables (contain transactions with				
related parties)	11,507	11,507	356	356
Available-for-sale financial				
assets-noncurrent	30,500	30,500	943	943
Operating deposits	80,000	80,000	2,474	2,474
Settlement and clearance funds	57,000	57,000	1,763	1,763
Guarantee deposits paid	1,247	1,247	39	39
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Futures customers' equity	1,193,694	1,193,694	36,922	36,922
Payables (contain transactions with related				
parties)	1,932	1,932	60	60
Advance receipts	259	259	8	8
Other payable (contain transactions with				
related parties)	3,538	3,538	109	109
Guarantee deposits in	146	146	5	5

	June 30, 2007					
	(N	Γ\$)	(US	S\$)		
	Carrying		Carrying			
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$224,625	\$224,625	\$6,842	\$6,842		
Customers' margin accounts	957,571	957,571	29,168	29,168		
Futures trading deposits receivable	538	538	16	16		
Accounts receivable-related parties	124	124	4	4		
Other receivable (contain transactions with						
related parties)	5,806	5,806	177	177		
Available-for-sale financial						
assets-noncurrent	30,500	30,500	929	929		
Operating deposits	60,000	60,000	1,828	1,828		
Settlement and clearance funds	62,000	62,000	1,889	1,889		
Guarantee deposits paid	1,279	1,279	39	39		
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Futures customers' equity	957,277	957,277	29,159	29,159		
Payables (contain transactions with related						
parties)	1,661	1,661	51	51		
Advance receipts	295	295	9	9		
Other payable (contain transactions with						
related parties)	3,793	3,793	116	116		

- b. Methods and assumptions applied in estimating the fair value of financial instruments are as follows:
 - (a) The carrying amounts of the financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalent, customers' margin accounts, futures trading deposits receivable, accounts receivable-related parties, other receivable, operation bond, settlement and clearance funds, refundable deposits, futures customers' equity, payables, Advance receipts receipts under custody, other payable and guarantee deposits in, approximate their fair values because of the short maturities of these instruments.

- (b) The fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is valued at market prices.
- (c) The fair value of available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent is valued at market price or other financial information when available.

c. Information on financial risk

- (a) The fair values of the shares on listed companies or derivative instruments held by Cathay Futures fluctuate along with the related stock market factors.
- (b) Credit risk Appropriate credit evaluation processes and continuous monitor of credit-lines are in place for all customers of the brokerage department. In addition, all transactions conducted by proprietary trading department go through Taiwan Futures Exchange and therefore no significant credit risk is expected.
- (c) Liquidity risk and cash flow risk Cathay Futures has sufficient working capital for its operation and there is no liquidity risk on default. In addition, except for the financial assets carried at cost and long term investment under equity method which are embedded of liquidity risks due to lack of active market, all other stocks Cathay Futures held are able to be disposed rapidly at prices close to fair values.

The realized gains or losses on the derivatives (TSIF and TSIO - proprietary) of Cathay Futures for June 30, 2006 and 2007 are as follows:

June 30,						
7						
(US\$)						
\$-						
-						
\$-						
7						

H. Symphox Information

a. Information of fair value

	(N'	T\$)	(U	S\$)
	Carrying		Carrying	
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
Non-derivative financial instruments				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$83,592	\$83,592	\$2,586	\$2,586
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss-current	138,432	138,432	4,282	4,282
Receivables (contain transactions				
with related parties)	199,284	199,284	6,164	6,164
Guarantee deposits paid	10,970	10,970	339	339
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Payables (contain transactions with				
related parties)	125,767	125,767	3,890	3,890
Guarantee deposits in	87	87	3	3
		June 30,	, 2007	
	(N'	June 30,		S\$)
	(N' Carrying			S\$)
Item			(U	S\$) Fair value
Item Non-derivative financial instruments	Carrying	Τ\$)	(U Carrying	
	Carrying	Τ\$)	(U Carrying	
Non-derivative financial instruments	Carrying	Τ\$)	(U Carrying	
Non-derivative financial instruments <u>Assets</u>	Carrying amount	Γ\$) Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Non-derivative financial instruments Assets Cash and cash equivalents	Carrying amount	Γ\$) Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Non-derivative financial instruments Assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value	Carrying amount \$83,855	Γ\$) Fair value \$83,855	Carrying amount	Fair value \$2,554
Non-derivative financial instruments Assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	Carrying amount \$83,855	Γ\$) Fair value \$83,855	Carrying amount	Fair value \$2,554
Non-derivative financial instruments Assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current Receivables (contain transactions	Carrying amount \$83,855	Fair value \$83,855 203,877	Carrying amount \$2,554 6,210	Fair value \$2,554 6,210
Non-derivative financial instruments Assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current Receivables (contain transactions with related parties)	Carrying amount \$83,855 203,877 177,755	Fair value \$83,855 203,877 177,755	(U Carrying amount \$2,554 6,210 5,414	Fair value \$2,554 6,210 5,414
Non-derivative financial instruments Assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current Receivables (contain transactions with related parties) Guarantee deposits paid	Carrying amount \$83,855 203,877 177,755	Fair value \$83,855 203,877 177,755	(U Carrying amount \$2,554 6,210 5,414	Fair value \$2,554 6,210 5,414
Non-derivative financial instruments Assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current Receivables (contain transactions with related parties) Guarantee deposits paid Liabilities	Carrying amount \$83,855 203,877 177,755	Fair value \$83,855 203,877 177,755	(U Carrying amount \$2,554 6,210 5,414	Fair value \$2,554 6,210 5,414

June 30, 2006

Guarantee deposits in

84

84

3

3

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments are as follows:
 - (a) The fair value of Symphox Information short-term financial instruments is based on the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. The method is applied to cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current, receivables.
 - (b) The fair value of the guarantee deposits paid and guarantee deposits in is based on the carrying amount.

I. Cathay Venture Capital

a. Information of fair value

June 30, 2006					
(NT	T\$)	(US\$)			
Carrying		Carrying			
amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value		
\$12,423	\$12,423	\$384	\$384		
709,645	709,645	21,950	21,950		
287,291	287,291	8,886	8,886		
570,258	570,258	17,639	17,639		
	June 30,	2007			
(NT	Γ\$)	(US	S\$)		
Carrying		Carrying			
amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value		
\$26,653	\$26,653	\$812	\$812		
13,938	13,938	425	425		
245,845	245,845	7,488	7,488		
	Carrying amount \$12,423 709,645 287,291 570,258 (NT Carrying amount \$26,653 13,938	(NT\$) Carrying amount Fair value \$12,423 \$12,423 709,645 709,645 287,291 287,291 570,258 570,258 June 30, (NT\$) Carrying amount amount Fair value \$26,653 \$26,653 13,938 13,938	(NT\$) (US) Carrying amount Fair value Carrying amount \$12,423 \$12,423 \$384 709,645 709,645 21,950 287,291 287,291 8,886 570,258 570,258 17,639 June 30, 2007 (NT\$) (US) Carrying amount Fair value amount \$26,653 \$26,653 \$812 13,938 13,938 425		

Available-for-sale financial				
assets- noncurrent	374,519	374,519	11,408	11,408
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	861,035	861,035	26,227	26,227

