Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Statements As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 With Independent Auditors' Report

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The reader is advised that these consolidated financial statements have been prepared originally in Chinese. These consolidated financial statements do not include additional disclosure information that is required for Chinese-language reports under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies. If there is any conflict between these consolidated financial statements and the Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese language consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

Index

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	3
Audited consolidated Balance Sheets	4
Audited consolidated Statements of Income	5
Audited consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	6
Audited consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Audited consolidated Financial Statements	8-186

English Translation of Report Originally Issued in Chinese Independent Auditors' Report

To: Board of Directors

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries ("Subsidiaries") as of December 31, 2008 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China and Guidelines for Certified Public Accountants' Examination and Reporting on Financial Statements. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended in conformity with Requirements of the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies and generally accepted accounting principles in the Republic of China.

Ernst & Young Taipei, Taiwan The Republic of China March 10, 2010

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdiction. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated balance sheets As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

		December 3	1,2008	December 3	1, 2009
	Notes	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	2,4	\$400,986,802	\$12,240,134	\$644,422,576	\$20,169,721
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks		47,621,198	1,453,639	79,124,653	2,476,515
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2, 5	126,885,744	3,873,191	143,643,937	4,495,898
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		11,748,246	358,616	43,401,815	1,358,429
Receivables -net		84,700,588	2,585,488	99,153,661	3,103,401
Loans -net	2, 6	1,362,904,646	41,602,706	1,328,382,255	41,576,909
Available-for-sale financial assets -net	2, 7	486,527,019	14,851,252	553,416,933	17,321,344
Held-to-maturity financial assets -net	2, 8	653,143,459	19,937,224	672,357,520	21,044,054
Investments under equity method	2,9	2,616,092	79,856	2,505,287	78,413
Other financial assets -net	2, 10	36,056,859	1,100,637	67,662,348	2,117,757
Investments in debt securities with no active market	2, 11	130,161,509	3,973,184	177,544,458	5,556,947
Separate account products assets		193,454,651	5,905,209	274,311,184	8,585,640
Investments in real estate	2, 12	109,643,616	3,346,875	117,426,032	3,675,306
Property and equipment -net		40,496,973	1,236,171	39,657,723	1,241,243
Goodwill and intangible assets -net	2, 14	7,790,572	237,807	8,227,881	257,524
Other assets -net		51,426,547	1,569,797	44,297,758	1,386,471
Total assets		\$3,746,164,521	\$114,351,786	\$4,295,536,021	\$134,445,572
Liabilities & stockholders' equity					
Liabilities					
Due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks		\$62,866,360	\$1,918,998	\$45,571,009	\$1,426,323
Bankers acceptances and funds borrowed		1,643,000	50,153	1,601,500	50,125
Commercial paper payable	2,15	-	-	1,170,000	36,620
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	2, 16	73,030,548	2,229,260	26,703,247	835,782
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	5, 7	20,712,416	632,247	8,745,465	273,723
Payables	- , .	35,033,195	1,069,389	38,143,397	1,193,846
Deposits	17	1,090,441,845	33,285,771	1,288,413,420	40,325,929
Bonds payable	2, 18	38,865,978	1,186,385	56,437,209	1,766,423
Other borrowings	19	-	-	300,000	9,390
Reserve for operations and liabilities	2,20	2,076,705,192	63,391,489	2,328,637,481	72,883,802
Other financial liabilities	2, 21	485,475	14,819	269,216	8,426
Separate account products liabilities	2, 21	193,454,651	5,905,209	274,311,184	8,585,640
Other liabilities		7,426,906	226,706	9,809,725	307,034
Total liabilities		3,600,665,566	109,910,426	4,080,112,853	127,703,063
Stockholders' Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent Stock					
Common stock	22	97,375,372	2,972,386	96,708,774	3,026,879
Capital surplus	23	81,971,213	2,502,174	78,240,933	2,448,855
Retained earnings	23	01,771,215	2,002,171	70,210,755	2,110,000
Legal reserve	2.	12,320,672	376,089	12,540,295	392,498
Special reserve		12,520,072	570,005	7,107,732	222,464
Unappropriated retained earnings		7,060,140	215,511	11,051,057	345,886
Other stockholders' equity		7,000,110	210,011	11,001,007	515,000
Land revaluation increment		2,106	64	1,461	46
Cumulative conversion adjustments		344,257	10,509	4,444	139
Unrealized gains or losses on financial instruments		(52,309,533)	(1,596,750)	6,547,332	204,924
-	25			0,547,552	204,924
Treasury stock Net loss not yet recognized as net pension cost	25	(4,140,047) (270,687)	(126,375)	(6,791)	(213)
Total stockholder's equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		142,353,493	(8,263) 4,345,345	212,195,237	6,641,478
Minority interest					
		3,145,462	96,015 4,441,360	3,227,931	101,031 6,742,509
Total stockholders' equity					
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity		\$3,746,164,521	\$114,351,786	\$4,295,536,021	\$134,445,572

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on December 31, 2008 and 2009 were NT\$32.76 and NT\$31.95 to US\$1.00, respectively) The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated statements of income For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earning per share)

			2	008			20	09	
	Notes	N	Γ\$	US	5\$	N	Γ\$	US	5\$
Interest income	2	\$11	9,559,026		\$3,649,543	\$0	9,534,032	4	3,115,306
Less: Interest expenses	2		0,983,114)		(640,510)		1,604,601)	4	(363,211)
Net interest income	2		8.575.912		3.009.033	<u> </u>	37,929,431		2,752,095
Net income other than interest		,	0,575,912		5,009,055	c	57,929,431		2,752,095
Net commission and handling fee			8,651,218		264,079	1	3,823,055		432,646
Net premiums from insurance business			6,782,046		2,343,774		1,239,919		6,611,578
(Losses) gains on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss			5,707,037)		(1,395,209)		20,557,813		643,437
Realized gains on available-for-sale financial assets			4,953,458		456,455		3,286,871		102,875
Realized (losses) gains on held-to-maturity financial assets			2,486,077)		,		1,900,726		59,491
Gains on investments under equity method		(338,299		(75,888) 10,327		311,837		9,760
Gains on investments under equity method Gains on investments in real estate			5,165,373		157,673		6,253,074		9,700 195,714
			3,584,854		414,678		8,701,596)		(585,339)
Gains (losses) on foreign exchange Impairment losses			3,979,734)		,	(1			(30,408)
1			/		(121,482)	(26	(971,525)		
Provision for premiums reserve		`	9,826,456)		(3,352,456)		2,371,298)		(7,898,945)
Net other non-interest losses			2,351,196) 3,700,660		(71,770) 1,639,214		(2,825,547)		(88,436)
Total income		3	· ·			/			, ,
Bad debt expenses			(926,248)		(28,274)		(3,451)		(108)
Operating expenses		(2	7 471 000		(1.1.42.00.0)	(2)	0 220 007		(1.001.000)
Personnel expenses	26		7,471,088)		(1,143,806)		9,339,997)		(1,231,299)
Depreciation and amortizations expenses	26		3,806,201)		(116,184)		(4,110,485)		(128,653)
Other general and administration expenses		(1	1,288,262)		(344,574)		0,679,280)		(334,250)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes			208,861		6,376		6,299,547		510,158
Income taxes benefit (expense)	2, 27		1,764,196		53,852		(5,467,666)		(171,132)
Income from continuing operations after income taxes			1,973,057		60,228		0,831,881		339,026
Consolidated net income		\$	1,973,057		\$60,228	\$1	0,831,881		\$339,026
Include:									
Parent company		\$	2,196,229		\$67,040	\$1	1,051,057		\$345,886
Minority interest			(223,172)		(6,812)		(219,176)		(6,860)
Consolidated net income		\$	1,973,057		\$60,228	\$1	0,831,881		\$339,026
Earnings per share (expressed in dollars) :									
Primary earnings per share:									
		Before taxes	After taxes	Before taxes	After taxes	Before taxes	After taxes	Before taxes	After taxes
Income from continuing operations		\$0.02	\$0.20	\$-	\$0.01	\$1.68	\$1.12	\$0.05	\$0.04
Consolidated net income		\$0.02	\$0.20	\$-	\$0.01	\$1.68	\$1.12	\$0.05	\$0.04

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on December 31, 2008 and 2009 were NT\$32.76 and NT\$31.95 to US\$1.00, respectively) The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated statements of changes in stockholders' equity For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

		St	ock				Retained	earnings							Other stockhol	lders' equity								
									Unappropriat	ted retained	Land reva	luation	Cumulative of	conversion	Unrealized gains or k	osses on financial			Net loss not ye	t recognized				
	Comm	n stock	Capital	l surplus	Legal re	eserve	Special	reserve	earni	ings	increm	ent	adjustr	nents	instrum	ents	Treasury	stock	as net pens	ion cost	Minority ir	nterest	То	tal
Summary	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT\$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT\$	US \$
Balance on January 1, 2008	\$92,770,192	\$2,831,813	\$81,971,213	\$2,502,174	\$9,245,862	\$282,230	S-	S-	\$35,577,963	\$1,086,018	\$2,106	\$64	\$183,766	\$5,610	\$10,955,521	\$334,418	\$(4,140,047)	\$(126,375)	\$(3,107)	\$(95)	\$3,326,309	\$101,535	\$229,889,778	\$7,017,392
Minority interest																					42,325	1,292	42,325	1,292
Appropriations and distribution for 2007																								
Legal reserve					3,074,810	93,859			(3,074,810)	(93,859)														-
Cash dividends									(23,025,898)	(702,866)													(23,025,898)	(702,866)
Stock dividend to be distributed	4,605,180	140,573							(4,605,180)	(140,573)														-
Remuneration paid to directors and supervisors									(5,400)	(165)													(5,400)	(165)
Bonus paid to employees									(2,764)	(84)													(2,764)	(84)
Cumulative conversion adjustments													160,491	4,899									160,491	4,899
Unrealized gains or losses of financial instruments															(63,265,054)	(1,931,168)							(63,265,054)	(1,931,168)
Net loss not yet recognized as net pension cost																			(267,580)	(8,168)			(267,580)	(8,168)
Consolidated net income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2008									2,196,229	67,040											(223,172)	(6,812)	1,973,057	60,228
Balance on December 31, 2008	\$97,375,372	\$7 977 386	\$81,971,213	\$2 502 174	\$12,320,672	\$376,089	s-	s-	\$7.060.140	\$215,511	\$2,106	S64	\$344.257	\$10,509	\$(52.309.533)	\$(1.596.750)	\$(4,140,047)	\$(126,375)	\$(270,687)	\$(8,263)	\$3.145.462	\$96.015	\$145,498,955	\$4,441,360
Dimite of December 51, 2000		\$2,772,500		92,002,174	512,520,072	3570,007	5	2	37,000,140	9210,011	\$2,100	504	5544,257	310,507	3(32,307,333)	3(1,370,750)	\$(1,110,017)	9(120,070)	5(270,007)	3(0,203)	55,145,462	370,015	5145,476,755	\$1,111,000
Balance on January 1, 2009	\$97,375,372	\$3,047,743	\$81,971,213	\$2,565,609	\$12,320,672	\$385,624	S-	S-	\$7,060,140	\$220,974	\$2,106	\$66	\$344,257	\$10,775	\$(52,309,533)	\$(1,637,231)	\$(4,140,047)	\$(129,579)	\$(270,687)	\$(8,472)	\$3,145,462	\$98,450	\$145,498,955	\$4,553,959
Minority interest																					301,645	9,441	301,645	9,441
Appropriations and distribution for 2008																								
Legal reserve					219,623	6,874			(219,623)	(6,874)														-
Special reserve			(267,215)	(8,364)			7,107,732	222,464	(6,840,517)	(214,100)														-
Land revaluation increment											(645)	(20)											(645)	(20)
Capital surplus			386	12																			386	12
Cumulative conversion adjustments													(339,813)	(10,636)									(339,813)	(10,636)
Unrealized gains or losses of financial instruments															58,856,865	1,842,155							58,856,865	1,842,155
Cancellation of treasury stock	(666,598)	(20,864)	(3,473,449)	(108,715)													4,140,047	129,579						-
Net loss not yet recognized as net pension cost																			263,896	8,259			263,896	8,259
Other capital surplus			9,998	313																			9,998	313
Consolidated net income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2009									11,051,057	345,886											(219,176)	(6,860)	10,831,881	339,026
Balance on December 31, 2009	\$96,708,774	\$3,026,879	\$78,240,933	\$2,448,855	\$12,540,295	\$392,498	\$7,107,732	\$222,464	\$11,051,057	\$345,886	\$1,461	\$46	\$4,444	\$139	\$6,547,332	\$204,924	S-	S-	\$(6,791)	\$(213)	\$3,227,931	\$101,031	\$215,423,168	\$6,742,509
				-																				

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on December 31, 2008 and 2009 were NT\$32.76 and NT\$31.95 to US\$1.00, respectively)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated statements of cash flows For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	2008		2009		
_	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	
Cash flows from operating activities					
Consolidated net income	\$1,973,057	\$60,228	\$10,831,881	\$339,026	
Adjustments: Income and other adjustments with no cash flow effects					
Depreciation and amortization expenses	3,806,201	116,184	4,110,485	128,653	
Investment income recognized by equity method less (more) than cash dividends received	103,996	3,174	(35,162)	(1,100)	
Bad debt expenses	926,248	28,274	3,451	108	
Provision for premiums reserve from insurance business	109,826,456	3,352,456	252,371,298	7,898,945	
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	(416,870)	(12,725)	(999,961)	(31,298)	
Impairment loss	3,979,734	121,482	971,525	30,408	
Other adjustments	1,580,446	48,243	(559,680)	(17,517)	
Decrease (increase) on operating assets and liabilities					
Increase in receivables	(5,454,731)	(166,506)	(6,449,192)	(201,852)	
(Increase) Decrease in deferred income tax assets	(2,122,818)	(64,799)	2,988,739	93,544	
Decrease (increase) in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	25,522,951	779,089	(16,714,728)	(523,153)	
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets	1,048,868	32,017	(3,437,815)	(107,600)	
Increase in other assets	(1,945,863)	(59,398)	(6,189,697)	(193,731)	
Increase in payables Decrease in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6,370,336	194,455	3,095,426 (46,481,527)	96,884	
(Decrease) increase in deferred income tax liabilities	(4,050,619) (160,658)	(123,645) (4,904)	(46,481,527)	(1,454,821) 35,811	
Decrease in other financial liabilities	(117,631)	(3,591)	(123,254)	(3,858)	
(Decrease in other handlines)	(1,519,672)	(46,388)	1,029,728	32,230	
Net cash provided by operating activities	139,349,431	4,253,646	195,555,684	6,120,679	
	100,010,101	1,200,010	190,000,001	0,120,079	
Cash flows from investing activities					
(Increase) decrease in restricted assets	(83,000)	(2,533)	83,000	2,598	
(Increase) decrease in loans	(55,914,700)	(1,706,798)	34,838,822	1,090,417	
Decrease (increase) in due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks	11,371,024	347,101	(31,517,238)	(986,455)	
Increase in available-for-sale financial assets	(71,569,087)	(2,184,649)	(7,564,968)	(236,775)	
Increase in held-to-maturity financial assets	(64,971,901)	(1,983,269)	(19,030,527)	(595,635)	
Decrease in investments under equity method	147,761	4,510	430,142	13,463	
Increase investments in real estate	(4,302,602)	(131,337)	(8,834,105)	(276,498)	
Acquisition of property and equipment	(875,245)	(26,717)	(1,292,650)	(40,459)	
Decrease (increase) in securities purchased under agreements to resell Decrease (increase) in other financial assets	8,522,044 4,277,487	260,136 130,570	(31,653,568) (77,095,896)	(990,722) (2,413,017)	
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(1,491,113)	(45,516)	1,349,408	(2,413,017) 42,235	
Net cash used in investing activities	(174,889,332)	(5,338,502)	(140,287,580)	(4,390,848)	
_	i	i	i		
Cash flows from financing activities	(10.074.010)	(221.040)	(17.740.144)	(555.0.47)	
Decrease in due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks	(10,874,616)	(331,948)	(17,740,144)	(555,247)	
Increase in deposits	66,758,905 3,822,069	2,037,817	198,363,169	6,208,550	
Increase (decrease) in securities sold under agreements to repurchase Increase in banker's acceptances and funds borrowed	115,696	116,669 3,532	(11,555,174) 417,948	(361,664) 13,081	
Increase in bonds payable	20,314,141	620,090	17,571,231	549,960	
Increase in other financial liabilities	41,070	1,254	1,035,449	32,409	
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities	(1,965,548)	(59,999)	257,889	8,072	
Cash dividends	(23,042,728)	(703,380)	(170,601)	(5,340)	
Remuneration paid to directors and supervisors	(5,400)	(165)	-	-	
Bonus paid to employees	(2,764)	(84)	-	-	
Increase in minority stockholders	305,900	9,337	229,954	7,197	
Net cash provided by financing activities	55,466,725	1,693,123	188,409,721	5,897,018	
Effects of exchange rate changes	(527,324)	(16,097)	(300,833)	(9,416)	
Effects on merger of subsidiaries	-	-	58,782	1,840	
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	19,399,500	592,170	243,435,774	7,619,273	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	381,587,302	11,647,964	400,986,802	12,550,448	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$400,986,802	\$12,240,134	\$644,422,576	\$20,169,721	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flows information					
Interest paid during the period (excluding capitalized interest)	\$19,960,117	\$609,283	\$13,284,478	\$415,790	
Income tax paid	\$2,364,316	\$72,171	\$2,291,530	\$71,722	
Investing and financing activities with no cash flow effects Reclassification of property and equipment to other assets	\$150,983	\$4,609	\$-	\$-	

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on December 31, 2008 and 2009 were NT\$32.76 and NT\$31.95 to US\$1.00, respectively)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Audited Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in thousands of dollars except for share and per share data and unless otherwise stated) December 31, 2008 and 2009

1. Organization and business scope

On December 31, 2001, Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. ("Cathay Life") was reincorporated as Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (the "Company") through stock conversion pursuant to the provisions of the Republic of China ("ROC") Financial Holding Company Act ("Financial Holding Company Act") and its shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (TSE) on the same day. On April 22, 2002, Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. ("Cathay Century") and Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd. ("Cathay United Bank") became subsidiaries of the Company through stock conversion approved by the government. On December 18, 2002, United World Chinese Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. ("UWCCB") also became a subsidiary of the Company through stock conversion approved by the government. UWCCB and Cathay United Bank merged on October 27, 2003, in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations. UWCCB was the surviving company and was re-named to Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd. ("Cathay United Bank"). On May 12, 2004 the Company established Cathay Securities Corporation ("Cathay Securities") as a wholly owned subsidiary. On June 30, 2005, the Company has invested Lucky Bank, Inc. ("Lucky Bank") which was approved as a strategic investment by the Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan. Lucky Bank became a subsidiary of the Company by stock conversion on August 25, 2006. Cathay United Bank absorption merged with Lucky Bank on January 1, 2007. Cathay United Bank acquired specific assets, liabilities, and business of China United Trust & Investment Corporation ("CUTIC") on December 29, 2007 to improve competitiveness. Since July 29, 2003, the Company listed a portion of its common shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (LSE) in the form of Global Depositary Shares (GDSs). The Company mainly engages in financial holding business activities. As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, the total numbers of the employees of the Company and Subsidiaries were 42,219 and 43,340, respectively.

As of and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, the consolidated financial statements include the following entities:

			2008.12.31	2009.12.31	
			Ownership	Ownership	
Investor	Investee	Business	interest	interest	Notes
The Company	Cathay Life	Life insurance	100.00%	100.00%	Cathay Life was
					incorporated in Taiwan
					on October 23, 1962
					under the provisions of
					the ROC Company Act
					(the "Company Act").
The Company	Cathay United	Commercial	100.00%	100.00%	UWCCB was
	Bank	banking			enfranchised by the ROC
		operations			government on January
					4, 1975. On October 27,
					2003, UWCCB was
					merged with the former
					Cathay United Bank
					which was dissolved
					after the merger; the
					merged entity was
					renamed Cathay United
					Bank. The new Cathay
					United Bank
					absorption merged
					with Lucky Bank on
					January 1, 2007.
The Company	Cathay Century	Property and	100.00%	100.00%	Cathay Century was
		casualty			incorporated in Taiwan
		insurance			on July 19, 1993, under
					the provisions of the
					Company Act. Cathay
					Century changed its
					name from "Tong Tai
					Insurance Co., Ltd." to
					"Cathay Century
					Insurance Co., Ltd." on
					August 2, 2002.

			2008.12.31	2009.12.31	
				Ownership	
Investor	Investor	Dusinas	Ownership	_	Natas
Investor	Investee	Business	interest	interest	Notes
The Company	Cathay Securities	Securities	100.00%	100.00%	Cathay Securities was
					incorporated on May 12,
					2004, under the
					Company Act. The
					securities department and
					the securities agent
					(Taipei branch) of
					Cathay United Bank
					were transferred to
					Cathay Securities using
					operating assignment
					along with its business,
					assets and liabilities. The
					assignment date was
					August 13, 2004.
The Company 、	Cathay Pacific	Venture capital	100.00%	100.00%	Cathay Pacific Venture
Cathay Life 、	Venture Capital	investment			was incorporated on
Cathay United	Co., Ltd. ("Cathay				April 16, 2003, under the
Bank 、 Cathay	Pacific Venture")				Company Act. Cathay
Century					Pacific Venture is the
					surviving company for
					the merger with Cathay
					Venture, Cathay II
					Venture and Cathay
					Capital Management on
					August 10, 2009.
L					

			2008.12.31	2009.12.31	
			Ownership	Ownership	
Investor	Investee	Business	interest	interest	Notes
The Company 、	Cathay Venture	Venture capital	67.00%	-	Cathay Venture was
Cathay Life 、	Capital Co., Ltd.	investment			incorporated on
Cathay United	("Cathay Venture")				September 13, 2000,
Bank 、 Cathay					under the Company Act.
Century					Cathay Venture merged
					with the surviving
					company Cathay Pacific
					Venture on August 10,
					2009.
The Company	Cathay II Venture	Venture capital	100.00%	-	Cathay II Venture was
	Capital Co., Ltd.	investment			incorporated on April 12,
	("Cathay II				2004, under the
	Venture")				Company Act. Cathay II
					Venture merged with the
					surviving company
					Cathay Pacific Venture
					on August 10, 2009.
Cathay Life	Cathay Life	Life insurance	50.00%	50.00%	Cathay Life (Shanghai)
	Insurance Company				was incorporated on
	(Shanghai)				December 29, 2004.
	("Cathay Life				Cathay Life and China
	(Shanghai)")				Eastern Airlines
					Corporation Limited
					each owns 50% interest
					in Cathay Life
					(Shanghai).
Cathay Life 、	Symphox	Type II telecom	100.00%	100.00%	Symphox Information
Cathay Pacific	Information Co.,	service, data			was incorporated on
Venture	Ltd. ("Symphox	processing			December 12, 1999,
	Information")	service,			under the Company Act.
		information			Cathay Life and Cathay
		supply service			Pacific Venture own
					60.12% and 39.88%
					interest in Symphox
					Information,
					respectively.

			2008.12.31	2009.12.31	
			Ownership	Ownership	
Investor	Investee	Business	interest	interest	Notes
Cathay Life	Cathay Life	Life insurance	100.00%	100.00%	Cathay Life (Vietnam)
	Insurance				was incorporated on
	(Vietnam) Co., Ltd.				November 21, 2007.
	("Cathay Life				
	(Vietnam)")				
Cathay Life 、	Cathay Insurance	Property and	100.00%	100.00%	Cathay Century
Cathay Century	Company Limited.	casualty			(Shanghai) was
	(Shanghai)	insurance			incorporated on August
	("Cathay Century				26, 2008. Cathay Life
	(Shanghai)")				and Cathay Century each
					owns 50% interest of
					Cathay Century
					(Shanghai).
Cathay United	Indovina Bank	Wholesale	50.00%	50.00%	Indovina Bank was
Bank	Limited ("Indovina	banking			incorporated in Vietnam
	Bank'')				on October 29, 1992.
					Cathay United Bank and
					Vietinbank each owns
					50% interest of Indovina
					Bank.
Cathay Securities	5	Futures related	99.99%	99.99%	Cathay Futures, former
	1 ()	business			Seaward Futures Agency
	Futures")				Co., Ltd., was
					incorporated on
					December 29, 1993
					under the Company Act
					and renamed to Seaward
					Futures Corp. on March
					6, 1998. On December
					24, 2003, Seaward
					Futures Corp. changed
					its name to Cathay
					Futures Corp. On
					February 10, 2006,
					Cathay United Bank sold
					all the stocks of Cathay
					Futures to Cathay
					Securities.

As of and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, the consolidated financial statements excluded the following subsidiaries due to the respective total assets and operating revenues were considered immaterial to the Company.

			2008.12.31	2009.12.31	
			Ownership	Ownership	
Investor	Investee	Business	interest	interest	Notes
The Company	Cathay Capital	Management	100.00%	-	Cathay Capital
	Management	consultant			Management was
	Inc.,("Cathay				incorporated on June 12,
	Capital				2000. The board of
	Management")				directors resolved the
					merger with Cathay Pacific
					Venture. Cathay Capital
					Management merged with
					the surviving company
					Cathay Pacific Venture on
					August 10, 2009.
Cathay life	Cathay Insurance	Reinsurance	100.00%	100.00%	Cathay Insurance
	(Bermuda) Co.,				(Bermuda) was
	Ltd. ("Cathay				incorporated on January
	Insurance				24, 2000.
	(Bermuda)")				
Cathay life	Cathay Securities	Securities	100.00%	100.00%	Cathay Securities
	Investment	investment			Investment Consulting was
	Consulting Co.,	research			incorporated on November
	Ltd. ("Cathay	analysis			25, 2002.
	Securities				
	Investment				
	Consulting")				
Cathay United	Cathay Life	Life insurance	100.00%	100.00%	Cathay Life Insurance
Bank	Insurance Agent	agent			Agent was incorporated on
	Co., Ltd. ("Cathay				March 23, 2000.
	Life Insurance				
	Agent")				

			2008.12.31 Ownership	2009.12.31 Ownership	
Investor	Investee	Business	interest	interest	Notes
Cathay United	Cathay Property	Property	100.00%	100.00%	Cathay Property Insurance
Bank	Insurance Agent	insurance agent			Agent was incorporated on
	Co., Ltd ("Cathay				March 23, 2000.
	Property Insurance				
	Agent")				
Cathay United	Seaward Card Co.,	Credit card	100.00%	100.00%	Seaward Card was
Bank	Ltd. ("Seaward	service			incorporated on April 9,
	Card")				1999.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with requirements of the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies and generally accepted accounting principles. A summary of significant accounting policies is as follows:

(1) Principles of consolidation

- A. In accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies", the preparation of consolidated financial statements should comply with the Statements of Financial Accounting Standards of Republic of China ("ROC SFAS") No. 7, except for subsidiaries in the industries of banking, insurance and securities which are required to be consolidated.
- B. All significant inter-company transactions were eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

(2) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in values from fluctuations of interest rates. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, unrestricted bank deposits, checks for clearance, due from commercial banks and all other highly liquid investments with maturities of less than three months.

(3) Financial assets and financial liabilities

In accordance with the ROC SFAS No.34 "Accounting for Financial Instruments", "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Company", financial assets are categorized as "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "held-to-maturity financial assets", "investments in debt securities with no active market", "available-for-sale financial assets", "derivative financial assets for hedging" or "financial assets carried at cost". Upon initial recognition, financial assets are measured at fair value, plus in some cases, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial assets. Financial liabilities are categorized as "financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss", "derivative financial liabilities for hedging", or "financial liabilities carried at cost".

The Company and its subsidiaries purchase and sell their financial assets in a "regular way". "Regular way" purchases or sales are transactions that require the delivery of assets within the period established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

A. Financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets or liabilities held for trading or financial assets or liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Such assets or liabilities are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

Apart from derivatives and financial instruments designated as at fair value through profit or loss, financial instruments may be reclassified out of the fair value through profit or loss category if the financial instruments are no longer held for the purpose of selling or repurchasing them in the near term, and the following requirements are met:

a. Financial asset that would have met the definition of loans and receivables may be reclassified out of the fair value through profit or loss category if the entity has the intention and ability to hold the financial asset for the foreseeable future or until maturity.

b. Financial instruments that would not have met the definition of loans and receivables may be reclassified out of the fair value through profit or loss category only in rare circumstances.

The financial instrument shall be reclassified at its fair value on the date of reclassification. Any gain or loss already recognized in profit or loss shall not be reversed. The fair value of the financial instrument on the date of reclassification becomes its new cost or amortized cost, as applicable.

Financial instrument shall not be reclassified into the fair value through profit or loss category after initial recognition.

B. Held-to-maturity financial assets

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held-to-maturity financial assets when the Company has both the intention and ability to hold to maturity. Such investments are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Gains and losses from changes in fair values are recognized in profit or loss when the investments are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process. The amortized cost is computed as the cost (amount initially recognized) minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between the cost and the maturity amount, and less any impairment loss or amount unrecoverable. The calculation of effective interest rate includes all fees and points paid or received between parties, transaction costs and all other premiums and discounts.

C. Investments in debt securities with no active market

Investments in debt securities with no active market are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains or losses from changes in fair values are recognized when investments in debt securities with no active market are derecognized, impaired, or amortized.

D. Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or not classified in any of the three preceding categories. Gain or losses on available-for-sale financial assets shall be recognized in equity until the assets are derecognized, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains or losses upon translation of the assets. When the financial asset is derecognized, at which time the cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in equity shall be recognized in profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial asset that would have met the definition of loans and receivables may be reclassified out of the available-for-sale category to the loans and receivables category if the entity has the intention and ability to hold the financial asset for the foreseeable future or until maturity. Upon reclassification, the fair value on the date of reclassification becomes its new cost or amortized cost, as applicable. Any previous gain or loss on the asset that has been recognized in stockholders' equity shall be amortized over the remaining life of the asset.

E. Derivative financial assets or liabilities for hedging

Derivative financial assets or liabilities for hedging are derivative financial assets or liabilities that have been designated as hedging instruments and meet the criteria for hedge accounting. These assets or liabilities are measured at fair value.

F. Financial assets carried at cost

Financial assets measured at cost are investments not measured at fair value because fair value cannot be reliably measured. They are either holdings in non-listed companies or emerging stocks, which have no significant influence or derivative assets that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of the above-mentioned equity instruments. If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on the investment, an impairment loss will be recognized. Such impairment loss shall not be reversed.

G. Financial liabilities

The financial liabilities of the Company and its subsidiaries are subsequently measured at amortized cost after initial recognition, except for "financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss" and "derivative financial liabilities for hedging", which are both measured at fair value

The fair value of investments is determined by reference to the close price at the balance sheet date for listed shares, the net asset value for open-ended funds, the quoted price by the Taiwan Gre Tai Securities Market for bond. Valuation techniques for debt securities with no active market, hybrid instruments and derivative instruments.

(4) Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

A. Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or a portion of the asset) is derecognized when the control over the asset (or a portion of the asset) is surrendered. Transferring or surrendering control over a financial asset (or a portion of the asset) in exchange of consideration received is deemed a sale.

If a transfer of financial asset does not meet the criteria for a sale, the transfer is accounted for as a borrowing with collateral.

B. Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability (or a portion) is derecognized when the obligation under the liability agreement is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another one from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the current period income statement.

(5) Accounting for impairment of financial assets

The Company and Subsidiaries assesses at each balance sheet date whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

A. Financial assets carried at amortized cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets carried at amortized cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). The carrying amount of the asset shall be reduced through use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss shall be recognized in profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease relates to an event occurs after the impairment is recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed by adjusting an allowance account. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed what its amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized at the reversal date.

B. Financial assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on an unquoted equity instrument, or on a derivative asset that is linked to and must be settled by delivery of such an unquoted equity instrument has been incurred, then the amount of the loss is determined as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss can not be reversed.

C. Available-for-sale financial assets

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortization) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognized in profit or loss, is transferred from equity to the income statement. Reversals in respect of equity instruments classified as available-for-sale are not recognized in profit or loss but through equity. Reversals of impairment losses on debt instruments are reversed through profit or loss if the increase in fair value of the instrument can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized in profit or loss.

(6) Derivative financial instruments

The Company and Subsidiaries enter into derivative financial instrument transactions such as forward foreign exchange, interest rate swap, cross-currency swap, option and futures to hedge its risks associated with interest rates and foreign currency fluctuations. These derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date of which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are taken directly to profit or loss for the period.

For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedges are classified as:

- A. Fair value hedges: to hedge the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognized asset or liability.
- B. Cash flow hedges: to hedge the exposure to variability in cash flows that is both attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability (such as all or some future interest payments on variable rate debt) or a highly probable forecast transaction, and could affect profit or loss.
- C. Hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation: to hedge the exchange rate variability risk for a net investment in a foreign operation.

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Company and Subsidiaries formally designate and document hedge relationship to which the Company and Subsidiaries wish to apply hedge accounting, the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the entity will assess the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value and are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Hedges in compliance with hedge accounting requirements are accounted for as follows:

A. Fair value hedges

Fair value hedges are hedges of the Company's exposure to changes in fair value of a recognized asset or liability or an unrecognized firm commitment, or an identified portion of such an asset, liability or firm commitment, that is attributable to a particular risk which could impact profit or loss. The carrying amount of the fair value hedged item is adjusted for gains and losses attributable to the risk being hedged and the underlying derivative is remeasured at fair value. Gains or losses from both are recognized in profit or loss.

For fair value hedge relating to items carried at amortized cost, the adjustment to carrying value is amortized through profit or loss over the remaining term to maturity. Any adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged financial instrument for which the effective interest method is used is amortized to profit or loss.

Amortization may begin as soon as an adjustment exists and shall begin no later than when the hedged item ceases to be adjusted for changes in its fair value attributable to the risk being hedged.

The Company and Subsidiaries discontinues fair value hedge accounting if the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the Company revokes the designation.

Hedging instruments are subsequently measured at fair value and the gains (losses) resulting from the exchange rate changes are recognized in current period profit or loss in accordance with the ROC SFAS No.14 "Accounting for Foreign Currency Transactions and Translation of Foreign Financial Statements".

B. Cash flow hedges

Cash flow hedge is a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction and could affect profit or loss. The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognized directly in equity, while the ineffective portion is recognized in profit or loss.

Amounts taken to equity are transferred to the income statement when the hedged transaction affects profit or loss, such as when hedged financial income or financial expense is recognized or when a forecast sale or purchase occurs. Where the hedged item is the cost of a non-financial asset or liability, the amounts taken to equity are transferred to the initial carrying amount of the non-financial asset or liability.

If the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, amounts previously recognized in equity are transferred to profit or loss. If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised without replacement or rollover, or if its designation as a hedge is revoked, amounts previously recognized in equity remain in equity until the forecast transaction occurs. If the related transaction is not expected to occur, the amount is taken to profit or loss.

C. Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation

Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation, including a hedge of a monetary item that is accounted for as part of the net investment, are accounted for in a way similar to cash flow hedges. Gains or losses on the hedging instruments relating to the effective portion of the hedges are recognized directly in equity while any gains or losses relating to the ineffective portion are recognized in profit or loss. On disposal of the foreign operation, the cumulative value of any such gains or losses recognized directly in equity is transferred to profit or loss.

(7) Allowance for bad debts

Allowance for bad debts on bills, bill purchased, acceptances, guarantees loans, delinquent accounts, receivables of credit card and other receivables are determined based on the aging analysis of outstanding balances of such accounts and past experience.

(8) Investments-equity method

Investments in equity securities are accounted for under the equity method where the Company owns more than 20% of the investee's voting stocks or the Company has significant influence over the investee company. The difference between the investment cost and the Company's share of net assets of the investee company was amortized. However, started from January 1, 2006, such difference is no longer amortized. Newly acquired difference is analyzed and accounted for in inconformity with the acquisition cost allocation as provided in ROC SFAS No.25 "Business Combination-Accounting Treatment under Purchase Method.", resulting goodwill is no longer amortized.

If the investee company issues new shares and original shareholders do not purchase or acquire new shares proportionately, then the investment percentage and the equity in net assets of the investee that the Company has invested will be changed. Such difference shall be used to adjust both the capital surplus and the investment in the investee company accounted for under the equity method. If the adjustment stated above is to debit the capital surplus account and the book balance of capital surplus from long-term investments is not enough to be offset, the difference shall be debited to the retained earnings account.

Unrealized intercompany gains or losses are eliminated under the equity method. Gains or losses from sales of depreciable assets between the Company and Subsidiaries are amortized to profit or loss over the economic service life of the asset. Gains or losses from other types of intercompany transactions are recognized when realized.

(9) Investments in real estate

Investments in real estate are stated at cost when acquired. Improvements and major renovation of investments in real estate are capitalized, while repairs and maintenance are expensed immediately.

Upon disposal, the related cost, accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment are eliminated and gains and losses are recorded in operating gains and losses accounts.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method in accordance with the "Estimated Useful Life of Fixed Assets Table" published by the Executive Yuan of the ROC (the "Executive Yuan Depreciation Table").

Real estate investment primarily is for commercial leasing purposes; rents can be paid annually, semi-annually, quarterly, monthly or in a lump sum.

(10) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost or cost plus appreciation. When revaluing property and equipment, land and other properties shall be revalued separately. Property appreciation shall be recorded under "land revaluation adjustments" of shareholders' equity.

Major improvements, additions, and renewals are capitalized, while repairs and maintenance are expensed when incurred.

Upon the sale or disposal of properties and equipment, their cost, related accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment are removed from respective accounts.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated service lives prescribed by the Executive Yuan Depreciation Table. Property and equipment that continue to be in use after reaching its originally estimated useful life are depreciated based on the residual value and the newly estimated remaining useful lives.

(11) Intangible assets

The Company and Subsidiaries adopted the ROC SFAS No. 37 "Accounting for Intangible Assets" on January 1, 2007. Intangible assets are initially recognized at cost except the intangible assets granted by government which are recognized at fair value. After the initial recognition, the intangible assets shall be carried at the costs plus statutory revaluation increment less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

The useful lives of intangible assets of the Company and Subsidiaries are deemed finite.

The amortization amounts of the intangible assets with finite useful lives are allocated on a systematic basis over their useful lives. Impairment testing is performed when there are indications of impairment on intangible assets with finite useful lives. The Company and Subsidiaries revaluates the amortization periods and amortization methods for the intangible assets with finite useful lives at each balance sheet date and any resulting changes are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

The intangible assets of the Company and Subsidiaries are computer soft wares and are amortized over the estimated useful lives of three to five years using the straight-line method.

(12) Accounting for Assets Impairment

Pursuant to ROC SFAS No. 35, "Accounting for Asset Impairment" the Company and Subsidiaries assess indicators of impairment for all its assets within the scope of ROC SFAS No. 35 on each balance sheet date. If impairment indications exist, the Company and Subsidiaries shall then compare the carrying amount with the recoverable amount of the assets or the cash-generating unit ("CGU") and write down the carrying amount to the recoverable amount where applicable. Recoverable amount is defined as the higher of fair values less costs to sell and the values in use.

For previously recognized impairment losses, the Company and Subsidiaries shall assess, at each balance sheet date, whether there is any indication that the impairment loss may no longer exist or may have decreased. If there is any such indication, the Company and Subsidiaries have to recalculate the recoverable amount of the asset. If the recoverable amount increases as a result of the increase in the estimated service potential of the assets, the Company and Subsidiaries shall reverse the impairment loss to the extent that the carrying amount after the reversal would not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the assets in prior years.

In addition, a goodwill-allocated CGU or group of CGUs is tested for impairment at the same day of each year, regardless of whether an impairment indicator exists. Any impairment loss is recognized by reducing the carrying amount of the assets of the CGU or the group of CGUs in the following order:

- A. First, to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU or group of CGUs.
- B. If the goodwill has been written off, to reduce the other assets of the CGU or group of CGUs pro rata to their carrying amount.

The write-down in goodwill cannot be reversed under any circumstances in subsequent periods.

(13) Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) and financial assets securitization

Cathay Life has adopted "Accounting Treatment under Real Estate Securitization" issued by the Accounting Research and Development Foundation.

Once the sales process is complete and the transferror has transferred his risk and ownership of the real estate property to the transferee, gain on disposal of real estate shall be recognized under "total amount accrual method".

If the originator and its related parties do not participate in the initial offering but subsequently acquire the REIT beneficiary securities of less than 20% of its outstanding shares from the TSE at fair market value within six months after the issue date, the transfer and purchase transaction are deemed two independent transactions due to the subsequent purchase transaction has no significant influence over the transfer transaction. However, if the originator and its related parties subsequently acquire the REIT beneficiary securities of over 20% of its outstanding shares within six months after the issue date, the subsequently acquired portion is not deemed a sale and therefore gain or loss on disposal of real estate for the originator related to the subsequently acquired portion shall be deferred.

Under the Regulations for Financial Assets Securitization, Subsidiaries, with the assistance of a trustee securitized its financial assets for the purposes of offering asset-backed securities in the form of related beneficiary certificates through a special purpose trust. Due to Subsidiaries having surrendered the rights and control on these securitized financial assets, such financial assets are no longer recognized on the Subsidiaries' accounts. The gain or loss from securitization is recognized thereon, except for the retained interests in the form of subordinated seller certificates for credit enhancement, which are classified as held-to-maturity financial assets and investments in debt securities with no active market due to lack of market quotes.

The gain or loss from securitization of the financial assets is determined based on the difference between the proceeds from securitization and carrying value of the securitized financial assets. The cost of each class of asset-backed securities which is determined based on the previous carrying value of the securitized financial assets, is allocated in proportion to the fair value of each class of the asset–backed securities and the retained interests on the date of transfer. Due to securitized financial assets not having a quoted market price, the fair value of each class of the asset-backed securities and the retained interests are evaluated based on the present value of future cash flows considering the expected credit loss rate, prepayment rate, and discount rate on the financial assets.

