CATHAY FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TOGETHER WITH REVIEW REPORT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

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#### **Review Report**

To: Board of Directors

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

We have reviewed the accompanying balance sheet of Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. as of September 30,2002 and 2001, and the related statement of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the nine-month periods then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to issue reports based on our review.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. A review of interim financial information consists principally for financial and accounting maters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the Republic of China.

BDO TAIWAN UNION & CO. Taipei, Taiwan The Republic of China October 23,2002

#### Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

### CATHAY FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. BALANCE SHEET (Expressed in thousands of dollars) As of September 30, 2002

As of September 50, 2002		2002	
	) ITT	2002	
	NT\$	US\$	%
Assets			
Current assets	¢10 001 504	251.000	11.50
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 2, 5)	\$12,291,504	351,990	11.59
Short-term investments (Notes 2, 6)	1,219,034	34,909	1.15
Interest receivable	108,475	3,107	0.10
Prepayments	2,336	67	0.00
Sub-total	13,621,349	390,073	12.84
Funds, Long-term investments and Receivable			
Long-term investments in stocks (Notes 2, 7)	92,041,884	2,635,792	86.75
Sub-total	92,041,884	2,635,792	86.75
Property and equipment (Note 2)			
Other equipment	2,648	76	0.00
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(237)	(7)	0.00
Sub-total	2,411	69	0.00
Other assets			
Temporary payments and suspense accounts	321	9	0.00
Deferred charges	435,919	12,484	0.41
Sub-total	436,240	12,493	0.41
Total assets	\$106,101,884	3,038,427	100.00
	<u>+100,101,001</u>	2,020,127	100.00
Liabilities & Stockholders' Equity			
Current liabilities			
•	\$772	22	0.00
Collections for others	\$773	22	0.00
Accrued expense	148,028	4,239	0.14
Dividends payable	990	29	0.01
Sub-total	149,791	4,290	0.15
Long-term liabilities	24.005.224	710 247	22.20
Bonds Payable (Notes 2, 8, 20)	24,805,324	710,347	23.38
Sub-total	24,805,324	710,347	23.38
Other liabilities		_	
Temporary receipts and suspense accounts	116	3	0.00
Sub-total	116	3	0.00
Total liabilities	24,955,231	714,640	23.53
Stockholders' equity			
Capital stock:			
Common stock (Note 9)	60,958,728	1,745,668	57.45
Capital surplus (Note 10)			
Net assets from merger	26,526,202	759,628	25.00
Retained earnings (Note 11)			
Legal reserve	13,714	393	0.01
Unappropriated retained earnings	6,461,877	185,048	6.09
Equity adjustments (Notes 2, 7)			
Unrealized valuation losses on long-term equity investment	(9,458)	(271)	(0.01)
Cumulative translation adjustments	10,023	287	0.01
Treasury stock (Notes 2, 11, 12)	(12,814,433)		(12.08)
Total stockholders' equity	81,146,653		76.47
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$106,101,884		100.00
	+,101,001	, ,	200.00

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on September 30, 2002 were NT\$34.92 to US\$1.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. (Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. was incorporated on December 31, 2001)

### CATHAY FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF INCOME (Expressed in thousands of dollars, except earning per share) For the nine months ended September 30, 2002

	2002		
	NT\$	US\$	%
<b>Operating revenues</b> (Note 2)			
Interest income	\$292,725	\$8,382	4.16
Gain on disposal of investments	100,881	2,889	1.43
Gain on long-term investments	6,646,538	190,336	94.41
Sub-total	7,040,144	201,607	100.00
<b>Operating costs</b> (Note 2)			
Interest expenses	(305,324)	(8,743)	(4.34)
Loss on foreign exchange	(6,034)	(173)	(0.09)
Sub-total	(311,358)	(8,916)	(4.43)
Operation gross profit	6,728,786	192,691	95.57
Operation expenses			
Administrative and general expenses	(244,154)	(6,991)	(3.47)
Operating income	6,484,632	185,700	92.10
Non-operating revenues			
Miscellaneous income	8,100	232	0.12
Sub-total	8,100	232	0.12
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	6,492,732	185,932	92.22
Income taxes (Notes 2, 13)	(30,855)	(884)	(0.44)
Net income	6,461,877	185,048	91.78
Net income	0,401,077	105,040	71.70
Earnings per share (expressed in dollars) (Note 14)			
Before income tax earnings per share	\$1.12	\$0.03	
After income tax earnings per share	\$1.11	\$0.03	
Pro-forma as if amounts, assuming subsidiaries' shareholdings of Company were not treated as treasury stock :	of the		
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$6 204 267	180,248	
	\$6,294,267		
Net income	\$6,263,412	179,365	
Earnings per share (expressed in dollars) (Note 14)	<b>\$1.00</b>	<b>*</b> ••• <b>•</b>	
Before income tax earnings per share	\$1.08	\$0.03	
After income tax earnings per share	\$1.07	\$0.03	