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments are as following:
 - (a) The fair value of short-term financial instruments is based on the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. The method is applied to cash and cash equivalents.
 - (b) When financial instruments have activity market, the fair value is the market price. Estimation by evaluation method if there have no activity market.
 - (c) The fair value of financial instruments is valued at market price or other financial information when available.
- c. The fair value of the Cathay Venture Capital financial assets and liabilities determined by quoted market price or pricing models are summarized as following:

	June 30,							
		200)6			2007		
	Based on the	-	Based on mod	-	Based on the	-	Based on	-
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Non-derivative financial instr	<u>uments</u>							
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or								
loss-current	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$13,938	\$425	\$-	\$-
Available-for-sale financial								
assets-current	709,645	21,950	-	-	245,845	7,488	-	-
Available-for-sale financial								
assets-noncurrent	287,291	8,886	-	-	374,519	11,408	-	-
Financial assets carried at								
cost - noncurrent	570,258	17,639	-	-	861,035	26,227	-	-

I. Cathay II Venture Capital

a. Information of fair value

	June 30, 2006					
	(NT	(\$)	(US\$)			
	Carrying		Carrying			
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$6,561	\$6,561	\$203	\$203		
Available-for-sale financial						
assets- current	92,298	92,298	2,855	2,855		
Available-for-sale financial						
assets- noncurrent	360,669	360,669	11,156	11,156		
		June 30,	2007			
	(NT	-	2007 (US	S\$)		
	(NT Carrying	-		S\$)		
Item	·	-	(US	S\$) Fair value		
Item Non-derivative financial instruments	Carrying	(\$)	(US Carrying			
	Carrying	(\$)	(US Carrying			
Non-derivative financial instruments	Carrying	(\$)	(US Carrying			
Non-derivative financial instruments <u>Assets</u>	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value		
Non-derivative financial instruments Assets Cash and cash equivalents	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value		
Non-derivative financial instruments Assets Cash and cash equivalents Available-for-sale financial	Carrying amount	Fair value \$4,237	Carrying amount	Fair value		
Non-derivative financial instruments Assets Cash and cash equivalents Available-for-sale financial assets- current	Carrying amount	Fair value \$4,237	Carrying amount	Fair value		

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments are as following:
 - (a) The fair value of short-term financial instruments is based on the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. The method is applied to cash and cash equivalents.
 - (b) When financial instruments have activity market, the fair value is the market price. Estimation by evaluation method if there have no activity market.

- (c) The fair value of financial instruments is valued at market price or other financial information when available.
- c. The fair value of the Cathay II Venture Capital financial assets and liabilities determined by quoted market price or pricing models are summarized as following:

	June 30,							
		200)6			2007		
	Based on th	Based on the quoted Based on pricing		pricing	Based on the quoted market price		Based on pricing models	
	market j	price	models					
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Non-derivative financial instr	<u>uments</u>							
<u>Assets</u>								
Available-for-sale financial								
assets-current	\$92,298	\$2,855	\$-	\$-	\$85,265	\$2,597	\$-	\$-
Available-for-sale financial								
assets-noncurrent	360,669	11,156	-	-	276,004	8,407	-	-

K. Cathay Life (Shanghai)

a. Information of fair value

	June 30,2006						
	(NT	(\$)	(US\$)				
	Carrying		Carrying				
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value			
Non-derivative financial instruments							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,054,898	\$1,054,898	\$32,629	\$32,629			
Financial assets at fair value through							
profit or loss-current	542,101	542,101	16,768	16,768			
Available-for-sale financial							
assets-noncurrent	403,499	403,499	12,481	12,481			
Held-to-maturity financial							
assets-noncurrent	438,363	438,363	13,559	13,559			
Investment in debt securities with no							
active market-noncurrent	679,314	679,314	21,012	21,012			
Guarantee deposits paid	662,663	662,663	20,497	20,497			

Liabilities

Guarantee deposits in 574 574 18

	June 30,2007						
	(NT	(\$)	(US\$)				
	Carrying		Carrying				
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value			
Non-derivative financial instruments							
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,883,597	\$1,883,597	\$57,374	\$57,374			
Financial assets at fair value through							
profit or loss-current	165,982	165,982	5,056	5,056			
Available-for-sale financial							
assets-current	344,803	344,803	10,503	10,503			
Held-to-maturity financial							
assets-current	43,005	42,944	1,310	1,308			
Available-for-sale financial							
assets-noncurrent	617,472	617,472	18,808	18,808			
Held-to-maturity financial							
assets-noncurrent	384,180	365,030	11,702	11,119			
Investment in debt securities with no							
active market-noncurrent	1,505,892	1,503,319	45,869	45,791			
Guarantee deposits paid	698,901	698,901	21,288	21,288			
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Guarantee deposits in	1,343	1,343	41	41			

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments are as follows:
 - (a) The fair value of Cathay Life (Shanghai) short-term financial instruments is based on the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. The method is applied to cash and cash equivalents and premium receivables.
 - (b) When financial instruments have activity market, the fair value is the market price. Estimation by evaluation method if there have no activity market.
 - (c) The fair value of the guarantee deposits paid and guarantee deposits in is based on the carrying amount.

c. The fair value of the Cathay life (Shanghai) financial assets and liabilities determined by market price or pricing models are summarized as following:

	June 30,								
		200)6			200	2007		
	Based on th	-	Based on mod	_	Based on the	-	Based on mod	-	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Non-derivative financial instru	uments								
<u>Assets</u>									
Financial assets at fair value									
through profit or									
loss-current	\$542,101	\$16,768	\$-	\$-	\$165,982	\$5,056	\$-	\$-	
Available-for-sale financial									
assets-current	-	-	-	-	344,803	10,503	-	-	
Held-to-maturity financial									
assets-current	-	-	-	-	42,944	1,308	-	-	
Available-for-sale financial									
assets-noncurrent	403,499	12,481	-	-	617,472	18,808	-	-	
Held-to-maturity financial									
assets-noncurrent	438,363	13,559	-	-	365,030	11,119	-	-	
Investment in debt securities									
with no active market-									
noncurrent	-	-	679,314	21,012	-	-	1,503,319	45,791	

(3) Discretionary account management

	June 30, 2006						
	Carrying	value	Fair va	alue			
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Listed stocks	\$6,101,128	\$188,714	\$6,101,128	\$188,714			
Repurchase bonds	4,866,991	150,541	4,866,991	150,541			
Convertible bonds	27,512	851	27,512	851			
Short-term notes	37,012	1,145	37,012	1,145			
Bonds	2,891,806	89,446	2,891,806	89,446			
Cash in banks	338,855	10,481	338,855	10,481			
Net other assets less liabilities	3,090	96	3,090	96			

Total \$14,266,394 \$441,274 \$14,266,394 \$441,274

June 30, 2007

	Carrying	value	Fair value		
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Listed stocks	\$18,782,311	\$572,108	\$18,782,311	\$572,108	
Repurchase bonds	7,934,303	241,679	7,934,303	241,679	
Short-term notes	100,229	3,053	100,229	3,053	
Cash in banks	709,631	21,615	709,631	21,615	
Net other assets less liabilities	366	11	366	11	
Total	\$27,526,840	\$838,466	\$27,526,840	\$838,466	

As of June 30, 2006 and 2007, Cathay Life and Cathay Century had discretionary account management contracts in the amount of NT\$12,900,000 (US\$399,010), and NT\$22,850,000 (US\$696,010), respectively.