(14) Reserves for operations and liabilities

The subsidiaries in banking, insurance and securities industries are required by the government to provide operating and loss reserves.

(15) Treasury stock

The stock that the Company repurchases is recorded in the "treasury stock account". The book value of the treasury stock is determined based on the reason of purchase and stock type (common or preferred stock) using the weighted average method. At the time of writing off treasury stock, the Company should debit common stock and capital surplus on stock issuance proportionally. As long as the book value of the retired treasury stock is higher than the sum of its par value and capital surplus on stock issuance, the excess should be debited to other capital surplus or retained earnings when capital surplus-treasury stock is insufficient. When the book value of the retired treasury stock is lower than the sum of its par value and capital surplus on stock issuance, the difference is credited to capital surplus on stock issuance, the difference is credited to capital surplus-treasury stock.

According to the Ministry of Finance-Securities and Future Commission (91) article 108164:

- A. In accordance with Article 38 of the Financial Holding Company Act which provides strict prohibitions on cross-holdings, all the prior share buybacks conducted by listed or over-the-counter traded financial institutions (in accordance with Article 28-2 of Securities Exchange Act), upon the conversion of such institutions into wholly-owned subsidiaries of a financial holding company, must be converted into treasury shares of the financial holding company to be held by such subsidiaries for a period of no more than three years. If such subsidiaries fail to dispose such treasury shares within this period, those shares will be deemed as un-issued share capital of the financial holding company and shall be cancelled accordingly.
- B. Treasury shares of a financial holding company held by its subsidiaries as described above are also treated as their own treasury shares and therefore such subsidiaries may not exercise shareholders rights with respect to those stocks in accordance with Article 28-2 of the Securities Exchange Act.

According to the Securities and Futures Commission (91) article 111467, shares previously bought back by listed or over-the-counter traded financial institutions (in accordance with Article 28-2 of Securities Exchange Act), upon conversion of the institutions into wholly-owned subsidiaries of a financial holding company and the conversion of such shares into treasury shares of the financial holding company, must be treated by such subsidiaries as their own treasury shares and a deduction of shareholders' equity and must be treated as treasury shares of the financial holding company. If the financial institutions hold shares of other financial institutions whose shares are also converted into the shares of the same financial holding company, the principle of equity investment shall apply. The Company follows ROC SFAS NO.30 "Accounting for Treasury Stocks" and treats shares held by its subsidiaries as treasury stock in its financial statements.

(16) Recognition of interest income and service fees

Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis except for loans classified as delinquent accounts. The accrual of income from delinquent accounts is discontinued; subsequent interest payments are credited to income when received. Service fees are recognized on an accrual basis.

(17) Insurance premium income and expenses

Direct premiums are recorded as income at the time of cash receipts. Related expenses (commissions, brokerage fees, etc.) are recognized on an accrual basis.

Reinsurance premiums and reinsurance commission expenses are recognized upon the assumption of reinsurance. Claim expenses for assumed reinsurance policies are recognized upon notification that claim payments are due. Adjustments are made at year-end based on past experience.

(18) Pension plan

The Labor Pension Act of ROC ("the Act"), which adopts a defined contribution scheme, takes effect from July 1, 2005. In accordance with the Act, employees of the Company may elect to be subject to either the Act, and maintain their seniority before the enforcement of the Act, or the pension mechanism under the Labor Standards Act. For employees choosing the pension scheme under the Act, the Company shall make monthly contributions to individual pension accounts on a basis no less than 6% of the employees' monthly wages.

In compliance with SFC regulations, the Company and Subsidiaries follow the ROC SFAS No. 18, "Accounting for Pensions". When providing defined benefit plans, an actuarial valuation of pension liability is performed on the balance sheet date, and a minimum pension liability is recorded in the financial statements based on the difference between the accumulated benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets; when providing defined contribution plans, an enterprise should recognize the amounts to be contributed as current expense over the employee's employment period.

(19) Foreign currency transactions

A. Translation of foreign currency transactions

Monetary assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currencies shall be translated using the applicable rate at each balance sheet date and exchange differences shall be recognized in profit or loss for the period. Non-monetary assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value shall be translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary asset or liability measured at fair value is recognized directly in equity, any exchange component of that gain or loss shall be recognized in equity. Conversely, when a gain or loss on a non-monetary item measured at fair value is recognized in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss shall be recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured in terms of historical cost shall be translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

B. Translation of foreign subsidiaries' financial statements

Financial statements of foreign subsidiaries under the equity method are translated into NT dollars on the following basis: all assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into NT dollars at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date. Shareholders' equity items are translated based on the historical rates except for the opening balance of retained earnings, which is the translated amount from prior period carried forward. Income statement items are translated using a weighted-average exchange rate of the fiscal year. Differences arising from above translation are recorded under cumulative translation adjustments under shareholders' equity.

(20) Income taxes

The Company adopted ROC SFAS No. 22, "Accounting for Income Taxes", which requires inter-period and intra-period tax allocations in addition to computing current period income tax payable. Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences; while deferred income tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences, tax losses and investment tax credits. An allowance is provided based on an assessment of the realizability of deferred tax assets. Adjustment of prior years' income tax payable is included in the current period income tax expense.

In accordance with Article 49 of the Financial Holding Company Act, the Company and its qualifying Subsidiaries have selected the consolidated income tax return for tax filings and pay a 10% surcharge on their undistributed retained earnings under the consolidated income tax return. If there are any tax effects due to the adoption of the consolidated tax system, the Company can proportionately allocate the effects on tax expense (benefit), deferred income tax and tax payable (tax refund receivable) among the Company and Subsidiaries.

The Company adopted ROC SFAS No. 12, "Accounting for Income Tax Credits," for income tax deductions. The income tax deductions resulting from the expenditure on the purchase of equipment, research and development, education, training and investment in equity are accounted for under the current period recognition method.

The additional 10% income tax imposed on undistributed earnings is recognized as expenses on the date when the shareholders resolve that the earnings shall be retained.

Effective from January 1, 2006, the Company and Subsidiaries have considered the impact of the "Alternative Minimum Tax Act" to estimate their income tax liabilities.

(21) Capital expenditure

Capital expenditure is capitalized and amortized over its useful life if it involves a significant amount and may generate revenues in future periods. Otherwise, it is expensed in the year as incurred.

(22) Employee bonus and remuneration of directors

Pursuant to Article No.52 issued by the Accounting Research and Development Foundation in March 2007, employee bonus and remuneration of directors are accounted for as expenses and not distribution of earnings.

(23) Translation to U.S. dollars

The financial statements are stated in NT dollars. The translated U.S. dollars amounts from NT dollars as of December 31, 2008 and 2009 are for information only. The U.S. dollar/NT dollars noon buying rates of NT\$32.76 and NT\$31.95 provided by Federal Reserve Bank of New York of December 31, 2008 and 2009 are used for the translation.

3. Change in accounting and its effects

(1) The Company and Subsidiaries adopted the accounting principles prescribed in Article No.52 "Accounting for employee bonus and remuneration of directors" by the Accounting Research and Development Foundation on January 1, 2008.

The above change in accounting principles is not significant to the Company and Subsidiaries' net income before tax and earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2008.

(2) Effective from July 1, 2008, the Company and Subsidiaries adopted the revised R.O.C. SFAS No. 34 "Accounting for financial instrument". This change in accounting principles did not affect the Company and Subsidiaries' net loss and earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2008.

4. Cash and cash equivalents

		December 31,							
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)					
Petty cash and cash on hand	\$12,130,768	\$370,292	\$10,872,239	\$340,289					
Cash in banks	29,205,740	891,506	12,764,115	399,503					
Time deposits	347,371,107	10,603,514	550,790,007	17,239,124					
Cash equivalents	241,252	7,364	59,799,322	1,871,653					
Checks for clearance	5,356,535	163,508	4,031,517	126,182					
Due from commercial banks	6,681,400	203,950	6,165,376	192,970					
Total	\$400,986,802	\$12,240,134	\$644,422,576	\$20,169,721					

As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, the amounts of time deposits with maturities beyond one year were NT\$2,383,970 (US\$72,771) thousands and NT\$11,243,520 (US\$351,910) thousands, respectively.

5. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	December 31,			
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Common stock	\$5,837,566	\$178,192	\$8,465,546	\$264,962
Beneficiary certificates	42,701,925	1,303,478	54,713,691	1,712,479
Exchange traded funds	154,004	4,701	338,837	10,605
Real estate investment trust	633,251	19,330	600,250	18,787
Commercial papers	249,084	7,603	5,270,203	164,952
Corporate bonds	4,522,879	138,061	3,658,935	114,521
Government bonds	18,654,939	569,443	5,440,257	170,274
Treasury bills	20,909,996	638,278	23,859,665	746,781
CDs Issued by CBC	1,712	52	-	-
Overseas financial instruments	20,038,327	611,671	15,796,596	494,416
Derivative financial instruments	1,490	45	269,972	8,450
Margin for futures trading-own funds	-	-	56,957	1,783
Structured time deposits	1,000,000	30,525	1,000,000	31,299
Valuation adjustment	12,180,571	371,812	24,173,028	756,589
Total	\$126,885,744	\$3,873,191	\$143,643,937	\$4,495,898

- (1) As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, certain financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were sold under repurchase agreements with notional amounts of NT\$13,861,900 (US\$423,135) thousands and NT\$7,874,000 (US\$246,448) thousands, respectively. Such repurchase agreements amounting to NT\$15,156,243 (US\$462,645) thousands and NT\$ 8,745,465(US\$273,724) thousands, respectively, were recorded in the account "Securities sold under agreements to repurchase" on the balance sheets. Repurchase agreements entered prior to December 31, 2008 and 2009 are settled at NT\$15,181,203 (US\$463,407) thousands and NT\$8,746,201 (US\$273,747) thousands prior to June 30, 2009 and February 28, 2010, respectively.
- (2) Please refer to Note 29 for related information on the above financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as of December 31, 2008 and 2009 being pledged as collaterals.

6. Loans-net

	December 31,			
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Inward-outward documentary bills	\$378,537	\$11,555	\$830,433	\$25,992
Loans	1,366,252,872	41,704,910	1,330,096,995	41,630,579
Overdrafts	292,455	8,927	457,479	14,318
Delinquent accounts	6,700,982	204,548	5,435,313	170,119
Subtotal	1,373,624,846	41,929,940	1,336,820,220	41,841,008
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(10,720,200)	(327,234)	(8,437,965)	(264,099)
Total	\$1,362,904,646	\$41,602,706	\$1,328,382,255	\$41,576,909

7. Available-for-sale financial assets-net

	December 31,			
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Common stock	\$117,386,919	\$3,583,239	\$128,710,319	\$4,028,492
Beneficiary certificates	1,691,356	51,629	2,156,101	67,484
Collateralized loans obligation and				
collateralized bonds obligation	4,404,148	134,437	2,157,013	67,512
Exchange traded funds	4,175,789	127,466	4,430,659	138,675
Government bonds	151,534,043	4,625,581	73,917,095	2,313,524
Corporate bonds	47,582,377	1,452,454	60,083,617	1,880,551
Financial debentures	133,532,244	4,076,076	145,367,150	4,549,833
Overseas financial instruments	74,941,478	2,287,591	123,828,172	3,875,686
Real estate investment trust beneficiary	8,725,208	266,337	9,360,911	292,986
Accumulated impairments	(528,541)	(16,134)	(735,000)	(23,005)
Valuation adjustment	(56,918,002)	(1,737,424)	4,140,896	129,606
Total	\$486,527,019	\$14,851,252	\$553,416,933	\$17,321,344

(1) As of December 31, 2008, certain available-for-sale financial assets was sold under repurchase agreements with notional amounts of NT\$5,050,800 (US\$154,176) thousands. Such repurchase agreements amounting to NT\$5,575,869 (US\$170,203) thousands was recorded in the account "Securities sold under agreements to repurchase" on the balance sheets. Repurchase agreements entered prior to December 31, 2008 was settled at NT\$5,583,908 (US\$170,449) thousands prior to June 30, 2009.

- (2) Please refer to Note 29 for related information on the above available-for-sale financial assets as of December 31, 2008 and 2009 being pledged as collaterals.
- (3)The impairment provision is recognized as the collateralized obligation and collateralized bonds held by Cathay Lift are assessed to be over-value. As of December 31, 2009, Cathay Life recognized impairment losses amounting to NT\$735,000 (US\$23,005) thousands.
- (4) The issuers of certain overseas financial instrument were taken over by the government or defaulted in payment. In view of the aforesaid incidents, management of Cathay United Bank has provided an impairment loss of NT\$528,541 (US\$16,134) against the book of the available for sales financial assets for the year ended December 31 2008.

	December 31,			
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Government bonds	\$19,889,357	\$607,123	\$92,459,559	\$2,893,883
Corporate bonds	3,919,523	119,644	7,628,296	238,757
Financial debentures	10,779,762	329,053	11,603,925	363,190
Overseas financial instruments	602,153,344	18,380,749	550,838,776	17,240,650
Collateralized loans obligation and				
collateralized bonds obligation	16,401,473	500,655	9,310,633	291,413
Short-term notes		-	516,331	16,161
Total	\$653,143,459	\$19,937,224	\$672,357,520	\$21,044,054

8. Held-to-maturity financial assets-net

Please refer to Note 29 for related information on the above held-to-maturity financial assets as of December 31, 2008 and 2009 being pledged as collaterals.

9. Investments under equity method

	December 31,				
Investee	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Cathay Securities Investment Consulting	\$165,344	\$5,047	\$152,952	\$4,787	
Cathay Capital Management	60,314	1,841	-	-	
Seaward Card	38,422	1,173	39,319	1,231	
Cathay Property Insurance Agent	7,624	233	7,672	240	
Cathay Life Insurance Agent	44,831	1,369	53,909	1,687	
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	94,904	2,897	99,646	3,119	
WK Technology Fund VI Co., Ltd	300,311	9,167	358,464	11,220	
Vista Technology Venture Capital Corp.	44,791	1,367	39,911	1,249	
Omnitek Venture Capital Corp.	86,458	2,639	63,074	1,974	
Wa Tech Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	89,506	2,732	101,798	3,186	
Taiwan Real-estate Management Corp.	47,283	1,443	55,972	1,752	
Taiwan Finance Corp.	1,399,410	42,717	1,417,631	44,370	
IBT Venture Capital Corp.	249,589	7,619	114,099	3,571	
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	402,985	12,301	398,322	12,467	
Subtotal	3,031,772	92,545	2,902,769	90,853	
Less: Unrealized gain from intercompany					
transactions	(415,680)	(12,689)	(397,482)	(12,440)	
Total	\$2,616,092	\$79,856	\$2,505,287	\$78,413	

10. Other financial assets-net

	December 31,				
Item	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Derivative financial assets for hedging	\$5,299,695	\$161,774	\$3,704,253	\$115,939	
Financial assets carried at cost	26,552,612	810,519	27,368,413	856,601	
Structured time deposits	5,600,000	170,940	38,300,000	1,198,748	
Customer's margin accounts	463,871	14,160	140,416	4,395	
Other miscellaneous financial assets	22,968	701	130,197	4,075	
Accumulated impairment	(1,882,287)	(57,457)	(1,980,931)	(62,001)	
Total	\$36,056,859	\$1,100,637	\$67,662,348	\$2,117,757	

- (1) An impairment provision is recognized as the stocks held by Cathay Life are assessed to be over-valued. As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, Cathay Life recognized impairment losses amounting to NT\$1,302,285 (US\$39,752) thousands and NT\$1,352,987 (US\$42,347) thousands, respectively, due to objective evidence of impairment of its investees.
- (2) Due to the recurring losses incurred by Kaohsiung Rapid Transit Corp., Taipei Financial Center Corp., New Century InfoComm Co., Ltd., Strategic Value Fund, Limited Partnership and Victor Taichung Machinery Works Co., Ltd., Cathay United Bank has recognized losses for these investees based on their net equity. As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, Cathay United Bank recognized impairment losses amounting to NT\$580,002 (US\$17,705) thousands and NT\$627,944 (US\$19,654) thousands, respectively.

11. Investments in debt securities with no active market

	December 31,				
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Preferred stocks	\$899,730	\$27,464	\$1,691,730	\$52,949	
Corporate bonds	12,717,756	388,210	14,895,586	466,216	
Beneficiary certificates	892,465	27,242	400,000	12,520	
Overseas financial instruments	118,980,709	3,631,890	163,284,413	5,110,623	
Subtotal	133,490,660	4,074,806	180,271,729	5,642,308	
Less: accumulated impairment	(3,329,151)	(101,622)	(2,727,271)	(85,361)	
Net balance	\$130,161,509	\$3,973,184	\$177,544,458	\$5,556,947	

- (1) A CDO impairment provision is recognized as the overseas bonds held by Cathay Life are assessed to be over-valued. As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, Cathay Life recognized impairment losses amounting to NT\$649,438 (US\$19,824) thousands and NT\$416,390 (US\$13,032) thousands, respectively.
- (2) Due to the credit deterioration of securitization and financial debentures, Cathay United Bank has recognized impairment loss NT\$2,533,294 (US\$77,329) and NT\$2,166,853 (US\$67,820) for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, respectively.

The amounts of the accumulated impairment loss NT\$146,419 (US\$4,469) and NT\$144,028 (US\$4,508), recognized by Cathay United Bank as of December 31, 2008 and 2009, respectively, were due to the default on certain convertible bonds.

(3) Please refer to Note 29 for related information on the above investments in debt securities with no active market as of December 31, 2008 and 2009 being pledged as collaterals.

12. Investments in real estate

					December	51,2008				
	Со	st	Revaluation	increment	Accumulated of	depreciation	Accumulated	impairment	Net va	lue
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Investments in										
real estate	\$123,994,653	\$3,784,941	\$4,384	\$134	\$(17,021,605)	\$(519,585)	\$(195,923)	\$(5,981)	\$106,781,509	\$3,259,509
Construction	1,836,501	56,059	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,836,501	56,059
Prepayments										
for building										
and land	874,767	26,702	-	-	-	-	-	-	874,767	26,702
Lease	153,970	4,700			(3,131)	(95)			150,839	4,605
Total	\$126,859,891	\$3,872,402	\$4,384	\$134	\$(17,024,736)	\$(519,680)	\$(195,923)	\$(5,981)	\$109,643,616	\$3,346,875
10(a)	<u> </u>									
Total	Co		Revaluation	increment	December Accumulated of	31, 2009	Accumulated	impairment	Net v	alue
Item				increment (US\$)	December	31, 2009	Accumulated (NT\$)	impairment (US\$)		alue (US\$)
	Co	st	Revaluation		December Accumulated o	31, 2009				
Item	Co	st	Revaluation		December Accumulated o	31, 2009				(US\$)
Item Investments in	Co (NT\$)	st (US\$)	Revaluation (NT\$)	(US\$)	December Accumulated o (NT\$)	31, 2009 depreciation (US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Item Investments in real estate	Co (NT\$) \$133,555,993	st (US\$) \$4,180,156	Revaluation (NT\$)	(US\$)	December Accumulated o (NT\$)	31, 2009 depreciation (US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$) \$114,614,988	(US\$) \$3,587,323
Item Investments in real estate Construction	<u>Co</u> (NT\$) \$133,555,993 2,657,404	st (US\$) \$4,180,156 83,174	Revaluation (NT\$)	(US\$)	December Accumulated of (NT\$) \$(18,749,777)	\$(586,847)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$) \$114,614,988 2,657,404	(US\$) \$3,587,323 83,174
Item Investments in real estate Construction Lease	<u>Co</u> (NT\$) \$133,555,993 2,657,404	st (US\$) \$4,180,156 83,174	Revaluation (NT\$)	(US\$)	December Accumulated of (NT\$) \$(18,749,777)	\$(586,847)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$) \$114,614,988 2,657,404	(US\$) \$3,587,323 83,174
Item Investments in real estate Construction Lease Prepayments	<u>Co</u> (NT\$) \$133,555,993 2,657,404	st (US\$) \$4,180,156 83,174	Revaluation (NT\$)	(US\$)	December Accumulated of (NT\$) \$(18,749,777)	\$(586,847)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$) \$114,614,988 2,657,404	(US\$) \$3,587,323 83,174

- (1) The real estate investments are held mainly to generate rental revenue.
- (2) Rents from real estate investment can be paid annually, semiannually, quarterly, monthly or in a lump sum.
- (3) No investments in real estate were pledged as collaterals as of December 31, 2008 and 2009.

13. Financial assets securitization

During 2007, Cathay United Bank securitized a collateralized loans obligation (CLO) with a carrying value of NT\$5,446,335 (US\$170,464) thousands with Land Bank Co., Ltd. as the Trustee. These beneficiary certificates have a redemption period from May 28, 2007 to May 28, 2014. The other terms of these beneficiary certificates are as follows:

Class of beneficiary	Issue amount	Interest
certificates issued	(in thousands of dollars)	rate
Senior tranche 1 st	NT\$3,335,000(US\$104,382)	2.175%
Senior tranche 2 nd	NT\$315,000(US\$9,859)	2.325%
Senior tranche 3 rd	NT\$340,000(US\$10,642)	2.545%
Senior tranche 4 th	NT\$480,000(US\$15,023)	2.945%
Subordinated tranche 5 th	NT\$200,000(US\$6,260)	3.00%
Subordinated tranche 6 th	NT\$200,000(US\$6,260)	3.20%
Subordinated tranche 7 th	NT\$576,335(US\$18,039)	-

Cathay United Bank holds the subordinated beneficiary certificates amounting to NT\$976,335 (US\$30,559) thousands and retains the right to interest (if any) in excess of the amount paid to the holders of senior beneficiary certificates. If the loan debtors default, neither the investor nor trustee has the right of recourse to Cathay United Bank. The retained interest of the principal of subordinated beneficiary certificates is subordinate to the investors' certificates and its value is affected by the credit risk, prepayment rate and change in interest rate of the securitized loans.

(1) Key assumptions used in measuring retained interests:

The key assumptions used in measuring the subordinated seller certificates arising from the loan securitization at the loans securitization date and December 31, 2008 and 2009, respectively, were as follows:

	Corporate Loans Securitization		
	December 31, December 3		
	2008	2009	
Expected weighted-average life (in years)	0.747	0.252	
Prepayment rate (annual rate)	3.00%	3.00%	
Expected credit losses rate (annual rate)	3.71%	3.71%	
Discounting rate for residual cash flows (annual rate)	2.49%	2.49%	

(2) Sensitivity analysis:

As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, the key economic assumptions and sensitivity of the current fair value of residual cash flows with immediate 10% and 20% adverse changes in these assumptions were as follows:

	December 31, 2008		December 31, 2009	
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Carrying amount of retained interests	\$976,335	\$29,803	\$972,625	\$30,442
Expected weighted-average life (in years)	0.747	0.747	0.252	0.252
Expected prepayment rate (annual rate)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Impact on fair value with 10% adverse change	(3,769)	(115)	-	-
Impact on fair value with 20% adverse change	(4,782)	(146)	-	-
Expected credit losses (annual rate)	3.71%	3.71%	3.71%	3.71%
Impact on fair value with 10% adverse change	(6,103)	(186)	(2,219)	(69)
Impact on fair value with 20% adverse change	(8,306)	(254)	(2,736)	(86)
Discounting rate for residual cash flows (annual rate)	2.49%	2.49%	2.49%	2.49%
Impact on faire value with 10% adverse change	(3,756)	(115)	(1,003)	(31)
Impact on faire value with 20% adverse change	(7,497)	(229)	(2,005)	(63)

(3) Expected static pool credit losses:

As the securitized collateralized loans obligation does not have actual credit losses as of the balance sheet date, the expected static pool credit losses are, therefore, equal to the expected credit losses.

(4) Cash flows:

The cash flows received from and paid to securitization trusts were as follows:

	January 1~December 31				
	2008		200	9	
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Servicing fees received	\$240	\$7	\$240	\$8	
Other cash received on					
retained interests	29,087	888	24,600	770	
Repayment of cash reserve	7,322	224	6,319	198	

14. Goodwill and intangible assets-net

	January 1	, 2008	Increas	se	Decrea	Decrease		December 31, 2008	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Acquired cost									
Goodwill	\$6,537,374	\$199,554	\$141,998	\$4,334	\$(6,288)	\$(192)	\$6,673,084	\$203,696	
			(Notes)	(Notes)	(Notes)	(Notes)			
Computer									
software	2,093,333	63,899	641,924	19,595	(167,882)	(5,125)	2,567,375	78,369	
Land use right	19,630	599	-		-	-	19,630	599	
Subtotal	8,650,337	264,052	783,922	23,929	(174,170)	(5,317)	9,260,089	282,664	
Amortization and									
impairment									
Amortized	(1,070,670)	(32,682)	(418,525)	(12,776)	19,678	601	(1,469,517)	(44,857)	
Impairment	(147,141)	(4,492)	(1,063)	(32)	148,204	4,524	-		
Subtotal	(1,217,811)	(37,174)	(419,588)	(12,808)	167,882	5,125	(1,469,517)	(44,857)	
Book value	\$7,432,526	\$226,878	\$364,334	\$11,121	\$(6,288)	\$(192)	\$7,790,572	\$237,807	
_									
	January 1	, 2009	Increas	se	Decrea	se	December 31, 2009		
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Acquired cost									
Goodwill	\$6,673,084	\$208,860	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$6,673,084	\$208,860	
Computer									
software	2,567,375	80,356	471,131	14,746	(73,932)	(2,314)	2,964,574	92,788	
Land use right	19,630	614	370,800	11,606	-	-	390,430	12,220	
Subtotal	9,260,089	289,830	841,931	26,352	(73,932)	(2,314)	10,028,088	313,868	
Amortization and									
impairment									
Amortized	(1,469,517)	(45,994)	(394,646)	(12,352)	63,956	2,002	(1,800,207)	(56,344)	
Book value	\$7,790,572	\$243,836	\$447,285	\$14,000	\$(9,976)	\$(312)	\$8,227,881	\$257,524	

Note: Adjustment of the fair value during the purchase price allocation period.

The intangible assets of computer software are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of three to five years.

15. Commercial paper payable

<u>-</u>	December 31,				
_	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Commercial paper payable	\$-	\$-	\$1,170,000	\$36,620	
Less: Discount on commercial					
paper payable					
Total	\$-	\$-	\$1,170,000	\$36,620	

As of December 31, 2009, the average interest rate for the commercial paper payable was $0.248\% \sim 1.038\%$ annually.

16. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	December 31,				
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Derivative financial					
instruments	\$119,544	\$3,649	\$872,498	\$27,308	
Financial debentures	27,000,000	824,176	12,500,000	391,236	
Subordinated financial					
debentures	5,000,000	152,625	5,000,000	156,495	
Security lending payable					
hedging	-	-	155,448	4,865	
Valuation adjustment	40,911,004	1,248,810	8,175,301	255,878	
Total	\$73,030,548	\$2,229,260	\$26,703,247	\$835,782	

(1) On September 19, 2008 and October 27, 2008, Cathay United Bank issued seven-year subordinated financial debentures totaling NT\$2,200,000 (US\$68,858) thousands and NT\$2,800,000 (US\$87,637) thousands, with fixed interest rates. These subordinated financial debentures are repaid at maturity, and the interest is paid quarterly.

Each subordinated financial debenture has a lower priority claim on assets and income than other debts. That is, its principal and interest are repayable only after more senior debt with higher priority has been satisfied. These subordinated financial debentures are, however, senior to common stock.

- (2) On June 20, 2003, Cathay United Bank issued five-year and six-month dominant financial debentures amounting to NT\$5,000,000 (US\$156,495) thousands with inverse floating interest rate. On December 4, 2003, December 10, 2003 and December 11, 2003, Cathay United Bank issued five-year dominant financial debentures amounting to NT\$3,200,000 (US\$100,156) thousands, NT\$2,700,000 (US\$84,507) thousands and NT\$1,800,000 (US\$56,338) thousands, respectively, which have matured in 2008. Subsequently on March 29, 2004, Cathay United Bank issued six-year dominant financial debentures amounting to NT\$2,000,000 (US\$62,598) thousands with a floating interest rate. These dominant financial debentures will be repaid at maturity, and the interest is paid quarterly or semi-annually.
- (3) On July 8 and July 15, 2004, Cathay United Bank issued five-year to seven-year dominant financial debentures amounting to NT\$1,000,000 (US\$31,299) thousands, NT\$3,500,000 (US\$109,546) thousands, NT\$2,000,000 (US\$62,598) thousands, and NT\$1,000,000 (US\$31,299) thousands, respectively, with floating interest rates, inverse floating interest rates or specific structure rates. These dominant financial debentures are repaid at maturity, and the interest is paid quarterly or semi-annually. On November 10, November 25, November 26, December 9, December 10, December 22, December 23 and December 29, 2004, and on January 14 and February 22, 2005, Cathay United Bank issued five-year to seven-year dominant financial debentures amounting to NT\$2,500,000 (US\$78,247) thousands, NT\$1,500,000 (US\$46,948) thousands, NT\$1,500,000 (US\$46,948) thousands, NT\$2,500,000 (US\$78,247) thousands. NT\$1,500,000 (US\$46,948) thousands, NT\$2,500,000 (US\$78,247) thousands, NT\$1,000,000 (US\$31,299) thousands and NT\$1,000,000 (US\$31,299) thousands, NT\$2,000,000 (US\$62,598) thousands, NT\$1,500,000 (US\$46,948) thousands, respectively, with fixed interest rates. These dominant financial debentures are repaid at maturity and the interest is paid quarterly. These five-year dominant financial debentures totaling NT\$14,500,000 (US\$453,834) thousands have matured in 2009.
- (4) These dominant financial debentures are senior in priority to the subordinated financial debentures and common shares, but are equal to other debts of Cathay United Bank.

17. Deposits

	December 31,					
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)		
Check deposits	\$9,930,270	\$303,122	\$14,043,924	\$439,559		
Demand deposits	113,614,802	3,468,095	235,582,226	7,373,466		
Demand savings deposits	335,084,134	10,228,453	474,075,684	14,838,050		
Time deposits	627,373,216	19,150,587	563,982,201	17,652,025		
Trust unappropriated	1,106,439	33,774	98,020	3,068		
Remittances	3,332,984	101,740	631,365	19,761		
Total	\$1,090,441,845	\$33,285,771	\$1,288,413,420	\$40,325,929		

18. Bonds payable

	December 31,					
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)		
Subordinated bond						
payable-net	\$20,000,000	\$610,501	\$40,000,000	\$1,251,956		
Subordinated financial						
debentures	16,430,000	501,526	15,635,981	489,389		
Discount in financial						
debentures	(87,268)	(2,664)	(48,885)	(1,530)		
Valuation adjustment	2,523,246	77,022	850,113	26,608		
Total	\$38,865,978	\$1,186,385	\$56,437,209	\$1,766,423		

- (1) On April 28, 2003, Cathay United Bank issued a five-year subordinated financial debentures totaling NT\$2,350,000 (US\$73,552) thousands with a stated interest rate of 2% which has matured. The subordinated financial debentures are repayable at maturity, and the interest is payable annually.
- (2) Cathay United Bank issued a 15-year US\$500 million subordinated bonds with a stated interest rate of 5.5% on October 5, 2005, and the interest is payable semiannually. Cathay United Bank can redeem the bond after 10 years by exercising the call option. Cathay United Bank has adopted hedge accounting to account for its remaining subordinated financial debentures. Cathay United Bank has bought back the bonds amounting to US\$172,620 on May 12, 2009 and recognized gain in the amount of NT\$430,023(US\$13,459) which was included in other noninterest income.

- (3) On September 16, 2009, the Company issued a seven-year subordinated bond totaling NT\$20,000,000 (US\$625,978) thousands with a stated interest rate of 2.65%. The subordinated bonds and repayable at maturity and the interest is payable annually.
- (4) Cathay United Bank issued a ten-year subordinated financial debentures totaling NT\$1,500,000 (US\$46,948) with a stated interest rate of 2.60% in July, 2009, and the interest is payable quarterly.
- (5) Cathay United Bank issued a eight-year subordinated financial debentures totaling NT\$3,650,000 (US\$114,241) with a stated interest rate of 2.42% in June, 2009, and the interest is payable quarterly.
- (6) On December 8, 2008, the Company issued a seven-year subordinated bond totaling NT\$20,000,000 (US\$625,978) thousands with a stated interest rate of 3.10%. The subordinated bonds and repayable at maturity and the interest is payable annually.
- (7) Each subordinated financial debenture and subordinated bond has a lower priority claim on assets and income than other debts. That is, its principal and interest are repayable only after more senior debt with higher priority has been satisfied. These subordinated financial debentures are, however, more senior to common stock.

19. Other borrowings

	December 31,				
	2008(NT\$) 2008(US\$) 2009(NT\$) 2009(US\$				
Short-term borrowings	\$-	\$-	\$300,000	\$9,390	

As of December 31, 2009, the average interest rate for the other borrowings was 0.65%~1.00% annually.

20. Reserve for operations and liabilities

	December 31,				
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Reserve for insurance business	\$2,076,370,154	\$63,381,262	\$2,328,289,133	\$72,872,899	
Reserves for losses on guarantees	24,892	760	24,892	779	
Reserves for losses on stock brokerage					
transactions	40,408	1,233	54,665	1,711	
Reserves for losses on trading securities	269,738	8,234	268,791	8,413	
Total	\$2,076,705,192	\$63,391,489	\$2,328,637,481	\$72,883,802	

Reserves for operations included the following reserves:

Unearned premium reserve, Special reserve, and Claims reserve are provided in accordance with the "Regulations on Calculation of Various Insurance Reserves" by Article 0910751651, 0920751929 and 09602505761 of Ministry of Finance:

(1) Unearned premium reserve

Effective from December 24, 2002, Cathay Century Insurance unearned premium reserves should be provided based on assumed risks of different insurance products. The calculation of the reserve requires the involvement of actuaries as well as disclosures on the insurance product calculation statement which can not be changed unless approved by authorities. The unearned premium reserve should be reversed and then accrued at the next year end.

The unearned premium on motor vehicles compulsory insurance is provided based on the assumed premium in accordance with the article of Ministry of Finance.

(2) Special reserve

- A. Catastrophe reserve :
 - a. Addition: Catastrophe reserve should be accrued based on respective reserve rates of various insurance product categories.

- b. Reduction: The amount of assumed claims of catastrophe in excess of NT\$30 million should be deducted from the catastrophe reserve. In addition, the deducted amount is required to be reported to authorities.
- c. Recovery: Amount in the catastrophe reserve over 15 years should be reversed and then accrued for subject to approvals from relevant authorities.
- B. Contingency reserve: reserve provided for unusual fluctuations of claims or loss ratios.
 - a. Addition: Prior to January 1, 2008, thirty percent of the amount that the actual claims paid for each insurance product categories in excess of the respective contingency reserve and expected loss should be provided as the contingency reserve. After January 1, 2008, fifteen percent instead should be provided for based on the method mentioned above.
 - b. Reduction: The amount of actual claims paid for each insurance product categories in excess of the respective catastrophe reserve and expected loss should be deducted from the catastrophe reserve. If the deduction amount is greater than the catastrophe reserve of the insurance product category, catastrophe reserve for other insurance product categories can be used for the deduction. In addition, the deducted amount is required to be reported to authorities.
 - c. Recovery: Once the accumulated contingency reserve of each insurance product category exceeds 60% of its retained earned premium for the year, the excess amount should be recorded as income. When the accumulated accidental insurance contingency reserve exceeds 30% of the retained earned premium for the year, the excess amount should be recorded as income. However, authorities can assign or limit the use of the amount based on the development need of the insurance industry.
- C. The special reserve for the compulsory liability insurance of motor vehicle is in compliance with the "Regulations for Deposit and Management of the Reserve of Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance".
- D. The special reserve of the nuclear hazard insurance is in compliance with the "Accrual of Nuclear Hazard Insurance Reserve".

- E. The residential earthquake insurance product is in compliance of "Regulations for Method of insurance and Contingency allocation on Residential Earthquake".
- (3) Claims reserve:

Effective from December 24, 2002, the accruals of claim reserves are in accordance with "Insurance Industry Provision of Reserve for Indemnity" issued by the Ministry of Finance. The accruals include retained IBNR and outstanding claims. Effective from January 1, 2006, the accruals on reserves have changed from the fixed rates to a method subject to authorities' approval based on the past experience and expenses. Cathay Century Insurance has reported to the authorities for the accrual method which has been approved by Insurance Bureau of FSC (Article 09500204880). The method is as follows:

- A. Reserve for outstanding claims is estimated based on historical information and circumstances surrounding each claim for each type of insurance.
- B. Reserve for IBNR is determined by the past experience and loss on each insurance product category.
- C. The unearned premium reserve should be reversed and then accrued at the next year end.
- D. The reserve for the compulsory liability insurance of motor vehicle is in compliance with the "Regulations for Deposit and Management of the Reserve of Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance". The reserve on retained outstanding claims is based on related information. The reserve on IBNR is based on 1% of the retained net earned premium.
- E. The special reserve of the nuclear hazard insurance is in compliance with the "Accrual of Nuclear Hazard Insurance Reserve".
- (4) Premiums deficiency reserve :

Effective from January 1, 2008, future benefit payments and expenses shall be estimated for unexpired insurance contracts or insurance risks. Premium deficiency reserve by category shall be recorded for the difference between the above estimated amount and the sum of unearned premium reserve and estimated future premium income.

21. Other financial liabilities

	December 31,						
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)			
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging	\$122,368	\$3,735	\$28,722	\$899			
Borrowed funds	261,319	7,977	240,494	7,527			
Other miscellaneous financial liabilities	101,788	3,107	-	-			
Total	\$485,475	\$14,819	\$269,216	\$8,426			

22. Common stock

- (1) As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, the authorized share capital amounted NT\$120,000,000 (US\$3,755,869) thousands, and the issued share capital amounted NT\$97,375,372 (US\$2,972,386) thousands and NT\$96,708,774 (US\$3,026,879) thousands, respectively.
- (2) The cancellation of treasury stock of NT\$666,598 (US\$20,864) thousand by reducing 66,660 thousand shares with par value of NT\$10 (US\$0.31) was approved by the board of directors on August 21, 2009. The recapitalization record date was October 13, 2009.
- (3) The recapitalization of undistributed earnings of NT\$4,605,180 (US\$140,573) thousand by issuing 460,518 thousand shares with par value of NT\$10 (US\$0.31) was approved by the Securities and Futures Bureau on July 10, 2008. The recapitalization record date was August 5, 2008.
- (4) On December 31, 2001, the Company listed its shares on Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (TSE) in accordance with relevant regulations. Since July 29, 2003, the Company listed a portion of its common shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (LSE) in the form of Global Depositary Shares (GDSs).

23. Capital surplus

(1) The capital surplus of the Company consists of consolidation premium from share exchange, accumulated adjustments on paid-in capital from investment under equity method, and paid-in capital from treasury stocks. Capital surplus were NT\$81,971,213 (US\$2,502,174) and NT\$78,240,933 (US\$2,448,855) thousands as of December 31, 2008 and 2009, respectively. Retained earnings from certain subsidiaries of the Company before the stock exchange of formation of the financial holding company amounted to NT\$267,215 (US\$8,157) and NT\$0 (US\$0) thousands were included in the capital surplus as of December 31, 2008 and 2009, respectively.

- (2) The capital surplus of par value through the conversion of shares was generated from the transfer of the shares of the subsidiaries to the Company. In compliance with Item 4 of Article 47 of the Financial Holding Company Act, the portion of capital surplus from the share exchange which comes from the original financial institution's undistributed earnings is allowed to be distributed as cash dividends or to be capitalized.
- (3) In addition, pursuant to the Company Act, capital surplus can only be used to offset a deficit or to increase share capital. Capital surplus cannot be distributed as cash dividends. Issuance of new stock from capital surplus can be made only once per year. Furthermore, the amount to be capitalized should not exceed the specific percentage of capital surplus set by the SFC.

24. Retained earnings

(1) Legal reserve

Pursuant to the Company Act, 10% of the Company's after-tax net income in the current year must be appropriated to legal reserve until the total amount of the legal reserve equals the issued share capital. This legal reserve can be used to offset deficits but cannot be used for the purpose of cash dividend distributions. However, if the total legal reserve is greater than 50% of the issued share capital, up to 50% of such excess can be capitalized if agreed by its shareholders.

(2) Special reserve

In accordance with SFB regulations, in addition to the legal reserve retained, the Company should provide a special reserve of equal amount for any current year shareholders' equity contra account (such as unrealized losses of financial instruments, cumulative conversion adjustments, and net loss not yet recognized as net pension cost, etc.) from the current year's earnings after tax or prior years' unappropriated earnings. However, the special reserve of equal amounts for prior years' accumulated shareholders' equity contra accounts should only be provided from prior years' unappropriated earnings. If a reversal of shareholders' equity contra account occurs, the reversed portion of the special reserve could be distributed.