(4) Capital adequacy ration on a consolidated basis:

A. Capital adequacy ratios

As of June 30, 2006

Τ.	Ownership		Eligible cap	oital		Legal capi	ital
Item	interest		(NT\$) (USS		(NT\$)		(US\$)
The Company	100.00%		191,827,458	5,933,420		191,427,301	5,921,042
Cathay United Bank	100.00%		92,834,641	2,871,470		56,864,344	1,758,872
Lucky Bank	81.35%		3,202,841	99,067		2,439,516	75,457
Cathay Securities	100.00%		2,895,215	89,552		239,612	7,411
Cathay Life	100.00%		101,215,771	3,130,707		53,927,318	1,668,027
Cathay Century	100.00%		4,380,697	135,499		1,040,304	32,178
Cathay Pacific Venture	100.00%		600,792	18,583		298,861	9,244
Cathay Venture	15.00%		264,508	8,182		132,845	4,109
Cathay II Venture	100.00%		828,620	25,630		411,953	12,742
Cathay Capital Management	100.00%		40,610	1,256		24,114	746
Less: Item			(208,069,448)	(6,435,801)		(188,754,101)	(5,838,357)
Subtotal		(A)	190,021,705	5,877,565	(B)	118,052,067	3,651,471
Consolidated capital adequacy ratios				(C)=(A)/(B)			160.96%

As of June 30, 2007

	Ownership	Eligible ca	pital	Legal cap	ital
Item	interest	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
The Company	100.00%	227,861,769	6,940,657	218,975,445	6,669,980
Cathay United Bank	100.00%	92,702,226	2,823,705	62,866,275	1,914,903
Cathay Securities	100.00%	2,946,626	89,754	535,512	16,312
Cathay Life	100.00%	123,179,042	3,752,027	75,473,834	2,298,929
Cathay Century	100.00%	4,908,816	149,522	1,168,646	35,597
Cathay Pacific Venture	100.00%	767,439	23,376	383,842	11,692
Cathay Venture	15.00%	258,441	7,872,	129,492	3,944
Cathay II Venture	100.00%	876,494	26,698	439,080	13,374
Cathay Capital Management	100.00%	40,823	1,243	24,991	761
Less: Item		(234,071,108)	(7,129,793)	(215,954,606)	(6,577,965)
Subtotal		(A) 219,470,568	6,685,061	(B) 144,042,511	4,387,527
Consolidated capital adequacy ratios			(C)=(A)/(B)		152.37%

B. Eligible capital

As of June 30, 2006

Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Common Stock	85,646,481	2,649,133
Non-cumulative perpetual preferred stocks and		
non-cumulative subordinated debts without maturity	-	-
dates-qulified as bank-level Tier I Capital		
Preferred Stocks and subordinated t financial debenture	-	-
Capital collected in advance	4,263,443	131,873
Capital surplus	69,953,056	2,163,720
Legal reserve	8,188,136	253,267
Special reserve	-	-
Accumulated profit	18,113,107	560,257
Equity adjustments	6,251,468	193,364
Less: Goodwill	-	-
Less: Deferred assets	(588,233)	(18,194)
Less: Treasury stock	-	-
Consolidated eligible capital	191,827,458	5,933,420

As of June 30, 2007

Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Common Stock	92,770,191	2,825,775
Non-cumulative perpetual preferred stocks and		
non-cumulative subordinated debts without maturity		
dates-qulified as bank-level Tier I Capital	=	-
Preferred Stocks and subordinated financial debenture	-	-
Capital collected in advance	-	-
Capital surplus	81,971,167	2,496,837
Legal reserve	9,245,862	281,628
Special reserve	-	-
Accumulated profit	25,512,939	777,123
Equity adjustments	22,793,682	694,294
Less: Goodwill	-	-
Less: Deferred assets	(292,025)	(8,895)
Less: Treasury stock	(4,140,047)	(126,105)
Consolidated eligible capital	227,861,769	6,940,657

(5) Business or trading behaviors within Subsidiaries:

A. Business or trading behaviors

Please find Note 5 (business with stakeholders) for your reference.

B. Integrate business activities:

By integrating the insurance, securities, banking and other diversified financial institutions, the Company has become a full-functioning financial platform. Through the branches and professional sales representatives across Taiwan, the Company is able to develop its cross-selling marketing strategy and provide a one-stop shopping service for its customers.

C. Cross utilization of information:

With respect to customers' confidentiality, the Company FHC has established related regulations to ensure the safety and confidentiality of customer information.

D. Locations and business utilities:

The Company has established national presence to provide customers with one-stop

services not only in insurance but also in banking and securities services. Since July 2002, The Company has built up four flagship stores of wealth management in Taipei, Taichung and Kaohsiung. In November 2002, we upgraded 5 insurance branches into wealth management service locations.

E. Allocation on revenues, costs, expenses, profits and losses:

Allocated to each subsidiaries by business features.

- (6) Material contract: None.
- (7) Presentation of financial statements:

Certain accounts in the consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2006 have been reclassified in order to be comparable with those in the consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

31. Information regarding investment in Mainland China

On December 25, 2002 and July 24, 2003, the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEAIC) authorized Cathay Life to remit US\$22,850 and US\$27,150, respectively, as the registered capital to establish a China-based company named Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (Guangzhou). On September 25, 2003, MOEAIC authorized Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (Guangzhou) to change its location from Guangzhou to Shanghai. Cathay Life's subsidiary, Cathay Life Insurance Ltd. (Shanghai) has acquired a business license of an enterprise as legal person on December 29, 2004. As of June 30, 2007, Cathay Life's remittances to this company totaled approximately US\$48,330.

32. Segment information

For the six months ended June 30, 2006

Item	Bank division (NT\$)	Life insurance division (NT\$)	Property and casualty insurance division (NT\$)	Securities division (NT\$)	Others division (NT\$)	Total (NT\$)
Net interest income	13,469,255	30,263,365	149,100	(550)	(374,194)	43,506,976
Non-interest income	3,788,934	60,784,987	1,695,415	147,689	(148,527)	66,268,498
Provision for premiums reserve	-	(72,465,845)	(554,078)	-	=	(73,019,923)
Total income	17,258,189	18,582,507	1,290,437	147,139	(522,721)	36,755,551
Provision for loan losses	(8,927,651)	-	-	-	-	(8,927,651)
Operating expenses	(5,495,725)	(17,094,547)	(706,606)	(149,130)	(480,248)	(23,926,256)
Income from continuing						
operations before income taxes	2,834,813	1,487,960	583,831	(1,991)	(1,002,969)	3,901,644

Income taxes (expense) benefit	276,821	1,935,851	(114,828)	(5,273)	(147,242)	1,945,329
Cumulative effect of changes in						
accounting principles	726,679	3,319,319	60,141	29	(856,845)	3,249,323
Consolidated income	3,838,313	6,743,130	529,144	(7,235)	(2,007,056)	9,096,296

For the six months ended June 30, 2006

Item	Bank division (US\$)	Life insurance division (US \$)	Property and casualty insurance division (US \$)	Securities division (US \$)	Others division (US \$)	Total (US \$)
Net interest income	416,617	936,077	4,612	(17)	(11,574)	1,345,715
Non-interest income	117,196	1,880,142	52,441	4,568	(4,594)	2,049,753
Provision for premiums reserve	-	(2,241,443)	(17,138)	•	-	(2,258,581)
Total income	533,813	574,776	39,915	4,551	(16,168)	1,136,887
Provision for loan losses	(276,141)	-	-	-	-	(276,141)
Operating expenses	(169,988)	(528,752)	(21,856)	(4,613)	(14,855)	(740,064)
Income from continuing						
operations before income taxes	87,684	46,024	18,059	(62)	(31,023)	120,682
Income taxes (expense) benefit	8,562	59,878	(3,552)	(163)	(4,554)	60,171
Cumulative effect of changes in						
accounting principles	22,477	102,670	1,860	1	(26,503)	100,505
Consolidated income	118,723	208,572	16,367	(224)	(62,080)	281,358