- (3) Undistributed earnings
 - A. According to the Company Act and the Company's articles of incorporation, 10% of the Company's annual earnings, after paying tax and offsetting deductions, if any, shall be appropriated as legal reserve and then 0.01%~0.05% of the remaining amount for employees' bonus. Finally, the remainder after deducting for the aforementioned items must be appropriated in accordance with the resolutions passed at the shareholders' meeting.
 - B.On June 19, 2009, the shareholders' meeting resolved the distribution of earnings for the year ended December 31, 2008. After the appropriations of legal reserve and special reserve, there is not remainder to be appropriated as cash dividends and bonuses.
 - C.On June 13, 2008, the shareholders' meeting resolved the distribution of earnings of NT\$3.0 (US\$0.09) per share for the year ended December 31, 2007. The cash and stock dividends with record dates are NT\$2.5 (US\$0.08) and NT\$0.5 (US\$0.02) on July 8 and August 5, 2008, respectively.
 - D. The Company is required to pay 10% surtax in the forthcoming tax year for undistributed earnings.
 - E. In accordance with SFC regulations, posterior to 2002 subsidiaries of financial holding companies that hold shares of their parent company should treat those shares as treasury stock. The costs of these shares are exempted from distributing as special reserve.
 - F. Pursuant to the explanatory letter of SFB on January 27, 2006, the Company is required to appropriate a special reserve in the amount equal to unrealized loss of financial instruments, cumulative conversion adjustments, and net loss not yet recognized as net pension cost expect for the special reserve since 2007.
 - G. Dividends policy

The Company's dividends policy is to distribute dividends in stock in order to retain sufficient cash for operations. Excess cash from retained earnings after taking into account operating needs may be distributed in cash; moreover cash dividends must be a minimum of 10% of the total dividends declared.

- H.The accrual of employee bonus and remuneration of directors for the years of 2009 was NT\$33,242 (US\$1,040) based on the average of actual distribution in the past three years or the net income after tax for the years of 2009 and was recognized as operating costs or expenses. The difference between actual distribution and estimated amount will be recognized in 2010 fiscal year.
- I. The accrual of employee bonus and remuneration of directors for the years of 2008 was NT\$1,500 (US\$46) based on the average of actual distribution in the past three years or the net income after tax for the years of 2008 and recognized as operating costs or expenses. The difference between actual distribution and estimated amount will be recognized in 2009 fiscal year.

The actual distribution for employee bonus and remuneration of directors for year 2009 was the same as 2008 year.

J. Due to the date of CPA expressing an opinion, the Company's distribution of 2009 retained earnings has not been approved by the board of directors and the shareholders. For related information please refer to the "Market Observation Post System" website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation.

25. Treasury stock

The following is a summary of the movement of treasury stock as of December 31, 2008 and 2009:

	December 31, 2008									
	In thousands of shares		Book	Book value Book		ie per share	Market value per share			
Reason for	January 1,			December			(in NT	(in US	(in NT	(in US
acquisition	2008	Increase	Decrease	31, 2008	(NT\$)	(US\$)	dollars)	dollars)	dollars)	dollars)
Shares acquired										
through share										
exchange from										
merger										
transaction	66,660			66,660	\$4,140,047	\$126,375	\$62.11	\$1.90	\$36.50	\$1.11

					Decembe	r 31, 2009				
		In thousan	ds of shares		Book	value	Book valu	ie per share	Market val	ue per share
Reason for	January 1,			December			(in NT	(in US	(in NT	(in US
acquisition	2009	Increase	Decrease	31, 2009	(NT\$)	(US\$)	dollars)	dollars)	dollars)	dollars)
Shares acquired										
through share										
exchange from										
merger										
transaction	66,660	-	66,660	-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-

26. Operating Expense

For the nine month ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, personnel expense, depreciation and amortizations are summarized below:

	For the year ended December 31,							
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)				
Personnel expenses								
Salary and wages	\$32,064,747	\$978,777	\$33,638,947	\$1,052,862				
Labor & health insurance expenses	2,187,631	66,777	2,332,543	73,006				
Pension expenses	1,365,520	41,683	1,418,695	44,404				
Other expenses	1,853,190	56,569	1,949,812	61,027				
Depreciation	3,386,518	103,373	3,709,236	116,095				
Amortization	419,683	12,811	401,249	12,558				

27. Estimated income taxes

(1) Income tax expenses include the following:

	For the year ended December 31,						
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)			
Adjusted income tax calculates on							
accounting income	\$(643,483)	\$(19,642)	\$1,234,709	\$38,645			
Plus (Less): Tax of interest income on a							
separate basis	172,696	5,272	124,321	3,891			
Extra 10% income tax on							
undistributed retained earning	15,799	482	8,716	273			
Withholding tax for overseas							
investments	73,079	2,231	21,999	688			
Tax effects under consolidated							
income tax	420,203	12,827	(102,029)	(3,193)			
Deferred income tax (benefits)							
expense	(1,357,405)	(41,435)	4,280,562	133,977			
Adjustment of income tax	(327,828)	(10,007)	797,404	24,958			
Income tax credit	50,071	1,528	(11,383)	(356)			
Operating loss carry-forward	5,617	171	(3,255,088)	(101,881)			
Effects of tax rate change on							
deferred tax assets / liabilities	-	-	1,922,969	60,187			
Other	(172,945)	(5,279)	445,486	13,943			
Total income tax (benefits) expenses	\$(1,764,196)	\$(53,852)	\$5,467,666	\$171,132			

(2) Deferred income tax liabilities and assets are as follows:

	December 31,							
	200	08	200	09				
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)				
Total deferred tax assets	\$15,864,121	\$484,253	\$11,076,900	\$346,695				
Total deferred tax liabilities	\$4,968,867	\$151,675	\$4,701,245	\$147,144				
Allowance for deferred assets	\$410,740	\$12,538	\$108,274	\$3,389				

	December 31,						
	200)8	200)9			
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Temporary differences:							
Pension expense	\$1,423,997	\$43,468	\$1,476,010	\$46,198			
Unrealized exchange losses (gains)	(13,081,719)	(399,320)	7,272,537	227,622			
Losses (gains) from valuation on financial							
assets and liabilities	25,471,882	777,530	(13,894,091)	(434,870)			
Allowance for bad debts	3,075,422	93,877	591,097	18,501			
Operating loss carry-forward	4,370,764	133,418	35,633,395	1,115,286			
Other difference	1,514,735	46,237	1,218,318	38,132			
Total	\$22,775,081	\$695,210	\$32,297,266	\$1,010,869			
Tax effect under consolidated income tax							
system	\$20,177,965	\$615,933	\$(1,515,565)	\$(47,435)			
Deferred income tax assets of foreign							
branches	\$411,628	\$12,565	\$911,630	\$28,533			
Investment tax credit	\$216,343	\$6,604	\$184,940	\$5,788			
		Decem	ber 31,				
	200	8	200)9			
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Deferred tax assets	\$15,864,121	\$484,253	\$11,076,900	\$346,695			
Allowance for deferred tax assets	(410,740)	(12,538)	(108,274)	(3,389)			
Net deferred tax assets	15,453,381	471,715	10,968,626	343,306			
Deferred tax liabilities	(4,968,867)	(151,675)	(4,701,245)	(147,144)			
Net offset balance of deferred tax assets	\$10,484,514	\$320,040	\$6,267,381	\$196,162			

In accordance with the Financial Holding Company Act, the Company elected to file consolidated income tax return along with 10% surtax on undistributed retained earning tax for all subsidiaries being held over 12 months within a taxable year by the Company.

Pursuant to the amended "Income tax Act" issued on May 27, 2009, the applicable income tax rate will be changed to 20% effective from January 2010.

(3)Income tax returns:

	December 31, 2009					
	Income tax returns examined by tax authorities	Notes				
The Company	through 2005	The Company filed applications for				
		re-examination of 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005 tax returns.				
Cathay Life	through 2005	Cathay Life filed applications for				
		re-examination of 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005				
		tax retems.				
Cathay United Bank	through 2005	-				
Cathay Century	through 2005	Cathay Century filed applications for				
		re-examination of 2004 and 2005 tax return.				
Cathay Securities	through 2005	-				
Cathay Pacific Venture	through 2005	-				
Symphox Information	through 2007	-				
Cathay Futures	through 2007	-				
Cathay Venture	through 2007	-				
Cathay II Venture	through 2005	-				

(4)Information related to imputation credit account:

A. Balance of imputation credit account

	December 31,						
	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)			
The Company	\$632,721	\$19,314	\$2,424	\$76			
Cathay Life	963,145	29,400	2,465,683	77,173			
Cathay United Bank	119,597	3,651	41,917	1,312			
Cathay Century	6,631	202	18,076	566			
Cathay Securities	7,533	230	9,332	292			
Cathay Pacific Venture	1,004	31	44,005	1,377			
Cathay Venture	15,172	463	-	-			
Cathay II Venture	13,590	415	-	-			
Cathay Futures	15,468	472	13,038	408			
Symphox Information	-	-	17,521	548			

B. Imputation ratio

	For the year ended December 31,				
	2008	2009			
	Actual	Estimated			
The Company stock	10.08%	0.02%			
Cathay Life	5.62%	-			
Cathay United Bank	5.06%	-			
Cathay Century	2.55%	2.07%			
Cathay Securities	-	6.11%			
Cathay Pacific Venture	-	-			
Cathay Venture	17.87%	-			
Cathay II Venture	5.45%	-			
Cathay Futures	33.33%	33.33%			
Symphox Information	33.33%	26.45%			

(5)Information relating of undistributed retained earnings:

		For the year ended December 31,						
Year	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)				
Prior to 1997	\$267,215	\$8,157	\$-	\$-				
After 1998	7,060,140	215,511	11,051,057	345,886				
Total	\$7,327,355	\$223,668	\$11,051,057	\$345,886				

The undistributed retained earnings prior to 1997 which derived from the undistributed retained earnings of the subsidiaries were included in the Company's capital surplus and were allowed to be distributed as cash dividends by the regulations.

28. Earnings per share

		For the year ended December 31, 2008									
		Amount (Numerator)			Shares		EPS (in	dollars)			
	Before incor	Before income taxes		After income taxes		Before inc	ome taxes	After inco	me taxes		
					of shares)						
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(denominator)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Primary earnings per share:											
Consolidated losses	\$208,861	\$6,376	\$1,973,057	\$60,228	9,670,877	\$0.02	\$-	\$0.20	\$0.01		

		For the year ended December 31, 2009							
		Amount (Numerator)			Shares	EPS (in dollars)			
	Before inco	Before income taxes		After income taxes		Before income taxes		After income taxes	
					of shares)				
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(denominator)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Primary earnings per share:									
Consolidated income	\$16,299,547	\$510,158	\$10,831,881	\$339,026	9,685,305	\$1.68	\$0.05	\$1.12	\$0.04

29. Related party transactions

(1) Related parties

Name	Relationship
Cathay Life	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay United Bank	"
Cathay Century	"
Cathay Securities	"
Cathay Pacific Venture	"
Cathay II Venture	Subsidiary of the Company (merged with Cathay
	Pacific Venture on August 10, 2009)
Cathay Capital Management	//
Cathay Venture	//
Cathay Life (Shanghai)	Subsidiary of Cathay Life
Cathay Life (Vietnam)	//
Symphox Information	"
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	11
Cathay Securities Investment Consulting	11
Cathay Century (Shanghai)	Subsidiary of Cathay Century
Indovina Bank	Subsidiary of Cathay United Bank
Cathay Life Insurance Agent	//
Seaward Card	//
Cathay Property Insurance Agent	//
Cathay Futures	Subsidiary of Cathay Securities
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	Investee accounted for under the equity method
Taiwan Real-estate Management Corp.	//

Name	Relationship			
Wan Pao Development Co., Ltd.	The chairman is a second immediate family			
	member of the Company's chairman			
Cathay Bond Fund etc.	The fund is managed by Cathay Securities Trust			
	Co., Ltd.			
Vietinbank	Joint venture partner of Indovina Bank			
Lin Yuan Property Management Co., Ltd.	Related Party disclosed according to Accounting			
	Standard No. 6			
Cathay General Hospital	//			
Seaward Leasing Ltd.	//			
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	//			
Culture and Charity Foundation of Cathay	//			
life				
Cathay Century Realty Co., Ltd.	//			
San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd.	//			
Other related parties	Includes chairmen managers, their spouses and			
	relatives of subsidiaries			

(2) Significant transactions with related parties:

A. Cash and cash equivalent

a. Due from commercial banks

	For the year ended December 31,							
	2008				2009			
	Ending	balance	Interest revenue		Ending balance		Interest revenue	
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Vietinbank	\$6,988	\$213	\$14,451	\$441	\$4,873	\$153	\$38	\$1

b.Call loans from banks

	For the year ended December 31,							
	2008				2009			
	Ending	balance	Interest expense		Ending balance		Interest expense	
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Vietinbank	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$178,530	\$5,588	\$3,368	\$105

B. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	December 31,					
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)		
Cathay Securities						
Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	\$6,158,248	\$187,981	\$4,893,249	\$153,153		

C. Receivables

	December 31,					
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)		
Cathay Insurance						
(Bermuda)	\$9,341	\$285	\$12,938	\$405		
Cathay Capital						
Management	14,212	434		-		
Total	\$23,553	\$719	\$12,938	\$405		

D. Loans

	For the year ended December 31, 2008						
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest			
	Balance	Balance	Revenue	Revenue			
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Seaward Leasing Ltd.	\$3,203,630	\$97,791	\$67,895	\$2,073			
Taiwan Real-estate							
Management Corp.	109,000	3,327	3,197	98			
Cathay General Hospital	4,544,249	138,713	170,269	5,197			
Other related parties	500,209	15,269	13,503	412			
Total	\$8,357,088	\$255,100	\$254,864	\$7,780			

	For the year ended December 31, 2009					
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest		
	Balance	Balance	Revenue	Revenue		
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Seaward Leasing Ltd.	\$2,460,000	\$76,995	\$16,370	\$512		
Taiwan Real-estate						
Management Corp.	107,000	3,349	1,936	61		
Cathay General Hospital	4,262,030	133,397	101,046	3,163		
Other related parties	544,420	17,040	8,346	261		
Total	\$7,373,450	\$230,781	\$127,698	\$3,997		

E. Available-for-sale financial assets

	December 31,					
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)		
Cathay Securities Investment						
Trust Co., Ltd.	\$603,717	\$18,428	\$201,519	\$6,307		

F. Deposit

	For the year ended December 31, 2008						
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest			
	Balance	Balance	Expense	Expense			
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Cathay Securities Investment							
Trust Co., Ltd.	\$524,269	\$16,003	\$14,291	\$436			
Cathay Real Estate							
Development Co., Ltd.	151,414	4,622	150	5			
Cathay Bond Fund etc.	6,683,168	204,004	17,430	532			
Other related parties	4,143,711	126,487	189,319	5,779			
Total	\$11,502,562	\$351,116	\$221,190	\$6,752			

	For the year ended December 31, 2009						
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest			
	Balance	Balance	Expense	Expense			
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Cathay Securities Investment							
Trust Co., Ltd.	\$511,943	\$16,023	\$3,815	\$119			
Cathay Real Estate							
Development Co., Ltd.	139,654	4,371	66	2			
Cathay Bond Fund etc.	7,731,112	241,975	83,956	2,628			
Other related parties	3,536,416	110,686	36,632	1,147			
Total	\$11,919,125	\$373,055	\$124,469	\$3,896			

G. Property transactions

a. Transactions between Cathay Life and related parties are in the nature of undertaking contracted projects, construction, and lease transactions. The terms of such transactions are based on market surveys and the contracts of both parties.

	For the year ended December 31, 2008				
Name	Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Lin Yuan Property					
Management Co., Ltd.	International Building etc.	\$214,481	\$6,547		
San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd.	Cathay Land Mark et.	15,258	466		
Total		\$229,739	\$7,013		

	For the year ended December 31, 2009				
Name	Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Lin Yuan Property					
Management Co., Ltd.	International Building etc.	\$107,318	\$3,359		
San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd.	Cathay Land Mark et.	18,980	594		
Total		\$126,298	\$3,953		

b. Real estate rental income from Cathay Life:

	Rental income			
	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	\$19,522	\$596	\$22,087	\$691
Cathay General Hospital	172,621	5,269	175,841	5,504
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	19,510	595	22,375	700
San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd.	8,478	259	9,657	302
Cathay Securities Investment Consulting	7,367	225	9,289	291
Total	\$227,498	\$6,944	\$239,249	\$7,488

	Guarantee deposits in			
	December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	\$4,886	\$149	\$4,886	\$153
Cathay General Hospital	11,079	338	11,658	365
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	4,872	149	4,948	155
Total	\$20,837	\$636	\$21,492	\$673

Lease terms are usually between 2 to 5 years and rental incomes are collected monthly.

c. Real estate rental expense from Cathay Life and Cathay United Bank:

	Rental expenses			
	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	\$41,682	\$1,272	\$41,102	\$1,286
Seaward Leasing Ltd.	14,907	455	14,463	453
Total	\$56,589	\$1,727	\$55,565	\$1,739

	Guarantee deposits paid			
	December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	\$8,779	\$268	\$8,779	\$275
Seaward Leasing Ltd.	11,590	354		-
Total	\$20,369	\$622	\$8,779	\$275

According to the contracts, lease terms generally were 3 years and rents were paid monthly.

H. Due to commercial banks

	For the year end December 31, 2008						
	Ending Interest Ending Interest						
	balance	expense	balance	expense			
Name	(NT\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(US\$)			
Vietinbank	\$704	\$91,188	\$21	\$2,784			

There is no significant related parties transactions for the years ended December 31, 2009.

I. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase

	December 31,				
		Ending	balance		
Name	2008(NT\$) 2008(US\$) 2009(NT\$) 2009				
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	\$146,129	\$4,461	\$110,000	\$3,443	
Lin Yuan Investment Co., Ltd.	99,623	3,041	-	-	
Other related parties	878,248	26,808	558,189	17,471	
Total	\$1,124,000	\$34,310	\$668,189	\$20,914	

	For the year ended December 31,				
	Interest expenses				
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Wan Pao Development Co., Ltd.	\$6,144	\$187	\$-	\$-	
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	1,381	42	149	4	
Lin Yuan Investment Co., Ltd.	2,707	83	-	-	
Other related parties	13,169	402	823	26	
Total	\$23,401	\$714	\$972	\$30	

J. Payables

	December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Seaward Card	\$24,945	\$761	\$24,683	\$772
Lin Yuan Property Management Co., Ltd.	-	-	4,396	138
San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd.	10,288	314		
Total	\$35,233	\$1,075	\$29,079	\$910

K. Net commission and handling fees

a. Handling fees income

	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	\$29,708	\$907	\$24,466	\$766
Cathay Securities Investment Consulting	6,514	199	3,125	98
Total	\$36,222	\$1,106	\$27,591	\$864

b. Reinsurance handling fee income

	Fc	or the year end	ed December 3	1,
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	\$8,793	\$268	\$-	\$-

c. Reinsurance handling fee paid

	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	\$10,215	\$312	\$8,493	\$266

d. Commissions expense

	For the year ended December 31,				
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Cathay Life Insurance Agent	\$24,287	\$741	\$34,956	\$1,094	

e. Reinsurance commissions expense

	For the year ended December 31,				
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	\$6,238	\$190	\$3,416	\$107	

f. Reinsurance commissions income

	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	\$7,748	\$237	\$-	\$-

L. Net premiums from insurance business

a. Insurance income

	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay General Hospital	\$37,706	\$1,151	\$36,747	\$1,150
Seaward Leasing Ltd.	9,759	298	6,067	190
Other related parties	398,492	12,164	407,957	12,769
Total	\$445,957	\$13,613	\$450,771	\$14,109

b. Reinsurance income

	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	\$140,639	\$4,293	\$89,771	\$2,810

Since April, 2000, Cathay Insurance (Bermuda) has engaged in the reinsurance business providing reinsurance for RGA Global Reinsurance Company and Central Reinsurance Corporation's accidental insurance. For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, Cathay Life assumes 90% and 60% of the reinsurance business from Cathay Insurance (Bermuda), respectively.

c. Reinsurance claims payment

	For the year ended December 31,				
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Cathay Insurance (Bermuda)	\$104,739	\$3,197	\$109,757	\$3,435	

M. Net other non-interest income

a. Sales

	For the year ended December 31,				
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Culture and Charity Foundation of Cathay Life	\$-	\$-	\$4,179	\$131	

b. Service Income

	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay General Hospital	\$4,155	\$127	\$-	\$-
Lin Yuan Property Management Co., Ltd.	4,849	148	-	-
Cathay Securities Investment Consulting	3,002	91		
Total	\$12,006	\$366	\$-	\$-

c. Miscellaneous income

	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	\$40,394	\$1,233	\$101,165	\$3,166
Cathay General Hospital	5,430	166	5,782	181
Total	\$45,824	\$1,399	\$106,947	\$3,347

N. Operating expense

For the year ended December 31,				
2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
\$30,135	\$920	\$22,680	\$710	
324,139	9,894	312,840	9,792	
21,410	654	-	-	
600,782	18,339	575,271	18,005	
20,589	628	10,291	322	
7,408	226	-	-	
12,013	367	11,213	351	
14,952	456	16,613	520	
\$1,031,428	\$31,484	\$948,908	\$29,700	
	2008(NT\$) \$30,135 324,139 21,410 600,782 20,589 7,408 12,013 14,952	2008(NT\$) 2008(US\$) \$30,135 \$920 324,139 9,894 21,410 654 600,782 18,339 20,589 628 7,408 226 12,013 367 14,952 456	2008(NT\$) 2008(US\$) 2009(NT\$) \$30,135 \$920 \$22,680 324,139 9,894 312,840 21,410 654 - 600,782 18,339 575,271 20,589 628 10,291 7,408 226 - 12,013 367 11,213 14,952 456 16,613	

- O. Others Disclosures
 - a. Cathay United Bank entered into a contract with San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd. to build the Nei-hu Financial Building and North Taoyuan Branch totaling NT\$ 1,411,880 (US\$44,190) thousands, in 2006. The project was completed in 2009. Cathay United Bank paid the amount of NT\$620,074 (US\$18,928) thousands and NT\$218,894 (US\$6,851) thousands during the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009. As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, the accumulated amount paid were NT\$1,181,897 (US\$36,077) thousands and NT\$1,400,790 (US\$43,843) thousands, respectively.
 - b. Cathay United Bank has paid decoration and fix fees to San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd., for the amount of NT\$5,419(US\$165) thousands and NT\$1,790 (US\$56) thousands during the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, respectively.
 - c. Cathay United Bank paid construction planning and design maintenance services fees to Lin Yuan Property Management Co., Ltd. in the amount of NT\$22,028 (US\$672) thousands and NT\$29,548 (US\$925) thousands during the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, respectively.
 - d. Cathay Century Realty Co., Ltd. acted as a broker for Cathay United Bank to dispose of real estate, the service fees of NT\$17,648 (US\$539) thousands and NT\$4,271 (US\$134) thousands were included in disposal gains of foreclosed properties or premises and equipment during the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, respectively.

P. Information about key management personnel compensation:

	For the year ended December 31,			
	2008		2009	
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Remunerations including wages, awards, bonus and				
etc.	\$164,992	\$5,036	\$149,138	\$4,668

The management of the Company and Subsidiaries includes directors, supervisors, vice general managers and the above. Please refer to the report for annual stockholders' meeting for details of total remunerations paid to above management.

(3)The Company's significant transactions with related parties

A. Cash in bank

		For the ye	For the year ended December 31, 2008				
		Ending balance	Ending balance				
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)			
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$-	2.38%~4.57%	\$26,701			
	Cash in bank	3,040	0.00%~1.70%	1,292			
	Total	\$3,040		\$27,993			

		For the ye	For the year ended December 31, 2008				
		Ending balance	Ending balance				
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)			
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$-	2.38%~4.57%	\$815			
	Cash in bank	93	0.00%~1.70%	39			
	Total	\$93		\$854			

		For the year ended December 31, 2009				
		Ending balance	Interest income			
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)		
Cathay United Bank	Cash in bank	\$4,740	0.00%~0.10%	\$232		

		For the year ended December 31, 2009				
		Ending balance	Interest income			
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	Cash in bank	\$148	0.00%~0.10%	\$7		

B. Receivables

		December 31,			
Name	Item	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay United	Receivables due to				
Bank	consolidated income tax	\$1,083,576	\$33,076	\$1,375,483	\$43,051
Cathay Life	Interest	10,041	306	547,753	17,144
Cathay Century	Receivables due to				
	consolidated income tax	212,281	6,480	231,855	7,257
Cathay Capital	Receivables due to				
Management	consolidated income tax	14,212	434	-	-
Cathay Securities	Receivables due to				
	consolidated income tax	-	-	195,257	6,111
Cathay II Venture	Receivables due to				
	consolidated income tax	8,123	248		
Total		\$1,328,233	\$40,544	\$2,350,348	\$73,563

C. Guarantee deposits paid

		December 31,				
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)		
Cathay Life	\$5,940	\$181	\$5,964	\$187		

D. Payables

		December 31,				
Name	Item	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Cathay Life	Payables due to					
	consolidated income tax	\$3,232,375	\$98,668	\$5,306,663	\$166,093	
Cathay United Bank	Payables due to					
	consolidated income tax	2,865,348	87,465	3,330,544	104,242	
Cathay Century	Payables due to					
	consolidated income tax	18,145	554	-	-	
Cathay Securities	Payables due to					
	consolidated income tax	14,268	436	14,199	445	
Total		\$6,130,136	\$187,123	\$8,651,406	\$270,780	

E. Interest income

	For the year ended December 31,				
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Cathay Life	\$10,041	\$307	\$537,712	\$16,830	

F. Operating expenses

	For the year ended December 31,						
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)			
Cathay Life	\$22,326	\$681	\$25,787	\$807			
Lin Yuan Property Management							
Co., Ltd.	4,381	134	-	-			
Cathay Securities			3,210	101			
Total	\$26,707	\$815	\$28,997	\$908			

G. Sales of securities

There is no significant related parties transactions for the year ended December 31, 2008.

	ear ended Decem	r ended December 31,	
	Shares	Amo	unt
Securities	(thousand)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Cathay Pacific Venture	27,854	\$271,315	\$8,492
Cathay Pacific Venture	2,228	21,705	679
Cathay Pacific Venture	27,854	271,315	8,492
Cathay Pacific Venture			
	27,854	271,315	8,492
	85,790	\$835,650	\$26,155
	Cathay Pacific Venture Cathay Pacific Venture Cathay Pacific Venture	SecuritiesSharesSecurities(thousand)Cathay Pacific Venture27,854Cathay Pacific Venture27,854Cathay Pacific Venture27,854Cathay Pacific Venture27,854	Securities(thousand)(NT\$)Cathay Pacific Venture27,854\$271,315Cathay Pacific Venture2,22821,705Cathay Pacific Venture27,854271,315Cathay Pacific Venture27,854271,315

(4) Subsidiaries' significant transactions with related parties are follows:

A. Cathay Life

a. Cash in banks

		For the year ended December 31,2008				
		Ending balance	Ending balance			
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)		
Cathay United	Time deposit	\$6,432,052	1.24%~4.50%	\$79,855		
Bank	Cash in bank	2,719,316	0.02%~1.85%	3,224		
Total		\$9,151,368	_	\$83,079		

		For the year	For the year ended December 31,2008				
		Ending balance	Ending balance				
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)			
Cathay United	Time deposit	\$196,339	1.24%~4.50%	\$2,438			
Bank	Cash in bank	83,007	0.02%~1.85%	98			
Total		\$279,346	_	\$2,536			

		For the year ended December 31,2009		
		Ending balance		Interest income
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)
Cathay United	Time deposit	\$10,148,850	0.10%~2.42%	\$42,918
Bank	Cash in bank	9,318,427	0.02%~1.00%	5,265
Total		\$19,467,277	_	\$48,183

		For the year ended December 31,2009			
		Ending balance		Interest income	
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)	
Cathay United	Time deposit	\$317,648	0.10%~2.42%	\$1,343	
Bank	Cash in bank	291,656	0.02%~1.00%	165	
Total		\$609,304	-	\$1,508	

b. Other receivables

	December 31,			
	2008		2009	
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Cathay Financial Holding	\$3,232,375	\$98,668	\$5,306,663	\$166,093
Cathay Century	153,614	4,689	230,135	7,203
Total	\$3,385,989	\$103,357	\$5,536,798	\$173,296

c. Other financial assets

	For the year	For the year ended December 31,2008				
	Ending balance		Interest income			
Name	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)			
Cathay United Bank	\$500,000 1.80%~4.06%		\$75,609			
	For the year ended December 31,2008					
	Ending balance		Interest income			
Name	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)			
			4.06% \$2,308			

There is no significant related parties transactions for the year ended December 31, 2009.

d. Secured loans

	For the year ended December 31,2008				
	Maximum	Ending		Interest	
	amount	balance		income	
Name	(NT\$)	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	
Cathay General					
Hospital	\$4,388,030	\$4,286,249	3.57%~3.91%	\$163,347	
Other related					
parties	340,552	289,709	2.20%~5.67%	8,177	
Total	\$4,728,582	\$4,575,958	_	\$171,524	
			-		
	Fo	r the year ended	December 31,2008		
	Maximum	Ending		Interest	
	amount	balance		income	
Name	(118	(221)	Rate	(221)	

Name	(US\$)	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)
Cathay General				
Hospital	\$133,945	\$130,838	3.57%~3.91%	\$4,986
Other related				
parties	10,395	8,843	2.20%~5.67%	250
Total	\$144,340	\$139,681		\$5,236

	For the year ended December 31,2009					
	Maximum	Maximum Ending		Interest		
	amount	balance		income		
Name	(NT\$)	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)		
Cathay General						
Hospital	\$4,286,249	\$4,026,030	1.85%~3.91%	\$94,888		
Other related						
parties	385,439	323,147	1.01%~5.37%	6,015		
Total	\$4,671,688	\$4,349,177	_	\$100,903		

	For the year ended December 31,2009					
	Maximum	Ending		Interest		
	amount	balance		income		
Name	(US\$)	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)		
Cathay General						
Hospital	\$134,155	\$126,010	1.85%~3.91%	\$2,970		
Other related						
parties	12,064	10,114	1.01%~5.37%	188		
Total	\$146,219	\$136,124	_	\$3,158		

e. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-beneficiary certificates

	December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Securities				
Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	\$5,267,637	\$160,795	\$4,020,682	\$125,843

f. Other overdue receivable

	December 31,				
	2008)9	
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Cathay Life (Shanghai)	\$265,211	\$8,096	\$204,097	\$6,388	

g. Property transactions

Transactions between Cathay Life and related parties are in the nature of undertaking contracted projects, construction, and lease transactions. The terms of such transactions are based on market surveys and the contracts of both parties.

	For the year ended December 31, 2008					
Name	Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Lin Yuan Property						
Management Co., Ltd.	International Building etc	\$214,481	\$6,547			
	For the year ended I	December 31, 2009				
Name	Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Lin Yuan Property						
Management Co., Ltd.	International Building etc	\$107,318	\$3,359			

h. Repurchase bonds

	For the year ended December 31, 2008				
	Ending balance	Interest income			
Name	(NT\$)	(NT\$)			
Cathay United Bank	\$431,473	\$13,210			
	For the yea	er 31, 2008			
	Ending balance	Interest income			
Name	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)		
Cathay United Bank	\$13,171	0.30%~1.94%	\$403		

There is no significant related parties transactions for the year ended December 31, 2009.

i. Guarantee deposits paid

	December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Futures	\$731,062	\$22,316	\$270,492	\$8,466

As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, the imputed interest income of guarantee deposits paid from Cathay Futures were NT\$658 (US\$20) thousands and NT\$389 (US\$12) thousands, respectively.

j. Other payables

	December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Financial Holding	\$10,041	\$307	\$547,753	\$17,144

k. Rental income

	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay United Bank	\$299,636	\$9,146	\$334,008	\$10,454
Cathay General Hospital	172,621	5,269	175,841	5,504
Total	\$472,257	\$14,415	\$509,849	\$15,958

1. Insurance income

	For the year ended December 31,				
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009 (US\$)	
Cathay United Bank	\$555,658	\$16,961	\$609,653	\$19,081	
Other related parties	398,492	12,164	407,957	12,769	
Total	\$954,150	\$29,125	\$1,017,610	\$31,850	

m.Reinsurance income

	For the year ended December 31,								
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009 (US\$)					
Cathay Insurance									
(Bermuda)	\$140,639	\$4,293	\$89,771	\$2,810					

Since April 1, 2000, Cathay Insurance (Bermuda) has engaged in the reinsurance business providing reinsurance for RGA Global Reinsurance Company and Central Reinsurance Corporation's accidental insurance. For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, Cathay Life assumes 90% and 60% of the reinsurance business from Cathay Insurance (Bermuda), respectively.

n. Reinsurance claims payment

	For the year ended December 31,								
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(NT\$) 2008(US\$)		2009 (US\$)					
Cathay Insurance									
(Bermuda)	\$104,739	\$3,197	\$109,757	\$3,435					

o. Miscellaneous income

	For the year ended December 31,									
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)						
Cathay Century	\$890,063	\$27,169	\$1,009,955	\$31,611						
Cathay United Bank	127,741	3,899	87,940	2,752						
Cathay Securities										
Investment Trust Co.,										
Ltd.	40,394	1,233	101,165	3,166						
Total	\$1,058,198	\$32,301	\$1,199,060	\$37,529						

p. Operating expense

	For the year ended December 31,								
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)					
Cathay United Bank	\$1,117,006	\$34,097	\$1,143,334	\$35,785					
Symphox Information	252,004	7,692	229,332	7,178					
Lin Yuan Property									
Management Co., Ltd.	596,636	18,212	575,271	18,005					
Total	\$1,965,646	\$60,001	\$1,947,937	\$60,968					

q. Non-operating expenses

	For the year ended December 31,							
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)				
Cathay Financial Holding	\$10,041	\$307	\$537,712	\$16,830				

Non-operating expenses are interest expenses accrued from Cathay Life's preferred stock liability.

r. Sales of securities

There were no related party transactions of securities for the year ended December 31, 2008.

	_	For the year ended December 31, 2009						
	Shares		Amo	ount	Losses from	n disposal		
Name	Securities	(thousand)	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		
Cathay Financial	Cathay Pacific Venture							
Holding		27,854	\$271,315	\$8,492	\$9,251	\$290		

s. Other Disclosures

As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, the notional amounts of the derivative financial instruments transactions with Cathay United Bank are listed below:

	December 31,			
Item	2008	2009		
Forward foreign exchange contracts	US\$768,858	US\$500,000		
CS contracts	US\$1,110,000	US\$3,421,000		

Cathay Life had entered a credit assignment agreement with Cathay United Bank in the amounts of NT\$4,448,000 (US\$135,775) thousands and NT\$804,300 (US\$25,174) thousands during the year ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, respectively.

B. Cathay United Bank

a. Loans and deposits

	For the year ended December 31,										
		20	08			200)9				
	Ending B	alance	Interest re	evenue	Ending B	alance	Interest re	evenue			
Account/Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Loans											
Seaward											
Leasing Ltd.	\$3,203,630	\$97,791	\$67,895	\$2,072	\$2,460,000	\$76,995	\$16,370	\$512			
Taiwan											
Real-estate											
Management											
Corp.	109,000	3,327	3,197	98	107,000	3,349	1,936	61			
Cathay General											
Hospital	258,000	7,875	6,922	211	236,000	7,387	6,158	193			
Other related											
parties	188,100	5,742	5,326	163	203,865	6,381	2,331	73			
Total	\$3,758,730	\$114,735	\$83,340	\$2,544	\$3,006,865	\$94,112	\$26,795	\$839			

	For the year ended December 31,									
		20	08			200)9			
	Ending B	alance	Interest e	xpense	Ending F	Balance	Interest e	xpense		
Account/Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Deposits										
Cathay Life	\$9,151,368	\$279,346	\$83,079	\$2,536	\$19,467,277	\$609,305	\$48,183	\$1,508		
Cathay Futures	1,669,012	50,947	28,758	878	1,346,203	42,135	12,355	387		
Cathay										
Securities	157,636	4,812	3,933	120	117,909	3,690	872	27		
Cathay Century	1,479,562	45,163	12,307	376	1,626,681	50,913	14,405	451		
Cathay										
Securities										
Investment										
Trust Co.,										
Ltd.	524,269	16,003	14,291	436	511,943	16,023	3,815	119		
Cathay Real										
Estate										
Development										
Co., Ltd.	151,414	4,622	150	5	139,654	4,371	66	2		
Cathay Life										
(Vietnam)	149,808	4,573	17,511	534	48,294	1,512	13,147	411		
Cathay Global										
Money										
Market Fund										
etc.	6,683,168	204,004	17,430	532	7,731,112	241,975	83,956	2,628		
Other related										
parties	4,143,711	126,487	189,319	5,779	3,536,416	110,686	36,632	1,147		
Total	\$24,109,948	\$735,957	\$366,778	\$11,196	\$34,525,489	\$1,080,610	\$213,431	\$6,680		

	For the year ended December 31, 2008								
	Maximun	n amount	Ending l	balance		Interest revenue (expense			
Account/Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Call loans to banks									
Indovina Bank	\$3,483,572	\$106,336	\$722,920	\$22,067	2.56%~26.00%	\$48,840	\$1,491		
Due from banks									
Indovina Bank	\$402,066	\$12,273	\$37,216	\$1,136	0.50%~2.40%	\$159	\$5		
Call loans from banks									
Indovina Bank	\$1,100,614	\$33,596	\$230,020	\$7,021	2.30%~18.00%	\$(5,269)	\$(161)		

		For the year ended December 31, 2009								
	Maximum	amount	Ending b	balance		Interest reven	ue (expense)			
Account/Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Call loans to banks										
Indovina Bank	\$1,911,490	\$59,828	\$388,130	\$12,148	0.24%~12.00%	\$6,070	\$190			
Due from banks										
Indovina Bank	\$668,662	\$20,928	\$8,661	\$271	0.50%~2.40%	\$503	\$16			
Call loans from banks										
Indovina Bank	\$2,888,055	\$90,393	\$-	\$-	0.20%~7.50%	\$(2,842)	\$(89)			

Transactions terms with related parties are similar to those with third parties.

b. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase

	December 31,									
	Ending balance									
Name	2008 (NT\$)	2008 (US\$)	2009 (NT\$)	2009 (US\$)						
Cathay Life	\$431,473	\$13,171	\$-	\$-						
Cathay Securities										
Investment Trust Co.,										
Ltd.	146,129	4,461	110,000	3,443						
Other related parties	878,248	26,808	558,189	17,471						
Total	\$1,455,850	\$44,440	\$668,189	\$20,914						

	For the year ended December 31,					
	Interest expense					
Name	2008(NT\$) 2008(US\$) 2009(NT\$) 2009(US\$					
Cathay Life	\$13,210	\$403	\$176	\$5		
Cathay Securities						
Investment Trust Co.,						
Ltd.	1,381	42	149	5		
Other related parties	13,169	402	823	26		
Total	\$27,760	\$847	\$1,148	\$36		

c. Rental expense

	Fe	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Cathay Life	\$300,120	\$9,161	\$334,566	\$10,472	

7

d. Handling fees income

	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Life	\$1,117,006	\$34,097	\$1,143,334	\$35,785

e. Insurance expense paid

	For the year ended December 31,				
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Cathay Life	\$555,658	\$16,961	\$609,653	\$19,081	
Cathay Century	153,980	4,700	116,050	3,632	
Total	\$709,638	\$21,661	\$725,703	\$22,713	

f. General expense

	For the year ended December 31,					
Name	2008(NT\$) 2008(US\$) 2009(NT\$) 2009(US					
Symphox Information	\$460,260	\$14,049	\$434,462	\$13,598		
Seaward Card	254,566	7,771	247,272	7,739		
Cathay Life	127,257	3,885	87,382	2,735		
Total	\$842,083	\$25,705	\$769,116	\$24,072		

g. Receivables-Net

	December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Financial Holding	\$1,781,772	\$54,389	\$1,955,061	\$61,191

h. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Mutual fund)

	December 31,				
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Cathay Securities Trust					
Co., Ltd.	\$845,649	\$25,813	\$561,857	\$17,586	

i. Sales of securities

There were no related party transactions of securities for the year ended December 31, 2008.

		For the year ended December 31, 2009				
		Shares	Amount Losses from disp		n disposal	
Name	Securities	(thousand)	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Cathay Financial	Cathay Pacific Venture					
Holding		2,228	\$21,705	\$679	\$357	\$11

j. Other Disclosures

- (a) Cathay United Bank entered into a contract with San Ching Engineering Co., Ltd. to build the Nei-hu Financial Building and North Taiyuan Branch totaling NT\$1,411,880 (US\$44,190) thousands, in 2006. The project was completed in 2009. Cathay United Bank paid the amount of NT\$620,074 (US\$18,928) thousands and NT\$218,894 (US\$6,851) thousands during the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009. As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, the accumulated amount paid were NT\$1,181,897 (US\$36,077) thousands and NT\$1,400,790 (US\$43,843) thousands, respectively.
- (b) Cathay United Bank enters into a contract with Cathay Life to transferring credit facilities. The transferring loan amount were NT\$4,448,000 (US\$135,775) thousands and NT\$804,300 (US\$25,174) thousands during the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, respectively.

C. Cathay Century

a. Cash in banks

		For the ye	ear ended December	31, 2008
		Ending balance		Interest income
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)
Cathay United Bank	Cash in banks	\$743,190	0.10%	\$535
	Time deposits	736,372	2.18%~2.685%	11,772
Total		\$1,479,562		\$12,307
		For the ye	ear ended December	r 31, 2008
		Ending balance		Interest income
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)
Cathay United Bank	Cash in banks	\$22,686	0.10%	\$16
	Time deposits	22,478	2.18%~2.685%	360
Total		\$45,164		\$376
		For the ye	ear ended December	31, 2009
		Ending balance		Interest income
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)
Cathay United Bank	Cash in banks	\$775,553	0.10%	\$471
	Time deposits	851,128	0.13%~1.08%	13,934
Total		\$1,626,681		\$14,405
		For the ye	ear ended December	r 31, 2009
		Ending balance		Interest income
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)
Cathay United Bank	Cash in banks	\$24,274	0.10%	\$15
	Time deposits	26,639	0.13%~1.08%	436

b. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Beneficiary certificates)

		December 31,					
Name	2008(NT\$) 2008(US\$) 2009(NT\$) 2009(US\$)						
Cathay Securities							
Investment Trust Co.,							
Ltd.	\$-	\$-	\$200,859	\$6,287			

c. Other payables

	December 31,					
Name	2008(NT\$) 2008(US\$) 2009(NT\$) 2009(
Cathay Financial Holding						
(Note)	\$194,136	\$5,926	\$231,855	\$7,257		
Cathay Life	153,614	4,689	230,135	7,203		
Total	\$347,750	\$10,615	\$461,990	\$14,460		

Note: Payable due to consolidated income tax-net.

d. Premiums Income

	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay United Bank	\$153,980	\$4,700	\$116,050	\$3,632

e. Operating expense

	For the year ended December 31,						
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)			
Cathay Life	\$976,826	\$29,818	\$1,109,833	\$34,736			

f. Sales of securities

There were no related party transactions of securities for the year ended December 31, 2008.