For the six months ended June 30, 2007

For the six months ended Julie 30, 2007						
Item	Bank division (NT\$)	Life insurance division (NT\$)	Property and casualty insurance division (NT\$)	Securities division (NT\$)	Others division (NT\$)	Total (NT\$)
Net interest income	10,455,943	33,696,042	173,708	19,089	(86,416)	44,258,366
Non income other than interest	2,929,018	71,612,550	2,142,323	149,180	32,386	76,865,457
Provision for premiums reserve	-	(69,606,472)	(571,080)	-	-	(70,177,552)
Total income	13,384,961	35,702,120	1,744,951	168,269	(54,030)	50,946,271
Bad debt expenses-Loan	(1,554,629)	(142,389)	=	1	-	(1,697,018)
Operating expenses	(5,483,754)	(19,644,855)	(709,557)	(152,226)	(393,051)	(26,383,443)
Income from continuing						
operations before income taxes	6,346,578	15,914,876	1,035,394	16,043	(447,081)	22,865,810
Income taxes (expense) benefit	(1,188,798)	(593,009)	(166,797)	(9,579)	(130,980)	(2,089,163)
Consolidated income	5,157,780	15,321,867	868,597	6,464	(578,061)	20,776,647

For the six months ended June 30, 2007

Tot the six months ended June 30, 2007						
Item	Bank division (US\$)	Life insurance division (US \$)	Property and casualty insurance division (US \$)	Securities division (US \$)	Others division (US \$)	Total (US \$)
Net interest income	318,487	1,026,380	5,291	581	(2,632)	1,348,107
Non income other than interest	89,218	2,181,314	65,255	4,544	987	2,341,318
Provision for premiums reserve	-	(2,120,209)	(17,395)	-	-	(2,137,604)
Total income	407,705	1,087,485	53,151	5,125	(1,645)	1,551,821
Bad debt expenses-Loan	(47,354)	(4,337)	-	-	-	(51,691)
Operating expenses	(167,035)	(598,382)	(21,613)	(4,636)	(11,972)	(803,638)
Income from continuing						
operations before income taxes	193,316	484,766	31,538	489	(13,617)	696,492
Income taxes (expense) benefit	(36,210)	(18,062)	(5,081)	(292)	(3,991)	(63,636)
Consolidated income	157,106	466,704	26,457	197	(17,608)	632,856

33. Parent company financial statements

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Balance Sheets As of June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	June 30, 2	2006	June 30, 2007		
	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$26,220,431	\$811,025	\$24,114,697	\$734,532	
Receivables -net	2,300,555	71,159	1,529,451	46,587	
Investments-equity method	188,754,101	5,838,358	215,954,606	6,577,966	
Other financial assets -net	31,720	981	31,720	966	
Property and equipment -net	4,629	143	4,171	127	
Goodwill and intangible assets -net	92	3	1,373	42	
Other assets -net	3,178,606	98,317	2,925,640	89,115	
Total assets	\$220,490,134	\$6,819,986	\$244,561,658	\$7,449,335	
Liabilities & stockholders' equity					
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	\$1,495,446	\$46,256	\$1,009,083	\$30,737	
Payables	15,391,209	476,066	15,348,449	467,513	
Bonds payable	11,172,574	345,579	-	_	
Other liabilities	15,214	470	50,332	1,533	
Total liabilities	28,074,443	868,371	16,407,864	499,783	
Stockholders' equity					
Capital stock					
Common stock	85,646,481	2,649,133	92,770,191	2,825,775	
Stock dividend to be distributed	4,263,443	131,873	-	-	
Capital surplus	69,953,056	2,163,720	81,971,167	2,496,837	
Retained earnings					
Legal reserve	8,188,136	253,267	9,245,862	281,628	
Undistributed earnings	18,113,107	560,257	25,512,939	777,123	
Other stockholders' equity					
Unrealized revaluation increments	2,106	65	2,106	64	
Cumulative translation adjustments	43,856	1,357	166,614	5,075	
Unrealized gains or losses on financial instruments	6,207,343	192,000	22,625,535	689,173	
Treasury stock	-	-	(4,140,047)	(126,106)	
Net loss not recognized as pension cost	(1,837)	(57)	(573)	(17)	
Total stockholders' equity	192,415,691	5,951,615	228,153,794	6,949,552	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$220,490,134	\$6,819,986	\$244,561,658	\$7,449,335	

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

Statements of Income

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earning per share)

	January 1 ~ June 30, 2006				January 1 ~ J	January 1 ~ June 30, 2007		
	NT	Γ\$	US	5 \$	N	Γ\$	US	\$ \$
Income					-			
Gain on investment-equity method	9	\$10,727,773		\$331,821	;	\$20,850,988		\$635,120
Gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		-		-		4,750		145
Gain on foreign exchange		-		-		48,038		1,463
Other operating income		16,667		516		9,294		283
Total income		10,744,440		332,337		20,913,070		637,011
Expenses and loss								
Interest income		504,102		15,592		561,922		17,116
Less: interest expenses		(797,231)		(24,659)		(557,644)		(16,986)
Net interest income		(293,129)		(9,067)		4,278		130
Loss on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit		(350,361)	(10,837)		-			
Losses on foreign exchange		(11,884)	(368)		-		-	
Operating expenses		(113,669)	(3,516)		(104,168)		(3,173)	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		9,975,397	308,549		20,813,180		633,968	
Income taxes expense		(136,425)	(4,220)		(130,104)			(3,963)
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles		(858,814)	(26,564)		-			
Net income		\$8,980,158		\$277,765		\$20,683,076		\$630,005
Earnings per share (expressed in dollars)								
Primary earnings per share:	Before taxes	After taxes	Before taxes	After taxes	Before taxes	After taxes	Before taxes	After taxes
Net income from continuing operations	\$1.11	\$1.10	\$0.03	\$0.03	\$2.27	\$2.25	\$0.07	\$0.07
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	(0.13)	(0.10)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net income	\$0.98 \$1.00		\$0.03	\$0.03	\$2.27	\$2.25	\$0.07	\$0.07
Fully-diluted earnings per share:								
Net income from continuing operations	\$1.11	\$1.09	\$0.03	\$0.03	\$2.26	\$2.25	\$0.07	\$0.07
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	(0.12)	(0.09)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net income	\$0.99	\$1.00	\$0.03	\$0.03	\$2.26	\$2.25	\$0.07	\$0.07

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

For the six-month periods ended June 30, $\,2006$ and $\,2007$

(Expressed in thousands of dollars)