		For the year ended December 31, 2009					
		Shares	Amo	Amount		n disposal	
Name	Securities	(thousand)	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Cathay Financial	Cathay Pacific Venture						
Holding		27,854	\$271,315	\$8,492	\$9,250	\$289	

g. Other Disclosures

As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 the nominal amount of the derivative financial instruments transactions with Cathay United Bank are listed below:

	For the year ended December 31,			
Item	2008	2009		
Forward foreign exchange contracts	US\$10,841	US\$-		
CS contracts	US\$24,550	US\$18,050		
IRS	NT\$600,000	NT\$600,000		
	(US\$18,315)	(US\$18,779)		

D. Cathay Securities

a. Cash in bank

		For the year ended December 31, 2008					
		Ending balance	Interest income				
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)			
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$131,500	0.43%~2.62%	\$3,858			
	Cash in banks	26,136	0.90%	75			
	Total	\$157,636		\$3,933			

For the year ended December 31, 2008

		Ending balance		Interest income
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$4,014	0.43%~2.62%	\$118
	Cash in banks	798	0.90%	2
	Total	\$4,812		\$120

		For the year ended December 31, 2009					
		Ending balance		Interest income			
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)			
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$47,233	0.05%~2.62%	\$213			
	Cash in banks	70,676	0.02%~0.90%	659			
	Total	\$117,909		\$872			
		For the year	r ended Decemb	er 31, 2009			
		Ending balance		Interest income			
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)			
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$1,478	0.05%~2.62%	\$7			
	Cash in banks	2,212	0.02%~0.90%	20			
	Total	\$3,690		\$27			

As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, NT\$22,000 (US\$672) thousands and NT\$12,000 (US\$376) thousands in time deposits reflected premiums received for structured notes and issuance of warrants and were recognized under guarantee deposits paid.

b. Other payables

		Decen	nber 31,	
Name	2008 (NT\$)	2008 (US\$)	2009 (NT\$)	2009 (US\$)
Cathay Financial Holding				
(Note)	\$-	\$-	\$195,257	\$6,111

c. Clearing and settlement fees, dealing handling fee expense and margin for futures trading – own funds

	For the year ended December 31, 2008								
	Clearing and		Dealing h	andling fee	Accounts		Margin for futures		
	settlem	settlement fees e		ense pay		able	trading – o	trading - own funds	
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Cathay Futures	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$221,903	\$6,773	

		For the year ended December 31, 2009						
	Clearing and		Dealing h	andling fee	Accounts		Margin for futures	
	settlem	ent fees	expense		payable		trading - own funds	
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Cathay Futures	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$353,469	\$11,063

E. Cathay Pacific Venture

Available-for-sale financial assets

	December 31,						
Name	2008 (NT\$)	2008 (US\$)	2009 (NT\$)	2009 (US\$)			
Cathay Securities Investment							
Trust Co., Ltd.	\$528,816	\$16,142	\$175,238	\$5,485			

F. Indovina Bank

a. Call loans from banks

	F	For the year ended December 31, 2008						
	Ending	Ending Ending		Interest				
Name	balance (NT\$)	balance (US\$)	expense (NT\$)	expense (US\$)				
Cathay United Bank	\$722,920	\$22,067	\$48,840	\$1,491				

	For the year ended December 31, 2009						
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest			
Name	balance (NT\$)	balance (US\$)	expense (NT\$)	expense (US\$)			
Cathay United Bank	\$388,130	\$12,148	\$6,070	\$190			
Vietinbank	178,530	5,588	3,368	105			
Total	\$566,660	\$17,736	\$9,438	\$295			

b. Call loans to banks

	For the year ended December 31, 2008				
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest	
Name	balance (NT\$)	balance (US\$)	revenue (NT\$)	revenue (US\$)	
Cathay United Bank	\$230,020	\$7,021	\$5,269	\$161	
	For the year ended December 31, 2009				
	Ending	Ending	Interest	Interest	
Name	balance (NT\$)	balance (US\$)	revenue (NT\$)	revenue (US\$)	
Cathay United Bank	\$-	\$-	\$2,842	\$89	

c. Deposit

There were no significant related parties transactions for the year ended December 31, 2008.

	For the ye	For the year ended December 31, 2009				
	Ending balance	Ending balance				
Name	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)			
Cathay Life Vietnam	\$227,496	0.20%~10.80%	\$3,748			
	For the ye	ear ended Decembe	er 31, 2009			
	F 1' 1 1					
	Ending balance		Interest expense			
Name	Ending balance (US\$)	Rate	· · · · ·			

G. Cathay Futures

a. Cash in bank

		For the year ended December 31, 2008				
		Ending balance	Interest income			
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)		
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$308,000	0.60%~2.04%	\$5,432		
	Cash in bank	10,053	0.01%~1.20%	15		
	Total	\$318,053		\$5,447		

		For the year ended December 31, 2008			
		Ending balance		Interest income	
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)	
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$9,402	0.60%~2.04%	\$166	
	Cash in bank	307	0.01%~1.20%	-	
	Total	\$9,709		\$166	
		For the ye	ar ended Decembe	r 31, 2009	
		Ending balance		Interest income	
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$305,500	0.12%~2.04%	\$2,379	
	Cash in bank	8,856	0.10%	17	
	Total	\$314,356		\$2,396	
		For the ye	ar ended Decembe	r 31, 2009	
		Ending balance		Interest income	
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)	
Cathay United Bank	Time deposits	\$9,562	0.12%~2.04%	\$74	
	Cash in bank	277	0.10%	1	
	Total	\$9,839		\$75	

As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, Cathay Futures has time deposit amounting to NT\$60,000 (US\$1,878) thousands in Cathay United Bank as the guaranty bond, in accordance with Article 14 of Rules Governing Futures Commission Merchants and Article 11 of Regulation Governing Futures Advisory Enterprises.

b. Customer's margin accounts

		December 31,				
	2008 200			2009	2009	
Name	(NT\$)	(US\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	(US\$)	Rate
Cathay United Bank	\$1,350,961	\$41,238	0.02%~2.15%	\$1,031,846	\$32,296	0.02%~2.17%

c. Futures customers' equity

		December 31,				
Name	2008 (NT\$)	2008 (US\$)	2009 (NT\$)	2009 (US\$)		
Cathay Life	\$731,062	\$22,316	\$270,492	\$8,466		
Cathay Securities	221,903	6,773	353,469	11,063		
Total	\$952,965	\$29,089	\$623,961	\$19,529		

H. Symphox Information

a. Cash in bank

		For the year ended December 31,2008			
Name	Item	Ending balance (NT\$)	Rate	Interest income (NT\$)	
Cathay United	Time deposit	\$469,000	1.175%~2.68%	\$7,399	
Bank	Cash in bank	4,312	0.10%	26	
Total		\$473,312	-	\$7,425	
		For the year	ar ended December	31,2008	
		Ending balance		Interest income	
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)	
Cathay United	Time deposit	\$14,316	1.175%~2.68%	\$226	
Bank	Cash in bank	132	0.10%	1	
Total		\$14,448	=	\$227	
		For the year	ar ended December	31,2009	
		Ending balance		Interest income	
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)	
Cathay United	Time deposit	\$130,000	0.72%~0.83%	\$3,021	
Bank	Cash in bank	9,560	0.10%	35	
Total		\$139,560	=	\$3,056	
		For the year	ar ended December	31,2009	
		Ending balance		Interest income	
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)	
Cathay United	Time deposit	\$4,069	0.72%~0.83%	\$95	
Bank	Cash in bank	299	0.10%	1	
Total		\$4,368	_	\$96	

b. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

December 31,				
2008 (NT\$)	2008 (US\$)	2009 (NT\$)	2009 (US\$)	
\$44,962	\$1,372	\$100,630	\$3,150	
		2008 (NT\$) 2008 (US\$)	2008 (NT\$) 2008 (US\$) 2009 (NT\$)	

c. Sales revenues

	For the year ended December 31,			
Name	2008 (NT\$)	2008 (US\$)	2009 (NT\$)	2009 (US\$)
Cathay United Bank	\$288,708	\$8,813	\$273,294	\$8,554

d. service Income

		For the year ended December 31,				
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)		
Cathay Life	\$170,640	\$5,209	\$167,699	\$5,249		
Cathay United Bank	171,552	5,236	161,168	5,044		
Total	\$342,192	\$10,445	\$328,867	\$10,293		

I. Cathay Life (Shanghai)

Other payables

	December 31,			
Name	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Cathay Life	\$265,211	\$8,096	\$204,097	\$6,388

J. Cathay Life (Vietnam)

a. Cash in bank

There were no significant related parties transaction for the year ended December 31, 2008.

		For the year ended December 31, 2009				
		Ending balance Interest in				
Name	Item	(NT\$)	Rate	(NT\$)		
Indovina Bank	Time deposits	\$222,070	1.20%~10.80%	\$3,524		
	Cash in bank	5,426	0.20%~0.50%	224		
Total		\$227,496		\$3,748		

		For the year ended December 31, 2009				
		Ending balance		Interest income		
Name	Item	(US\$)	Rate	(US\$)		
Indovina Bank	Time deposits	\$6,950	1.20%~10.80%	\$110		
	Cash in bank	170	0.20%~0.50%	7		
Total		\$7,120		\$117		

30. Pledged assets

As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, the Company and Subsidiaries' pledged assets are summarized below:

			Carrying	g amount	
Item	Guarantee purpose	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)
Time deposits	Correspondent deposit,				
	collateral for the				
	over-loaning of				
	settlement accounts,				
	loan, other financial or				
	leasing	\$1,380,011	\$42,125	\$1,226,082	\$38,375
Guarantee deposits paid	Government bonds	8,796,970	268,528	9,578,473	299,796
Financial assets at fair value	Business reserves and				
through profit or loss	guarantees	732,736	22,367	630,476	19,733
Available-for-sale financial	Business reserves and				
assets	guarantees	3,108,585	94,890	2,447,943	76,618
Held-to-maturity financial	Business reserves and				
assets	guarantees	91,118	2,781	105,627	3,306
Investments in debt securities	Business reserves and				
with no active market	guarantees	15,500,000	473,138	15,235,000	476,839
		\$29,609,420	\$903,829	\$29,223,601	\$914,667

31. Commitment and contingent liabilities

- (1) Cathay United Bank
 - A. On January 1, 2004, Pacific SOGO issued its own SOGO membership card, which Cathay United Bank believes constitutes a breach of Pacific SOGO's co-branded card contract with Cathay United Bank. Cathay United Bank has filed a motion of injunction against certain of Pacific SOGO's properties and the issuance of its own membership cards. About provisional measures, the Taipei District Court and the High Court adjudged that Cathay United Bank win the lawsuit. However, Pacific SOGO appealed and the appeal is being reviewed by the Supreme Court. Furthermore, Cathay United Bank also filed an incidental civil procedures and claim, which is being review by the Taipei District Court, against Pacific SOGO. Then the Taipei District Court issued a judgment favoring Cathay United Bank in October, 2006, ordering Pacific SOGO to pay the punitive damages of NT\$400,000 (US\$12,520). Pacific SOGO appealed such order and the appeal is being reviewed by the High Court.
 - B. Lee and Li Attorneys-at-Law and SanDisk Corporation filed lawsuits in the Taiwan Taipei District Court alleging that Cathay United Bank breached its contractual and fiduciary duties in connection with the embezzlement conducted by a former employee of Lee and Li Attorneys-at-Law, Eddie Liu, on October 2003. Both plaintiffs claimed indemnities amounted NT\$0.9 billion (US\$2.8 million) and NT\$3.09 billion (US\$9.7 million), respectively. Cathay United Bank has been advised by its legal advisor that it is possible, but not probable, that the action will succeed and accordingly no provision for any claims has been made in these financial statements.
 - C. As of December 31, 2009, Cathay United Bank had entered into certain contracts to purchase premises and equipments totaling NT\$1,005,155 (US\$31,460) thousands with NT\$562,071 (US\$17,592) thousands of prepayment made.
- (2) Cathay Century

Cathay Century and Itanara Import Export Company ('Itanara') have a dispute on cargo insurance benefits. The Itanara filed a lawsuit against Cathay Century and claimed for US\$773 thousands with related notarization expenses. The Taiwan Taipei District Court ruled in favor of Itanara in the lawsuit except the notarization expenses. Cathay Century appealed to the higher court and the lawsuit is still in progress.

(3) Cathay Securities

As of December 31, 2009, Cathay Securities requested banks to issue letters of guarantees for warrants issuance of NT\$260,000 (US\$8,138) thousands.

(4) As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, Cathay United Bank subsidiaries had the following commitments and contingent liabilities, which were not reflected in the financial statements:

	December 31,				
Item	2008(NT\$)	2008(US\$)	2009(NT\$)	2009(US\$)	
Trust and security held for safekeeping	\$179,184,468	\$5,469,611	\$182,243,631	\$5,704,026	
Travelers checks for sale	415,949	12,697	326,697	10,225	
Bills for collection	41,468,607	1,265,831	40,552,946	1,269,263	
Book-entry for government bonds and					
depository for short-term marketable					
securities under management	443,802,700	13,547,091	555,682,805	17,392,263	
Guarantees on duties and contracts	16,670,523	508,868	15,798,961	494,490	
Unused commercial letters of credit	2,390,960	72,984	3,520,713	110,194	
Irrevocable loan commitments	38,241,377	1,167,319	34,165,997	1,069,358	
Credit card lines commitments	268,488,361	8,195,615	257,571,261	8,061,698	
Stamp tax, securities and memorial					
currency consignments	1,727	53	1,727	54	

(5) According to the effective operating leases agreement (the longest lease term being 5 years), rentals for the next five years are as follows:

Periods	NT\$	US\$
January 1, 2010~December 31, 2010	\$1,035,750	\$32,418
January 1, 2011~December 31, 2014	1,825,555	57,138
Total	\$2,861,305	\$89,556

32. Significant disaster losses: None.

33. Subsequent events:

On January 15, 2010, Cathay Property Insurance Agent was decided its dissolution by the board of directors (according to the Company's Law, the authority of the shareholder meeting acts by board of directors) and starts in the process of dissolution and liquation.

34. Other significant matters

- (1) Pension related information
 - A. Net periodic pension cost:

	For the year ended December 31,				
	200	8	200	9	
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
(1) Service cost	\$712,455	\$21,748	\$558,397	\$17,477	
(2) Interest cost	410,518	12,531	342,127	10,708	
(3) Projected return on plan assets	(360,848)	(11,015)	(232,388)	(7,273)	
(4) Amortization of unrealized gain on					
pension	(157)	(5)	(93)	(3)	
(5) Amortization of unrealized transit on					
obligation	(377,987)	(11,538)	(377,968)	(11,830)	
(6) Net amortization	68,141	2,080	65,306	2,044	
(7) Amortization of prior service cost	51,733	1,579	51,733	1,619	
(8) Amortization of gain or loss	2,701	83	101,171	3,167	
(9) Gain or loss on curtailment or					
settlement	-	-	816	25	
(10)Net periodic pension cost	\$506,556	\$15,463	\$509,101	\$15,934	

B. Pension funded status:

	For the year ended December 31,				
	200	08	200)9	
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
(1) Vested benefit obligation	\$(7,352,735)	\$(224,442)	\$(7,835,363)	\$(245,238)	
(2) Non-vested benefit obligation	(3,688,080)	(112,579)	(3,780,579)	(118,328)	
(3) Accumulated benefit obligation	(11,040,815)	(337,021)	(11,615,942)	(363,566)	
(4) Additional benefits based on future					
salaries	(1,491,321)	(45,523)	(1,701,308)	(53,249)	
(5) Projected benefit obligation	(12,532,136)	(382,544)	(13,317,250)	(416,815)	
(6) Fair value of plan assets	8,584,175	262,032	11,500,961	359,967	
(7) Funded status= $(5)+(6)$	(3,947,961)	(120,512)	(1,816,289)	(56,848)	
(8) Unrecognized transitional net assets	(585,859)	(17,883)	(247,291)	(7,740)	
(9) Unrecognized prior service cost	155,200	4,737	103,467	3,239	
(10) Unrecognized pension gain and loss	2,949,450	90,032	479,992	15,023	
(11) Additional accrued pension liability	(431,689)	(13,177)	(12,013)	(376)	
(12) Accrued pension liability / prepaid					
pension cost=(7)+(8)+(9)+(10)+(11)	\$(1,860,859)	\$(56,803)	\$(1,492,134)	\$(46,702)	
(13) Vested benefit	\$10,525,569	\$321,293	\$10,679,162	\$334,246	

C. Actuarial assumptions

	For the year end	ed December 31,
	2008	2009
(1) Discount rate	2.50%~3.00%	2.25%~2.50%
(2) Rate of increase in future salaries	1.50%~3.00%	1.50%~3.00%
(3) Expected return on pension plan assets	2.50%~3.00%	2.25%~2.50%

(2) Financial instruments related information

A. The Company

Bonds payables

a. Information of fair value

	December 31, 2008					
	(NTS	\$)	(US\$)		
Item	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,299,386	\$2,299,386	\$70,189	\$70,189		
Receivables	4,077,241	4,077,241	124,458	124,458		
Held-to-maturity financial assets	15,000,00	15,000,000	457,876	457,876		
Investments under equity method	144,936,489	144,936,489	4,424,191	4,424,191		
Other financial assets	31,720	31,720	968	968		
Liabilities						
Payables	6,212,178	6,212,178	189,627	189,627		
Bonds payables	20,000,000	20,000,000	610,501	610,501		
		December	r 31, 2009			
	(NTS	\$)	(US\$)		
Item	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$10,812,475	\$10,812,475	\$338,419	\$338,419		
Receivables	6,665,004	6,665,004	208,607	208,607		
Held-to-maturity financial assets	25,000,000	25,000,000	782,472	782,472		
Investments under equity method	216,251,195	216,251,195	6,768,425	6,768,425		
Other financial assets	31,720	31,720	993	993		
Liabilities						
Payables	8,851,563	8,851,563	277,044	277,044		

b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values of the financial instruments are as follows:

40,000,000

1,251,956

1,251,956

40,000,000

- (a) The fair value of the Company's short-term financial instruments is based on the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. The method is applied to cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables and other financial assets.
- (b) The fair value of bonds payables is in accordance with the term of issuance.
- (c) The fair value of the Company's financial instruments is based on market prices if available at the reporting date. When market prices are not available, the fair value is based on carrying amount or other relevant financial information.
- (d) If no quoted market prices exist for the Company's investments accounted for equity method, then their fair value is taken as approximating their carrying amounts when no permanent market value decline exists.
- c. The fair value of the Company's financial assets or liabilities determined by quoted market price or pricing models are summarized as following:

		December 31, 2008				
	Based on the	he quoted	Based on J	pricing		
	market	price	mode	ls		
Financial instruments	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,299,386	\$70,189	\$-	\$-		
Receivables	-	-	4,077,241	124,458		
Held-to-maturity financial assets	-	-	15,000,000	457,876		
Investments under equity method	-	-	144,936,489	4,424,191		
Other financial assets	-	-	31,720	968		
Liabilities						
Payables	-	-	6,212,178	189,627		
Bonds payables	-	-	20,000,000	610,501		

	December 31, 2009				
	Based on the	ne quoted	Based on pricing		
	market	price	mode	ls	
Financial instruments	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$10,078	\$316	\$10,802,397	\$338,103	
Receivables	-	-	6,665,004	208,607	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	-	-	25,000,000	782,472	
Investments under equity method	-	-	216,251,195	6,768,425	
Other financial assets	-	-	31,720	993	
Liabilities					
Payables	-	-	8,851,563	277,044	
Bonds payable	-	-	40,000,000	1,251,956	

d. Information on financial risks

(a) Risk of interest rate

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk is minimal.

(b) Credit risk

The Company's exposure to credit risk is minimal.

e. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's financial assets primarily consist of cash and cash equivalents, short-term notes, domestic common stocks and Cathay Life's preferred stocks.

The primary risks involved in these derivative transactions are market risk, credit risk, operational risk and liquidity risk. In addition to the risk management policies and guidance, the Company has also established risk management systems such as the VaR model, the credit evaluation model, the integrated appraisal and collection and the concentration management systems to monitor and manage the Company's risks.

Market Risk

Market risk is the exposure to uncertain market value of a portfolio, including interest rate risk and exchange rate risk. The Company conducts analysis and assessments of the investment targets before any investment decisions are made. In addition, VaR model in connection with atmosphere simulation methods, stress test methods, Position Limit, VaR Limit and Loss Limit are used to effectively manage the market risk of the Company's financial assets.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss arising from the potential default of the counter-party. An internal credit risk evaluation model for investments in financial instruments is created based on external credit assessments and various characteristics of financial instruments. The Company also monitors the credit risk level of the investment targets, issuers or counterparties by evaluating the credit concentration of the investments or counterparties.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss due to inadequate or failed internal controls, employee fraud or misconduct and management negligence. To mitigate the operational risk, the Company has adopted and implemented the internal control regulations and procedures. The Company has also commenced the development of information systems to accommodate and support the aforementioned policies.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk stemming from the lack of marketability of an investment that can not be bought or sold quickly enough to prevent or minimize a loss. The Company has primarily sought to achieve the flexible cash flow and stable liquidity by utilizing the deposits in financial institutions and short-term notes (includes repurchase agreement). In pursuit of these goals, the Company also conducts analysis of assets allocation, liquid asset ratio and cash flows to ensure the effectiveness and timeliness of managing liquidity risk.

B. Cathay Life

a. Information of fair value

	December 31, 2008				
	(N	Γ\$)	(US	\$)	
	Carrying		Carrying		
Item	Amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$221,966,913	\$221,966,913	\$6,775,547	\$6,775,547	
Notes and accounts receivable	32,659,740	32,659,740	996,940	996,940	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	68,013,261	68,013,261	2,076,107	2,076,107	
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	107,359,797	107,359,797	3,277,161	3,277,161	
Held-to-maturity financial assets - current	29,110,492	26,790,843	888,599	817,791	
Investments in debt securities with no active market -					
current	3,710,079	3,660,373	113,250	111,733	
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	272,242,609	272,242,609	8,310,214	8,310,214	
Held-to-maturity financial assets - noncurrent	617,485,367	621,007,617	18,848,760	18,956,276	
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	18,964,245	-	578,884	-	
Investments in debt securities with no active market -					
noncurrent	85,839,151	66,151,654	2,620,243	2,019,281	
Investments under the equity method	6,466,022	6,466,022	197,376	197,376	
Other financial assets - noncurrent	6,100,000	6,100,000	186,203	186,203	
Guarantee deposits paid	12,018,527	12,018,527	366,866	366,866	
Liabilities					
Notes and accounts payable	6,069,451	6,069,451	185,271	185,271	
Preferred stock liability - noncurrent	15,000,000	15,036,810	457,875	458,999	
Guarantee deposits received	1,542,898	1,542,898	47,097	47,097	
Derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current					
Forward, CS, and CCS	6,753,736	6,753,736	206,158	206,158	
IRS and CDS	486,339	486,339	14,845	14,845	
Derivative financial assets for hedging - current	,		,		
IRS	2,770,036	2,770,036	84,555	84,555	
	,,	,,	. ,	- ,	

		December	31, 2008		
	(N	T\$)	(US	5\$)	
	Carrying		Carrying		
Item	Amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Derivative financial instruments					
Liabilities					
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss -					
current					
Forward , CS, and CCS	\$29,888,321	\$29,888,321	\$912,342	\$912,342	
IRS and CDS	195,928	195,928	5,981	5,981	
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging - current					
IRS and CDS	122,368	122,368	3,735	3,735	
	December 31, 2009				
	(N	T\$)	(US	\$\$)	
	Carrying		Carrying		
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$336,054,525	\$336,054,525	\$10,518,138	\$10,518,138	
Notes and accounts receivable	45,392,723	45,392,723	1,420,742	1,420,742	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	82,461,276	82,461,276	2,580,948	2,580,948	
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	191,072,750	191,072,750	5,980,368	5,980,368	
Held-to-maturity financial assets - current	13,274,664	11,946,525	415,482	373,913	
Investments in debt securities with no active market -					
current	5,162,576	5,051,571	161,583	158,109	
Other financial assets - current	2,000,000	2,000,000	62,598	62,598	
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	253,527,662	253,527,662	7,935,138	7,935,138	
Held-to-maturity financial assets - noncurrent	651,706,686	643,765,211	20,397,706	20,149,146	
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	20,092,425	-	628,871	-	
Investments in debt securities with no active market -					
noncurrent	145,147,440	140,524,027	4,542,956	4,398,248	
Investments under the equity method	5,266,745	5,266,745	164,843	164,843	
Other financial assets – noncurrent	36,300,000	36,300,000	1,136,150	1,136,150	
Guarantee deposits paid	11,316,242	11,316,242	354,186	354,186	

	December 31, 2009						
	(N7	[\$)	(US\$)				
	Carrying		Carrying				
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value			
Non-derivative financial instruments							
Liabilities							
Notes and accounts payable	\$15,761,085	\$15,761,085	\$493,304	\$493,304			
Preferred stock liability -noncurrent	25,000,000	25,821,054	782,473	808,171			
Guarantee deposits received	1,616,655	1,616,655	50,599	50,599			
Derivative financial instruments							
Assets							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current							
Option	7,731	7,731	242	242			
Forward, CS and CCS	16,900,272	16,900,272	528,960	528,960			
IRS and CDS	54,982	54,982	1,721	1,721			
Derivative financial assets for hedging - current							
IRS	1,681,365	1,681,365	52,625	52,625			
CDS	1,078,680	1,078,680	33,761	33,761			
Liabilities							
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss -							
current							
Forward, CS and CCS	1,583,418	1,583,418	49,560	49,560			
IRS and CDS	862,816	862,816	27,005	27,005			
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging - current							
IRS, CDS	28,722	28,722	899	899			

The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values of Cathay Life's financial instruments are as follows:

- (a) The fair value of Cathay Life's cash, cash equivalents, receivables and payables is based on the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments.
- (b) The fair value of the guarantee deposits paid and guarantee deposits received is based on the carrying amount as Cathay Life predicts the future cash inflow or outflow will be of similar amount to the carrying value.

- (c) Quoted market price, if available, are utilized as estimates of the fair value of financial instruments. If no quoted market prices exist for Cathay Life's financial assets, the fair value of those assets is derived based on pricing models. A pricing model incorporates all information that market participants would consider in setting a price available to Cathay Life. Cathay Life uses discount rates equal to the prevailing rates of return for financial instruments with similar characteristics. The characteristics involve debtor's credit standing, residual period of contracted fixed interest rates, residual period of principal repayment and currency of payment.
- (d) The fair value of Cathay Life's financial instruments is based on market prices if available at the reporting date. When market prices are not available, the fair value is based on carrying amount or other relevant financial information.
- (e) If no quoted market prices exist for Cathay Life's investments accounted for under the equity method, then their fair value is taken as approximating their carrying amounts when no permanent market value decline exists.
- c. As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, the fair values of financial assets or liabilities determined by quoted market price or pricing models are summarized as following:

	December 31,2008						
	Based on the quote	ed market price	Based on pricing models				
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Non-derivative financial instruments							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$212,493,164	\$6,486,361	\$9,473,749	\$289,186			
Notes and accounts receivable	-	-	32,659,740	996,940			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -							
current	64,544,414	1,970,220	3,468,847	105,887			
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	107,259,749	3,274,107	100,048	3,054			
Held-to-maturity financial assets - current	1,197,093	36,541	25,593,750	781,250			
Investments in debt securities with no active market -							
current	-	-	3,660,373	111,733			
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	270,944,378	8,270,585	1,298,231	39,629			
Held-to-maturity financial assets - noncurrent	83,646,781	2,553,320	537,360,836	16,402,956			
Investment in debt securities with no active market -							
noncurrent	-	-	66,151,654	2,019,281			
Investments under the equity method	-	-	6,466,022	197,376			
Other financial assets - noncurrent	-	-	6,100,000	186,203			

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

(Expressed in thousand of dollars except for share and per

share date and unless otherwise stated)

	December 31,2008						
	Based on the quote	ed market price	Based on pricit	ng models			
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Non-derivative financial instruments							
Liabilities							
Notes and accounts payable	\$-	\$-	\$6,069,451	\$185,271			
Preferred stock liability – noncurrent	-	-	15,036,810	458,999			
Derivative financial instruments							
Assets							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -							
current							
Forward, CS and CCS	-	-	6,753,736	206,158			
IRS and CDS	-	-	486,339	14,845			
Derivative financial assets for hedging - current							
IRS	-	-	2,770,039	84,555			
Liabilities							
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss -							
current							
Forward, CS and CCS	-	-	29,888,321	912,342			
IRS and CDS	-	-	195,928	5,981			
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging - current							
IRS and CDS	-	-	122,368	3,735			

	December 31, 2009					
	Based on the quo	ted market price	Based on pricing models			
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$247,411,784	\$7,743,717	\$88,642,741	\$2,774,421		
Notes and accounts receivable	-	-	45,392,723	1,420,742		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -						
current	81,859,615	2,562,116	601,661	18,832		
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	188,182,163	5,889,896	2,890,587	90,472		
Held-to-maturity financial assets - current	2,027,388	63,455	9,919,137	310,458		

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese (Expressed in thousand of dollars except for share and per

share date and unless otherwise stated)

	December 31, 2009					
	Based on the quot	ed market price	Based on prici	ng models		
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Non-derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Investments in debt securities with no active market -						
current	\$-	\$-	\$5,051,571	\$158,109		
Other financial assets - current	-	-	2,000,000	62,598		
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	243,877,935	7,633,112	9,649,727	302,026		
Held-to-maturity financial assets - noncurrent	36,687,806	1,148,288	607,077,405	19,000,858		
Investment in debt securities with no active market -						
noncurrent	481,529	15,071	140,042,498	4,383,177		
Investments under the equity method	-	-	5,266,745	164,843		
Other financial assets - noncurrent	-	-	36,300,000	1,136,150		
Liabilities						
Notes and accounts payable	-	-	15,761,085	493,304		
Preferred stock liability - noncurrent	-	-	25,821,054	808,171		
Derivative financial instruments						
Assets						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -						
current						
Option	7,731	242	-	-		
Forward, CS and CCS	-	-	16,900,272	528,960		
IRS and CDS	-	-	54,982	1,721		
Derivative financial assets for hedging - current						
IRS	-	-	1,681,365	52,625		
CDS	-	-	1,078,680	33,761		
Liabilities						
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss -						
current						
Forward, CS and CCS	-	-	1,583,418	49,560		
IRS and CDS	-	-	862,816	27,005		
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging - current						
IRS and CDS	-	-	28,722	899		

- d. Information on financial risk
 - (a) Interest rate risk

The following table summarizes the maturities of Cathay Life's financial instruments at December 31, 2008 and 2009:

① December 31, 2008

Non-derivative financial instruments of fixed interest rate

	Less than o	one year	Due in 1~2 years		Due in 2~3 years		Due in 3~4 years	
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$2,358,389	\$71,990	\$1,659,977	\$50,671	\$716,038	\$21,857	\$1,287,247	\$39,293
Available-for-sale financial assets	992,179	30,286	2,949,408	90,031	5,064,835	154,604	9,299,769	283,876
Held-to-maturity financial assets	192,294,852	5,869,806	12,865,998	392,735	16,277,738	496,878	12,303,721	375,572
Investments in debt securities with								
no active market	384,303	11,731	1,982,735	60,523	2,857,632	87,229	3,083,542	94,125
Preferred stock liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

	Due in 4~5 years		Over 5	years	Total		
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Financial assets at fair value							
through profit or loss	\$869,426	\$26,539	\$8,579,911	\$261,902	\$15,470,988	\$472,252	
Available-for-sale financial assets	18,750,024	572,345	117,627,151	3,590,572	154,683,366	4,721,714	
Held-to-maturity financial assets	10,890,521	332,434	306,996,235	9,371,069	551,629,065	16,838,494	
Investments in debt securities with							
no active market	4,064,709	124,076	55,921,414	1,707,003	68,294,335	2,084,687	
Preferred stock liability	-	-	15,000,000	457,875	15,000,000	457,875	

Non-derivative financial instruments of float interest rate

	Less than one year Due in 1~2 years		Due in 2~2	3 years	Due in 3~4 years			
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$3,162,104	\$96,523	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Available-for-sale financial assets	123,173,963	3,759,889	-	-	-	-	-	-
Held-to-maturity financial assets	94,966,793	2,898,864	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments in debt securities with								
no active market	21,254,896	648,806	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Due in 4~:	5 years	Over 5 y	ears	Tota	1		
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$3,162,104	\$96,523		
Available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	123,173,963	3,759,889		
Held-to-maturity financial assets	-	-	-	-	94,966,793	2,898,864		
Investments in debt securities with	-	-	-	-				
no active market					21,254,896	648,806		

Derivative financial instruments

	Less than of	ne year	Due in 1~2 years		Due in 2~3 years		Due in 3~4 years	
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$34,694	\$1,059	\$39,875	\$1,217	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Derivative financial assets for								
hedging	2,472	75	36,283	1,108	4,889	149	-	-
Financial liabilities at fair value								
through profit or loss	25,665	783	78,379	2,393	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities for								
hedging	647	20	24,415	745	15,770	481	-	-

-	Due in 4~5	years	Over 5 y	ears	Tota	1
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss	\$-	\$-	\$91,189	\$2,784	\$165,758	\$5,060
Derivative financial assets for						
hedging	873,193	26,654	1,853,199	56,569	2,770,036	84,555
Financial liabilities at fair value						
through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	104,044	3,176
Derivative financial liabilities for						
hedging	-	-	-	-	40,832	1,246

^② December 31, 2009

Non-derivative financial instruments of fixed interest rate

	Less than o	one year	Due in 1~2	2 years	Due in 2~3	years	Due in 3~4	years
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$393,856	\$12,327	\$2,155,601	\$67,468	\$2,008,099	\$62,851	\$873,860	\$27,351
Available-for-sale financial assets	12,183,543	381,332	13,025,147	407,673	15,425,840	482,812	12,061,415	377,509
Held-to-maturity financial assets	186,792,865	5,846,412	18,021,715	564,060	15,242,413	477,071	22,801,989	713,677
Investments in debt securities with								
no active market	4,752,771	148,757	7,933,592	248,313	14,203,692	444,560	3,936,736	123,215
Preferred stock liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

	Due in 4~5	years	Over 5	years	Tota	al
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss	\$249,348	\$7,804	\$2,979,288	\$93,249	\$8,660,052	\$271,050
Available-for-sale financial assets	11,510,037	360,251	79,921,401	2,501,452	144,127,383	4,511,029
Held-to-maturity financial assets	27,702,640	867,062	335,768,647	10,509,191	606,330,269	18,977,473
Investments in debt securities with						
no active market	12,220,116	382,476	86,850,311	2,718,320	129,897,218	4,065,641
Preferred stock liability	-	-	25,000,000	782,473	25,000,000	782,473

Non-derivative financial instruments of float interest rate

	Less than o	one year	Due in 1~2	2 years	Due in 2~3	years	Due in 3~4	years
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$232,273	\$7,270	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Available-for-sale financial assets	126,820,845	3,969,354	-	-	-	-	-	-
Held-to-maturity financial assets	58,651,080	1,835,715	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments in debt securities with								
no active market	20,412,799	638,898	-	-	-	-	-	-

_	Due in 4~5	years	Over 5 ye	ears	Total	
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$232,273	\$7,270
Available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	126,820,845	3,969,354
Held-to-maturity financial assets	-	-	-	-	58,651,080	1,835,715
Investments in debt securities with						
no active market	-	-	-	-	20,412,799	638,898

Derivative financial instruments

	Less than of	ne year	Due in 1~2	2 years	Due in 2~3	years	Due in 3~4	years
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss	\$26,781	\$838	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Derivative financial assets for								
hedging	156,812	4,908	20,519	642	17,889	560	529,306	16,567
Financial liabilities at fair value								
through profit or loss	72,437	2,267	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities for								
hedging	15,531	486	12,091	379	-	-	-	-

-	Due in 4~5	years	Over 5 ye	ears	Tota	1
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss	\$26,629	\$834	\$-	\$-	\$53,410	\$1,672
Derivative financial assets for						
hedging	955,790	29,915	1,049	33	1,681,365	52,625
Financial liabilities at fair value						
through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	72,437	2,267
Derivative financial liabilities for						
hedging	-	-	1,100	34	28,722	899

(b) Credit risk

Cathay Life's doesn't exposure to concentrations of credit risk.

e. Hedge Accounting Disclosures

Cash flow hedges - IRS

The following table summarizes the terms of the Cathay life's interest rate swap for bonds used as hedging instruments at December 31, 2008 and 2009:

(a) December 31, 2008

Par v	alue	_		
NT\$	US\$	Exchange rate	Frequency	Maturity date
\$300,000	\$9,158	If 6ml<0.95%, 6ml	Half year	2009.1.7
		If 0.95%<6ml<2.0%,3.5%		
		If 2.0%<6ml, 4.8%-6ml		
200,000	6,105	If 6ml<0.95%, 6ml	Half year	2009.1.9
		If 0.95%<6ml<2.0%,3.5%		
		If 2.0%<6ml, 4.8%-6ml		
200,000	6,105	5.85%-6ml	Half year	2009.1.13
50,000	1,526	If $6ml \le 1\%, 6ml + 0.2\%$	Half year	2009.1.16
		If 1%<6ml<2%,3.15%		
		If 6ml≧2%, 4.15%-6ml		

NTS USS Exchange rate Frequency Maturity date \$247,500 \$7,555 ARMS Each quarter 2009,324 900,000 27,473 90DCP+100bps Each quarter 2009,520 200,000 6,105 4.000%-6ml Half year 2010,47 300,000 9,158 4.0002%-6ml Half year 2010,47 500,000 15,263 4.0007%-6ml Half year 2010,47 200,000 6,105 4.0003%-6ml Half year 2010,47 200,000 9,158 4.3%-12ml Yearly 2010,81 900,000 27,473 90DCP Each quarter 2010,81 900,000 17,813 90DCP Each quarter 2010,81 900,000 17,83 5.37%-6ml Yearly 2011,31 500,000 15,263 If 6ml<1.1%,6ml Half year 2013,32 2,000,000 61,050 90DCP+26,5ps Yearly 2013,32 2,000,000 61,050 90DCP+26,5ps Yearly	Par value				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	NT\$	US\$	Exchange rate	Frequency	Maturity date
200,000 6,105 4.000%-6ml Half year 2010.4.7 300,000 9,158 4.0002%-6ml Half year 2010.4.7 500,000 15,263 4.0007%-6ml Half year 2010.4.7 500,000 15,263 4.0007%-6ml Half year 2010.4.7 200,000 6,105 4.0003%-6ml Half year 2010.4.7 300,000 9,158 4.3%-12ml Yearly 2010.6.20 900,000 27,473 90DCP Each quarter 2010.8.18 600,000 18,315 90DCP Each quarter 2010.8.19 200,000 6,105 6.3%-6ml Yearly 2011.3.15 500,000 15,263 If 6ml<1.1%,6ml	\$247,500	\$7,555	ARMS	Each quarter	2009.3.24
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	900,000	27,473	90DCP+100bps	Each quarter	2009.5.20
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	200,000	6,105	4.000%-6ml	Half year	2010.4.7
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	300,000	9,158	4.0002%-6ml	Half year	2010.4.7
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	500,000	15,263	4.0006%-6ml	Half year	2010.4.7
300,000 9,158 4.3%-12ml Yearly 2010.6.20 900,000 27,473 90DCP Each quarter 2010.8.18 600,000 18,315 90DCP Each quarter 2010.8.19 200,000 6,105 6.3%-6ml Yearly 2011.1.17 300,000 9,158 5.37%-6ml Yearly 2011.3.15 500,000 15,263 If 6ml Half year 2013.3.26 2,000,000 61,050 90DCP Yearly 2013.3.26 2,000,000 61,050 90DCP Yearly 2013.1.2 2,000,000 61,050 90DCP+26.5bps Each quarter 2013.8.24 3,000,000 91,575 90DCP+26.5bps Yearly 2013.1.2 2,000,000 61,050 90DCP Yearly 2013.1.2.14 5,000,000 15,263 90DCP+26.5bps Yearly 2013.1.2.14 1,000,000 30,525 90DCP+26.5bps Yearly 2013.1.2.14 1,000,000 30,525 90DCP+26.5bps Yearly	500,000	15,263	4.0007%-6ml	Half year	2010.4.7
900,000 27,473 90DCP Each quarter 2010.8.18 600,000 18,315 90DCP Each quarter 2010.8.19 200,000 6,105 6.3%-6ml Yearly 2010.11.27 300,000 9,158 5.37%-6ml Yearly 2011.3.15 500,000 15,263 If 6ml<1.1%,6ml	200,000	6,105	4.0003%-6ml	Half year	2010.4.7
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	300,000	9,158	4.3%-12ml	Yearly	2010.6.20
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	900,000	27,473	90DCP	Each quarter	2010.8.18
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	600,000	18,315	90DCP	Each quarter	2010.8.19
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	200,000	6,105	6.3%-6ml	Yearly	2010.11.27
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	300,000	9,158	5.37%-6ml	Yearly	2011.3.15
If 6ml>2.0%,Max(5.50%-6ml)2,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2013.3.262,700,00082,41890DCP+25bpsEach quarter2013.8.243,000,00091,57590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.11.32,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2013.11.31,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.14500,00015,26390DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.141,500,00045,78890DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.3.121,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.6.122,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,000152,62590DCPYearly2014.8.231,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.202,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.20 <tr <tr="">2,000,00061,050</tr>	500,000	15,263	If 6ml<1.1%,6ml	Half year	2011.6.30
2,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2013.3.262,700,00082,41890DCP+25bpsEach quarter2013.8.243,000,00091,57590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.11.32,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2013.11.31,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.14500,00015,26390DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.141,500,00045,78890DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2014.3.121,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.3.121,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.6.122,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,000152,62590DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPEach quarter2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.20 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>If $1.1\% \leq 6ml \leq 2.0\%$, 3.8%</td><td></td><td></td></t<>			If $1.1\% \leq 6ml \leq 2.0\%$, 3.8%		
2,700,00082,41890DCP+25bpsEach quarter2013.8.243,000,00091,57590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.11.32,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2013.12.141,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.14500,00015,26390DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.141,500,00045,78890DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.16900,00027,47390DCPYearly2014.3.121,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,000152,62590DCPYearly2014.8.231,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.24			If 6ml>2.0%,Max(5.50%-6ml)		
3,000,00091,57590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.11.32,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2013.11.31,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.14500,00015,26390DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.141,500,00045,78890DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2014.3.121,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.3.121,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.6.122,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,000152,62590DCPYearly2014.8.231,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00097,68090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.24	2,000,000	61,050	90DCP	Yearly	2013.3.26
2,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2013.11.31,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.14500,00015,26390DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.141,500,00045,78890DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.16900,00027,47390DCPYearly2014.3.121,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.6.122,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,000152,62590DCPYearly2014.8.231,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.24	2,700,000	82,418	90DCP+25bps	Each quarter	2013.8.24
1,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.14500,00015,26390DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.141,500,00045,78890DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.16900,00027,47390DCPYearly2014.3.121,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.6.122,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,000152,62590DCPYearly2014.8.231,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00097,68090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.9.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.24	3,000,000	91,575	90DCP+26.5bps	Yearly	2013.11.3
500,00015,26390DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.141,500,00045,78890DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.16900,00027,47390DCPYearly2014.3.121,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.6.122,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,000152,62590DCPYearly2014.8.231,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPEach quarter2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.20	2,000,000	61,050	90DCP	Yearly	2013.11.3
1,500,00045,78890DCP+23bpsYearly2013.12.161,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.16900,00027,47390DCPYearly2014.3.121,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.6.122,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,000152,62590DCPYearly2014.8.231,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00097,68090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.9.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.292,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.24	1,000,000	30,525	90DCP+26.5bps	Yearly	2013.12.14
1,000,00030,52590DCP+26.5bpsYearly2013.12.16900,00027,47390DCPYearly2014.3.121,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.6.122,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,000152,62590DCPYearly2014.8.231,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00097,68090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.20	500,000	15,263	90DCP+23bps	Yearly	2013.12.14
900,00027,47390DCPYearly2014.3.121,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.6.122,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,000152,62590DCPYearly2014.8.231,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00097,68090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPEach quarter2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.20	1,500,000	45,788	90DCP+23bps	Yearly	2013.12.16
1,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.6.122,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,000152,62590DCPYearly2014.8.231,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00097,68090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPEach quarter2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.20	1,000,000	30,525	90DCP+26.5bps	Yearly	2013.12.16
2,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.6.295,000,000152,62590DCPYearly2014.8.231,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00097,68090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPEach quarter2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.20	900,000	27,473	90DCP	Yearly	2014.3.12
5,000,000152,62590DCPYearly2014.8.231,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00097,68090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPEach quarter2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.20	1,000,000	30,525	90DCP	Yearly	2014.6.12
1,000,00030,52590DCPYearly2014.9.203,200,00097,68090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPEach quarter2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.24	2,000,000	61,050	90DCP	Yearly	2014.6.29
3,200,00097,68090DCPYearly2014.9.272,000,00061,05090DCPEach quarter2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.24	5,000,000	152,625	90DCP	Yearly	2014.8.23
2,000,00061,05090DCPEach quarter2014.9.281,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.24	1,000,000	30,525	90DCP	Yearly	2014.9.20
1,500,00045,78890DCPYearly2014.9.292,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.24	3,200,000	97,680	90DCP	Yearly	2014.9.27
2,500,00076,31390DCPYearly2014.12.202,000,00061,05090DCPYearly2014.12.24	2,000,000	61,050	90DCP	Each quarter	2014.9.28
2,000,000 61,050 90DCP Yearly 2014.12.24	1,500,000	45,788	90DCP	Yearly	2014.9.29
	2,500,000	76,313	90DCP	Yearly	2014.12.20
- 24,000 6ml Half year 2014.3.24	2,000,000	61,050	90DCP	Yearly	2014.12.24
	-	24,000	6ml	Half year	2014.3.24

(b) December 31, 2009

Par value				
NT\$	US\$	Exchange rate	Frequency	Maturity date
\$200,000	\$6,260	4.000%-6ml	Half year	2010.4.7
300,000	9,390	4.0002%-6ml	Half year	2010.4.7
500,000	15,649	4.0006%-6ml	Half year	2010.4.7
500,000	15,649	4.0007%-6ml	Half year	2010.4.7
200,000	6,260	4.0003%-6ml	Half year	2010.4.7
300,000	9,390	4.3%-12ml	Yearly	2010.6.20
900,000	28,169	90DCP	Each quarter	2010.8.18
600,000	18,779	90DCP	Each quarter	2010.8.19
200,000	6,260	6.3%-6ml	Yearly	2010.11.27
300,000	9,390	5.37%-6ml	Yearly	2011.3.15
500,000	15,649	If 6ml<1.1%,6ml	Half year	2011.6.30
		If $1.1\% \leq 6ml \leq 2.0\%$, 3.8%		
		If 6ml>2.0%,Max(5.50%-6ml)		
2,000,000	62,598	90DCP	Each quarter	2011.9.9
1,000,000	31,299	90DCP	Each quarter	2012.6.26
2,000,000	62,598	90DCP	Each quarter	2012.9.9
2,000,000	62,598	90DCP	Each quarter	2012.10.11
700,000	21,909	90DCP	Each quarter	2012.11.24
2,000,000	62,598	90DCP	Yearly	2013.3.26
2,425,000	75,900	90DCP	Each quarter	2013.4.24
2,700,000	84,507	90DCP+25bps	Each quarter	2013.8.24
3,000,000	93,897	90DCP+26.5bps	Yearly	2013.11.3
2,000,000	62,598	90DCP	Yearly	2013.11.3
1,000,000	31,299	90DCP+26.5bps	Yearly	2013.12.14
500,000	15,649	90DCP+23bps	Yearly	2013.12.14
1,500,000	46,948	90DCP+23bps	Yearly	2013.12.16
1,000,000	31,299	90DCP+26.5bps	Yearly	2013.12.16
900,000	28,169	90DCP	Yearly	2014.3.12
1,000,000	31,299	90DCP	Yearly	2014.6.12
2,000,000	62,598	90DCP	Yearly	2014.6.29
5,000,000	156,495	90DCP	Yearly	2014.8.23
1,000,000	31,299	90DCP	Yearly	2014.9.20
3,200,000	100,156	90DCP	Yearly	2014.9.27
2,000,000	62,598	90DCP	Each quarter	2014.9.28
1,500,000	46,948	90DCP	Yearly	2014.9.29
2,500,000	78,247	90DCP	Yearly	2014.12.20
2,000,000	62,598	90DCP	Yearly	2014.12.24
2,543,500	79,609	90DCP	Each quarter	2016.10.23

The terms of interest rate swap agreements are established based on the terms of the

bonds being hedged.

Cathay Life's interest rate swap agreements are considered to be highly effective cash flow hedges. As of December, 2008 and 2009, unrealized gains (losses) on these financial instruments recognized in equity are NT\$2,783,260 (US\$84,959) thousands and NT\$1,631,880 (US\$51,076) thousands, respectively.

Fair value hedges

The following table summarizes the terms of Cathay Life's credit default swap for bonds used as hedging instruments at December 31, 2008 and 2009:

December 31, 2008

Par value		
US\$	Hedge item	Maturity date
\$45,000	CDO	2012.09.20

©December 31, 2009

 Par value		
 US\$	Hedge item	Maturity date
\$30,000	CDO	2010.09.23
20,000	CDO	2012.06.20
7,000	Structured notes	2014.03.20
3,000	Structured notes	2014.03.20

The terms of credit default swap agreements are established based on the terms of the bonds being hedged.

Cathy Life's credit default swap agreements are considered to be highly effective fair value hedges. As of December 31, 2008, unrealized losses on these financial instruments recognized in profit or loss are NT\$(81,536) (US\$(2,489)) thousands. As of December 31, 2009, unrealized losses on these financial instruments recognized in profit and (loss) were NT\$(191,450) (US\$(5,992)) thousands recorded as losses from valuation on financial assets by NT\$(272,986) (US\$(8,544)) thousands and profits from valuation on financial liabilities by NT\$81,536 (US\$2,552) thousands, respectively.

The following table summarizes the terms of Cathay Life's interest rate swap for

bonds used as hedging instruments at December 31, 2008 and 2009:

(a) December 31, 2008

None

(b) December 31, 2009

Par value	_	
US\$	Hedge item	Maturity date
\$20,000	Debenture with no active market	2019.09.18
20,000	Debenture with no active market	2019.09.29
30,000	Debenture with no active market	2019.09.30
20,000	Debenture with no active market	2019.10.07
20,000	Debenture with no active market	2019.12.01

The Company's interest rate swap agreements are considered to be highly effective fair value hedges. As of December 31, 2009, unrealized profit on these financial instruments recognized in profit or (loss) was NT\$143,750 (US\$4,499) thousands recorded as profits from valuation on financial assets.

f. Financial risk management objectives and policies

Cathay Life's financial assets primarily consist of domestic or foreign common stocks, preferred stocks, government bonds, corporate bonds, repurchase bonds, structured notes, mortgage-backed securities, mutual funds, project investments, short-term notes, cash and cash equivalents.

Cathay Life also enters into derivative transactions such as stock index options, index futures, interest rate futures, interest rate swaps, currency forwards, cross currency swap and credit default swaps to protect against the price risk of stock value, interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and credit risk from investment activities. Cathay Life does not enter into derivative transactions for increasing investment income; however, the derivatives not qualified for hedge accounting are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The primary risks involved in financial instruments are market risk, credit risk,

operational risk, liquidity risk and sovereign risk. In addition to compliance with the risk management policies and guidance from the Company, Cathay Life has also established risk management systems such as the VaR model, the credit evaluation model, the integrated appraisal and collection, and the concentration management systems to monitor and manage Cathay Life's risks. The risk management policies are summarized as follow:

Market Risk

Market risk is the exposure to uncertain market value of a portfolio, including interest rate risk, stock price risk and foreign currency risk, etc. Cathay Life conducts analysis and assessments of the investment targets before any investment decisions are made. In addition, VaR model in connection with scenario analysis, stress testing, back testing, Position Limit, VaR Limit and Loss Limit are used to effectively manage the market risk of Cathay Life's financial instruments.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss arising from the potential default of the counter-party. In order to minimize Cathay Life's exposure to the credit risk, following evaluations and controls are performed.

Cathay Life has taken the credit concentration index of each conglomerate into the consideration of establishing Lending Policy to prevent from over-exposure. Strict credit evaluations are carried out by Cathay Life before committing to business lending, mortgage lending, policy loan, and security investments. All business lendings are secured by land, property, plant and equipments or financial guarantees.

Assessments on the mortgage repayment ability and personal credits are conducted before the mortgages are granted. The total mortgage amounts granted are based on a different percentage of the carrying value which varies according to regions where the secured buildings locate.

For policy loans, the credit risk level is assessed at low as the policy loan amounts are limited to their net realizable value of the insurance policy and hence are deemed as fully secured investments.

An internal credit risk evaluation model for investments in financial instruments has

been created based on external credit assessments and various characteristics of financial instruments. Cathay Life also monitors the credit risk level of the investment targets, issuers or counter-parties by evaluating the credit concentration of the investments or counter-parties.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss due to inadequate or failed internal controls, employee fraud or misconduct and management negligence. To mitigate the operational risk, Cathay Life has adopted and implemented the internal control regulations and procedures. Cathay Life has also commenced the development of information systems to accommodate and support the aforementioned policies.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk stemming from the lack of marketability of an investment that can not be bought or sold quickly enough to prevent or minimize a loss. Cathay Life has primarily sought to achieve the flexible cash flow and stable liquidity by utilizing the deposits in financial institutions, short-term notes (includes repurchase agreement) and domestic bond funds. In pursuit of these goals, Cathay Life also conducts analysis of assets allocation, liquid asset ratio and cash flows to ensure the effectiveness and timeliness of managing liquidity risk.

Sovereign Risk

Sovereign risk is the risk of market price fluctuation or default of the issuers due to the political or economical issues in the country where investments are located. Cathay Life categorizes and manages the investment risk based on each country or region, as well as regularly monitors the concentration of foreign countries to minimize its country risk.

C. Cathay United Bank

a. Information of fair value

	December 31, 2008				
(N	VT\$)	(US	\$)		
Carrying		Carrying			
amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value		
\$38,910,838	\$38,910,838	\$1,187,755	\$1,187,755		
98,016,783	98,016,783	2,991,965	2,991,965		
221,460,972	221,538,920	6,760,103	6,762,482		
4,094,875	(Note)	124,996	(Note)		
928,156,040	928,156,040	28,331,992	28,331,992		
32,713,796	32,713,796	998,590	998,590		
18,865,978	18,865,978	575,885	575,885		
1,200,825,206	1,200,825,206	36,655,226	36,655,226		
6,785,149	6,785,149	207,117	207,117		
784,345	784,345	23,942	23,942		
882,526	882,526	26,939	26,939		
7,878,829	7,878,829	240,502	240,502		
128,921	128,921	3,935	3,935		
354,397	354,397	10,818	10,818		
2,633,334	2,633,334	80,383	80,383		
770,571	770,571	23,522	23,522		
5,229,128	5,229,128	159,619	159,619		
4,941,705	4,941,705	150,846	150,846		
88,788	88,788	2,710	2,710		
354,400	354,400	10,818	10,818		
729,060	729,060	22,254	22,254		
46,838	46,838	1,430	1,430		
	Carrying amount \$38,910,838 98,016,783 221,460,972 4,094,875 928,156,040 32,713,796 18,865,978 1,200,825,206 6,785,149 784,345 882,526 7,878,829 128,921 354,397 2,633,334 770,571 5,229,128 4,941,705 88,788 354,400 729,060	Carrying amountFair value\$38,910,838\$38,910,83898,016,78398,016,78398,016,78398,016,783221,460,972221,538,9204,094,875(Note)928,156,040928,156,04032,713,79632,713,79618,865,97818,865,9781,200,825,2061,200,825,2061,200,825,2061,200,825,2067,878,8297,878,829128,921128,921354,397354,3972,633,3342,633,334770,571770,5715,229,1285,229,1284,941,7054,941,70588,78888,788354,400354,400729,060729,060	Carrying Carrying amount Fair value amount \$338,910,838 \$38,910,838 \$1,187,755 98,016,783 98,016,783 2,991,965 221,460,972 221,538,920 6,760,103 4,094,875 (Note) 124,996 928,156,040 928,156,040 28,331,992 32,713,796 32,713,796 998,590 18,865,978 18,865,978 575,885 1,200,825,206 1,200,825,206 36,655,226 6,785,149 6,785,149 207,117 784,345 784,345 23,942 882,526 882,526 26,939 7,878,829 7,878,829 240,502 128,921 128,921 3,935 354,397 354,397 10,818 2,633,334 2,633,334 80,383 770,571 770,571 23,522 5,229,128 5,229,128 159,619 4,941,705 4,941,705 150,846 88,788 8,788 2,710		

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese (Expressed in thousand of dollars except for share and per

share date and unless otherwise stated)

	(N	T\$)	(US	\$)
	Carrying		Carrying	
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$33,752,996	\$33,752,996	\$1,056,432	\$1,056,432
Available-for-sale financial assets	97,991,344	97,991,344	3,067,022	3,067,022
Held-to-maturity financial assets and debt securities with	no			
active market	373,870,517	373,905,291	11,701,738	11,702,826
Other financial assets-financial assets carried at cost	4,000,440	(Note)	125,209	(Note)
Others	950,035,191	950,035,191	29,735,060	29,735,060
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	18,029,523	18,029,523	564,304	564,304
Financial debentures payable	16,437,209	16,437,209	514,467	514,467
Others	1,374,491,058	1,374,491,058	43,020,064	43,020,064
Derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Forward	591,826	591,826	18,523	18,523
Non-delivery forward	10,402	10,402	326	326
Currency swap	3,187,797	3,187,797	99,775	99,775
Interest rate swap	4,382,566	4,382,566	137,170	137,170
Cross currency swap	308,869	308,869	9,667	9,667
Options	113,502	113,502	3,552	3,552
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Forward	2,796,876	2,796,876	87,539	87,539
Non-delivery forward	9,014	9,014	282	282
Currency swap	982,839	982,839	30,762	30,762
Interest rate swap	2,789,443	2,789,443	87,306	87,306
Cross currency swap	229,282	229,282	7,176	7,176
Options	113,503	113,503	3,553	3,553
Credit derivative instruments	43,701	43,701	1,368	1,368
Credit default swap	2,800	2,800	88	88

Note: Fair value cannot be reliably estimated.

b. The methodologies and assumptions used by Cathay United Bank to estimate the

above fair value of financial instruments are summarized as following:

- (a) The carrying value of short-term financial instruments, such as cash and cash equivalents, receivables, securities purchased under agreements to resell, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, payables, refundable deposits, guarantee deposits, borrowed funds, due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks and due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks arising in the ordinary course of business, approximate fair value because of the relatively short period of time between their origination and expected realization.
- (b) Quoted market prices, if available, are utilized as estimates of the fair values of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, available-for-sale financial instruments, held-to-maturity financial assets and debt securities with no active market. If no quoted market prices exist for certain of Cathay United Bank's financial instruments, the fair value of such instruments has been derived based on pricing models. A pricing model incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price. Cathay United Bank uses discount rates equal to the prevailing rates of return for financial instruments with similar characteristics.
- (c) Discounts, loans and deposits are classified as interest-bearing financial assets. Thus, their face values are equivalent to their fair values.

The face value of delinquent accounts deducted from allowance for doubtful accounts is adopted fair values.

- (d) Fair value of financial debentures payable is based on quoted market price. If quoted market price is not available, pricing models are utilized to assess the fair value of such instruments.
- (e) If there is a quoted market price in an active market, the quoted market price of derivative financial instruments is regarded as fair value. Otherwise, if the market for a derivative financial instrument is not active, Cathay United Bank assesses fair value by using pricing models.
- c. The fair values of Cathay United Bank's financial assets or liabilities determined by

quoted market price	or prising models are	summarized as fellowing.
quoted market price	of pricing models are	summarized as following:
1 1	1 0	U

	Value deter	rmined by	Value deter	mined by	
	quoted ma	rket price	pricing models		
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$38,600,569	\$1,178,284	\$310,269	\$9,471	
Available-for-sale financial assets	90,706,744	2,768,826	7,310,039	223,139	
Held-to-maturity financial assets and debt securities with					
no active market	182,652,497	5,575,473	38,886,423	1,187,009	
Others	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)	
Liabilities					
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	32,713,796	998,590	
Financial debentures payable	-	-	18,865,978	575,885	
Others	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)	
Derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Forward	-	-	6,785,149	207,117	
Non-delivery forward	-	-	784,345	23,942	
Currency swap	-	-	882,526	26,939	
Interest rate swap	-	-	7,878,829	240,502	
Cross currency swap	-	-	128,921	3,935	
Options	-	-	354,397	10,818	
Liabilities					
Forward	-	-	2,633,334	80,383	
Non-delivery forward	-	-	770,571	23,522	
Currency swap	-	-	5,229,128	159,619	
Interest rate swap	-	-	4,941,705	150,846	
Cross currency swap	-	-	88,788	2,710	
Options	-	-	354,400	10,818	
Credit derivative instruments	-	-	729,060	22,254	
Credit default swap	-	-	46,838	1,430	

	Value deter	mined by	Value dete	rmined by
	quoted man	ket price	pricing	models
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$4,439,415	\$138,949	\$29,313,581	\$917,483
Available-for-sale financial assets	81,486,623	2,550,442	16,504,721	516,580
Held-to-maturity financial assets and debt securities with				
no active market	1,907,217	59,694	371,998,074	11,643,132
Others	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)
Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	18,029,523	564,304
Financial debentures payable	-	-	16,437,209	514,467
Others	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)
Derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Forward	-	-	591,826	18,523
Non-delivery forward	-	-	10,402	326
Currency swap	-	-	3,187,797	99,775
Interest rate swap	-	-	4,382,566	137,170
Cross currency swap	-	-	308,869	9,667
Options	-	-	113,502	3,552
Liabilities				
Forward	-	-	2,796,876	87,539
Non-delivery forward	-	-	9,014	282
Currency swap	-	-	982,839	30,762
Interest rate swap	-	-	2,789,443	87,306
Cross currency swap	-	-	229,282	7,176
Options	-	-	113,503	3,553
Credit derivative instruments	-	-	43,701	1,368
Credit default swap	-	-	2,800	88

Note: Most of such assets and liabilities are receivables, discounts and loans, deposit and remittances, etc. The amount of fair value is not determined by quoted market price or pricing models but it is assumed that the carrying amounts approximate to their fair value.

d. Gains or losses recognized for the changes in fair value of financial asset or liabilities

determined by pricing models were losses NT\$1,020,262 (US\$31,144) and gains NT\$1,359,942 (US\$42,565) for the nine-month periods ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, respectively.

- e. The interest income arising from other than financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss for the year ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 were NT\$39,499,218 (US\$1,205,715) and NT\$23,310,887 (US\$729,605), and expenses were NT\$18,969,351 (US\$579,040) and NT\$9,485,214 (US\$296,877), respectively.
- f. Cathay United Bank recognized an unrealized gains or losses of NT\$1,135,238 (US\$34,653) and NT\$3,102,314 (US\$97,099) in shareholders' equity for the changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets and a realized gains of NT\$70,567 (US\$2,154) and NT\$1,472,472 (US\$46,087) in income statements, for the year ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, respectively.
- g. Information on financial risk
 - (a) Market risk

Market risk is the potential loss arising from adverse movements of market price, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity securities.

ⓐ Interest rate risk

If interest rates are rising, the fair values of Cathay United Bank's fixed-rate bond investments such as government bonds and corporate bonds may decline.

b Foreign exchange risk

Cathay United Bank manages foreign exchange risk by matching foreign currency assets and liabilities. Cathay United Bank trades in currencies and derivative instruments, primarily spot and forward exchange contracts and currency swaps, to manage asset and liability positions and hedge against Cathay United Bank's commercial positions. As most of foreign currency assets and liabilities are matched, the foreign exchange risk is insignificant.

ⓒ Equity securities price risk

Cathay United Bank may expose to risk when the price of equity securities, such as stocks, mutual funds and TAIEX Futures and Options, moves in adverse direction.

Cathay United Bank adopts many methodologies to manage its market risk. Value-at-risk (VAR) is one of the methodologies. VAR is statistical measure that assesses potential losses that might be caused by changes in risk factors over a specified period of time and at a specific level of statistical confidence.

January 1 ~ December 31, 2008						
	Average balance Maximum balance Minimum balance					n balance
Factors of market risk	(NT\$) (US\$) (NT\$) (US\$)			(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Interest rate	\$176,570	\$5,390	\$293,710	\$8,966	\$71,356	\$2,178
Foreign exchange	264,597	8,077	434,482	13,263	143,629	4,384
Equity Securities price	126,425	3,859	208,847	6,375	66,379	2,026

January 1 ~ December 31, 2009						
	Average balance Maximum balance Minimum balance					
Factors of market risk	(NT\$) (US\$) (NT\$) (US\$)				(NT\$)	(US\$)
Interest rate	\$469,921	\$14,708	\$685,573	\$21,458	\$260,585	\$8,156
Foreign exchange	277,307	8,679	580,316	18,163	111,744	3,497
Equity Securities price	130,914	4,097	175,459	5,492	70,017	2,191

Cathay United Bank enters into a variety of derivatives transactions for both trading and nontrading purposes. The objectives in using derivative instruments are to meet customers' needs, to manage Cathay United Bank's exposure to risks and to generate revenues through trading activities. Cathay United Bank provides trades derivative instruments on behalf of customers and for its own positions. Cathay United Bank provides derivative contracts to address customer demands for customized derivatives and also takes proprietary positions for its own accounts.

Market risk factor sensitivity is one of the tools to manage market risk. Market risk factor sensitivities of a position are defined as the change in the value of a position caused by a unit shift in a given market factor. Market risk factor sensitivities include interest rate, foreign exchange rate and equity factor sensitivities.

	NT\$	US\$
Foreign exchange rate factor sensitivity (FX Delta)		
USD+1%	\$419,445	\$13,128
HKD+1%	18,490	579
JPY+1%	12,275	384
NTD+1%	(453,170)	(14,184)
Interest rate factor sensitivity (PVBP)		
Yield curves (USD) parallel shift	t+1bp (13,474)	(472)
Yield curves (HKD) parallel shif	ft+1bp (86)	(3)
Yield curves (JPY) parallel shift-	+1bp (28)	(1)
Yield curves (NTD) parallel shif	t+1bp (19,752)	(618)
Equity securities price factor sensitivity (Equity Delta)	67,313	2,107

Foreign exchange rate factor sensitivities ("FX delta") represent the change of the foreign exchange portfolios caused by the underlying currency exchange rate fluctuation.

Interest rate factor sensitivities (the present value of one basis point, or "PVBP") represent the change in the net present value of the interest rate derivatives portfolios caused by a parallel unit shift of 0.01% (1 basis point) in the interest rates in various yield curves affecting the portfolio. Cathay United Bank's interest rate-sensitive portfolios include bonds, interest rate swaps and structured products composed of such products.

Equity securities price factor sensitivities ("Equity delta") represent the change of the equity securities price portfolio caused by the underlying stocks prices fluctuation. Cathay United Bank's equity portfolios include stocks and equity index options.

	Stress	Test
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		Effects		
Market/ Product	Scenarios	(In thousand o	of dollars)	
		(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Staals Markat	Major Stock Exchanges +15%	\$1,009,698	\$31,602	
Stock Market	Major Stock Exchanges -15%	(1,009,698)	(31,602)	
Interest Rate/Bond Market	Major Interest Rate + 100bp	(3,245,044)	(101,566)	
Interest Kale/Bond Market	Major Interest Rate - 100bp	3,012,188	94,278	
Environ Environ Mentert	Major Currencies +3%	1,411,004	44,163	
Foreign Exchange Market	Major Currencies -3%	(1,328,807)	(41,590)	
	Major Stock Exchanges -15%			
Composite	Major Interest Rate + 100bp	(2,843,738)	(89,006)	
	Major Currencies +3%			

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk of loss that the Bank would incur if counterparty fails to perform Cathay United Bank's contractual obligations.

To centralize risk management functions currently handled by different departments, Cathay United Bank's board of directors resolved that a risk management department would be established to manage the credit risk. The objectives of credit risk management are to improve asset quality and to generate stable profits while reducing risk through a diversified and balanced loan portfolio. Cathay United Bank's board of directors sets the counterparty credit limits, which are then implemented by credit committee. The credit committee also monitors current and potential credit exposure to individual counterparty and on an aggregate basis to counterparties and their affiliates. Cathay United Bank performs periodic and systematic detailed reviews of its lending portfolios to identify credit risks and to assess the overall collectability of those portfolios.

Cathay United Bank maintains a strict policy to evaluate customers' credit ratings when providing loan commitments and commercial letters of credit transactions. Certain customers are required to provide appropriate collateral for the related loans, and Cathay United Bank retains the legal right to foreclose on or liquidate the collateral.

ⓐ Information on concentrations of credit risk:

	December 31, 2008			
-			Maximum credi	t risk exposed
	Carrying	, value	amou	int
Financial assets	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$38,910,838	\$1,187,755	\$38,910,838	\$1,187,755
Available-for-sale financial assets	98,016,783	2,991,965	98,016,783	2,991,965
Held-to-maturity financial assets and debt				
securities with no active market	221,460,972	6,760,103	221,460,972	6,760,103
Other financial assets-financial assets carried at				
cost	4,094,875	124,996	4,094,875	124,996
Others	928,156,040	28,331,992	928,156,040	28,331,992
Guarantees on duties and contracts	-	-	16,670,523	508,868
Unused commercial letters of credit	-	-	2,390,960	72,984
Irrevocable loan commitments	-	-	38,241,377	1,167,319
Credit card line commitments	-	-	268,448,361	8,194,394
Derivative financial instruments				
Forward	6,785,149	207,117	6,785,149	207,117
Non-delivery forward	784,345	23,942	784,345	23,942
Currency swap	882,526	26,939	882,526	26,939
Interest rate swap	7,878,829	240,502	7,878,829	240,502
Cross currency swap	128,921	3,935	128,921	3,935
Options	354,397	10,818	354,397	10,818
		December	31, 2009	

			Maximum credi	it risk exposed	
	Carrying	Carrying value		amount	
Financial assets	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$33,752,996	\$1,056,432	\$33,752,996	\$1,056,432	
Available-for-sale financial assets	97,991,344	3,067,022	97,991,344	3,067,022	
Held-to-maturity financial assets and debt					
securities with no active market	373,870,517	11,701,738	373,870,517	11,701,738	
Other financial assets-financial assets carried at					
cost	4,000,440	125,209	4,000,440	125,209	
Others	950,035,191	29,735,060	950,035,191	29,735,060	
Guarantees on duties and contracts	-	-	15,798,961	494,490	
Unused commercial letters of credit	-	-	3,520,713	110,194	
Irrevocable loan commitments	-	-	34,165,997	1,069,358	
Credit card line commitments	-	-	257,571,261	8,061,698	

			Maximum credit risk exposed		
	Carrying value		amou	int	
Financial assets	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Derivative financial instruments					
Forward	\$591,826	\$18,523	\$591,826	\$18,523	
Non-delivery forward	10,402	326	10,402	326	
Currency swap	3,187,797	99,775	3,187,797	99,775	
Interest rate swap	4,382,566	137,170	4,382,566	137,170	
Cross currency swap	308,869	9,667	308,869	9,667	
Options	113,502	3,552	113,502	3,552	

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(b) Cathay United Bank does not believe it has high levels of risk concentration with regard to any single customer or transaction. However, Cathay United Bank is likely to be exposed to regional or industry concentration risk. Cathay United Bank's information of concentration of credit risk is as follows:

	December 31,			
Loans, customers' liabilities under acceptances,	200	08	200	09
and guarantees account	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Industry type				
Manufacturing	\$136,535,182	\$4,167,741	\$135,491,126	\$4,240,724
Financial institutions and insurance	42,997,455	1,312,499	35,823,850	1,121,247
Leasing and real estate	78,087,199	2,383,614	80,406,880	2,516,647
Individuals	432,419,931	13,199,631	425,995,574	13,333,195
Others	142,745,603	4,357,314	149,351,672	4,674,544
Total	832,785,370	25,420,799	827,069,102	25,886,357
Valuation allowance	(8,333,394)	(254,377)	(6,062,695)	(189,756)
Maximum credit risk exposed	\$824,451,976	\$25,166,422	\$821,006,407	\$25,696,601

Loans, customers' liabilities under acceptances,	2008		2009			
and guarantees account	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Geographic Region						
Domestic	\$741,552,795	\$22,635,922	\$746,057,104	\$23,350,770		
South East Asia	27,761,520	847,421	23,753,704	743,465		
North East Asia	215,157	6,568	1,108,292	34,688		
America	18,529,668	565,619	15,960,143	499,535		
Others	44,726,230	1,365,269	40,189,859	1,257,899		
Total	832,785,370	25,420,799	827,069,102	25,886,357		
Valuation allowance	(8,333,394)	(254,377)	(6,062,695)	(189,756)		
Maximum credit risk exposed	\$824,451,976	\$25,166,422	\$821,006,407	\$25,696,601		

(c) Liquidity risk

The purpose of liquidity risk management is to ensure the availability of funds to meet present and future financial obligations.

Liquidity is also managed by ensuring that the excess of maturing liabilities over maturing assets in any period is kept to manageable levels relative to the amount of funds Cathay United Bank believes that it can generate within that period. As part of the liquidity risk management, Cathay United Bank focuses on a number of components, including tapping available sources of liquidity, preserving necessary funds at reasonable cost and continuous contingency planning.

Cathay United Bank's assets and liabilities management committee is responsible for overall liquidity risk management. Cathay United Bank's liquidity policy focuses on cash flow management, interbank funding capacity and the maintenance of sufficient liquid assets. The treasury department is responsible for daily operation and monitoring. The primary tools for monitoring liquidity include measurement of liquidity risk, analysis of interest rate sensitivity and scenario simulation, and continuous contingency planning. Cathay United Bank manages liquidity risks across all classes of assets and liabilities with the goal that even under adverse conditions.

The liquidity risk rate was 39.37%. Capital and working capital of Cathay United Bank have sufficed to deliver contracts. Cathay United Bank has raised sufficient capital to execute the obligations so that it is without liquidity risk.

(d) Cash flow risk and fair value risk from interest rate fluctuation

Cathay United Bank's financial debentures payable was matched with the interest rate swap and currency swap contracts which had been transferred from fixed rate to floating rate.

Except for default or redemption in advance, expected reset and maturity dates of interest-bearing financial instruments are confirmed under related contracts. As of December 31, 2009, there is no significant change in these dates.

As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, respectively, the effective interest rates of financial instruments held and issued by Cathay United Bank are classified as follows:

	Effective interest rate (%)		
Financial instruments	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2009	
Available-for-sale financial assets			
Bonds	1.4922~6.7847	0.3457~6.6626	
Overseas financial instruments	2.1918	0~7.75	
Held-to-maturity financial assets			
Bonds	2.0981~6.9650	2.2292~6.9559	
Overseas financial instruments	1.34	0~7.2864	
Investments in debt securities with no active market			
Preferred stocks	5	5	
Certificates of deposit	1.02~2.359	0.57~0.71	
Overseas financial instruments	0~6.014	0~11.61	
Financial debentures payable	2~5.593	2.42~5.593	

i. Fair value hedge

The interest rate swap is used to hedge interest rate fluctuations of financial debentures payable with fixed rate:

	Hedging instruments				
		Financial assets (liabilities) fair value			
	Derivative designated as	Decembe	r 31, 2008	December	31, 2009
Hedged item	hedging instruments	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Financial debentures payable	Interest rate swap	\$2,488,654	\$75,966	\$916,995	\$28,701

The hedge is regarded as highly effective, at inception and throughout the life of the

hedge, Cathay United Bank can expect changes in the fair value of the hedged item that are attributable to the hedged risk to be almost fully offset by the changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument and actual results are within a range of 80~125 percent.

D. Cathay Century

a. Information of fair value

	December 31, 2008			
	(N	T\$)	(US\$)	
	Carrying		Carrying	
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Cash and Cash equivalents	\$3,567,735	\$3,567,735	\$108,905	\$108,905
Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
loss - current	218,766	218,766	6,678	6,678
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	2,983,818	2,983,818	91,081	91,081
Held-to-maturity financial assets-current	310,080	310,080	9,465	9,465
Investments in debt securities with no active				
market-current	100,131	100,131	3,057	3,057
Receivables	2,249,834	2,249,834	68,676	68,676
Prepaid reinsurance premiums ceded	1,409,385	1,409,385	43,021	43,021
Claims recoverable from reinsurers	1,140,919	1,140,919	34,827	34,827
Due from reinsurers and ceding companies	207,042	207,042	6,320	6,320
Account receivable-reinsurance	26,554	26,554	811	811
Secured loans	1,499,614	1,499,614	45,776	45,776
Held-to-maturity financial assets- noncurrent	3,261,547	3,261,547	99,559	99,559
Financial assets carried at cost-noncurrent	25,500	25,500	778	778
Investments under equity method	1,285,997	1,285,997	39,255	39,255
Guarantee deposits paid	570,993	570,993	17,430	17,430
Liabilities				
Claims outstanding	15,209	15,209	464	464
Due to reinsurers and ceding companies	458,211	458,211	13,987	13,987
Account payable-reinsurance	838,615	838,615	25,599	25,599
Operating and liabilities reserve	14,073,121	14,073,121	429,583	429,583

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

(Expressed in thousand of dollars except for share and per

share date and unless otherwise stated)

	(N	(NT\$)		5\$)	
	Carrying		Carrying		
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Derivative financial asset for hedging					
-current					
IRS	\$41,005	\$41,005	\$1,252	\$1,252	
Liabilities					
Financial liabilities at fair value through					
Profit or loss-current					
Forward and SWAP	66,908	66,908	2,042	2,042	
		December	31, 2009	, 2009	
	(NT\$)		(US\$)		
	Carrying		Carrying		
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Cash and Cash equivalents	\$5,656,922	\$5,656,922	\$177,055	\$177,055	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or					
loss - current	671,592	671,592	21,020	21,020	
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	3,372,772	3,372,772	105,564	105,564	
Receivables	2,326,565	2,326,565	72,819	72,819	
Prepaid reinsurance premiums ceded	1,292,483	1,292,483	40,453	40,453	
Claims recoverable from reinsurers	1,077,694	1,077,694	33,731	33,731	
Due from reinsurers and ceding companies	72,428	72,428	2,267	2,267	
Account receivable - reinsurance	45,046	45,046	1,410	1,410	
Secured loans	1,144,564	1,144,564	35,823	35,823	
Held-to-maturity financial assets - noncurrent	3,005,706	3,005,706	94,075	94,075	
Financial assets carried at cost-noncurrent	25,500	25,500	798	798	
nvestments in debt securities with no active					
market-noncurrent	300,000	300,000	9,390	9,390	

market-noncurrent300,000300,0009,390Investments under equity method859,351859,35126,897Guarantee deposits paid530,811530,81116,614

December 31, 2009

26,897

16,614

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese (Expressed in thousand of dollars except for share and per

	(N	(NT\$)		5\$)	
	Carrying		Carrying		
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Liabilities					
Claims outstanding	\$22,817	\$22,817	\$714	\$714	
Due to reinsurers and ceding companies	380,888	380,888	11,608	11,608	
Account payable - reinsurance	579,203	579,203	18,129	18,129	
Operating and liabilities reserve	14,508,210	14,508,210	454,091	454,091	
Derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or					
loss-current					
Option	107	107	3	3	
Forward and SWAP	38,458	38,458	1,204	1,204	
Derivative financial assets for					
hedging-current					
IRS	27,213	27,213	852	852	

share date and unless otherwise stated)

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values of the financial instruments are as follows:
 - (a) The fair value of Cathay Century's short-term financial instruments is based on the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. The method is applied to cash and cash equivalents, receivables and payables, prepaid reinsurance premiums ceded, claims recoverable from reinsurers, due from reinsurers and ceding companies, secured loans, claims outstanding, due to reinsurers and ceding companies, operating and liability reserve.
 - (b) The fair value of the guarantee deposits paid and guarantee deposits received is based on the carrying amount.
 - (c) Quoted market prices, if available, are utilized as estimating of the fair value of

held-to-maturity financial assets. If no quoted market prices exist for Cathay Century's held-to-maturity financial assets, the fair value of financial assets has been derived based on pricing models. A pricing model incorporates all information that market participants would consider in setting a price. Cathay Century uses discount rates equal to the prevailing rates of return for financial instruments with similar characteristics. The characteristics involve debtor's credit standing, residual period of contracted fixed interest rates, residual period of principal repayment and currency of payment.