									Retained of	earnings							Other stockho	olders' equity						
												·-	Unreali		Cumulative		Unrealized gain				Net loss not re			
	Commo		Stock dividend			l surplus	Legal r		Special r		Undistribute		revaluation in		adjustr				Treasur		as pension			otal
Summary	NT \$	US \$	NT\$	US \$	NT\$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT\$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT\$	US \$	NT\$	US \$
Balance on January 1, 2006	\$85,242,234	\$2,636,629	S-	\$-	\$68,092,037	\$2,106,157	\$6,009,431	\$185,878	\$226,579	\$7,008	\$28,146,255	\$870,593	\$3,048	\$94	\$81,154	\$2,510	\$(68,263)	\$(2,111)	S-	\$-	\$(1,837)	\$(57)	\$187,730,638	\$5,806,70
Appropriations and distribution for 2005																								
Legal reserve							2,178,705	67,389			(2,178,705)	(67,389)											-	
Special reserve									(226,579)	(7,008)	226,579	7,008											-	
Cash dividends											(12,790,330)	(395,618)											(12,790,330)	(395,6
Stock dividend to be distributed			4,263,443	131,873							(4,263,443)	(131,873)											-	
Remuneration paid to directors and supervisors											(5,700)	(176)											(5,700)	(1
Bonus paid to employees											(1,707)	(53)											(1,707)	(
ffect on first time of adoption of unrealized																	10.485.096	324,315					10,485,096	324,3
ains on financial instruments onvertible notes converted into common stock	404,247	12,504			1,861,019	57,563											10,483,090	324,313					2,265,266	70.0
eserve for land revaluation increment	404,247	12,304			1,001,019	37,303							(942)	(29)									(942)	
umulative translation adjustments													(942)	(29)	(37,298)	(1,153)							(37,298)	
Inrealized gains or losses of financial instruments															(37,290)	(1,155)	(4,209,490)	(130,204)					(4,209,490)	
let income for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2006											8,980,158	277,765					(4,205,450)	(130,204)					8,980,158	
Salance on June 30, 2006	\$85,646,481	\$2,649,133	\$4,263,443	\$131.873	\$69,953,056	\$2,163,720	\$8,188,136	\$253,267	S-	<u> </u>	\$18,113,107	\$560,257	\$2,106	\$65	\$43,856	\$1,357	\$6,207,343	\$192,000	\$-	S-	\$(1,837)	\$(57)	\$192,415,691	
Table 200, 2000	505,010,101	92,017,133	94,203,443	4131,073	907,733,030	92,103,720	50,100,150	9233,207			910,113,107	9500,257	92,100		443,030	91,007	90,207,343	9172,000			9(1,037)	4(37)	W172,413,071	
alance on January 1, 2007	\$92,068,174	\$2,804,392	\$-	\$-	\$78,867,213	\$2,402,291	\$8,188,136	\$249,410	\$-	\$-	\$19,710,210	\$600,372	\$2,106	\$64	\$105,170	\$3,203	\$21,345,473	\$650,182	\$(4,140,047)	\$(126,106)	\$(573)	\$(17)	\$216,145,862	\$6,583,7
Legal reserve							1,057,726	32,218			(1,057,726)	(32,218)											_	
Cash dividends											(13,815,539)	(420,820)											(13,815,539)	(420,8
Remuneration paid to directors and supervisors											(5,700)	(174)											(5,700)	(1
Bonus paid to employees											(1,382)	(42)											(1,382)	(
onvertible notes converted into common stock	702,017	21,383			3,104,004	94,548																	3,806,021	115,9
apital surplus					(87)	(3)																	(87)	
umulative translation adjustments															61,444	1,872							61,444	1,8
arealized gains or losses of financial instruments																	1,280,062	38,991					1,280,062	38,9
ther capital surplus					37	1																	37	
et income for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2007											20,683,076	630,005											20,683,076	630,0
Balance on June 30, 2007	\$92,770,191	\$2,825,775	S-	S-	\$81,971,167	\$2,496,837	\$9,245,862	\$281,628	S-	S-	\$25,512,939	\$777,123	\$2,106	\$64	\$166,614	\$5,075	\$22,625,535	\$689,173	\$(4,140,047)	\$(126,106)	\$(573)	\$(17)	\$228,153,794	\$6,949,55

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Statements of Cash Flows For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2007

(Expressed i	n thousands	of dollars)
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	January 1 ~ June 3	30, 2006	January 1 ~ June	30, 2007
	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income	\$8,980,158	\$277,765	\$20,683,076	\$630,005
Adjustments:				
Amortizations	27	1	293	9
Depreciation	616	19	553	17
Investment income from equity method in excess of cash dividends				
received	5,583,647	172,708	(9,120,582)	(277,812)
Increase (Decrease) in bonds payable redemption premium	195,469	6,046	(47,238)	(1,439)
Effects of exchange rate changes	(12,833)	(397)	(69,238)	(2,109)
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	858,814	26,564	-	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Decrease in accounts receivable	703,448	21,758	506,298	15,422
(Increase) decrease in deferred income tax assets	(100,827)	(3,119)	133,387	4,063
Decrease in other financial assets	68,280	2,112	-	_
Increase in other assets	(871)	(27)	(217)	(7)
Decrease in accounts payable	(1,354,900)	(41,908)	(875,048)	(26,654)
Increase (Decrease) in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	350,361	10,837	(4,750)	(145)
Increase in income tax payable	608,180	18,812	59,507	1,813
Decrease in deferred income tax liabilities	-	-	(24,011)	(731)
Increase (Decrease) in other liabilities	4,234	131	(390)	(12)
Net cash provided by operating activities	15,883,803	491,302	11,241,640	342,420
Cash flows from investing activities				
Acquisition of property and equipment	(269)	(8)	(302)	(9)
Decrease (Increase) in other assets	38,426	1,188	(25,798)	(786)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	38,157	1,180	(26,100)	(795)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Decrease in bonds payable	(162,801)	(5,035)	(419,951)	(12,792)
Disposal of treasury stock	-	-	37	1
Net cash used in financing activities	(162,801)	(5,035)	(419,914)	(12,791)
Effects of exchange rate changes	12,833	397	69,238	2,109
Iecrease in cash and cash equivalents	15,771,992	487,844	10,864,864	330,943
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the periods	10,448,439	323,181	13,249,833	403,589
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the periods	\$26,220,431	\$811,025	\$24,114,697	\$734,532
Supplemental disclosure of cash flows information				
Interest paid during the period	\$592,618	\$18,330	\$641,061	\$19,527
Income tax paid	\$470,515	\$14,554	\$28,406	\$865
Investing and financing activities with no cash flow effects				
Conversion of convertible notes into common stock	\$2,265,266	\$70,067	\$3,806,021	\$115,931
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34. The major subsidiaries' condensed balance sheets an Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Condensed Balance Sheets June30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	June 30,	, 2006	June 30, 2007		
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Assets					
Current assets	\$544,902,406	\$16,854,389	\$594,228,828	\$18,100,178	
Loans	454,521,365	14,058,811	509,816,875	15,528,994	
Funds and investments	836,964,528	25,888,170	935,869,593	28,506,537	
Property and equipment	13,271,228	410,493	12,815,269	390,352	
Intangible assets	309,512	9,574	335,798	10,228	
Other assets	131,546,448	4,068,866	224,929,625	6,851,344	
Total assets	\$1,981,515,487	\$61,290,303	\$2,277,995,988	\$69,387,633	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	\$31,782,431	\$983,063	\$43,343,661	\$1,320,246	
Long-term liabilities	1,660,742	51,369	1,569,479	47,806	
Other liabilities	1,850,351,884	57,233,278	2,106,695,312	64,169,824	
Total liabilities	1,883,795,057	58,267,710	2,151,608,452	65,537,876	
Stockholders' equity					
Capital stock	50,686,158	1,567,775	50,686,158	1,543,898	
Capital surplus	10,105	312	9,648	294	
Retained earnings	40,997,145	1,268,084	54,051,362	1,646,401	
Others	6,027,022	186,422	21,640,368	659,164	
Total stockholders' equity	97,720,430	3,022,593	126,387,536	3,849,757	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,981,515,487	\$61,290,303	\$2,277,995,988	\$69,387,633	

Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Condensed Statements of Income For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earnings per share)

	January 1 ~ Jui	ne30, 2006	January 1 ~ Jui	ne 30, 2007
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Operating revenues	\$276,514,717	\$8,552,883	\$386,510,092	\$11,773,076
Operating costs	(269,705,671)	(8,342,272)	(365,045,936)	(11,119,279)
Operating gross profit	6,809,046	210,611	21,464,156	653,797
Operating expenses	(5,498,574)	(170,077)	(5,401,899)	(164,542)
Non-operating revenues & gains	630,645	19,507	750,923	22,873
Non-operating expenses & losses	(13,544)	(419)	(51,524)	(1,569)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$1,927,573	\$59,622	\$16,761,656	\$510,559
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	\$3,315,855	\$102,563	\$-	\$-
Net income	\$7,179,279	\$222,062	\$16,168,646	\$492,496
Earnings per share (in dollars)				
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$0.38	\$0.01	\$3.31	\$0.10
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	\$0.66	\$0.02	\$-	\$-
Net income	\$1.42	\$0.04	\$3.19	\$0.10

Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. Condensed Balance Sheets June30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	June 30	June 30, 2007		
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Assets				
Current assets	\$6,790,313	\$210,031	\$7,784,957	\$237,129
Loans	1,747,000	54,037	2,279,562	69,435
Funds and investments	4,335,006	134,086	4,997,448	152,222
Fixed assets	49,010	1,516	40,493	1,234
Intangible assets	13,363	413	6,360	194
Other assets	540,013	16,703	642,580	19,573
Total assets	\$13,474,705	\$416,786	\$15,751,400	\$479,787
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	\$1,387,797	\$42,926	\$2,001,556	\$60,967
Long-term liabilities	8,855	274	3,405	104
Other liabilities	8,860,090	274,051	10,137,227	308,779
Total liabilities	10,256,742	317,251	12,142,188	369,850
Stockholders' equity				
Capital stock	2,317,006	71,667	2,317,006	70,576
Capital surplus	2,021	63	1,929	59
Retained earnings	837,870	25,916	1,096,371	33,396
Others	61,066	1,889	193,906	5,906
Total stockholders' equity	3,217,963	99,535	3,609,212	109,937
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$13,474,705	\$416,786	\$15,751,400	\$479,787

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. Condensed Statements of Income For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earning per share)

	January 1 ~ Jun	ne30, 2006	January 1 ~ Ju	ne 30, 2007
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Operating revenues	\$10,383,664	\$321,177	\$11,570,834	\$352,447
Operating costs	(8,915,854)	(275,776)	(9,673,382)	(294,651)
Operating gross profit	1,467,810	45,401	1,897,452	57,796
Operating expenses	(919,995)	(28,456)	(1,053,329)	(32,084)
Non-operating revenues	940	29	2,258	69
Non-operating expenses	(55)	(2)	(48)	(2)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$548,700	\$16,972	\$846,333	\$25,779
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	\$60,141	\$1,860	\$-	\$-
Net income	\$494,013	\$15,280	\$679,537	\$20,699
Earning per share (in dollars)				
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$2.37	\$0.07	\$3.65	\$0.11
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	\$0.26	\$0.01	\$-	\$-
Net income	\$2.13	\$0.07	\$2.93	\$0.09

Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Cathay Life Insurance Ltd.(Shanghai) Condensed Balance Sheets June30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	June 30,	June 30, 2007		
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Assets				
Current assets	\$2,142,902	\$66,282	\$2,703,391	\$82,345
Loans	1,682	52	1,897	58
Funds and investments	1,521,176	47,051	2,507,545	76,380
Fixed assets	27,474	850	51,797	1,578
Intangible assets	2,555	79	3,181	97
Other assets	662,663	20,497	698,900	21,288
Total assets	\$4,358,452	\$134,811	\$5,966,711	\$181,746
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	\$11,162	\$345	\$27,017	\$823
Other liabilities	1,256,505	38,865	2,736,654	83,358
Total liabilities	1,267,667	39,210	2,763,671	84,181
Stockholders' equity				
Capital stock	3,257,376	100,754	3,257,376	99,220
Retained earnings	(220,411)	(6,818)	(251,301)	(7,655)
Others	53,820	1,665	196,965	6,000
Total stockholders' equity	3,090,785	95,601	3,203,040	97,565
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$4,358,452	\$134,811	\$5,966,711	\$181,746

Cathay Life Insurance Ltd.(Shanghai) Condensed Statements of Income For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earning per share)

January 1 ~ J	une30, 2006	January 1 ~ J	une 30, 2007
NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
\$684,059	\$21,159	\$1,016,968	\$30,977
(600,244)	(18,567)	(784,007)	(23,881)
83,815	2,592	232,961	7,096
(117,450)	(3,632)	(192,745)	(5,871)
-	-	47	1
0	0	(4)	
\$(33,635)	\$(1,040)	\$40,259	\$1,226
\$3,464	\$107	\$-	\$-
\$(30,171)	\$(933)	\$40,259	\$1,226
			_
Note	Note	Note	Note
Note	Note	Note	Note
	NT\$ \$684,059 (600,244) 83,815 (117,450) 0 \$(33,635) \$3,464 \$(30,171)	\$684,059 \$21,159 (600,244) (18,567) 83,815 2,592 (117,450) (3,632) 0 0 \$(33,635) \$(1,040) \$3,464 \$107 \$(30,171) \$(933) Note Note	NT\$ US\$ NT\$ \$684,059 \$21,159 \$1,016,968 (600,244) (18,567) (784,007) 83,815 2,592 232,961 (117,450) (3,632) (192,745) - - 47 0 0 (4) \$(33,635) \$(1,040) \$40,259 \$3,464 \$107 \$- \$(30,171) \$(933) \$40,259 Note Note Note

Note: Cathay Life Insurance (Shanghai) is a limited company, there is no information about earnings per share.

Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd. Condensed Balance Sheets June30, 2006 and 2007

(Expressed in thousands of dollars)

June 30, 2006 June 30, 2007 NT\$ US\$ US\$ NT\$ Items Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$32,797,654 \$1,014,465 \$26,983,076 \$821,903 Due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks 38,804,598 1,200,266 37,932,008 1,155,407 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 54,119,841 1.673.982 48,173,233 1,467,355 Securities purchased under agreements to resell 811,465 25,100 471,586 14,364 Receivables-net 70,269,510 2,173,508 45,452,188 1,384,471 21,394,077 22,039,146 Loans and advances to customers-net 691,670,514 723,545,164 Held-to-maturity financial assets-net 1,636,767 57,377,590 1,747,718 52.916.689 197,451 5,928,264 180,575 Investments-equity method 6,383,600 Premises and equipment-net 2,022,405 62,555 2,187,755 66,639 237,147,346 7,335,210 275,971,712 Investments in debt securities with no active market 8.406.083 Other financial assets-net 4,699,466 145,359 4,486,166 136,648 Property and equipment-net 26,161,143 809,191 25,354,838 772,307 15,938 12,197 Intangible assets-net 515,275 400,421 6,979,782 215,892 10,912,477 332,393 Other assets-net Total assets \$1,225,299,288 \$37,899,761 \$1,265,176,478 \$38,537,206 Liabilities Due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks \$106,708,246 \$3,300,595 \$64,386,977 \$1,961,224 Payables 25,963,607 803,081 22,594,076 688,214 Deposits and remittances 907,473,052 28,069,071 1,008,604,716 30,722,044 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 52,784,610 1,632,682 48,161,048 1,466,983 Securities sold under agreements to repurchase 28,836,207 891,933 19,225,421 585,605 Funds borrowed from the Central and other banks 811,625 25,104 821,000 25,008 Financial debentures payable 534,572 538,739 17,282,698 17,686,802 Other financial liabilities 1,591,585 49,229 1,348,984 41,090 Other liabilities 59,740 2,041,514 63,146 1,961,248 Total liabilities 1,143,493,144 35,369,413 1,184,790,272 36,088,647 Shareholders' equity Capital stock 48,689,413 1,506,013 48,689,413 1,483,077 Capital reserves 15,049,931 465,510 15,213,565 463,404

Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd. Condensed Statements of Income For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except per share information)

18,099,621

81,806,144

\$1,225,299,288

(32,821)

559,840

2,530,348

\$37,899,761

(1.015)

15,867,463

80,386,206

\$1,265,176,478

615,765

483,322

2,448,559 \$38,537,206

18,756

Retained earnings

Total shareholders' equity

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity

Others

_	January 1 ~ June	230, 2006	January 1 ~ June 30, 2007		
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Net interest income	\$13,327,126	\$412,222	\$10,173,442	\$309,882	
Non-interest income	3,644,835	112,738	3,348,820	102,005	
Net operating income	16,971,961	524,960	13,522,262	411,887	
Provision for loan losses	(8,855,330)	(273,904)	(1,554,629)	(47,354)	
Operating expenses	(6,186,898)	(191,367)	(6,423,539)	(195,660)	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$1,929,733	\$59,689	\$5,544,094	\$168,873	
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	\$726,679	\$22,477	\$-	\$-	
Net income	\$2,966,587	\$91,760	\$4,385,094	\$133,570	
Earnings per share (in dollars)					
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$0.46	\$0.01	\$0.90	\$0.03	
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	\$0.15	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Net income	\$0.61	\$0.02	\$0.90	\$0.03	

Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Indovina Bank Limited Condensed Balance Sheets June30, 2006 and 2007

(Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	June 30, 2	2006	June 30, 2007		
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$652,013	\$20,168	\$617,727	\$18,816	
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks	538,848	16,667	1,068,514	32,547	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	62,374	1,929	162,932	4,963	
Available-for-sale financial assets	319,255	9,875	-	-	
Investments in debt securities with no active market	-	-	319,460	9,731	
Receivables-net	76,374	2,362	152,410	4,642	
Loans and advances to customers-net	7,052,149	218,130	10,455,415	318,471	
Premises and equipment-net	115,868	3,584	155,689	4,742	
Other assets-net	352	11	258	8	
Total assets	\$8,817,233	\$272,726	\$12,932,405	\$393,920	
Liabilities					
Due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks	\$1,664,363	\$51,480	\$1,497,582	\$45,616	
Payables	860,300	26,610	497,679	15,159	
Deposits and remittances	5,218,989	161,429	9,429,541	287,224	
Total liabilities	7,743,652	239,519	11,424,802	347,999	
Shareholders' equity					
Capital stock	791,657	24,487	1,118,158	34,059	
Retained earnings	260,753	8,065	353,311	10,762	
Others	21,171	655	36,134	1,100	
Total shareholders' equity	1,073,581	33,207	1,507,603	45,921	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$8,817,233	\$272,726	\$12,932,405	\$393,920	

Indovina Bank Limited Condensed Statements of Income For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except per share information)

	January 1 ~ Ju	une30, 2006	January 1 ~ J	June 30, 2007	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Net interest income	\$156,407	\$4,838	\$282,979	\$8,620	
Non-interest income	76,737	2,373	15,993	487	
Net operating revenue	233,144	7,211	298,972	9,107	
Provision for loan losses	(2,978)	(92)	(41,551)	(1,266)	
Operating expenses	(66,080)	(2,044)	(92,697)	(2,824)	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$164,086	\$5,075	\$164,724	\$5,017	
Net income	\$130,732	\$4,044	\$134,926	\$4,110	
Earnings per share (in dollars)		_			
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	Note	Note	Note	Note	
Net income	Note	Note	Note	Note	

Note: Indovina Bank is a subsidiary of foreign bank. Thus, there is no information about earnings per share.

Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Cathay Securities Corporation Condensed Balance Sheets June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2007	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Assets				
Current assets	\$3,002,305	\$92,865	\$3,286,980	\$100,121
Funds and investments	721,869	22,328	717,324	21,850
Property and equipment	99,076	3,065	81,876	2,494
Intangible assets	19,343	598	9,588	292
Other assets	312,513	9,666	309,720	9,434
Total assets	\$4,155,106	\$128,522	\$4,405,488	\$134,191
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	\$120,331	\$3,722	\$324,470	\$9,884
Long-term liabilities	211	7	633	19
Other liabilities	14,673	454	36,250	1,104
Total liabilities	135,215	4,183	361,353	11,007
Stockholders' equity				
Capital stock	3,700,000	114,445	3,700,000	112,702
Capital surplus	258,434	7,993	258,434	7,872
Retained earnings	61,457	1,901	85,701	2,610
Total stockholders' equity	4,019,891	124,339	4,044,135	123,184
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$4,155,106	\$128,522	\$4,405,488	\$134,191

Cathay Securities Corporation Condensed Statements of Income For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except for earnings per share)

	January 1 ~ June30, 2006		January 1 ~ June 30, 2007	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Revenue	\$182,885	\$5,657	\$226,872	\$6,911
Expenses	(173,227)	(5,358)	(196,350)	(5,981)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$9,658	\$299	\$30,522	\$930
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	\$173	\$5	\$-	\$-
Net income (loss)	\$4,558	\$141	\$20,944	\$638
Earnings per share (in dollars)				
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$0.03	\$-	\$0.08	\$-
Net income (loss)	\$0.01	\$-	\$0.06	\$-

Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Cathay Pacific Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Condensed Balance Sheets June 30, 2006 and 2007

(Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	June 30, 2	006	June 30, 2007	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Assets				
Current assets	\$396,198	\$12,255	\$455,816	\$13,884
Funds and investments	204,831	6,335	311,867	9,500
Total assets	\$601,029	\$18,590	\$767,683	\$23,384
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	\$237	\$7	\$244	\$7
Total liabilities	237	7	244	7
Stockholders' equity				
Capital stock	600,000	18,558	600,000	18,276
Retained earnings	(40,587)	(1,255)	6,327	193
Equity adjustment	41,379	1,280	161,112	4,908
Total stockholders' equity	600,792	18,583	767,439	23,377
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$601,029	\$18,590	\$767,683	\$23,384

Cathay Pacific Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Condensed Statements of Income For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, expect earning per share)