- (d) The fair value of Cathay Century's current and noncurrent financial asset or liabilities was based on market prices at the reporting date if market prices are not available. When market prices are not available, their fair values are estimated based on their carrying amounts and any other relevant financial information.
- (e) If no quoted market prices exist for Cathay Century's investments accounted for equity method, then their fair value is taken as approximating their carrying amounts when no permanent market value decline exists.
- c. The fair values of financial assets or liabilities determined by quoted market price or pricing models are summarized as following:

	December 31, 2008				
	Based on the quote	d market price	Based on pricing models		
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,789,660	\$85,154	\$778,075	\$23,751	
Financial assets at fair value through profit					
or loss-current	218,766	6,678	-	-	
Available-for-sale financial assets-current	2,983,818	91,081	-	-	
Held to-maturity financial asset-current	-	-	310,080	9,465	
Investment in debt securities with no active					
market-current	-	-	100,131	3,057	
Held-to-maturity financial assets-noncurrent	-	-	3,261,547	99,559	
Financial assets carried at cost-noncurrent	-	-	25,500	778	
Investments under equity method	-	-	1,285,997	39,255	
		December 31, 2008			

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share date	and u	nless	otherwise	stated)
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	Based on the quote	ed market price	Based on pricing models	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Derivative financial assets for hedging -				
current				
IRS	\$-	\$-	\$41,005	\$1,252
Liabilities				
Financial liability at fair value through				
profit and loss-current				
Forward and SWAP	-	-	66,908	2,042

	December 31, 2009						
	Based on the quote	d market price	Based on pricir	ng models			
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Non-derivative financial instruments							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$3,636,923	\$113,831	\$2,019,999	\$63,224			
Financial assets at fair value through profit							
or loss-current	671,592	21,020	-	-			
Available-for-sale financial assets-current	3,372,772	105,564	-	-			
Held-to-maturity financial assets-noncurrent	-	-	3,005,706	94,075			
Financial assets carried at cost-noncurrent	-	-	25,500	798			
Investment in debt securities with no active							
market-noncurrent	-	-	300,000	9,390			
Investments under equity method	-	-	859,351	26,897			
Derivative financial instruments							
Assets							
Financial assets at fair value through profit							
and loss-current							
Option	-	-	107	3			
Forward and SWAP	-	-	38,458	1,204			
Derivative financial assets for							
hedging-current							
IRS	-	-	27,213	852			

d. Information on financial risk

(a) Interest rate risk

The following table summarizes the maturities of Cathay Century's financial instruments at December 31, 2008 and 2009:

Fixed interest rate

December 31, 2008

	Less than o	one year	Due in 1~2 years		Due in 2~3 years		Due in 3~4 years	
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Held-to-maturity financial assets	\$310,080	\$9,465	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$361,346	\$11,030
Investments in debt securities								
with no active market	100,131	3,057	-	-	-	-	-	-

-	Due in 4~	Due in 4~5 years		Over 5 years		1
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Held-to-maturity financial assets	\$239,536	\$7,312	\$2,660,665	\$81,217	\$3,571,627	\$109,024
Investments in debt securities						
with no active market	-	-	-	-	100,131	3,057

December 31, 2009

-	Less than o	one year	Due in 1~	Due in 1~2 years Due in 2~3 years		Due in 3~4 years		
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Held-to-maturity financial assets	\$-	\$-	\$159,956	\$5,006	\$353,873	\$11,076	\$858,622	\$26,874
Investments in debt securities								
with no active market	-	-	-	-	300,000	9,390	-	-

_	Due in 4~	Due in 4~5 years		Over 5 years		
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Held-to-maturity financial assets	\$-	\$-	\$1,633,255	\$51,119	\$3,005,706	\$94,075
Investments in debt securities						
with no active market	-	-	-	-	300,000	9,390

(b) Credit risk

Cathay Century's exposure to credit risk is minimal.

e. Hedging activities

Fair value hedges

Cathay Century's overseas bonds investments are exposed to potentially significant changes in fair value caused by fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. Therefore Cathay Century has purchased foreign currency contract for hedging purposes.

The following table summarizes the terms of Cathay Century's forward and swap for overseas bonds hedging at December 31, 2008 and 2009:

	Desi	Designated as hedging instruments					
			Fair value				
		December	31, 2008	December 31, 2009			
	Financial instruments of						
	designated as hedging						
Hedged item	instruments	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)		
Overseas bonds	Forward and SWAP	\$(66,908)	\$(2,042)	\$38,458	\$1,204		

f. Cash flow hedges-IRS

The following table summarizes the terms of Cathay Century's interest rate swap for bonds hedging at December 31, 2009:

Cash flow hedges-IRS

December 31, 2009

Par va	alue			
(NT\$)	(US\$)	Exchange rate	Frequency	Maturity date
\$200,000	\$6,260	2.65%	Each quarter	2014/12/31
200,000	6,260	2.40%	Each quarter	2012/9/28
200,000	6,260	2.785%	Each quarter	2015/4/30

The terms of interest rate swap agreements are established based on the terms of the bonds

being hedged.

Cathay Century's interest rate swap agreements for cash flow hedges have passed the effectiveness testing. Unrealized gain on financial instruments were recognized in equity by of NT\$41,005 (US\$1,252) thousands as of December 31, 2008. Unrealized gain on financial instruments were recognized in equity by NT\$27,213 (US\$852) thousands as of December 31, 2009.

g. Financial risk management objectives policies and hedge strategies

Cathay Century's primary financial instruments other than derivatives consist of cash and cash equivalents, current and noncurrent investments. The main purpose of holding these financial instruments is to manage cash flow. Cathay Century has other financial assets and liabilities such as notes receivable, due to and from reinsurers and ceding companies, reinsurance account, receivable and payable and secured loans, etc.

Cathay Century also conducts derivative transactions, primarily including futures, option contracts and forward currency contracts. The purpose is to manage the stock price fluctuation and currency exchange arising from Cathay Century's investment activities. Cathay Century does not conduct derivative transactions based on trading purpose.

The primary risks involved in these derivative transactions are market risk, credit risk, operational risk and liquidity risk. The risk management policies approved by the board of directors are as follows:

(a) Market Risk

Market risk is the exposure to uncertain market value of a portfolio, including interest rate risk, stock value risk and exchange rate risk, etc.. Cathay Century conducts analysis and assessments of the investment targets before any investment decisions are made. In addition, VaR model in connection with atmosphere simulation methods, stress test methods, Position Limit, VaR Limit and Loss Limit are used to effectively manage the market risk of the Company's financial assets.

As a result of significant overseas designated purpose pecuniary trust funds, Cathay

Century's balance sheet can be affected significantly by the fluctuation of the US\$/NT\$ exchange rates. Cathay Century utilizes forward currency contracts to hedge this exposure.

Cathay Century also has transactional currency exposures. Such exposure arise from reinsurance transactions. These transactions with foreign reinsurance company usually receive on time and the fluctuation of exchange rate is not significant. Thus Cathay Century did not seek to hedge this exposure.

(b) Credit risk

Cathay Century only conducts business with recognized and creditworthy third parties. Customers are subject to credit verification procedures, and the collection of premium receivable and notes receivable are subsequently assessed. In addition, once the credit of the third party is impaired, Cathay Century will freeze the related contracts until the credit of the third party recovers. Thus Cathay Century has minimal bad debts.

Assessments on the mortgage repayment ability and personal credits are conducted before the mortgages are granted. The total mortgage amounts granted are based on a different percentage of the carrying value which varies according to regions where the secured buildings locate.

The counterparties to Cathay Century's other financial assets (including cash and cash equivalents, all other current and noncurrent investments) are all creditworthy and well-known financial institutions in the world. As a result, counterparty credit risk is relatively low.

(c) Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss due to inadequate or failed internal controls, employee fraud or misconduct and management negligence. To mitigate the operational risk, Cathay Century has adopted and implemented the internal control regulations and sheets. Cathay Century is also commenced to develop the information systems to accommodate the aforementioned policies.

(d) Liquidity risk

Cathay Century's exposure to liquidity risk is minimal.

E. Cathay Securities

a. Information of fair value

	December 31, 2008				
	(N	Γ\$)	(US	(US\$)	
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair	
Item	amount	value	amount	value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$202,801	\$202,801	\$6,190	\$6,190	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current					
Open-end funds and currency market instruments	730,398	730,398	22,296	22,296	
Operating securities-net	1,235,773	1,235,773	37,722	37,722	
Receivable amount for margin loans	392,867	392,867	11,992	11,992	
Receivables from securities refinance	1,305	1,305	40	40	
Receivables-net	58,983	58,983	1,801	1,801	
Restricted assets-current	83,000	83,000	2,534	2,534	
Available-for-sale financial assets-current	201,770	201,770	6,159	6,159	
Investments under equity method	737,708	737,708	22,519	22,519	
Available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent	18	18	-	-	
Operating deposits	230,098	230,098	7,024	7,024	
Settlement and clearance funds	51,519	51,519	1,572	1,572	
Guarantee deposits paid	29,251	29,251	893	893	
Liabilities					
Securities financing guarantee deposits-in	40,694	40,694	1,242	1,242	
Deposit payable for securities financing	44,767	44,767	1,367	1,367	
Payables	49,565	49,565	1,513	1,513	
Derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current					
Call options-futures	99	99	3	3	
Margin for futures trading-own funds	241,319	241,319	7,366	7,366	
			21 2000		

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

(Expressed in thousand of dollars except for share and per

share date and unless otherwise stated)

	-			
	(NT\$)		(US\$)	
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
Item	amount	value	amount	value
Derivative financial instruments				
Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or				
loss-current				
Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants	\$714,272	\$714,272	\$21,803	\$21,803
Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants	(684,071)	(684,071)	(20,881)	(20,881)
Put options-futures	66	66	1	1
Derivative financial instrument liabilities				
-GreTai (over-the-counter)	(1,391)	(1,391)	(42)	(42)
Other financial liabilities-current	101,788	101,788	3,107	3,107
		December	31, 2009	
	Carrying		Carrying	
	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
Item	(NT\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(US\$)
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$169,614	\$169,614	\$5,309	\$5,309
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss –				
current				
Open-end funds and currency market instruments	73,461	73,461	2,299	2,299
Operating securities – net	2,297,939	2,297,939	71,923	71,923
Receivable amount for margin loans	1,359,615	1,359,615	42,554	42,554
Securities refinancing margin deposits	4,470	4,470	140	140
Receivables from securities refinance	4,949	4,949	155	155
Receivables from refinance guaranty	56,004	56,004	1,753	1,753
Security lending deposits	71,756	71,756	2,246	2,246
Receivables-net	45,904	45,904	1,436	1,436
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	937,848	937,848	29,354	29,354
Investments under equity method	730,571	730,571	22,866	22,866
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	18	18	1	1
Operating deposits	230,098	230,098	7,202	7,202
Settlement and clearance funds	74,138	74,138	2,320	2,320
Guarantee deposits paid	7,277	7,277	228	228

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	Carrying		Carrying	
	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
Item	(NT\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(US\$)
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Liabilities				
Short-term loans	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$9,389	\$9,389
Commercial paper payable	1,170,000	1,170,000	36,620	36,620
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss –				
current				
Security lending payable-hedging	72,674	72,674	2,275	2,275
Security lending payable-non-hedging	97,615	97,615	3,055	3,055
Securities financing guarantee deposits-in	108,717	108,717	3,403	3,403
Deposit payable for securities financing	125,997	125,997	3,943	3,943
Payables	343,059	343,059	10,738	10,738
Derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -				
current				
Call options – futures	3,557	3,557	111	111
Margin for futures trading – own funds	410,426	410,426	12,846	12,846
Derivative financial instrument assets				
-GreTai (over-the-counter)	50,334	50,334	1,576	1,576
Derivative financial instruments				
Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss –				
current				
Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants	1,669,460	1,669,460	52,252	52,252
Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants	(1,433,213)	(1,433,213)	(44,858)	(44,858)
Put options-futures	33,999	33,999	1,064	1,064

share date and unless otherwise stated)

b. Methods and assumptions for estimating the fair value of the financial instruments are

as follows:

- (a) Short-term financial instruments are stated at their carrying amount on the balance sheet date. Because the maturity date of these instruments is very close to the balance sheet date, it is reasonable that their carrying amounts are equal to their fair values. This assumption is adopted for the following accounts: cash and cash equivalents, receivable amount for margin loans, securities refinancing margin deposits, receivable from securities refinance, receivable from refinance guaranty, security lending deposits, receivables, restricted assets, operating deposits, settlement and clearance funds, guarantee deposits paid, short-term loans, commercial paper payable, securities financing guarantee deposits-in, deposit payable for securities financing and payables.
- (b) Available-for-sale financial assets current/noncurrent is estimated based on market prices, if available. If available-for-sale financial assets – current/noncurrent of Cathay Securities is not traded on the open market, the carrying amount on the balance sheet date is used to estimate the fair value.
- (c) If no quoted market prices exist for Cathay Securities long-term investments accounted for under the equity method, then their fair value is taken as approximating their carrying amounts when no permanent market value decline exists.
- (d) If there is a quoted market price on the open market, the quoted market price of financial assets and liabilities is regarded as fair value. Otherwise, if the market for a financial instrument is not active, Cathay Securities assesses fair value by using pricing models. A pricing model incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price.

The following table summarizes the fair value information of financial assets and

liabilities as of December 31, 2008 and 2009:

	December 31, 2008						
	Based on the quot	ed market price	Based on pric	ing models			
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Assets							
Financial assets at fair value through							
profit or loss-current							
Open-end funds and currency							
market instruments	\$730,398	\$22,296	\$-	\$-			
Operating securities-net	1,235,773	37,772	-	-			
Call option-futures	99	3	-	-			
Margin for futures trading – own							
funds	241,319	7,366	-	-			
Available-for-sales financial							
assets-current	201,770	6,159	-	-			
Liabilities							
Financial liabilities at fair value							
through profit or loss – current							
Liabilities for issuance of call (put)							
warrants	714,272	21,803	-	-			
Repurchase of issued call (put)							
warrants	(684,071)	(20,881)	-	-			
Put options – futures	66	1	-	-			
Derivative financial instrument							
liabilities-GreTai							
(over-the-counter)	-	-	(1,391)	(42)			
Other financial liabilities – current	-	-	101,788	3,107			

(Expressed in thousand of dollars except for share and per

	Based on the quot	ed market price	Based on pricing models	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss – current				
Open-end funds and currency market				
instruments	\$73,461	\$2,299	\$-	\$-
Operating securities – net	2,297,939	71,923	-	-
Call options-futures	3,557	111	-	-
Margin for futures trading - own funds	410,426	12,846	-	-
Derivative financial instrument				
assets-GreTai (over-the-counter)	-	-	50,334	1,576
Available-for-sale financial				
assets-current	937,848	29,354	-	-
Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value through				
profit or loss – current				
Liabilities for issuance of call (put)				
warrants	1,669,460	52,252	-	-
Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants	(1,433,213)	(44,858)	-	-
Security lending payable-hedging	72,674	2,275	-	-
Security lending payable-non-hedging	97,615	3,055	-	-
Put options-futures	33,999	1,064	-	-

The above derivative financial instrument assets-GreTai (over-the-counter), derivative financial instrument liabilities-GreTai (over-the-counter) and other financial liabilities – current are valued using "Binomial Tree", "Monte Carlo Simulations" and "Interest Method".

- c. Financial risk management objectives and policies
 - (a) Market risk

Cathay Securities invests in equity securities that have active public market prices. When adverse market conditions exist, Cathay Securities is exposed to market risk as prices fluctuate. Although Cathay Securities controls and quantifies its market risk by establishing stop-loss limits and measuring Value-at-Risk, evaluating its risk utilizing historical prices and controls its overall investment portfolio, it is still exposed to market risk.

(b) Credit risk

In accordance with Cathay Securities' policy, credit evaluations are required for all credit transactions. Credit limits are established based on customers' credit ratings. Margin ratios are also evaluated continuously to control default risk.

The counterparties to Cathay Securities' other financial assets (including cash and cash equivalents and all other current and noncurrent investments) are all creditworthy and well-known financial institutions in the ROC. As a result, counterparty credit risk is relatively low.

(c) Liquidity risk

Cathay Securities believes its working capital is sufficient for its operations and that the risk of contract defaults resulting from a lack of capital is low.

The financial assets held by Cathay Securities all have active markets and can be sold at prices approximating fair values. As the result, Cathay Securities believes there is no significant cash flow risk.

(d) Cash flow risk from interest rate fluctuations

Cathay Securities currently has no exposure to floating interest rates related to financial assets or liabilities and thus Cathay Securities believes there is no significant cash flow risk from interest rate fluctuations.

Cathay Securities also held Real Estate Asset Trust (REAT) beneficiary certificates. The value of these certificates may decline if interest rates increase and thus they are subject to valuation risk. However, the term of the certificates is 3 years, and as a result, the risk is relatively lower. In addition, Cathay Securities will take appropriate actions with respect to these certificates based on interest rate fluctuations

d. Financial derivatives

(a) Issuance of call (put) warrants

ⓐNominal principal or contract amount and credit risk

	December 31, 2008		December 31	, 2009	
	Nominal		Nominal		
	principal		principal		
	/contract Credit		/contract	Credit	
Financial instruments	amount	risk	amount	risk	
For trading purposes					
Issuance of call (put) warrants	NT\$2,365,135	NT\$-	NT\$1,848,360	NT\$-	
	(US\$72,196)	(US\$-)	(US\$57,852)	(US\$-)	

bMarket risk

Market risk for call (put) warrants issued arises from changes in prices of the underlying securities. Although market risk can be avoided by adjusting Cathay Securities warrant and hedging positions, market risk still exist.

©Liquidity risk, cash flow risk and future cash requirements

When issuing call (put) warrants, the underlying securities of the warrants held are all actively traded and it is expected that Cathay Securities can be sold in the open market at fair prices. As a result, there should not be significant liquidity risk. Risk from cash requirements results from the need to adjust hedge positions in response to changes in the prices of the underlying securities. Assuming favorable market liquidity, risk from cash requirements is relatively low.

The call (put) warrants issued by Cathay Securities typically have contract periods of six to eight months starting from the date when the warrants are listed (OTC). Except for cash required for the related hedging transactions, there are no other cash requirements.

d Types, purposes, and strategies for financial derivatives

Cathay Securities hedging positions are not held for trading purposes but instead, are held to minimize the risk of investors exercising warrants. Cathay Securities hedging strategy is focused on avoiding market price risks. The value of the underlying securities for hedging are highly correlated to the fair value of the issued call (put) warrants. Cathay Securities hedging positions are evaluated and adjusted periodically.

©Financial statement presentation of derivative financial instruments

As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, disclosure of the issuance of call (put) warrants on the balance sheets and statements of income are summarized as follows:

Balance sheet

	December 31, 2008		December 31, 2009		
	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss-current		Financial liabilities at fair value through profi		
			or loss-current		
	(NT\$) (US\$)		(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Liabilities for issuance of call (put) warrants	\$714,272	\$21,803	\$1,669,460	\$52,252	
Repurchase of issued call (put) warrants	(684,071)	(20,881)	(1,433,213)	(44,858)	
Total	\$30,201	\$922	\$236,247	\$7,394	

Statement of income

	For the year ended December 31, 2008		For the year ended December 31, 2009		
			from issuing ca		
		W	varrants		
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	Comments
Liabilities for issuance of call (put)					
warrants	\$1,404,038	\$42,858	\$(2,190,924)	\$(68,574)	Fair value method
Repurchase of issued call (put)					
warrants					
- Loss on disposal	(2,379,172)	(72,624)	(3,741,865)	(117,116)	
- (Loss) gain from valuation	(586,233)	(17,895)	784,892	24,566	Fair value method
Gain from expiration of warrants					
issued	1,670,217	50,984	5,186,976	162,347	
Trading securities-hedging					
- (Loss) gain on disposal	(89,546)	(2,733)	99,263	3,107	
- (Loss) gain from valuation	(5,750)	(176)	72,849	2,280	Fair value method
Security lending payable-hedging					
- Loss on disposal	-	-	(814)	(25)	
- Loss from valuation			(7,943)	(249)	Fair value method
Total	\$13,554	\$414	\$202,434	\$6,336	

(b) Structured notes transactions

ⓐ Nominal principal or contract amount and credit risk

	December 31, 2	008	December 31, 2	.009
	Nominal principal Credit		Nominal principal	Credit
Financial instruments	/contract amount	risk	/contract amount	risk
For trading purposes				
Principal guaranteed notes	NT\$103,800	NT\$-	NT\$-	NT\$-
	(US\$3,168)	(US\$-)	(US\$-)	(US\$-)

Cathay Securities' credit risk arises from a breach of contract by a counterparty. Cathay Securities believes it is not exposed to credit risk because contract amounts are collected in advance of structured notes being issued.

b Market risk

In structured notes transactions, Cathay Securities receives proceeds from investors on the contract date and makes its investments pursuant to the contract. Cathay Securities invests in linked and fixed income assets that are subject to regulations and open market pricing. Since hedging positions for derivative instruments and stop-loss points are established, Cathay Securities believes it can limit its losses to within an expected range and that, as a result there is no significant market risk.

© Risk from liquidity, cash flow and future cash requirements

In structured notes transactions, Cathay Securities receives the contract amount from investors on the contract date and makes its investments pursuant to the contract. In order to provide investors with the ability for early redemption, Cathay Securities considers liquidity risk when investing in fixed income securities. As a result, Cathay Securities does not expect any significant cash requirements at expiration of the contract.

(d) Types, purposes, and strategies for financial derivatives

The structured notes transactions of Cathay Securities can be divided into principal guaranteed notes and equity-linked notes.

Principal guaranteed notes transactions involve receiving proceeds from investors on the contract date and providing them with a guaranteed payment and returns, if any, of linked assets.

Equity-linked notes transactions involve receiving proceeds from investors, investing in fixed-income products and selling options that settle in cash on the expiration date. Proceeds received by investors consist of returns from the fixed income products and value of the options at expiration.

(c) Financial statement presentation of derivative financial instruments

As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, the disclosure of structured notes transactions on the balance sheets and statements of income are summarized as follows:

Balance sheet

December 31, 2008		December	31, 2009
(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
\$(1,391)	\$(42)	\$-	\$-
101,788	3,107	-	-
	(NT\$) \$(1,391)	(NT\$) (US\$) \$(1,391) \$(42)	(NT\$) (US\$) (NT\$) \$(1,391) \$(42) \$-

Note :Recorded as "Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current" in the balance sheet.

Statement of income

	For the year ended		For the year ended		
	Decemb	per 31,	December 31, 2009		
	200)8			
	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	Comments
Gain (loss) from structured notes					Fair value
	\$1,242	\$38	\$(12,197)	\$(382)	method
Trading securities - hedging					
- (Loss) gain on disposal	(6,300)	(193)	9,369	293	
-Gain (loss)from valuation					Fair value
	214	7	(79)	(2)	method
Total	\$(4,844)	\$(148)	\$(2,907)	\$(91)	

e. Futures and options transactions

As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, Cathay Securities' unexercised futures and options were as follows:

December :	31, 2008

		Unexercised					
		Futur /optio		Contract a			
	Nature of			of prer	· · ·	Fair v	alue
Item	Transaction	Buy/Sell	Units	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Futures	STW	Sell	5	\$(2,836)	\$(87)	\$2,870	\$88
Options	TXO-Call	Buy	22	\$3	\$-	\$-	\$-
Options	TXO-Put	Buy	41	\$139	\$4	\$99	\$3
Options	TXO-Call	Sell	609	\$(73)	\$ (2)	\$34	\$1
Options	TXO-Put	Sell	42	\$(73)	\$ (2)	\$32	\$-

		Unexercised					
		Futur	es	Contract	amount/		
		/optio	ns	payment (receipt) of		
	Nature of			pren	nium	Fair v	alue
Item	Transaction	Buy/Sell	Units	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Futures	STW	Sell	70	\$(65,747)	\$(2,058)	\$66,521	\$2,082
Futures	FITF	Sell	27	\$(24,383)	\$(763)	\$24,597	\$770
Futures	FITX	Sell	10	\$ (16,285)	\$(510)	\$16,402	\$513
Futures	FITX	Buy	154	\$220,541	\$6,903	\$250,651	\$7,845
Options	TXO- Call	Buy	491	\$1,644	\$51	\$2,495	\$78
Options	TXO- Put	Buy	709	\$17,818	\$558	\$1,062	\$33
Options	TXO- Call	Sell	1,104	\$(18,586)	\$(582)	\$33,475	\$1,048
Options	TXO- Put	Sell	588	\$(7,330)	\$(229)	\$524	\$16

December 31, 2009

TXO

(a) Nominal principal or contract amount and credit risk

	December 31, 2008				
	Nominal principal/				
Financial instruments	contract amount	Credit risk			
For trading purposes					
STW futures	NT\$2,836 (US\$87)	NT\$- (US\$-)			
ТХО	\$288 (US\$9)	NT\$- (US\$-)			
	December 3	1, 2009			
	Nominal principal/				
Financial instruments	contract amount	Credit risk			
STW futures	NT\$65,747 (US\$2,058)	NT\$- (US\$-)			
FITF	NT\$24,383 (US\$763)	NT\$- (US\$-)			
FITX	NT\$236,826 (US\$7,413)	NT\$- (US\$-)			

Cathay Securities believes it has no significant credit risk exposure since it has entered into futures trading transactions with futures agencies, and the risk of default is low.

NT\$45,378 (US\$1,420)

NT\$- (US\$-)

(b) Market risk

Cathay Securities' market risk from futures and options transactions arises from the purchase and sell of futures and options and the volatility of assets. Since the fair values of futures and options are available and stop-loss points are established, Cathay Securities believes it can limit its losses to within an expected range. However, market risk still exists.

(c) Risk from liquidity, cash flow, and future cash requirements

Cathay Securities' unexercised options could all be liquidated at reasonable prices in the market. As a result, Cathay Securities believes liquidity risk is low.

Cathay Securities' trading in futures transactions require an initial margin and additional margin depending on the daily valuation of open positions. In the event additional margin is required, Cathay Securities has sufficient working capital to meet its requirements, and hence Cathay Securities believes funding risk and cash flow risk are low. With respect to Cathay Securities' trading in options, prior to any transaction Cathay Securities pays or receives option premium. If Cathay Securities sells call options and the counterparty exercises its option, Cathay Securities has sufficient working capital to cover the exercise and hence Cathay Securities believes funding risk and cash flow risk are low.

(d) Types, purposes, and strategies for financial derivatives

Cathay Securities purpose in trading futures and options is to increase the scope of its investment activities and improve its capital efficiency.

(e) Financial statement presentation of derivative financial instruments

The margin and premium resulting from trading are reflected in "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current (margin for futures trading – own funds) on the balance sheet. For the year ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, the related gain (loss) of futures and options on the statement of income were as follows:

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese (Expressed in thousand of dollars except for share and per

	For the year ended December 31, 2008		2	ear ended r 31, 2009
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Gains from derivative financial instruments -				
futures				
Gains on futures contracts - realized	\$9,530	\$291	\$74,225	\$2,323
Gains on futures contracts - unrealized	1,014	31	60,783	1,903
Gains from options transactions - realized	8,953	273	21,629	677
Gains from options transactions - unrealized	1,973	60	29,681	929
Total	\$21,470	\$655	\$186,318	\$5,832
	For the ye	ear ended	For the y	ear ended
	December	31, 2008	December	r 31, 2009
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Losses from derivative financial instruments -				
futures				
Losses on futures contracts - realized	\$9,672	\$295	\$91,190	\$2,854
Losses on futures contracts - unrealized	1,048	32	31,744	994
Losses from options transactions - realized	3,786	116	40,964	1,282
Losses from options transactions - unrealized	1,936	59	53,706	1,681
Total	\$16,442	\$502	\$217,604	\$6,811

share date and unless otherwise stated)

F. Cathay Pacific Venture

a. Information of fair value

	December 31, 2008				
	(N	Г\$)	(US\$)		
	Carrying		Carrying		
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$142,465	\$142,465	\$4,349	\$4,349	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	43,365	43,365	1,324	1,324	
Available-for-sale financial assets-current	528,816	528,816	16,142	16,142	
Available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent	228,613	228,613	6,978	6,978	
Investment in debt securities with no active					
market-noncurrent	34,000	-	1,038	-	
Financial assets carried at cost-noncurrent	1,554,311	-	47,445	-	
Other receivables	5,015	5,015	153	153	
Investment under equity method	239,449	239,449	7,309	7,309	
Liabilities					
Accrued expenses	4,664	4,664	142	142	
Other payables	22,669	22,669	692	692	

	December 31, 2009				
	(N	Г\$)	(US\$)		
	Carrying		Carrying		
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$5,794	\$5,794	\$181	\$181	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	21,670	21,670	678	678	
Available-for-sale financial assets-current	175,238	175,238	5,485	5,485	
Available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent	100,416	100,416	3,143	3,143	
Investment in debt securities with no active					
market-noncurrent	34,000	-	1,064	-	
Financial assets carried at cost-noncurrent	1,254,363	-	39,260	-	
Other receivables	3,813	3,813	119	119	
Investment under equity method	260,395	260,395	8,150	8,150	
Liabilities					
Accrued expenses	3,114	3,114	97	97	
Other payables	516	516	16	16	

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments are as follows:
 - (a) The fair value of Cathay Pacific Venture short-term financial instruments is assumed to approximate the carrying amount at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. This assumption is applied to cash and cash equivalents, receivables and payables.
 - (b) Quoted market prices, if available, are used to determine the fair values of available-for-sale financial assets.
 - (c) If no quoted market prices exist for Cathay Pacific Venture's investment under equity method, then their fair value is taken as approximating their carry amounts when no permanent market value decline exists.
 - (d) Financial assets carried at cost are unlisted stock. Since these stocks have no quoted market prices in an active market and their fair value cannot be reliably measured, their fair values are not disclosed.

c. The following table summarizes the basis of determining fair value of financial assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2008 and 2009:

December 31, 2008			
Based on quoted market price		Based on pricing mode	
(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
\$142,465	\$4,349	\$-	\$-
43,365	1,324	-	-
528,816	16,142	-	-
-	-	5,015	153
-	-	239,449	7,309
-	-	1,554,311	47,445
-	-	228,613	6,978
-	-	34,000	1,038
-	-	4,664	142
-	-	22,669	692
	(NT\$) \$142,465 43,365	Based on quoted market price (NT\$) (US\$) \$142,465 \$4,349 43,365 1,324	Based on quoted market price Based on price (NT\$) (US\$) (NT\$) \$142,465 \$4,349 \$- 43,365 1,324 - 528,816 16,142 - - - 5,015 - - 5,015 - - 239,449 - - 1,554,311 - - 34,000 - - 4,664

	December 31, 2009			
	Based on quoted	d market price	Based on pricing models	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$5,794	\$181	\$-	\$-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
loss	21,670	678	-	-
Available-for-sale financial assets-current	175,238	5,485	-	-
Other receivable	-	-	3,813	119
Investment under equity method	-	-	260,395	8,150
Financial assets carried at cost-noncurrent	-	-	1,254,363	39,260
Available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent	-	-	100,416	3,143
Investment in debt securities with no active				
market	-	-	34,000	1,064
Liabilities				
Accrued expense	-	-	3,114	97
Other payables	-	-	516	16

- d. Information on financial risk
 - (a) Market risk

Market risk is the exposure to potential loss arising from adverse movements of market price, such as interest rates or foreign exchange rates Cathay Pacific Venture assesses the impact of market risk on financial assets and liabilities to be limited.

(b) Credit risk

A credit risk is the risk of loss arising from counterparty or a debtor defaulting on their contractual obligations. The level of exposure depends on several factors including concentrations of credit risk, components of credit risk, the price of contract and other receivable of financial instruments. Cathay Pacific Venture believes the maximum credit exposure amount of financial instruments is equal to their carrying values.

(c) Liquidity risk and cash flow risk

Cathay Pacific Venture has sufficient working capital for its operation therefore there is no liquidity risk of defaulting on its contractual obligations due to insufficient working capital. In addition, except for the financial assets carried at cost (unquoted equity securities) which may be exposed to significant liquidity risks due to lack of active market, all other stocks Cathay Pacific held are able to be disposed rapidly at prices close to fair values.

G. Cathay Futures

a. Information of fair value

	December 31, 2008				
	(N	Г\$)	(US\$)		
	Carrying		Carrying		
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$258,103	\$258,103	\$7,879	\$7,879	
Customers' margin accounts	1,814,831	1,814,831	55,398	55,398	
Futures trading deposits receivable	264	264	8	8	
Accounts receivable-related parties	157	157	5	5	
Other receivable (contain transactions with					
related parties)	5,988	5,988	183	183	
Available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent	30,500	30,500	931	931	
Operating deposits	60,000	60,000	1,832	1,832	
Settlement and clearance funds	69,000	69,000	2,106	2,106	
Guarantee deposits paid	1,279	1,279	39	39	
Liabilities					
Futures customers' equity	1,814,340	1,814,340	55,383	55,383	
Payables (contain transactions with related					
parties)	5,729	5,729	175	175	
Other payable (contain transactions with					
related parties)	3,780	3,780	115	115	

	December 31, 2009			
	(N	Γ\$)	(US	S\$)
	Carrying		Carrying	
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$254,406	\$254,406	\$7,963	\$7,963
Customers' margin accounts	1,172,262	1,172,262	36,690	36,690
Futures trading deposits receivable	78	78	2	2
Accounts receivable-related parties	28	28	1	1
Other receivable (contain transactions with				
related parties)	4,876	4,876	153	153
Available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent	30,500	30,500	955	955
Operating deposits	60,000	60,000	1,878	1,878
Settlement and clearance funds	73,000	73,000	2,285	2,285
Guarantee deposits paid	1,279	1,279	40	40
Liabilities				
Futures customers' equity	1,171,796	1,171,796	36,676	36,676
Payables (contain transactions with related				
parties)	4,861	4,861	152	152
Other payable (contain transactions with				
related parties)	2,034	2,034	64	64

- b. Methods and assumptions applied in estimating the fair value of financial instruments are as follows:
 - (a) The carrying amounts of the financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, customers' margin accounts, futures trading deposits receivables, accounts receivable-related parties, other receivables, operation deposits, settlement and clearance funds, guarantee deposits paid, futures customers' equity, payables and other payables, approximate their fair values due to the short maturities of these instruments.
 - (b) The fair value of available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent is valued at market price or other financial information when available.

- (c) The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities is determined using pricing models.
- c. Information on financial risk
 - (a) Market risk

The fair values of the shares on listed companies or derivative instruments held by Cathay Futures will fluctuate under the influence of the related stock market factors.

(b) Credit risk

Appropriate credit evaluation processes and continuous monitor of credit-lines are in place for all customers of the brokerage department. In addition, all transactions conducted by proprietary trading department go through Taiwan Futures Exchange and therefore no significant credit risk is expected.

(c) Liquidity risk and cash flow risk

Cathay Futures has sufficient working capital for its operation and there is no liquidity risk of defaulting on its contractual obligations due to insufficient working capital. In addition, except for the financial assets carried at cost which are exposed to significant liquidity risks due to lack of active market, all other stocks Cathay Futures held are able to be disposed rapidly at prices close to fair values.

H. Symphox Information

a. Information of fair value

	December 31, 2008			
	(N]	(NT\$)		S\$)
	Carrying		Carrying	
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$473,540	\$473,540	\$14,455	\$14,455
Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
loss-current	69,673	69,673	2,127	2,127
Receivables (contain transactions with related				
parties)	130,016	130,016	3,969	3,969
Guarantee deposits paid	10,483	10,483	320	320
Liabilities				
Payables (contain transactions with related				
parties)	120,646	120,646	3,683	3,683
Guarantee deposits in	80	80	2	2

December 31, 2009			
(N7	[\$)	(US	5\$)
Carrying		Carrying	
amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
\$140,207	\$140,207	\$4,388	\$4,388
545,014	545,014	17,058	17,058
107,721	107,721	3,372	3,372
8,283	8,283	259	259
148,798	148,798	4,657	4,657
80	80	3	3
	Carrying amount \$140,207 545,014 107,721 8,283 148,798	(NT\$) Carrying amount Fair value \$140,207 \$140,207 \$140,207 \$140,207 545,014 545,014 107,721 107,721 8,283 8,283 148,798 148,798	(NT\$) (US) Carrying amount Fair value Carrying amount \$140,207 \$140,207 \$4,388 545,014 545,014 17,058 107,721 107,721 3,372 8,283 8,283 259 148,798 148,798 4,657

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments are as follows:
 - (a) The fair value of Symphox Information short-term financial instruments approximates the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. The method is applied to cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current, receivables and payables.
 - (b) The fair value of the guarantee deposits paid and guarantee deposits in also approximates the carrying amount.
- c. The fair value of Symphox Information financial assets or liabilities determined by quoted market price or pricing models are summarized as following:

	December 31, 2008				
	Based on quoted	d market price	Based on pri-	cing models	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or					
loss-current	\$69,673	\$2,127	\$-	\$-	
		December 3	31, 2009		
	Based on quoted market price Based on pricing mode				
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or					
loss-current	\$545,014	\$17,058	\$-	\$-	

- I. Cathay Life (Shanghai)
 - a. Information of fair value

	December 31,2008			
	(N	Γ\$)	(US	\$)
	Carrying		Carrying	
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,853,823	\$2,853,823	\$87,113	\$87,113
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss-current	684,563	684,563	20,896	20,896
Available-for-sale financial				
assets-current	160,633	160,633	4,903	4,903
Receivables	149,145	149,145	4,553	4,553
Available-for-sale financial				
assets-noncurrent	3,100,496	3,100,496	94,643	94,643
Held-to-maturity financial				
assets-noncurrent	433,139	433,139	13,222	13,222
Investment in debt securities with no				
active market-noncurrent	1,571,128	1,571,128	47,959	47,959
Guarantee deposits paid	770,576	770,576	23,522	23,522
Liabilities				
Short-term liabilities	411,777	411,777	12,570	12,570
Payables	421,406	421,406	12,863	12,863
Guarantee deposits in	5,625	5,625	172	172

	December 31,2009				
	(NT	(\$)	(US	\$)	
	Carrying		Carrying		
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Non-derivative financial instruments					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$3,578,503	\$3,578,503	\$112,003	\$112,003	
Financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss-current	22,680	22,680	710	710	
Available-for-sale financial					
assets-current	769,893	769,893	24,097	24,097	
Receivables	211,354	211,354	6,615	6,615	
Premiums receivables	23,075	23,075	722	722	
Available-for-sale financial					
assets-noncurrent	3,556,604	3,556,604	111,318	111,318	
Held-to-maturity financial					
assets-noncurrent	281,385	281,385	8,807	8,807	
Investment in debt securities with no					
active market-noncurrent	1,204,005	1,204,005	37,684	37,684	
Guarantee deposits paid	773,500	773,500	24,210	24,210	
Liabilities					
Payables	411,324	411,324	12,874	12,874	
Guarantee deposits in	8,593	8,593	269	269	

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments are as follows:
 - (a) The fair value of Cathay Life (Shanghai) short-term financial instruments approximates the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. The method is applied to cash and cash equivalents, receivables (payables), premiums receivables and short-term liabilities.

- (b) When financial assets or liabilities are quoted on an active market, the fair value is the market price. However fair value is estimated using pricing model if an active market does not exist. A pricing model incorporates all information that market participants would consider in setting a price which are available to Cathay Life (Shanghai). Cathay Life (Shanghai) uses discount rates equal to the prevailing rates of return for financial instruments with similar characteristics. The characteristics involve debtor's credit standing, residual period of contracted fixed interest rates, residual period of principal repayment and currency of payment.
- (c) The fair value of the guarantee deposits paid and guarantee deposits in approximates their carrying amount.
- c. The fair value of the Cathay life (Shanghai) financial assets and liabilities determined by market price or pricing models are summarized as following:

	December 31,								
		20	08		_	200	9		
	Based on th	e quoted	Based or	n pricing	Based on t	he quoted	Based on pricing		
	market	price	moc	lels	market	price	mod	els	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Non-derivative financial instrum	ents								
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,853,823	\$87,113	\$-	\$-	\$3,578,503	\$112,003	\$-	\$-	
Financial assets at fair value									
through profit or loss-current	684,563	20,896	-	-	22,680	710	-	-	
Receivables	-	-	149,145	4,553	-	-	211,354	6,615	
Available-for-sale financial									
assets-current	160,633	4,903	-	-	769,893	24,097	-	-	
Available-for-sale financial									
assets-noncurrent	3,100,496	94,643	-	-	3,556,604	111,318	-		
Held-to-maturity financial									
assets-noncurrent	433,139	13,222	-	-	281,385	8,807	-	-	
Investment in debt securities									
with no active market-									
noncurrent	-	-	1,571,128	47,959	-	-	1,204,005	37,684	

J. Cathay Life (Vietnam)

Payables

a. Information of fair value

	December 31,2008						
	(NT	(\$)	(US\$)				
	Carrying		Carrying				
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value			
Non-derivative financial instruments							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$419,562	\$419,562	\$12,807	\$12,807			
Receivables	74,470	74,470	2,273	2,273			
Available-for-sale financial							
assets-noncurrent	1,690,297	1,690,297	51,596	51,596			
Guarantee deposits paid	45,768	45,768	1,397	1,397			
Liabilities							
Payables	26,401	26,401	806	806			
		December 3	1, 2009				
	(NT	(\$)	(US\$)				
	Carrying		Carrying				
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value			
Non-derivative financial instruments							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$362,747	\$362,747	\$11,354	\$11,354			
Receivables	67,989	67,989	2,128	2,128			
Available-for-sale financial							
assets-noncurrent	1,391,750	1,391,750	43,560	43,560			
Guarantee deposits paid	48,925	48,925	1,531	1,531			
Liabilities							

b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments are as follows:

24,115

24,115

755

755

- (a) The fair value of Cathay Life (Vietnam) short-term financial instruments approximates the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. The method is applied to cash and cash equivalents and receivables (payables).
- (b) When financial assets or liabilities are quoted on an active market, the fair value is the market price. However fair value is estimated using pricing model if an active market does not exist. A pricing model incorporates all information that market participants would consider in setting a price which are available to Cathay Life (Vietnam). Cathay Life (Vietnam) uses discount rates equal to the prevailing rates of return for financial instruments with similar characteristics. The characteristics involve debtor's credit standing, residual period of contracted fixed interest rates, residual period of principal repayment and currency of payment.
- (c) The fair value of the guarantee deposits paid approximates their carrying amount.
- c. The fair value of the Cathay Life (Vietnam) financial assets and liabilities determined by market price or pricing models are summarized as following:

	December 31,								
		200)8		2009				
	Based on the quoted		Based on pricing		Based on the quoted		Based on pricing		
	market	price	models		market price		mod	lels	
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
Non-derivative financial instrume	<u>nts</u>								
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$419,562	\$12,087	\$-	\$-	\$362,747	\$11,354	\$-	\$-	
Receivables	-	-	74,470	2,273	-	-	67,989	2,128	
Available-for-sale financial									
assets-noncurrent	1,690,297	51,596	-	-	1,391,750	43,560	-	-	
Liabilities									
Payables	-	-	26,401	806	-	-	24,115	755	

K. Cathay Century (Shanghai)

a. Information of fair value

	December 31,2008							
	(N	T\$)	(US\$)					
	Carrying		Carrying					
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value				
Non-derivative financial instruments								
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,374,250	\$1,374,250	\$41,949	\$41,949				
Receivables-net	35,316	35,316	1,078	1,078				
Prepaid reinsurance premiums ceded	13,923	13,923	425	425				
Claims recoverable from reinsurers	1,783	1,783	54	54				
Due from reinsurers and ceding								
companies	2,887	2,887	88	88				
Guarantee deposits paid	434,480	434,480	13,263	13,263				
Liabilities								
Due to reinsurers and ceding								
companies	53	53	2	2				
Account payable-reinsurance	106,15	106,15	324	324				
Operating and liabilities reserve	23,100	23,100	705	705				

	December 31,2009							
	(N	Τ\$)	(US\$)					
	Carrying		Carrying					
Item	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value				
Non-derivative financial instruments								
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,332,033	\$1,332,033	\$41,691	\$41,691				
Receivables-net	55,585	55,585	1,740	1,740				
Prepaid reinsurance premiums ceded	37,803	37,803	1,183	1,183				
Claims recoverable from reinsurers	110,395	110,395	3,455	3,455				
Due from reinsurers and ceding								
companies	2,830	2,830	89	89				
Guarantee deposits paid	384,085	384,085	12,021	12,021				
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Due to reinsurers and ceding								
companies	7,994	7,994	250	250				
Account payable-reinsurance	13,529	13,529	423	423				
Operating and liabilities reserve	204,997	204,997	6,416	6,416				

- b. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments are as follows:
 - (a) The fair value of Cathay Century (Shanghai) short-term financial instruments approximates the carrying amount of those instruments at reporting date due to the short maturity of those instruments. The method is applied to cash and cash equivalents.
 - (b) Quoted market price, if available, are utilized as estimates of the fair value of held-to-maturity financial assets. If no quoted market prices exist for Cathay Century (shanghai) held-to-maturity financial assets, the fair value of financial assets has been derived based on pricing models. A pricing model incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price. Cathay Century (shanghai) uses discount rates equal to the prevailing rates of return for financial instruments with similar characteristics. The characteristics involve debtor's credit standing, residual period of contracted fixed interest rates, residual period of principal repayment and currency of payment.
 - (c) The fair value of the guarantee deposits paid and guarantee deposits in approximates their carrying amount.