_	January 1 ~ Jun	e30, 2006	January 1 ~ June 30, 2007	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Operating revenues	\$5,608	\$174	\$8,900	\$271
Operating costs	(9,142)	(283)	(1,557)	(47)
Operating gross profit	(3,534)	(109)	7,343	224
Operating expenses	(7,830)	(242)	(7,116)	(217)
Non-operating revenues	366	11	-	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$(10,998)	\$(340)	\$227	\$7
Net income	\$(9,547)	\$(295)	\$980	\$30
Earning per share (in dollars)		_		_
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$(0.18)	\$(0.01)	\$-	\$-
Net income	\$(0.16)	\$-	\$0.02	\$-

Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Cathay Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Condensed Balance Sheets June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	June 30, 2	2006	June 30, 2007	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Assets				
Current assets	\$727,932	\$22,516	\$292,262	\$8,902
Funds and investments	1,049,201	32,453	1,434,294	43,689
Total assets	\$1,777,133	\$54,969	\$1,726,556	\$52,591
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	\$13,745	\$425	\$3,619	\$110
Total liabilities	13,745	425	3,619	110
Stockholders' equity				
Capital stock	1,500,000	46,397	1,500,000	45,690
Retained earnings	120,546	3,729	29,343	894
Equity adjustment	142,842	4,418	193,594	5,897
Total stockholders' equity	1,763,388	54,544	1,722,937	52,481
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,777,133	\$54,969	\$1,726,556	\$52,591

Cathay Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Condensed Statements of Income For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, expect earning per share)

_	January 1 ~ Jun	e30, 2006	January 1 ~ June 30, 2007	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Operating revenues	\$155,731	\$4,817	\$33,266	\$1,013
Operating costs	(8,848)	(274)	<u> </u>	-
Operating gross profit	146,883	4,543	33,266	1,013
Operating expenses	(15,001)	(464)	(14,550)	(443)
Non-operating revenues	-	-	147	5
Non-operating expenses	(3)	<u></u>	<u></u>	=_
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$131,879	\$4,079	\$18,863	\$575
Net income	\$121,636	\$3,762	\$18,067	\$550
Earning per share (in dollars)				_
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$0.88	\$0.03	\$0.13	\$-
Net income	\$0.81	\$0.03	\$0.12	\$-

Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Cathay II Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Condensed Balance Sheets June 30, 2006 and 2007

(Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	June 30,	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2007	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Assets					
Current assets	\$105,586	\$3,266	\$91,682	\$2,793	
Funds and investments	723,717	22,385	786,479	23,956	
Total assets	\$829,303	\$25,651	\$878,161	\$26,749	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	\$683	\$21	\$1,667	\$51	
Total liabilities	683	21	1,667	51	
Stockholders' equity					
Capital stock	600,000	18,558	600,000	18,276	
Retained earnings	101,507	3,140	122,840	3,742	
Equity adjustment	127,113	3,932	153,654	4,680	
Total stockholders' equity	828,620	25,630	876,494	26,698	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$829,303	\$25,651	\$878,161	\$26,749	

Cathay II Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Condensed Statements of Income For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, expect earning per share)

	January 1 ~ Jur	ne30, 2006	January 1 ~ June 30, 2007	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Operating revenues	\$97,527	\$3,017	\$21,127	\$644
Operating gross profit	97,527	3,017	21,127	644
Operating expenses	(5,308)	(165)	(4,897)	(150)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$92,219	\$2,852	\$16,230	\$494
Net income	\$96,137	\$2,974	\$15,398	\$469
Earning per share (in dollars)				_
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$1.54	\$0.05	\$0.27	\$0.01
Net income	\$1.60	\$0.05	\$0.26	\$0.01

Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Symphox Information Co., Ltd. Condensed Balance Sheets June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

June 30, 2006		June 30, 2007	
NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
\$486,575	\$15,050	\$509,823	\$15,529
163,477	5,057	148,888	4,535
6,545	203	6,842	208
14,367	444	11,865	362
\$670,964	\$20,754	\$677,418	\$20,634
\$237,937	\$7,359	\$236,327	\$7,198
87	3	84	3
238,024	7,362	236,411	7,201
499,000	15,435	499,000	15,199
(66,060)	(2,043)	(57,993)	(1,766)
432,940	13,392	441,007	13,433
\$670,964	\$20,754	\$677,418	\$20,634
	\$486,575 163,477 6,545 14,367 \$670,964 \$237,937 87 238,024 499,000 (66,060) 432,940	NT\$ US\$ \$486,575 \$15,050 163,477 5,057 6,545 203 14,367 444 \$670,964 \$20,754 \$237,937 \$7,359 87 3 238,024 7,362 499,000 15,435 (66,060) (2,043) 432,940 13,392	NT\$ US\$ NT\$ \$486,575 \$15,050 \$509,823 163,477 5,057 148,888 6,545 203 6,842 14,367 444 11,865 \$670,964 \$20,754 \$677,418 \$237,937 \$7,359 \$236,327 87 3 84 238,024 7,362 236,411 499,000 15,435 499,000 (66,060) (2,043) (57,993) 432,940 13,392 441,007

Symphox Information Co., Ltd. Condensed Statements of Income For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, expect earning per share)

	January 1 ~ June30, 2006		January 1 ~ June 30, 2007	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Operating revenues	\$445,183	\$13,770	\$518,149	\$15,783
Operating costs	(423,464)	(13,098)	(464,905)	(14,161)
Operating gross profit	21,719	672	53,244	1,622
Operating expenses	(38,252)	(1,183)	(51,299)	(1,563)
Non-operating revenues	1,899	59	2,226	68
Non-operating expenses	(20)	(1)	(560)	(17)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$(14,654)	\$(453)	\$3,611	\$110
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	\$1,809	\$56	\$-	\$-
Net income	\$(12,845)	\$(397)	\$3,611	\$110
Earning per share (in dollars)				
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$(0.26)	\$(0.01)	\$0.07	\$-
Net income	\$(0.26)	\$(0.01)	\$0.07	\$-

Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Cathay Futures Corp. Condensed Balance Sheets June 30, 2006 and 2007

(Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	June 30,	June 30, 2006		June 30, 2007	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Assets					
Current assets	\$1,406,435	\$43,503	\$1,189,405	\$36,229	
Funds and investments	30,500	943	30,500	929	
Fixed assets	333,149	10,305	328,434	10,004	
Intangible assets	13,104	405	9,955	304	
Other assets	144,817	4,479	129,876	3,956	
Total assets	\$1,928,005	\$59,635	\$1,688,170	\$51,422	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	\$1,199,423	\$37,099	\$963,224	\$29,340	
Other liabilities	6,664	206	7,573	230	
Total liabilities	1,206,087	37,305	970,797	29,570	
Stockholders' equity			-		
Capital stock	650,000	20,105	650,000	19,799	
Retained earnings	71,918	2,225	67,373	2,053	
Total stockholders' equity	721,918	22,330	717,373	21,852	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,928,005	\$59,635	\$1,688,170	\$51,422	

Cathay Futures Corp.

Condensed Statements of Income

For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, expect earning per snare)

Operating expenses	(33,116)	(1,024)	(25,552)	(778)
Non-operating revenues	23,044	713	10,139	309
Non-operating expenses	(9,273)	(287)	(252)	(8)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$11,303	\$350	\$(1,182)	\$(36)
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	\$159	\$5	\$-	\$-
Net income	\$11,445	\$354	\$(1,183)	\$(36)
Earning per share (in dollars)				
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$0.17	\$0.01	\$(0.02)	\$-
Net income	\$0.17	\$0.01	\$(0.02)	\$-