	December 31, 2008						
	Carrying	value	Fair value				
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Listed stocks	\$3,295,681	\$100,601	\$3,295,681	\$100,601			
Repurchase bonds	9,513,910	290,412	9,513,910	290,412			
Cash in banks	390,109	11,908	390,109	11,908			
Net other assets less liabilities	849	26	849	26			
Total	\$13,200,549	\$402,947	\$13,200,549	\$402,947			
	December 31, 2009						
	Carrying	value	Fair value				
Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)			
Listed stocks	\$7,823,236	\$244,859	\$7,823,236	\$244,859			
Repurchase bonds	1,741,197	54,498	1,741,197	54,498			
Cash in banks	2,952,157	92,399	2,952,157	92,399			
Net other assets less liabilities	17,647	552	17,647	552			

(3) Discretionary account management for Cathay Life and Cathay Century

\$392,308

\$12,534,237

\$392,308

\$12,534,237

Total

As of December 31, 2008 and 2009, Cathay Life and Cathay Century had discretionary account management contracts in the amount of NT\$ 14,800,000(US\$451,770) thousands, and NT\$9,900,000 (US\$309,859) thousands, respectively.

(5)Capital adequacy ratio on a consolidated basis:

A. Capital adequacy ratios

T,	Ownership	Eligible capital			Legal capital		
Item	interest		(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
The Company	100.00%		\$160,131,249	\$4,888,011	\$161,321,562	\$4,924,346	
Cathay United Bank	100.00%		91,511,737	2,793,399	66,362,261	2,025,710	
Cathay Securities	100.00%		2,875,554	87,776	421,569	12,868	
Cathay Life	100.00%		117,616,367	3,590,243	92,584,080	2,826,132	
Cathay Century	100.00%		4,022,635	122,791	2,219,664	67,755	
Cathay Pacific Venture	100.00%		512,580	15,647	255,055	7,786	
Cathay Venture	15.00%		217,376	6,635	109,030	3,328	
Cathay II Venture	100.00%		724,522	22,116	366,368	11,183	
Cathay Capital Management	100.00%		60,314	1,841	39,428	1,204	
Less: Item			(172,010,362)	(5,250,621)	(159,936,489)	(4,882,066)	
Subtotal		(A)	205,661,972	6,277,838	(B) 163,742,528	4,998,246	
Consolidated capital adequacy ratios				(C)=(A)/(B)		125.60%	

As of December 31, 2008

As of December 31, 2009

Item	Ownership	Eligible capital			Legal capital		
Item	interest		(NT\$)	(US\$)	(NT\$)	(US\$)	
The Company	100.00%		\$249,902,911	\$7,821,687	\$243,656,39	5 \$7,626,178	
Cathay United Bank	100.00%		96,624,673	3,024,247	63,708,42	5 1,994,004	
Cathay Securities	100.00%		3,094,069	96,841	752,20	5 23,543	
Cathay Life	100.00%		137,334,168	4,298,409	97,007,18	8 3,036,219	
Cathay Century	100.00%		4,963,791	155,361	2,319,72	0 72,605	
Cathay Pacific Venture	100.00%		1,880,742	58,865	941,24	5 29,460	
Less: Item			(252,508,683)	(7,903,245)	(241,251,19	5) (7,550,898)	
Subtotal		(A)	241,291,671	7,552,165	(B) 167,133,98	3 5,231,111	
Consolidated capital adequacy ratios				(C)=(A)/(B)		144.37%	

B. Eligible capital

Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Common Stock	\$97,375,372	\$2,972,386
Non-cumulative perpetual preferred stocks and		
non-cumulative subordinated debts without maturity		
dates-qualified as bank-level Tier I Capital	-	-
Preferred Stocks and subordinated financial debenture	20,000,000	610,501
Capital collected in advance	-	-
Capital surplus	81,971,213	2,502,174
Legal reserve	12,320,672	376,089
Special reserve	-	-
Accumulated profit	7,060,140	215,511
Equity adjustments	(52,233,857)	(1,594,441)
Less : Goodwill	-	-
Less : Deferred assets	(2,222,244)	(67,834)
Less: Treasury stock	(4,140,047)	(126,375)
Consolidated eligible capital	\$160,131,249	\$4,888,011

As of December 31	2008

Item	(NT\$)	(US\$)
Common Stock	\$96,708,774	\$3,026,879
Non-cumulative perpetual preferred stocks and		
non-cumulative subordinated debts without maturity		
dates-qualified as bank-level Tier I Capital	-	-
Preferred Stocks and subordinated financial debenture	40,000,000	1,251,956
Capital collected in advance	-	-
Capital surplus	78,240,933	2,448,855
Legal reserve	12,540,295	392,498
Special reserve	7,107,732	222,464
Accumulated profit	11,051,057	345,886
Equity adjustments	6,546,446	204,896
Less : Goodwill	-	-
Less : Deferred assets	(2,292,326)	(71,747)
Less : Treasury stock	-	_
Consolidated eligible capital	\$249,902,911	\$7,821,687

As of December 31, 2009

- (6) Business or trading behaviors within Subsidiaries:
 - A. Business or trading behaviors

Please refer Note 26 (business with stakeholders) for further details.

B. Integrate business activities:

By integrating the insurance, securities, banking and other diversified financial institutions, the Company has become a full-functioning financial platform. Through the branches and professional sales representatives across Taiwan, the Company is able to develop its cross-selling marketing strategy and provide a one-stop shopping service for its customers.

C. Cross utilization of information:

With respect to customers' confidentiality, the Company FHC has established related regulations to ensure the safety and confidentiality of customer information.

D. Locations and business utilities:

The Company has established national presence to provide customers with one-stop services not only in insurance but also in banking and securities services. Since July 2002, The Company has built up four flagship stores of wealth management in Taipei, Taichung and Kaohsiung. In November 2002, the Company upgraded 5 insurance branches into wealth management service locations.

E. Allocation on revenues, costs, expenses, profits and losses:

Revenue, costs, expenses, profits or losses arising from integrate business activities between the subsidiaries are allocated to each subsidiary based on the related business features.

(6) Material contract: None.

(7) Presentation of financial statements:

Certain accounts in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008 have been reclassified in order to be comparable with those in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2009.

35. Information regarding investment in Mainland China

- (1) On December 25, 2002 and July 24, 2003, the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEAIC) authorized Cathay Life to remit US\$22,850 thousands and US\$27,150 thousands, respectively, as the registered capital to establish a China-based company named Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (Guangzhou). On September 25, 2003, MOEAIC authorized Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (Guangzhou) to change its location from Guangzhou to Shanghai. Cathay Life's subsidiary, Cathay Life Insurance Ltd. (Shanghai) has acquired a business license of an enterprise as legal person on December 29, 2004. As of December 31, 2009, Cathay Life's remittances to this company totaled approximately US\$48,330 thousands.
- (2) On October 17, 2007, the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEAIC) authorized Cathay life to remit US\$26,390 thousands as the registered capital to establish a China-based general insurance subsidiary (in form of joint venture with Cathay Century Insurance). On March 6, 2008, MOEAIC authorized Cathay life to increase the remittances from US\$26,390 thousands to US\$28,960 thousands. As of December 31, 2009, Cathay life's remittances to this general insurance company totaled approximately US\$28,140 thousands.
- (3) On December 31, 2006, the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEAIC) authorized Cathay Century to remit US\$28,960 thousands as the registered capital to establish a China-based general insurance subsidiary (in form of joint venture with Cathay Life.) Cathay Century has received approved from the China Insurance Regulatory Commission on October 8, 2007 to form a joint venture general insurance company. Cathay Century and Cathay Life Insurance subsidiary, Cathay Century (Shanghai) has acquired a business license of an enterprise as legal person on August 26, 2008. As of December 31, 2009, Cathay Century's remittances to this company totaled approximately US\$27,820 thousands.

36. Segment information

For the year ended December 31, 2008							
Item	Bank division (NT\$)	Life insurance division (NT\$)	Property and casualty insurance division (NT\$)	Securities division (NT\$)	Other divisions (NT\$)	Total (NT\$)	
Net interest income	\$21,450,273	\$76,563,606	\$437,370	\$73,755	\$50,908	\$98,575,912	
Non income other than interest	(5,039,558)	66,538,137	3,380,312	235,165	(162,852)	64,951,204	
Provision for premiums reserve	-	(108,975,003)	(851,453)	-	-	(109,826,456)	
Total income	16,410,715	34,126,740	2,966,229	308,920	(111,944)	53,700,660	
Bad debt expenses	(926,248)	-	-	-	-	(926,248)	
Operating expenses	(12,525,170)	(37,093,155)	(1,483,319)	(381,490)	(1,082,417)	(52,565,551)	
Income from continuing							
operations before income taxes	2,959,297	(2,966,415)	1,482,910	(72,570)	(1,194,361)	208,861	
Income taxes (expense) benefit	(2,082,679)	3,998,803	(211,216)	17,257	42,031	1,764,196	
Consolidated income	876,618	1,032,388	1,271,694	(55,313)	(1,152,330)	1,973,057	

For the year ended December 31, 2008

For the year ended December 31, 2008

Item	Bank division (US\$)	Life insurance division (US\$)	Property and casualty insurance division (US\$)	Securities division (US\$)	Other divisions (US\$)	Total (US\$)
Net interest income	\$654,770	\$2,337,107	\$13,351	\$2,251	\$1,554	\$3,009,033
Non income other than interest	(153,833)	2,031,079	103,184	7,178	(4,971)	1,982,637
Provision for premiums reserve	-	(3,326,465)	(25,991)	-	-	(3,352,456)
Total income	500,937	1,041,721	90,544	9,429	(3,417)	1,639,214
Bad debt expenses	(28,274)	-	-	-	-	(28,274)
Operating expenses	(382,330)	(1,132,270)	(45,278)	(11,645)	(33,041)	(1,604,564)
Income from continuing						
operations before income taxes	90,333	(90,549)	45,266	(2,216)	(36,458)	6,376
Income taxes (expense) benefit	(63,574)	122,063	(6,448)	528	1,283	53,852
Consolidated income	26,759	31,514	38,818	(1,688)	(35,175)	60,228

Item	Bank division (NT\$)	Life insurance division (NT\$)	Property and casualty insurance division (NT\$)	Securities division (NT\$)	Other divisions (NT\$)	Total (NT\$)				
Net interest income	\$14,383,644	\$73,810,837	\$382,316	\$85,531	\$(732,897)	\$87,929,431				
Non income other than interest	11,826,911	218,532,295	4,022,799	726,318	(233,696)	234,874,627				
Provision for premiums reserve	-	(251,550,562)	(820,736)	-	-	(252,371,298)				
Total income	26,210,555	40,792,570	3,584,379	811,849	(966,593)	70,432,760				
Bad debt expenses	-	(3,451)	-	-	-	(3,451)				
Operating expenses	(12,874,757)	(38,186,119)	(1,655,632)	(567,652)	(845,602)	(54,129,762)				
Income from continuing										
operations before income taxes	13,335,798	2,603,000	1,928,747	244,197	(1,812,195)	16,299,547				
Income taxes expense	(2,525,710)	(1,903,484)	(268,808)	(80,003)	(689,661)	(5,467,666)				
Consolidated income	10,810,088	699,516	1,659,939	164,194	(2,501,856)	10,831,881				

For the year ended December 31, 2009

For the year ended December 31, 2009

Item	Bank division (US\$)	Life insurance division (US\$)	Property and casualty insurance division (US\$)	Securities division (US\$)	Other divisions (US\$)	Total (US\$)
Net interest income	\$450,192	\$2,310,199	\$11,966	\$2,677	\$(22,939)	\$2,752,095
Non income other than interest	370,169	6,839,821	125,909	22,733	(7,314)	7,351,318
Provision for premiums reserve	-	(7,873,257)	(25,688)	-	-	(7,898,945)
Total income	820,361	1,276,763	112,187	25,410	(30,253)	2,204,468
Bad debt expenses	-	(108)	-	-	-	(108)
Operating expenses	(402,966)	(1,195,184)	(51,819)	(17,767)	(26,466)	(1,694,202)
Income from continuing						
operations before income taxes	417,395	81,471	60,368	7,643	(56,719)	510,158
Income taxes expense	(79,052)	(59,577)	(8,413)	(2,504)	(21,586)	(171,132)
Consolidated income	338,343	21,894	51,955	5,139	(78,305)	339,026

37.Parent Company financial statements

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Audited Balance sheets As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

Property and equipment -net44Goodwill and intangible assets -net2,238Other assets -net2,238Total assets\$168,588Liabilities & stockholders' equity\$6,212Payables\$6,212Bonds payable20,000	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	US \$ \$338,419 208,607 782,472 6,768,425 993 126 72,291 \$8,171,333 \$277,044 1,251,956 855
Cash and cash equivalents\$2,299Receivables -net4,077Held-to-maturity financial assets -net15,000Investments under equity method144,936Other financial assets -net31Property and equipment -net4Goodwill and intangible assets -net2,238Other assets -net2,238Total assets\$168,588Liabilities & stockholders' equity\$6,212Bonds payable20,000Other liabilities23Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equity\$6,213Capital stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings\$1,971	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	208,607 782,472 6,768,425 993 126 72,291 \$8,171,333 \$277,044 1,251,956
Receivables -net4,077Held-to-maturity financial assets -net15,000Investments under equity method144,936Other financial assets -net31Property and equipment -net4Goodwill and intangible assets -net2,238Other assets -net2,238Total assets\$168,588Liabilities & stockholders' equity\$6,212Bonds payable20,000Other liabilities23Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equity\$1,971Capital stock97,375Capital surplus\$1,971Retained earnings\$1,971	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	208,607 782,472 6,768,425 993 126 72,291 \$8,171,333 \$277,044 1,251,956
Held-to-maturity financial assets -net15,000Investments under equity method144,936Other financial assets -net31Property and equipment -net4Goodwill and intangible assets -net2,238Other assets -net2,238Total assets\$168,588Liabilities & stockholders' equity8Payables\$6,212Bonds payable20,000Other liabilities23Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equity81,971Capital stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings81,971	,000 457,87 ,489 4,424,19 ,720 96 ,467 13 ,533 1 ,933 68,34 ,769 \$5,146,17 ,178 \$189,62 ,000 610,50 ,098 70	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	782,472 6,768,425 993 126 72,291 \$8,171,333 \$277,044 1,251,956
Investments under equity method144,936Other financial assets -net31Property and equipment -net4Goodwill and intangible assets -net2,238Other assets -net2,238Total assets\$168,588Liabilities & stockholders' equity\$6,212Bonds payable20,000Other liabilities23Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equity26,235Capital stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings81,971	,489 4,424,19 ,720 96 ,467 13 ,533 1 ,933 68,34 ,769 \$5,146,17 ,178 \$189,62 ,000 610,50 ,098 70	$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 211, 216, 251, 195\\ 588 & 31, 720\\ 366 & 4, 022\\ 16 & -\\ 444 & 2, 309, 690\\ \hline 777 & $261, 074, 106\\ \hline \\ 27 & $8, 851, 563\\ 01 & 40, 000, 000\\ \hline \end{array}$	6,768,425 993 126 72,291 \$8,171,333 \$277,044 1,251,956
Other financial assets -net31Property and equipment -net4Goodwill and intangible assets -net2,238Other assets -net2,238Total assets\$168,588Liabilities & stockholders' equity86,212Bonds payable20,000Other liabilities23Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equity26,235Capital stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings81,971	720 96 ,467 13 ,533 1 ,933 68,34 ,769 \$5,146,17 ,178 \$189,62 ,000 610,50 ,098 70	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	993 126 72,291 \$8,171,333 \$277,044 1,251,956
Property and equipment -net4Goodwill and intangible assets -net2,238Other assets -net2,238Total assets\$168,588Liabilities & stockholders' equity8Payables\$6,212Bonds payable20,000Other liabilities23Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equity26,235Capital stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings81,971	,467 13 533 1 ,933 68,34 ,769 \$5,146,17 ,178 \$189,62 ,000 610,50 ,098 70	$\begin{array}{cccccccc} & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & &$	126 72,291 \$8,171,333 \$277,044 1,251,956
Goodwill and intangible assets -netOther assets -net2,238Total assets\$168,588Liabilities & stockholders' equityPayables\$6,212Bonds payable20,000Other liabilities23Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equityCapital stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings81,971	533 1 ,933 68,34 ,769 \$5,146,17 ,178 \$189,62 ,000 610,50 ,098 70	16 - 14 2,309,690 77 \$261,074,106 27 \$8,851,563 01 40,000,000	72,291 \$8,171,333 \$277,044 1,251,956
Other assets -net2,238Total assets\$168,588Liabilities & stockholders' equityPayables\$6,212Bonds payable20,000Other liabilities23Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equityCapital stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings81,971	933 68,34 769 \$5,146,17 ,178 \$189,62 ,000 610,50 ,098 70	44 2,309,690 77 \$261,074,106 27 \$8,851,563 01 40,000,000	\$8,171,333 \$277,044 1,251,956
Total assets\$168,588Liabilities & stockholders' equityPayablesBonds payable20,000Other liabilities23Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equityCapital stockCommon stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings	\$769 \$5,146,17 ,178 \$189,62 ,000 610,50 ,098 70	\$261,074,106 27 \$8,851,563 01 40,000,000	\$8,171,333 \$277,044 1,251,956
Liabilities & stockholders' equityPayables\$6,212Bonds payable20,000Other liabilities23Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equity26,235Stockholders' equity26,235Capital stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings81,971	,178 \$189,62 ,000 610,50 ,098 70	27 \$8,851,563 01 40,000,000	\$277,044 1,251,956
Payables\$6,212Bonds payable20,000Other liabilities23Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equity26,235Capital stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings81,971	,000 610,50 ,098 70	40,000,000	1,251,956
Bonds payable20,000Other liabilities23Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equity26,235Capital stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings81,971	,000 610,50 ,098 70	40,000,000	1,251,956
Other liabilities23Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equity26,235Stockholders' equity26,235Capital stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings81,971	,098 70		
Total liabilities26,235Stockholders' equityCapital stockCommon stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings81,971		27,306	855
Stockholders' equityCapital stockCommon stockCapital surplusRetained earnings			
Capital stock97,375Common stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings81,971	,276 800,83	48,878,869	1,529,855
Common stock97,375Capital surplus81,971Retained earnings81,971			
Capital surplus 81,971 Retained earnings			
Retained earnings	,372 2,972,38	96,708,774	3,026,879
	,213 2,502,17	74 78,240,933	2,448,855
Legal reserve 12 320			
12,520	,672 376,08	12,540,295	392,498
Special reserve	-	- 7,107,732	222,464
Unappropriated retained earnings 7,060	,140 215,51	11 11,051,057	345,886
Equity adjustments			
Reserve for land revaluation increment 2	,106 6	54 1,461	46
Cumulative conversion adjustments 344	,257 10,50	08 4,444	139
Unrealized gains or losses on financial instruments (52,309	,533) (1,596,75	50) 6,547,332	204,924
Treasury stock (4,140	,047) (126,37		-
Net loss not yet recognized as net pension cost (270	,687) (8,26	63) (6,791)	(213)
Total stockholders' equity 142,353	,493 4,345,34	44 212,195,237	6,641,478
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$168,588	,769 \$5,146,17	\$261,074,106	\$8,171,333

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

Audited Statements of Income

For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009

(Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earning per share)

	January 1 ~ Decemb	per 31, 2008	January 1 ~ Decemb	er 31, 2009
—	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$
Income				
Gain on investment-equity method	\$2,858,167	\$87,245	\$12,184,272	\$381,355
Gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	323,564	9,877	-	-
Gain on foreign exchange	-	-	8	-
Other operating income	59,132	1,805	61,095	1,912
Total income	3,240,863	98,927	12,245,375	383,267
Expenses and loss				
Interest income	483,671	14,764	553,282	17,317
Less: interest expenses	(395,943)	(12,086)	(751,896)	(23,534
Net interest income (loss)	87,728	2,678	(198,614)	(6,217
Losses on foreign exchange	(716,859)	(21,882)	-	-
Operating expenses	(486,983)	(14,865)	(318,836)	(9,979
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	2,124,749	64,858	11,727,925	367,071
Income taxes benefit (expense)	71,480	2,182	(676,868)	(21,185
Net income	\$2,196,229	\$67,040	\$11,051,057	\$345,886

Primary earnings per share:	Before taxes	After taxes						
Net income	\$0.22	\$0.23	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$1.21	\$1.14	\$0.04	\$0.04

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

Audited Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009

(Expressed in thousands of dollars)

							Retained e	earnings							Other stockho	lders' equity						
											Unreal	lized	Cumulative	translation	Unrealized gains	or losses on			Net loss not re	ecognized		
	Commo	on stock	Capital	surplus	Legal re	serve	Special r	reserve	Undistribute	ed earnings	revaluation i	ncrements	adjustr	ments	financial ins		Treasur	y stock	as pensior	n cost	To	tal
Summary	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$
Balance on January 1, 2008	\$92,770,192	\$2,831,813	\$81,971,213	\$2,502,174	\$9,245,862	\$282,230	S-	\$-	\$35,577,963	\$1,086,018	\$2,106	\$64	\$183,766	\$5,609	\$10,955,521	\$334,418	\$(4,140,047)	\$(126,375)	\$(3,107)	\$(95)	\$226,563,469	\$6,915,856
Appropriations and distribution for 2007																						
Legal reserve					3,074,810	93,859			(3,074,810)	(93,859)											-	-
Cash dividends									(23,025,898)	(702,866)											(23,025,898)	(702,866)
Stock dividend	4,605,180	140,573							(4,605,180)	(140,573)											-	-
Remuneration paid to directors and supervisors									(5,400)	(165)											(5,400)	(165)
Bonus paid to employees									(2,764)	(84)											(2,764)	(84)
Cumulative translation adjustments													160,491	\$4,899							160,491	4,899
Unrealized gains or losses of financial instruments															(63,265,054)	(1,931,168)					(63,265,054)	(1,931,168)
Net loss not yet recognized as pension cost																			(267,580)	(8,168)	(267,580)	(8,168)
Net income for the years ended December 31, 2008									2,196,229	67,040											2,196,229	67,040
Balance on December 31, 2008	\$97,375,372	\$2,972,386	\$81,971,213	\$2,502,174	\$12,320,672	\$376,089	S-	\$-	\$7,060,140	\$215,511	\$2,106	\$64	\$344,257	\$10,508	\$(52,309,533)	\$(1,596,750)	\$(4,140,047)	\$(126,375)	\$(270,687)	\$(8,263)	\$142,353,493	\$4,345,344
					·						ı		ı									
Balance on January 1, 2009	\$97,375,372	\$3,047,743	\$81,971,213	\$2,565,609	\$12,320,672	\$385,624	\$-	\$-	\$7,060,140	\$220,974	\$2,106	\$66	\$344,257	\$10,775	\$(52,309,533)	\$(1,637,231)	\$(4,140,047)	\$(129,579)	\$(270,687)	\$(8,472)	\$142,353,493	\$4,455,509
Amountainer and distribution for 2009																						
Appropriations and distribution for 2008					219.623	6,874			(210 (22)	((07.0												
Legal reserve Special reserve			(267,215)	(8,364)	219,623	6,874	7,107,732	222,464	(219,623) (6,840,517)	(6,874) (214,100)											-	-
Land revaluation increment			(207,215)	(8,304)			7,107,732	222,404	(0,840,517)	(214,100)	(645)	(20)									(645)	(20)
Capital surplus			386	12							(045)	(20)									386	12
Cumulative translation adjustments			580	12									(339,813)	(10,636)							(339,813)	(10,636)
Unrealized gains or losses of financial instruments													(339,813)	(10,030)	58,856,865	1,842,155					58,856,865	1,842,155
Cancellation of treasury stock	(666,598)	(20,864)	(3,473,449)	(108,715)											58,850,805	1,042,133	4,140,047	129,579			58,850,805	1,042,135
Other capital surplus	(000,598)	(20,004)	9,998	313													7,170,047	127,379			- 9,998	313
Net loss not recognized as pension cost			7,776	515															263,896	8,259	263,896	8,259
Net nose not recognized as pension cost Net income for the years ended December 31, 2009									11,051,057	345,886									203,070	0,239	11,051,057	345,886
two meetine for the years ended December 51, 2009									11,051,057	343,000											11,051,057	545,000
Balance on December 31, 2009	\$96,708,774	\$3,026,879	\$78,240,933	\$2,448,855	\$12,540,295	\$392,498	\$7,107,732	\$222,464	\$11,051,057	\$345,886	\$1,461	\$46	\$4,444	\$139	\$6,547,332	\$204,924	S-	S-	\$(6,791)	\$(213)	\$212,195,237	\$6,641,478

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Auited Statements of cash flows For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	January 1 ~ Decem	uber 31, 2008	January 1 ~ Decen	nber 31, 2009
-	NT \$	US \$	NT \$	US \$
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income	\$2,196,229	\$67,040	\$11,051,057	\$345,886
Adjustments:				
Amortizations	547	17	533	17
Depreciation	882	27	1,003	31
Losses on disposal of property and equipment	170	5	205	6
Investment income recognized by equity method less				
(more) than cash dividends received	20,806,452	635,118	(12,132,072)	(379,721)
Effects of exchange rate changes	712,859	21,760	(8)	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	/12,007	21,700	(0)	
Increase in accounts receivable	(1,586,788)	(48,437)	(2,605,528)	(81,550)
Increase in deferred income tax assets	(1,512,040)	(46,155)	(70,616)	(2,210)
Increase in other assets	(1,012,040)	(40,155)	(117)	(2,210)
Increase in accounts payable	4,440,974	135,561	2,657,150	83,166
Decrease in financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss	· · · ·	<i>.</i>	2,037,130	85,100
	(444,155)	(13,558)	-	-
Decrease in income tax payable	(1,280,556)	(39,089)	-	-
Decrease in deferred income tax liabilities	(146,839)	(4,482)	(3)	-
Increase in other liabilities	3,411	104	4,211	132
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	23,190,146	707,880	(1,094,185)	(34,247)
Cash flows from investing activities Acquisition of Held-to-maturity financial assets	(15,000,000)	(457,876)	(10,000,000)	(312,989)
Acquisition of property and equipment	(13,000,000) (2,430)	(437,870) (74)	(10,000,000)	(312, 989)
Disposal of property and equipment	1,150	35	(/01)	(21)
Decrease (increase) in other assets	2,594,524	79,198	(24)	(1)
Net cash used in investing activities	(12,406,756)	(378,717)	(10,000,788)	(313,014)
Cash flows from financing activities	(12,400,750)	(576,717)	(10,000,700)	(515,014)
Increase in bonds payable	20,000,000	610,501	20,000,000	625,978
Remuneration paid to directors and supervisors	(5,400)	(165)	-	-
Bonus paid to employees	(2,764)	(84)	-	-
Cash dividends	(23,025,898)	(702,866)	-	-
Increase in investments under euity method	(15,000,000)	(457,876)	(925,246)	(28,959)
Cash received from capital reduction in long-term stock investment	-	-	533,300	16,692
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(18,034,062)	(550,490)	19,608,054	613,711
Effects of exchange rate changes	(712,859)	(21,760)	8	-
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(7,963,531)	(243,087)	8,513,089	266,450
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year	10,262,917	313,276	2,299,386	71,969
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	\$2,299,386	\$70,189	\$10,812,475	\$338,419
Supplemental disclosure of cash flows information				
Interest paid during the period	\$439,072	\$13,403	\$629,320	\$19,697
Income tax paid	\$18,725	\$572	\$293,909	\$9,199

38. The major subsidiaries' condensed balance sheets and statements of income

Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Condensed Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	December 1	31, 2008	December 31, 2009		
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Assets					
Current assets	\$476,305,055	###########	\$701,981,693	###########	
Loans	541,554,027	16,530,953	506,130,108	15,841,318	
Funds and investments	1,116,590,171	34,083,949	1,229,316,465	38,476,259	
Property and equipment	12,776,546	390,004	12,504,702	391,383	
Intangible assets	764,067	23,323	560,518	17,544	
Other assets	210,948,626	6,439,213	292,376,457	9,151,063	
Total assets	################	###########	################	##########	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	\$36,387,760	\$1,110,738	\$19,752,642	\$619 226	
	16,815,259		26,441,827	\$618,236	
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	2,251,850,929	513,286 68,737,818	2,583,545,777	827,600 80,862,153	
Total liabilities	2,305,053,948	70,361,842	2,629,740,246	80,802,133	
Stockholders' equity	2,505,055,948	70,301,842	2,029,740,240	82,307,989	
Capital stock	52,686,158	1,608,247	52,686,158	1,649,019	
Capital stock	13,009,648	397,120	13,009,649	407,188	
Retained earnings	40,731,219	1,243,321	43,393,520	1,358,169	
Others	(52,542,481)	(1,603,861)	4,040,370	126,460	
Total stockholders' equity	53,884,544	1,644,827	113,129,697	3,540,836	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	#######################################	1,044,827	#######################################	<u> </u>	

Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Condensed Statements of Income For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earnings per share)

	January 1 ~ Dece	mber 31, 2008	January 1 ~ December 31, 2009		
Item	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Operating revenues	\$935,240,412	############	\$929,473,158	###########	
Operating costs	(930,830,341)	(28,413,624)	(913,744,207)	(28,599,193)	
Operating gross profit	4,410,071	134,618	15,728,951	492,299	
Operating expenses	(11,021,303)	(336,426)	(11,323,451)	(354,412)	
Non-operating revenues & gains	1,440,707	43,977	1,570,558	49,157	
Non-operating expenses & losses	(822,150)	(25,096)	(1,343,531)	(42,051)	
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income tax	\$(5,992,675)	\$(182,927)	\$4,632,527	\$144,993	
Net (loss) income	\$(1,973,545)	\$(60,243)	\$2,662,301	\$83,327	
Earnings per share (in dollars)					
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income tax	\$(1.16)	\$(0.04)	\$0.88	\$0.03	
Net (loss) income	\$(0.38)	\$(0.01)	\$0.51	\$0.02	

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. Condensed Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	December 3	31, 2008	December 31, 2009		
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Assets					
Current assets	\$12,304,067	\$375,582	\$14,615,137	\$457,438	
Loans	1,499,614	45,776	1,144,564	35,823	
Funds and investments	4,573,044	139,592	4,190,557	131,160	
Property and equipment	117,303	3,581	116,339	3,641	
Intangible assets	18,669	570	14,177	444	
Other assets	886,017	27,046	731,872	22,907	
Total assets	\$19,398,714	\$592,147	\$20,812,646	\$651,413	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	\$2,082,151	\$63,558	\$1,822,864	\$57,054	
Long-term liabilities	17,867	545	17,590	551	
Other liabilities	14,202,257	433,525	14,672,157	459,222	
Total liabilities	16,302,275	497,628	16,512,611	516,827	
Stockholders' equity					
Capital stock	2,317,006	70,726	2,317,006	72,520	
Capital surplus	1,929	59	1,929	60	
Retained earnings	999,951	30,524	1,785,198	55,874	
Others	(222,447)	(6,790)	195,902	6,132	
Total stockholders' equity	3,096,439	94,519	4,300,035	134,586	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$19,398,714	\$592,147	\$20,812,646	\$651,413	

Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. Condensed Statements of Income For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earning per share)

	January 1 ~ December 31, 2008 January 1 ~ December 31, 2009							
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$				
Operating revenues	\$19,680,989	\$600,763	\$20,767,354	\$649,995				
Operating costs	(16,495,878)	(503,538)	(17,025,809)	(532,889)				
Operating gross profit	3,185,111	97,225	3,741,545	117,106				
Operating expenses	(2,493,863)	(76,125)	(2,690,464)	(84,209)				
Non-operating revenues	10,675	326	3,052	95				
Non-operating expenses	(12,223)	(373)	(78)	(2)				
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$689,700	\$21,053	\$1,054,055	\$32,990				
Net income	\$478,484	\$14,606	\$785,247	\$24,577				
Earning per share (in dollars)								
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$2.98	\$0.09	\$4.55	\$0.14				
Net income	\$2.07	\$0.06	\$3.39	\$0.11				

Cathay Life Insurance Company(Shanghai) Condensed Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	December 3	1, 2008	December 31, 2009		
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Assets					
Current assets	\$3,848,465	\$117,475	\$4,605,504	\$144,147	
Loans	8,608	263	15,392	482	
Funds and investments	5,104,763	155,823	5,041,993	157,809	
Property and equipment	276,230	8,432	224,158	7,016	
Intangible assets	163,486	4,990	143,279	4,485	
Other assets	1,114,664	34,025	1,304,015	40,814	
Total assets	\$10,516,216	\$321,008	\$11,334,341	\$354,753	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	\$1,027,100	\$31,352	\$417,315	\$13,062	
Other liabilities	7,050,415	215,214	9,085,498	284,366	
Total liabilities	8,077,515	246,566	9,502,813	297,428	
Stockholders' equity					
Capital stock	3,257,376	99,432	3,257,376	101,952	
Retained earnings	(1,448,970)	(44,230)	(2,166,817)	(67,819)	
Others	630,295	19,240	740,969	23,192	
Total stockholders' equity	2,438,701	74,442	1,831,528	57,325	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$10,516,216	\$321,008	\$11,334,341	\$354,753	

Cathay Life Insurance Company(Shanghai) Condensed Statements of Income For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earning per share)

	January 1 ~ December 31, 2008		January 1 ~ December 31, 2009	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Operating revenues	\$5,043,598	\$153,956	\$4,252,958	\$133,113
Operating costs	(4,932,694)	(150,571)	(3,942,382)	(123,392)
Operating gross profit	110,904	3,385	310,576	9,721
Operating expenses	(979,239)	(29,891)	(1,099,512)	(34,414)
Non-operating revenues	53,202	1,624	10,890	341
Non-operating expenses	(163)	(5)	(1,059)	(33)
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	\$(815,296)	\$(24,887)	\$(779,105)	\$(24,385)
Net loss	\$(815,296)	\$(24,887)	\$(717,847)	\$(22,468)
Earnings per share (in dollars)				
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	Note	Note	Note	Note
Net loss	Note	Note	Note	Note

Note : Cathay Life Insurance (Shanghai) is a limited company, there is no information about earnings per share.

Cathay Life Insurance (Vietnam) Co., Ltd. Condensed Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	December 3	1, 2008	December 31, 2009		
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Assets					
Current assets	\$503,563	\$15,371	\$447,073	\$13,993	
Loans	-	-	18	1	
Funds and investments	1,690,297	51,596	1,391,750	43,560	
Property and equipment	28,076	857	37,720	1,181	
Intangible assets	43,376	1,324	31,005	970	
Other assets	50,244	1,534	53,777	1,683	
Total assets	\$2,315,556	\$70,682	\$1,961,343	\$61,388	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	\$26,401	\$806	\$24,115	\$755	
Other liabilities	17,077	521	63,293	1,981	
Total liabilities	43,478	1,327	87,408	2,736	
Stockholders' equity					
Capital stock	1,940,080	59,221	1,940,080	60,722	
Retained earnings	52,496	1,602	44,208	1,384	
Others	279,502	8,532	(110,353)	(3,454)	
Total stockholders' equity	2,272,078	69,355	1,873,935	58,652	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$2,315,556	\$70,682	\$1,961,343	\$61,388	

Cathay Life Insurance (Vietnam) Co., Ltd. Condensed Statements of Income For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earning per share)

	January 1 ~ December 31, 2008		January 1 ~ December 31, 2009	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Operating revenues	\$205,571	\$6,275	\$335,248	\$10,493
Operating costs	(33,624)	(1,026)	(85,442)	(2,674)
Operating gross profit	171,947	5,249	249,806	7,819
Operating expenses	(107,918)	(3,294)	(264,920)	(8,292)
Non-operating revenues	8,877	271	1,342	42
Non-operating expenses	(83)	(3)	-	-
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income ta	\$72,823	\$2,223	\$(13,772)	\$(431)
Net income (loss)	\$52,496	\$1,602	\$(8,288)	\$(259)
Earnings per share (in dollars)				
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income ta	Note	Note	Note	Note
Net income (loss)	Note	Note	Note	Note

Note : Cathay Life Insurance (Vietnam) is a limited company, there is no information about earnings per share.

Cathay Insurance Company Limited (Shanghai) Condensed Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	December 3	1, 2008	December 31, 2009		
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Assets					
Current assets	\$1,430,674	\$43,672	\$1,540,676	\$48,222	
Property and equipment	46,100	1,407	48,597	1,521	
Other assets	453,271	13,836	384,944	12,048	
Total assets	\$1,930,045	\$58,915	\$1,974,217	\$61,791	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	\$15,964	\$487	\$56,675	\$1,774	
Other liabilities	79,472	2,426	210,245	6,580	
Total liabilities	95,436	2,913	266,920	8,354	
Stockholders' equity					
Capital stock	1,745,942	53,295	1,745,942	54,646	
Retained earnings	(91,107)	(2,781)	(173,576)	(5,432)	
Others	179,774	5,488	134,931	4,223	
Total stockholders' equity	1,834,609	56,002	1,707,297	53,437	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,930,045	\$58,915	\$1,974,217	\$61,791	

Cathay Insurance Company Limited (Shanghai) Condensed Statements of Income For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earning per share)

	January 1 ~ Decer	nber 31, 2008	January 1 ~ December 31, 2009		
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Operating revenues	\$87,865	\$2,682	\$324,887	\$10,169	
Operating costs	(110,351)	(3,368)	(268,621)	(8,408)	
Operating gross profit	(22,486)	(686)	56,266	1,761	
Operating expenses	(68,621)	(2,095)	(152,674)	(4,778)	
Non-operating revenues		-	13,940	436	
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	\$(91,107)	\$(2,781)	\$(82,468)	\$(2,581)	
Net loss	\$(91,107)	\$(2,781)	\$(82,468)	\$(2,581)	
Earnings per share (in dollars)					
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	Note	Note	Note	Note	
Net loss	Note	Note	Note	Note	

Note : Cathay Insurance (Shanghai) is a limited company, there is no information about earnings per share.

Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd. Condensed Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

Items NTS USS NTS USS Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$21,742,475 \$663,690 \$19,378,285 \$606,519 Due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks 46,966,265 1,433,647 78,836,983 2,467,511 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 53,189,451 1,623,610 41,430,963 1,267,744 Securities purchased under agreements to resell 2,169,147 66,213 1,73,6000 54,335 Receivables-net 89,016,783 2,99,965 97,991,344 3,067,022 Held-to-maturity financial assets -net 98,016,783 2,99,965 97,991,344 3,067,022 Held-to-maturity financial assets-net 2,542,836 77,620 4,089,081 127,984 Investments-equity method 3,513,361 10,72,45 3,892,029 121,816 Other financial assets-net 6,587,081 201,071 4,919,872 135,986 Investments in debt securities with no active market 21,89,18,136 6,682,483 369,781,436 11,573,754 Property and equipment-net 6,908,558		December 31, 2008		December 3	1,2009
$\begin{array}{c c} Cash and cash equivalents $$21,742,475 $$663,690 $$19,378,285 $$606,519 \\ Due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks $$46,966,265 $$1,433,647 $$78,836,983 $$2,467,511 \\ Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss $$3,189,451 $$1,623,610 $$41,430,963 $$1,296,744 \\ Securities purchased under agreements to resell $$2,169,147 $$66,213 $$1,736,000 $$4,335 \\ Receivables-net $$47,607,325 $$1,453,215 $$44,816,287 $$1,402,701 \\ Loans and advances to customers-net $$87,231,524 $$24,640,767 $$804,171,890 $$25,169,699 \\ Available-for-sale financial assets-net $$98,016,783 $$2,991,965 $$97,991,344 $$3,067,022 \\ Held-to-maturity financial assets-net $$2,542,836 $$77,620 $$4,089,081 $$127,984 \\ Investments-equity method $$3,513,361 $$107,245 $$3,980,029 $$121,816 \\ Other financial assets-net $$6,587,081 $$201,071 $$4,99,872 $$153,986 \\ Investments in debt securities with no active market $$218,918,136 $$6,682,483 $$369,781,436 $$11,573,754 \\ Property and equipment-net $$26,725,584 $$15,799 $$2,6250,655 $$21,617 \\ Intangible assets-net $$9,431,560 $$287,899 $$5,924,651 $$185,435 \\ Total assets $$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$	Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks $46,966,265$ $1,433,647$ $78,836,983$ $2,2467,511$ Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss $53,189,451$ $1,623,610$ $41,430,963$ $1,226,744$ Securities purchased under agreements to resell $2,169,147$ $66,213$ $1,736,000$ $54,335$ Receivables-net $27,607,325$ $1,453,215$ $44,816,287$ $1,402,701$ Loans and advances to customers-net $807,231,524$ $24,640,767$ $804,171,890$ $25,169,699$ Available-for-sale financial assets-net $98,016,783$ $2,991,965$ $97,991,344$ $3,067,022$ Held-to-maturity financial assets-net $2,542,836$ $77,620$ $4089,081$ $127,984$ Investments-equity method $3,513,361$ $107,245$ $3,892,029$ $121,816$ Other financial assets-net $6,587,081$ $201,071$ $4.919,872$ $153,986$ Investments in debt securities with no active market $218,918,136$ $6,622,483$ $369,781,436$ $11,573,754$ Property and equipment-net $26,725,584$ $815,799$ $26,250,655$ $821,617$ Intangible assets-net $9,431,560$ $287,899$ $592,4651$ $185,435$ Total assets $$1,351,550,086$ $$41,250,108$ $$1,510,291,682$ $$47,270,475$ Liabilities $$22,251,97$ $$1,448,740$ $$2,996,981$ $782,378$ Due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks $$62,926,229$ $$1,920,825$ $$45,350,827$ $$1,419,431$ Funancial liabilities at fair value through prof	Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss $53,189,451$ $1,622,610$ $41,430,963$ $1,296,744$ Securities purchased under agreements to resell $2,169,147$ $66,213$ $1,736,000$ $54,335$ Receivables-net $47,607,325$ $1,453,215$ $44,816,287$ $1,402,701$ Loans and advances to customers-net $807,231,524$ $24,640,767$ $804,171.890$ $25,169,699$ Available-for-sale financial assets-net $98,016,783$ $2,991,965$ $97,991,344$ $3,067,022$ Held-to-maturity financial assets-net $2,542,836$ $77,620$ $4,089,081$ $127,984$ Investments-equity method $3,513,361$ $107,245$ $3,892,029$ $121,816$ Other financial assets-net $6,587,081$ $201,071$ $4,919,872$ $153,986$ Investments in debt securities with no active market $218,918,136$ $6,682,483$ $369,781,436$ $11,573,754$ Property and equipment-net $26,725,584$ $815,799$ $26,250,655$ $821,617$ Intangible assets-net $9,431,560$ $287,899$ $5,924,651$ $185,435$ Total assets $$13,51,550,086$ $$41,256,108$ $$1,510,291,682$ $$47,270,475$ Liabilities $20,732,112$ $632,848$ $8,745,465$ $273,724$ Payables $00,732,112$ $632,848$ $8,745,465$ $273,724$ Payables $1,091,306,408$ $33,312,161$ $1,296,63,382$ $40,583,298$ Financial labilities $2,242,407$ $68,449$ $2,047,292$ $64,078$ Total assets 2	Cash and cash equivalents	\$21,742,475	\$663,690	\$19,378,285	\$606,519
Securities purchased under agreements to resell $2,169,147$ $66,213$ $1,736,000$ $54,335$ Receivables-net $47,607,325$ $1,453,215$ $44,816,287$ $1,402,701$ Loans and advances to customers-net $807,231,524$ $22,660,699$ $24,640,767$ $804,171,890$ $25,169,699$ Available-for-sale financial assets-net $98,016,783$ $2.991,965$ $97,991,344$ $3,067,022$ Held-to-maturity financial assets-net $2,542,836$ $77,620$ $4,089,081$ $127,984$ Investments-equity method $3,513,361$ $107,245$ $3,892,029$ $121,816$ Other financial assets-net $6,587,081$ $201,071$ $4,919,872$ $153,986$ Investments in debt securities with no active market $218,918,136$ $6,682,483$ $369,781,436$ $11,573,754$ Property and equipment-net $6,908,558$ $210,884$ $7072,206$ $221,352$ Total assets $$13,51,550,086$ $$41,256,108$ $$1,510,291,682$ $$47,270,475$ LiabilitiesDue to the Central Bank and call loans from banks $$62,926,229$ $$1,920,825$ $$45,350,827$ $$1,419,431$ Funacial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss $47,460,720$ $1,448,740$ $24,996,981$ $782,378$ Securities sold under agreements to repurchase $20,732,112$ $63,2488$ $8,745,465$ $273,724$ Payables $23,225,319$ $708,954$ $21,089,973$ $660,093$ Deposits and remittances $1,091,306,408$ $33,312,161$ $1,296,63,382$ $40,583,298$ Finan	Due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks	46,966,265	1,433,647	78,836,983	2,467,511
Receivables-net47,607,3251,453,21544,816,2871,402,701Loans and advances to customers-net807,231,52424,640,767804,171,89025,169,699Available-for-sale financial assets-net98,016,7832,991,96597,991,3443,067,022Held-to-maturity financial assets-net2,542,83677,6204,089,081127,984Investments-equity method3,513,361107,2453,892,029121,816Other financial assets-net6,587,081201,0714,919,872153,986Investments in debt securities with no active market218,918,1366,682,483369,781,43611,573,754Property and equipment-net26,725,584815,79926,250,655821,617Intangible assets-net9,431,560287,8995,924,651185,435Total assets\$1,351,550,086\$41,256,108\$1,510,291,682\$47,270,475Liabilities1251,321,500,865\$1,920,825\$45,350,827\$1,419,431Funds borrowed from the Central and other banks1,643,00050,1531,601,50050,125Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss47,460,7201,448,74024,996,981782,378Securities sold under agreements to repurchase20,732,112632,8488,745,465273,724Payables23,225,319708,95421,089,973660,093Deposits and remittances1,091,306,40833,121,611,296,636,38240,583,298Financial liabilities2,64,240768,4492,047,2	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	53,189,451	1,623,610	41,430,963	1,296,744
Loars and advances to customers-net $807,231,524$ $24,640,767$ $804,171,890$ $25,169,699$ Available-for-sale financial assets-net $98,016,783$ $2,991,965$ $97,991,344$ $3,067,022$ Held-to-maturity financial assets-net $2,542,836$ $77,620$ $4,089,081$ $127,984$ Investments-equity method $3,513,361$ $107,245$ $3,892,029$ $121,816$ Other financial assets-net $6,587,081$ $201,071$ $4,919,872$ $153,986$ Investments in debt securities with no active market $218,918,136$ $6,682,483$ $369,781,436$ $11,573,754$ Property and equipment-net $26,725,584$ $815,799$ $26,250,655$ $821,617$ Intangible assets-net $9,431,560$ $287,899$ $5,924,651$ $185,435$ Total assets $$1,351,550,086$ $$41,256,108$ $$1,510,291,682$ $$47,270,475$ Liabilities $$1,351,550,086$ $$44,256,108$ $$1,510,291,682$ $$47,270,475$ Due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks $$62,926,229$ $$1,920,825$ $$45,350,827$ $$1,419,431$ Funds borrowed from the Central and other banks $1,643,000$ $$0,153$ $1,601,500$ $$0,125$ Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss $47,460,720$ $1,448,740$ $24,996,981$ $782,378$ Securities sold under agreements to repurchase $20,732,112$ $632,848$ $8,745,465$ $273,724$ Payables $1,904,306,408$ $33,312,161$ $1,296,636,322$ $40,583,298$ Financial liabilities $2,242,4$	Securities purchased under agreements to resell	2,169,147	66,213	1,736,000	54,335
Available-for-sale financial assets-net $98,016,783$ $2,991,965$ $97,991,344$ $3,067,022$ Held-to-maturity financial assets-net $2,542,836$ $77,620$ $4,089,081$ $127,984$ Investments-equity method $3,513,361$ $107,245$ $3,892,029$ $121,816$ Other financial assets-net $6,587,081$ $201,071$ $4,919,872$ $153,986$ Investments in debt securities with no active market $218,918,136$ $6,682,483$ $369,781,436$ $11,573,754$ Property and equipment-net $26,725,584$ $815,799$ $26,250,655$ $821,617$ Intangible assets-net $9,943,560$ $287,899$ $5,924,651$ $185,435$ Total assets $$1,351,550,086$ $$41,256,108$ $$1,510,291,682$ $$47,270,475$ Liabilities $$1,351,550,086$ $$51,256,085$ $$1,510,291,682$ $$547,270,475$ Liabilities $$2,926,229$ $$1,920,825$ $$45,350,827$ $$1,419,431$ Funds borrowed from the Central and other banks $1,643,000$ $$0,153$ $1,601,500$ $$0,125$ Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss $47,460,720$ $1,448,740$ $24,996,981$ $782,378$ Securities sold under agreements to repurchase $20,732,112$ $632,848$ $8,745,465$ $273,724$ Payables $23,225,319$ $708,954$ $21,089,973$ $660,093$ Deposits and remittances $1,091,306,408$ $33,312,161$ $1,296,636,382$ $40,583,298$ Financial liabilities $261,319$ $7,977$ $240,494$ $7,527$ <	Receivables-net	47,607,325	1,453,215	44,816,287	1,402,701
Held-to-maturity financial assets-net2,542,83677,6204,089,081127,984Investments-equity method $3,513,361$ $107,245$ $3,892,029$ $121,816$ Other financial assets-net $6,587,081$ $201,071$ $4,919,872$ $153,986$ Investments in debt securities with no active market $218,918,136$ $6,682,483$ $369,781,436$ $11,573,754$ Property and equipment-net $26,725,584$ $815,799$ $26,250,655$ $821,617$ Intangible assets-net $9,431,560$ $287,899$ $5.924,651$ $185,435$ Total assets $$1,351,550,086$ $$41,256,108$ $$1,510,291,682$ $$47,270,475$ LiabilitiesDue to the Central Bank and call loans from banks $1,643,000$ $50,153$ $1,601,500$ $50,125$ Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss $47,460,720$ $1,448,740$ $24,996,981$ $782,378$ Securities sold under agreements to repurchase $20,732,112$ $632,848$ $8,745,465$ $273,724$ Payables $23,225,319$ $708,954$ $21,089,973$ $660,093$ Deposits and remittances $1,091,306,408$ $33,312,161$ $1,296,636,382$ $40,583,298$ Financial debentures payable $18,865,978$ $575,885$ $16,437,209$ $514,467$ Other financial liabilities $2,242,407$ $68,449$ $2,047,292$ $64,078$ Total liabilities $2,242,407$ $68,449$ $2,047,292$ $64,078$ Charles the serves $1,268,663,492$ $38,725,992$ $1,417,146,12$	Loans and advances to customers-net	807,231,524	24,640,767	804,171,890	25,169,699
Investments-equity method $3,513,361$ $107,245$ $3,892,029$ $121,816$ Other financial assets-net $6,587,081$ $201,071$ $4,919,872$ $153,986$ Investments in debt securities with no active market $218,918,136$ $6,682,483$ $369,781,436$ $11,573,754$ Property and equipment-net $26,725,584$ $815,799$ $26,250,655$ $821,617$ Intangible assets-net $6,908,558$ $210,884$ $7.072,206$ $221,352$ Other assets-net $9,431,560$ $287,899$ $5.924,651$ $185,435$ Total assets $$1,351,550,086$ $$$41,256,108$ $$1,510,291,682$ $$$47,270,475$ Liabilities Due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks $$62,926,229$ $$1,920,825$ $$$45,350,827$ $$1,419,431$ Funds borrowed from the Central and other banks $1.643,000$ $50,153$ $1.601,500$ $50,125$ Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss $47,460,720$ $1,448,740$ $24.996,981$ $782,378$ Securities sold under agreements to repurchase $20,732,112$ $632,848$ $8,745,465$ $273,724$ Payables $23,225,319$ $708,954$ $21,089,973$ $660,093$ Deposits and remittances $1,091,306,408$ $33,312,161$ $1,296,663,632$ $40,583,298$ Financial labilities $2242,407$ $68,449$ $20,47,292$ $64,078$ Other financial liabilities $221,319$ $7,977$ $240,494$ $7,527$ Other financial liabilities $221,31,611$ $1,486,246$ $52,277,026$ <	Available-for-sale financial assets -net	98,016,783	2,991,965	97,991,344	3,067,022
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Held-to-maturity financial assets-net	2,542,836	77,620	4,089,081	127,984
Investments in deb securities with no active market $218,918,136$ $6,682,483$ $369,781,436$ $11,573,754$ Property and equipment-net $26,725,584$ $815,799$ $26,250,655$ $821,617$ Intangible assets-net $9,431,560$ $287,899$ $5,924,651$ $185,435$ Other assets-net $9,431,560$ $287,899$ $5,924,651$ $185,435$ Total assets $\$1,351,550,086$ $\$41,256,108$ $\$1,510,291,682$ $\$47,270,475$ LiabilitiesDue to the Central Bank and call loans from banks $1,643,000$ $50,153$ $1,601,500$ $50,125$ Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss $47,460,720$ $1,448,740$ $24,996,981$ $782,378$ Securities sold under agreements to repurchase $20,732,112$ $632,848$ $8,745,465$ $273,724$ Payables $23,225,319$ $708,954$ $21,089,973$ $660,093$ Deposits and remittances $1,091,306,408$ $33,312,161$ $1,296,636,382$ $40,583,298$ Financial liabilities $22,42,407$ $68,449$ $2,047,292$ $64,078$ Other financial liabilities $2,242,407$ $68,449$ $2,047,292$ $64,078$ Total liabilities $1,268,663,492$ $38,725,992$ $1,417,146,123$ $443,355,121$ Shareholders' equity $2,226,072$ $65,277$ $20,003$ $2,226,072$ $66,674$ Capital stock $48,689,413$ $1,486,246$ $52,277,026$ $1,636,214$ Capital stock $48,689,413$ $1,486,246$ $52,277,026$ $1,63$	Investments-equity method	3,513,361	107,245	3,892,029	121,816
Property and equipment-net $26,725,584$ $815,799$ $26,250,655$ $821,617$ Intangible assets-net $6,908,558$ $210,884$ $7,072,206$ $221,352$ Other assets-net $9,431,560$ $287,899$ $5,924,651$ $185,435$ Total assets $$1,351,550,086$ $$41,256,108$ $$1,510,291,682$ $$47,270,475$ LiabilitiesDue to the Central Bank and call loans from banks $$62,926,229$ $$1,920,825$ $$45,350,827$ $$1,419,431$ Funds borrowed from the Central and other banks $1,643,000$ $$0,153$ $1,601,500$ $$0,125$ Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss $47,460,720$ $1,448,740$ $24,996,981$ $782,378$ Securities sold under agreements to repurchase $20,732,112$ $632,848$ $8,745,465$ $273,724$ Payables $23,225,319$ $708,954$ $21,089,973$ $660,093$ Deposits and remittances $1,091,306,408$ $33,312,161$ $1,296,636,382$ $40,583,298$ Financial liabilities $2242,407$ $68,449$ $2,047,292$ $64,078$ Other financial liabilities $2,242,407$ $68,449$ $2,047,292$ $64,078$ Total liabilities $1,268,663,492$ $38,725,992$ $1,417,146,123$ $44,355,121$ Shareholders' equity $2,242,407$ $68,449$ $52,277,026$ $1,636,214$ Capital stock $48,689,413$ $1,486,246$ $52,277,026$ $1,636,214$ Capital tock $48,689,413$ $1,486,246$ $52,277,026$ $1,636,214$ <tr< td=""><td>Other financial assets-net</td><td>6,587,081</td><td>201,071</td><td>4,919,872</td><td>153,986</td></tr<>	Other financial assets-net	6,587,081	201,071	4,919,872	153,986
Intargible assets-net $6,908,558$ $210,884$ $7,072,206$ $221,352$ Other assets $9,431,560$ $287,899$ $5,924,651$ $185,435$ Total assets $\$1,351,550,086$ $\$41,256,108$ $\$1,510,291,682$ $\$47,270,475$ LiabilitiesDue to the Central Bank and call loans from banks $\$62,926,229$ $\$1,920,825$ $\$45,350,827$ $\$1,419,431$ Funds borrowed from the Central and other banks $1,643,000$ $50,153$ $1,601,500$ $50,125$ Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss $47,460,720$ $1,448,740$ $24,996,981$ $782,378$ Securities sold under agreements to repurchase $20,732,112$ $632,848$ $8,745,465$ $277,724$ Payables $23,225,319$ $708,954$ $21,089,973$ $660,093$ Deposits and remittances $1,091,306,408$ $33,312,161$ $1,296,636,382$ $40,583,298$ Financial liabilities $261,319$ $7,977$ $240,494$ $7,527$ Other financial liabilities $22,224,407$ $68,449$ $2,047,292$ $64,078$ Total liabilities $1,268,663,492$ $38,725,992$ $1,417,146,123$ $44,355,121$ Shareholders' equity $a68,293$ $559,471$ $23,429,169$ $733,307$ Others $655,277$ $20,003$ $2,226,072$ $69,674$ Total haberholders' equity $82,886,594$ $2,530,116$ $93,145,559$ $2,915,354$	Investments in debt securities with no active market	218,918,136	6,682,483	369,781,436	11,573,754
ImageDescriptionDescriptionOther assets-net $9,431,560$ $287,899$ $5,924,651$ $185,435$ Total assets $\$1,351,550,086$ $\$41,256,108$ $\$1,510,291,682$ $\$47,270,475$ LiabilitiesDue to the Central Bank and call loans from banks $\$62,926,229$ $\$1,920,825$ $\$45,350,827$ $\$1,419,431$ Funds borrowed from the Central and other banks $1,643,000$ $50,153$ $1,601,500$ $50,125$ Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss $47,460,720$ $1,448,740$ $24,996,981$ $782,378$ Securities sold under agreements to repurchase $20,732,112$ $632,848$ $8,745,465$ $277,724$ Payables $23,225,319$ $708,954$ $21,089,973$ $660,093$ Deposits and remittances $1,091,306,408$ $33,312,161$ $1,296,636,382$ $40,583,298$ Financial liabilities $2,242,407$ $68,449$ $2,047,292$ $64,078$ Other financial liabilities $1,268,663,492$ $38,725,992$ $1,417,146,123$ $44,355,121$ Shareholders' equityCapital stock $48,689,413$ $1,486,246$ $52,277,026$ $1,636,214$ Capital reserves $15,213,611$ $464,396$ $15,213,292$ $476,159$ Retained earnings $18,328,293$ $559,471$ $23,429,169$ $733,307$ Others $655,277$ $20,003$ $2,226,072$ $69,674$ Total shareholders' equity $82,886,594$ $2,530,116$ $93,145,559$ $2,915,354$ <td>Property and equipment-net</td> <td>26,725,584</td> <td>815,799</td> <td>26,250,655</td> <td>821,617</td>	Property and equipment-net	26,725,584	815,799	26,250,655	821,617
Total assets $$1,351,550,086$ $$41,256,108$ $$1,510,291,682$ $$47,270,475$ LiabilitiesDue to the Central Bank and call loans from banks $$62,926,229$ $$1,920,825$ $$45,350,827$ $$1,419,431$ Funds borrowed from the Central and other banks $1,643,000$ $50,153$ $1,601,500$ $50,125$ Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss $47,460,720$ $1,448,740$ $24,996,981$ $782,378$ Securities sold under agreements to repurchase $20,732,112$ $632,848$ $8,745,465$ $273,724$ Payables $23,225,319$ $708,954$ $21,089,973$ $660,093$ Deposits and remittances $1,091,306,408$ $33,312,161$ $1,296,636,382$ $40,583,298$ Financial lebentures payable $18,865,978$ $575,885$ $16,437,209$ $514,467$ Other financial liabilities $261,319$ $7,977$ $240,494$ $7,527$ Other liabilities $2,242,407$ $68,449$ $2,047,292$ $64,078$ Shareholders' equity $1,268,663,492$ $38,725,992$ $1,417,146,123$ $44,355,121$ Shareholders' equity $15,213,611$ $464,396$ $15,213,292$ $476,159$ Retained earnings $18,328,293$ $559,471$ $23,429,169$ $733,307$ Others $655,277$ $20,003$ $2,226,072$ $69,674$ Total shareholders' equity $82,886,594$ $2,530,116$ $93,145,559$ $2,915,354$	Intangible assets-net	6,908,558	210,884	7,072,206	221,352
Liabilities Due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks \$62,926,229 \$1,920,825 \$45,350,827 \$1,419,431 Funds borrowed from the Central and other banks 1,643,000 50,153 1,601,500 50,125 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 47,460,720 1,448,740 24,996,981 782,378 Securities sold under agreements to repurchase 20,732,112 632,848 8,745,465 273,724 Payables 23,225,319 708,954 21,089,973 660,093 Deposits and remittances 1,091,306,408 33,312,161 1,296,636,382 40,583,298 Financial liabilities 261,319 7,977 240,494 7,527 Other financial liabilities 2,242,407 68,449 2,047,292 64,078 Total liabilities 1,268,663,492 38,725,992 1,417,146,123 44,355,121 Shareholders' equity 48,689,413 1,486,246 52,277,026 1,636,214 Capital reserves 15,213,611 464,396 15,213,292 476,159 Retained earnings 18,328,293	Other assets-net	9,431,560	287,899	5,924,651	185,435
Due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks $\$62,926,229$ $\$1,920,825$ $\$45,350,827$ $\$1,419,431$ Funds borrowed from the Central and other banks $1,643,000$ $50,153$ $1,601,500$ $50,125$ Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss $47,460,720$ $1,448,740$ $24,996,981$ $782,378$ Securities sold under agreements to repurchase $20,732,112$ $632,848$ $8,745,465$ $273,724$ Payables $23,225,319$ $708,954$ $21,089,973$ $660,093$ Deposits and remittances $1,091,306,408$ $33,312,161$ $1,296,636,382$ $40,583,298$ Financial debentures payable $18,865,978$ $575,885$ $16,437,209$ $514,467$ Other financial liabilities $2,242,407$ $68,449$ $2,047,292$ $64,078$ Total liabilities $1,268,663,492$ $38,725,992$ $1,417,146,123$ $44,355,121$ Shareholders' equity $264,313$ $1,486,246$ $52,277,026$ $1,636,214$ Capital stock $48,689,413$ $1,486,246$ $52,277,026$ $1,636,214$ Capital stock $48,689,413$ $1,486,246$ $52,277,026$ $1,636,214$ Capital reserves $15,213,611$ $464,396$ $15,213,292$ $476,159$ Retained earnings $18,328,293$ $559,471$ $23,429,169$ $733,307$ Others $655,277$ $20,003$ $2,226,072$ $69,674$ Total shareholders' equity $82,886,594$ $2,530,116$ $93,145,559$ $2,915,354$	Total assets	\$1,351,550,086	\$41,256,108	\$1,510,291,682	\$47,270,475
Funds borrowed from the Central and other banks 1,643,000 50,153 1,601,500 50,125 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 47,460,720 1,448,740 24,996,981 782,378 Securities sold under agreements to repurchase 20,732,112 632,848 8,745,465 273,724 Payables 23,225,319 708,954 21,089,973 660,093 Deposits and remittances 1,091,306,408 33,312,161 1,296,636,382 40,583,298 Financial liabilities 261,319 7,977 240,494 7,527 Other financial liabilities 2,242,407 68,449 2,047,292 64,078 Total liabilities 1,268,663,492 38,725,992 1,417,146,123 44,355,121 Shareholders' equity 2 48,689,413 1,486,246 52,277,026 1,636,214 Capital stock 15,213,611 464,396	Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss47,460,7201,448,74024,996,981782,378Securities sold under agreements to repurchase20,732,112632,8488,745,465273,724Payables23,225,319708,95421,089,973660,093Deposits and remittances1,091,306,40833,312,1611,296,636,38240,583,298Financial debentures payable18,865,978575,88516,437,209514,467Other financial liabilities261,3197,977240,4947,527Other liabilities1,268,663,49238,725,9921,417,146,12344,355,121Shareholders' equity48,689,4131,486,24652,277,0261,636,214Capital stock48,689,4131,486,24652,277,0261,636,214Capital stock18,328,293559,47123,429,169733,307Others655,27720,0032,226,07269,674Total shareholders' equity82,886,5942,530,11693,145,5592,915,354	Due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks	\$62,926,229	\$1,920,825	\$45,350,827	\$1,419,431
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase 20,732,112 632,848 8,745,465 273,724 Payables 23,225,319 708,954 21,089,973 660,093 Deposits and remittances 1,091,306,408 33,312,161 1,296,636,382 40,583,298 Financial debentures payable 18,865,978 575,885 16,437,209 514,467 Other financial liabilities 261,319 7,977 240,494 7,527 Other liabilities 2,242,407 68,449 2,047,292 64,078 Total liabilities 1,268,663,492 38,725,992 1,417,146,123 44,355,121 Shareholders' equity Capital stock 48,689,413 1,486,246 52,277,026 1,636,214 Capital stock 48,689,413 1,486,246 52,277,026 1,636,214 Capital reserves 15,213,611 464,396 15,213,292 476,159 Retained earnings 18,328,293 559,471 23,429,169 733,307 Others 655,277 20,003 2,226,072 69,674 Total shareholders' equity	Funds borrowed from the Central and other banks	1,643,000	50,153	1,601,500	50,125
Payables 23,225,319 708,954 21,089,973 660,093 Deposits and remittances 1,091,306,408 33,312,161 1,296,636,382 40,583,298 Financial debentures payable 18,865,978 575,885 16,437,209 514,467 Other financial liabilities 261,319 7,977 240,494 7,527 Other liabilities 2,242,407 68,449 2,047,292 64,078 Total liabilities 1,268,663,492 38,725,992 1,417,146,123 44,355,121 Shareholders' equity 2 2 476,159 15,213,611 464,396 15,213,292 476,159 Retained earnings 18,328,293 559,471 23,429,169 733,307 0thers 655,277 20,003 2,226,072 69,674 Total shareholders' equity 82,886,594 2,530,116 93,145,559 2,915,354	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	47,460,720	1,448,740	24,996,981	782,378
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	20,732,112	632,848	8,745,465	273,724
Financial debentures payable $18,865,978$ $575,885$ $16,437,209$ $514,467$ Other financial liabilities $261,319$ $7,977$ $240,494$ $7,527$ Other liabilities $2,242,407$ $68,449$ $2,047,292$ $64,078$ Total liabilities $1,268,663,492$ $38,725,992$ $1,417,146,123$ $44,355,121$ Shareholders' equityCapital stock $48,689,413$ $1,486,246$ $52,277,026$ $1,636,214$ Capital reserves $15,213,611$ $464,396$ $15,213,292$ $476,159$ Retained earnings $18,328,293$ $559,471$ $23,429,169$ $733,307$ Others $655,277$ $20,003$ $2,226,072$ $69,674$ Total shareholders' equity $82,886,594$ $2,530,116$ $93,145,559$ $2,915,354$	Payables	23,225,319	708,954	21,089,973	660,093
Other financial liabilities 261,319 7,977 240,494 7,527 Other liabilities 2,242,407 68,449 2,047,292 64,078 Total liabilities 1,268,663,492 38,725,992 1,417,146,123 44,355,121 Shareholders' equity Capital stock 48,689,413 1,486,246 52,277,026 1,636,214 Capital reserves 15,213,611 464,396 15,213,292 476,159 Retained earnings 18,328,293 559,471 23,429,169 733,307 Others 655,277 20,003 2,226,072 69,674 Total shareholders' equity 82,886,594 2,530,116 93,145,559 2,915,354	Deposits and remittances	1,091,306,408	33,312,161	1,296,636,382	40,583,298
Other liabilities2,242,40768,4492,047,29264,078Total liabilities1,268,663,49238,725,9921,417,146,12344,355,121Shareholders' equity48,689,4131,486,24652,277,0261,636,214Capital stock48,689,4131,486,24652,277,0261,636,214Capital reserves15,213,611464,39615,213,292476,159Retained earnings18,328,293559,47123,429,169733,307Others655,27720,0032,226,07269,674Total shareholders' equity82,886,5942,530,11693,145,5592,915,354	Financial debentures payable	18,865,978	575,885	16,437,209	514,467
Total liabilities 1,268,663,492 38,725,992 1,417,146,123 44,355,121 Shareholders' equity 48,689,413 1,486,246 52,277,026 1,636,214 Capital stock 48,689,413 1,486,246 52,277,026 1,636,214 Capital reserves 15,213,611 464,396 15,213,292 476,159 Retained earnings 18,328,293 559,471 23,429,169 733,307 Others 655,277 20,003 2,226,072 69,674 Total shareholders' equity 82,886,594 2,530,116 93,145,559 2,915,354	Other financial liabilities	261,319	7,977	240,494	7,527
Shareholders' equity 48,689,413 1,486,246 52,277,026 1,636,214 Capital stock 48,689,413 1,486,246 52,277,026 1,636,214 Capital reserves 15,213,611 464,396 15,213,292 476,159 Retained earnings 18,328,293 559,471 23,429,169 733,307 Others 655,277 20,003 2,226,072 69,674 Total shareholders' equity 82,886,594 2,530,116 93,145,559 2,915,354	Other liabilities	2,242,407	68,449	2,047,292	64,078
Capital stock48,689,4131,486,24652,277,0261,636,214Capital reserves15,213,611464,39615,213,292476,159Retained earnings18,328,293559,47123,429,169733,307Others655,27720,0032,226,07269,674Total shareholders' equity82,886,5942,530,11693,145,5592,915,354	Total liabilities	1,268,663,492	38,725,992	1,417,146,123	44,355,121
Capital reserves15,213,611464,39615,213,292476,159Retained earnings18,328,293559,47123,429,169733,307Others655,27720,0032,226,07269,674Total shareholders' equity82,886,5942,530,11693,145,5592,915,354	Shareholders' equity				
Retained earnings18,328,293559,47123,429,169733,307Others655,27720,0032,226,07269,674Total shareholders' equity82,886,5942,530,11693,145,5592,915,354	Capital stock	48,689,413	1,486,246	52,277,026	1,636,214
Retained earnings18,328,293559,47123,429,169733,307Others655,27720,0032,226,07269,674Total shareholders' equity82,886,5942,530,11693,145,5592,915,354	Capital reserves	15,213,611	464,396	15,213,292	476,159
Others 655,277 20,003 2,226,072 69,674 Total shareholders' equity 82,886,594 2,530,116 93,145,559 2,915,354	*	18,328,293	,	23,429,169	· · · · · ·
	-	655,277		2,226,072	
	Total shareholders' equity	82,886,594	2,530,116	93,145,559	2,915,354
	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,351,550,086	\$41,256,108	\$1,510,291,682	

Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd. Condensed Statements of Income For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except per share information)

	January 1 ~ December 31, 2008			January 1 ~ December 31, 2009		
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$		
Net interest income	\$20,517,858	\$626,308	\$13,697,657	\$428,722		
Non-interest income	1,017,372	31,055	11,825,243	370,117		
Net operating income	21,535,230	657,363	25,522,900	798,839		
Provision for loan losses	(926,249)	(28,274)	-	-		
Operating expenses	(14,156,207)	(432,118)	(14,400,411)	(450,717)		
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$6,452,774	\$196,971	\$11,122,489	\$348,122		
Net income	\$4,460,774	\$136,165	\$8,688,489	\$271,940		
Earnings per share (in dollars)						
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$1.23	\$0.04	\$2.13	\$0.07		
Net income	\$0.85	\$0.03	\$1.66	\$0.05		

Indovina Bank Limited Condensed Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	December 3	1, 2008	December 31	1, 2009
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$3,014,673	\$92,023	\$1,453,651	\$45,498
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks	1,607,873	49,080	675,800	21,152
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	70,459	2,152	187,449	5,867
Available-for-sale financial assets -net	-	-	490,140	15,341
Investments in debt securities with no active market	223,883	6,834	-	-
Receivables-net	109,585	3,345	221,103	6,920
Loans and advances to customers-net	12,354,490	377,121	16,759,762	524,562
Premises and equipment-net	198,225	6,051	179,765	5,627
Intangible assets-net	36,273	1,107	400,153	12,524
Other assets-net	22,423	684	16,111	504
Total assets	\$17,637,884	\$538,397	\$20,383,934	\$637,995
Liabilities				
Due to the Central Bank and call loans from banks	\$959,482	\$29,288	\$616,973	\$19,311
Payables	375,316	11,457	381,772	11,949
Deposits and remittances	12,914,556	394,217	14,760,994	462,003
Total liabilities	14,249,354	434,962	15,759,739	493,263
Shareholders' equity			· · ·	
Capital stock	2,710,117	82,727	4,017,093	125,730
Retained earnings	608,459	18,573	654,139	20,474
Others	69,954	2,135	(47,037)	(1,472)
Total shareholders' equity	3,388,530	103,435	4,624,195	144,732
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$17,637,884	\$538,397	\$20,383,934	\$637,995

Indovina Bank Limited Condensed Statements of Income For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except per share information)

	January 1 ~ Decem	ber 31, 2008	January 1 ~ December 31, 2009		
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Net interest income	\$667,050	\$20,362	\$589,497	\$18,451	
Non-interest income (loss)	98,023	2,992	287,372	8,994	
Net operating revenue	765,073	23,354	876,869	27,445	
Provision for loan losses	(33,586)	(1,025)	(71,449)	(2,236)	
Operating expenses	(288,591)	(8,810)	(342,509)	(10,720)	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$442,896	\$13,519	\$462,911	\$14,489	
Net income	\$352,217	\$10,751	\$371,200	\$11,618	
Earnings per share (in dollars)					
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	Note	Note	Note	Note	
Net income	Note	Note	Note	Note	

Note : Indovina Bank is a subsidiary of foreign bank. Thus, there is no information about earnings per share.

Cathay Securities Corporation Condensed Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	December	31, 2008	, 2008 December 31, 20	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Assets				
Current assets	\$3,151,784	\$96,209	\$5,611,672	\$175,639
Funds and investments	737,726	22,519	730,589	22,867
Property and equipment	49,780	1,520	38,830	1,215
Intangible assets	6,994	213	6,969	218
Other assets	337,697	10,308	378,590	11,850
Total assets	\$4,283,981	\$130,769	\$6,766,650	\$211,789
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	\$270,923	\$8,270	\$2,500,246	\$78,255
Long-term liabilities	1,010	31	1,096	34
Other liabilities	42,247	1,289	54,695	1,712
Total liabilities	314,180	9,590	2,556,037	80,001
Stockholders' equity				
Capital stock	3,700,000	112,943	3,700,000	115,806
Capital surplus	258,434	7,889	258,434	8,089
Retained earnings	15,138	462	183,509	5,744
Others	(3,771)	(115)	68,670	2,149
Total stockholders' equity	3,969,801	121,179	4,210,613	131,788
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$4,283,981	\$130,769	\$6,766,650	\$211,789

Cathay Securities Corporation Condensed Statements of Income For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except for earnings per share)

	January 1 ~ Decer	mber 31, 2008	January 1 ~ December 31, 2009		
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Revenue	\$504,306	\$15,394	\$1,141,880	\$35,740	
Expenses	(576,947)	(17,612)	(893,506)	(27,966)	
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$(72,641)	\$(2,218)	\$248,374	\$7,774	
Net (loss) income	\$(55,384)	\$(1,691)	\$168,371	\$5,270	
Earnings per share (in dollars)					
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$(0.20)	\$(0.01)	\$0.67	\$0.02	
Net (loss) income	\$(0.15)	\$(0.01)	\$0.46	\$0.01	

Cathay Pacific Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Condensed Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

	December 3	2008 December 31, 20		, 2009
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Assets				
Current assets	\$719,742	\$21,970	\$217,124	\$6,796
Funds and investments	2,056,373	62,771	1,649,175	51,617
Property and equipment	1,284	39	1,002	31
Other assets	778	24	17,084	535
Total assets	\$2,778,177	\$84,804	\$1,884,385	\$58,979
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	\$31,587	\$964	\$3,643	\$114
Total liabilities	31,587	964	3,643	114
Stockholders' equity				
Capital stock	2,799,448	85,453	1,895,224	59,318
Retained earnings	195,946	5,981	(29,916)	(936)
Equity adjustment	(248,804)	(7,594)	15,434	483
Total stockholders' equity	2,746,590	83,840	1,880,742	58,865
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$2,778,177	\$84,804	\$1,884,385	\$58,979

Cathay Pacific Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Condensed Statements of Income For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, expect earning per share)

	January 1 ~ December 31, 2008		January 1 ~ December 31, 2009	
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Operating revenues	\$157,687	\$4,813	\$84,097	\$2,632
Operating costs	(114,404)	(3,492)	(340,936)	(10,671)
Operating gross loss	43,283	1,321	(256,839)	(8,039)
Operating expenses	(21,598)	(659)	(8,192)	(256)
Non-operating revenues	1,535	47	1,317	41
Non-operating expenses	(4,305)	(132)	(22)	(1)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$18,915	\$577	\$(263,736)	\$(8,255)
Net losses	\$(4,664)	\$(142)	\$(256,435)	\$(8,026)
Earning per share (in dollars)				
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$0.09	\$-	\$(1.29)	\$(0.04)
Net losses	\$(0.02)	\$-	\$(1.25)	\$(0.04)

Symphox Information Co., Ltd. Condensed Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

December 31, 2008 December		December 3	r 31, 2009	
NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
\$692,964	\$21,153	\$812,414	\$25,428	
85,022	2,595	86,300	2,701	
4,763	145	2,672	84	
22,531	688	11,168	349	
\$805,280	\$24,581	\$912,554	\$28,562	
\$292,154	\$8,918	\$345,816	\$10,824	
80	2	80	2	
292,234	8,920	345,896	10,826	
499,000	15,232	499,000	15,618	
14,046	429	67,658	2,118	
513,046	15,661	566,658	17,736	
\$805,280	\$24,581	\$912,554	\$28,562	
	NT\$ \$692,964 85,022 4,763 22,531 \$805,280 \$292,154 80 292,234 499,000 14,046 513,046	NT\$ US\$ \$692,964 \$21,153 \$5,022 2,595 4,763 145 22,531 688 \$805,280 \$24,581 \$292,154 \$8,918 80 2 292,234 8,920 499,000 15,232 14,046 429 513,046 15,661	NT\$ US\$ NT\$ \$692,964 \$21,153 \$812,414 85,022 2,595 86,300 4,763 145 2,672 22,531 688 11,168 \$805,280 \$24,581 \$912,554 \$292,154 \$8,918 \$345,816 80 2 80 292,234 8,920 345,896 499,000 15,232 499,000 14,046 429 67,658 513,046 15,661 566,658	

Symphox Information Co., Ltd. Condensed Statements of Income For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, expect earning per share)

January 1 ~ December 31, 2008 January 1 ~ December 31, 200			
NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
\$1,195,445	\$36,491	\$1,335,282	\$41,793
(1,035,666)	(31,614)	(1,147,643)	(35,920)
159,779	4,877	187,639	5,873
(94,171)	(2,874)	(110,210)	(3,450)
9,967	304	7,253	227
(219)	(7)	(4)	-
\$75,356	\$2,300	\$84,678	\$2,650
\$61,351	\$1,873	\$66,253	\$2,074
\$1.51	\$0.05	\$1.70	\$0.05
\$1.23	\$0.04	\$1.33	\$0.04
	NT\$ \$1,195,445 (1,035,666) 159,779 (94,171) 9,967 (219) \$75,356 \$61,351 \$1.51	NT\$ US\$ \$1,195,445 \$36,491 (1,035,666) (31,614) 159,779 4,877 (94,171) (2,874) 9,967 304 (219) (7) \$75,356 \$2,300 \$61,351 \$1,873 \$1.51 \$0.05	NT\$ US\$ NT\$ \$1,195,445 \$36,491 \$1,335,282 (1,035,666) (31,614) (1,147,643) 159,779 4,877 187,639 (94,171) (2,874) (110,210) 9,967 304 7,253 (219) (7) (4) \$75,356 \$2,300 \$84,678 \$61,351 \$1,873 \$66,253 \$1.51 \$0.05 \$1.70

Cathay Futures Corp. Condensed Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

Items	December 3	ber 31, 2008 December 3		31, 2009	
	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Assets					
Current assets	\$2,080,054	\$63,494	\$1,433,668	\$44,872	
Funds and investments	30,500	931	30,500	955	
Property and equipment	171,822	5,245	166,632	5,215	
Intangible assets	7,475	228	4,745	149	
Other assets	282,004	8,608	285,128	8,924	
Total assets	\$2,571,855	\$78,506	\$1,920,673	\$60,115	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	\$1,824,187	\$55,683	\$1,179,872	\$36,929	
Other liabilities	9,891	302	10,162	318	
Total liabilities	1,834,078	55,985	1,190,034	37,247	
Stockholders' equity					
Capital stock	650,000	19,841	650,000	20,344	
Retained earnings	87,777	2,680	80,639	2,524	
Total stockholders' equity	737,777	22,521	730,639	22,868	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$2,571,855	\$78,506	\$1,920,673	\$60,115	
				-	

Cathay Futures Corp. Condensed Statements of Income For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 (Expressed in thousands of dollars, expect earning per share)

	January 1 ~ December 31, 2008 January 1 ~ December 31, 200			
Items	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Operating revenues	\$124,304	\$3,795	\$118,432	\$3,707
Operating costs	(67,672)	(2,066)	(69,563)	(2,177)
Operating gross profit	56,632	1,729	48,869	1,530
Operating expenses	(65,561)	(2,001)	(62,166)	(1,946)
Non-operating revenues	36,282	1,107	22,137	693
Non-operating expenses	(2,499)	(76)	(1,067)	(34)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$24,854	\$759	\$7,773	\$243
Net income	\$18,918	\$577	\$6,104	\$191
Earning per share (in dollars)				
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$0.38	\$0.01	\$0.12	\$-
Net income	\$0.29	\$0.01	\$0.09	\$-