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on September 30, 2002 were NT\$34.92 to US\$1.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. (Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. was incorporated on December 31, 2001)

#### CATHAY FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Expressed in thousands of dollars) For the nine months ended September 30, 2002

	Capital	Stock			]	Retaine	ed Earnings		Eq	uity A	djustments	5				
	6		0 4 10		1 10		Unappro	-	Cumula translat	tion	Unreal valuation on long- equit	losses term ty	T	04 J		
S	Commor NT\$	US\$	Capital Su	US\$	Legal Re NT\$		Retained H	<u> </u>	adjustm NT\$	US\$	investm NT\$	US\$	Treasury NT\$	US\$	Tot NT\$	US\$
Summary	1N 1 \$	032	NT\$	033	1813	US\$	NT\$	US\$	IN I \$	022	IN I \$	022	IN I \$	022	1813	022
Balance on January 1,2002 Appropriations and distributions for 2001	\$58,386,158	\$1,671,998	\$23,650,414	\$677,274	\$0	\$0	\$137,135	\$3,927	\$6,657	\$191	\$0	\$0	(\$7,333,863)	(\$210,019)	\$74,846,501	\$2,143,371
Legal reserve Cash dividends Remuneration paid to directors and supervisors Bonus paid to employees			(8,789,810)	(251,713)	13,714	393	(13,714) (118,609) (4,800) (12)	(393) (3,397) (137) 0							0 (8,908,419) (4,800) (12)	0 (255,110) (137) 0
Shares converted for issuing new shares Net assets from merger Cumulative translation adjustments Unrealized valuation losses on long-term equity investments	2,572,570	73,670	11,665,598	334,067			(12)	Ū	3,366	96	(9,458)	(271)			2,572,570 11,665,598 3,366 (9,458)	73,670 334,067 96 (271)
Treasury stock Net income after tax for the nine months ended September30, 2002	5						6,461,877	185,048			(3,438)	(271)	(5,480,570)	(156,947)	(5,480,570) 6,461,877	(156,947) 185,048
Balance on September 30, 2002	\$60,958,728	\$1,745,668	\$26,526,202	\$759,628	\$13,714	\$393	\$6,461,877	\$185,048	\$10,023	\$287	(\$9,458)	(\$271)	(\$12,814,433)	(\$366,966)	\$81,146,653	\$2,323,787

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on September 30, 2002 were NT\$34.92 to US\$1.00) The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. (Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. was incorporated on December 31, 2001)

#### CATHAY FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in thousands of dollars) For the nine months ended September 30, 2002

	2002		
	NT\$	US\$	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income	\$6,461,877	\$185,048	
Adjustments:			
Amortizations	81,378	2,330	
Depreciation	237	7	
Cash dividends received in excess of unrealized gain on			
long-term investments	3,930,866	112,568	
Decrease (increase) in short-term investments	(1,219,034)	(34,909)	
Decrease (increase) in interest receivable	(108,475)	(3,106)	
Decrease (increase) in prepayments	(2,336)	(67)	
Decrease (increase) in temporary payments and			
suspense accounts	(321)	(9)	
Increase (decrease) in bonds payable redemption premium	305,324	8,744	
Increase (decrease) in collections for others	773	22	
Increase (decrease) in dividends payable	990	29	
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	66,650	1,908	
Increase (decrease) in temporary receipts and			
suspense accounts	116	3	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	9,518,045	272,567	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of long-term investments in stocks	(15,690,915)	(449,339)	
Subsidiaries decrease capital	7,700,000	220,504	
Acquisition of property and equipment	(2,648)	(76)	
Decrease (increase) in deferred charges	(435,919)	(12,483)	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(8,429,482)	(241,394)	
Increase (decrease) in bonds payable	24,500,000	701,603	
Cash dividends	(8,908,419)	(255,109)	
Remuneration paid to directors and supervisors and			
bonus paid to employees	(4,812)	(138)	
Acquisition of treasury stock	(4,383,828)	(125,539)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	11,202,941	320,817	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	12,291,504	351,990	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	0	0	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$12,291,504	351,990	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flows information			
Income tax paid	\$30,855	\$884	
income an pula		<del>\$001</del>	
Acquisition of subsidiaries by stock conversion method	\$14,238,168	\$407,737	
Shares of the holding company held by its subsidiaries are treated as treasury stocks	\$1,096,742	\$31,407	

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on September 30, 2002 were NT\$34.92 to US\$1.00) The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. was incorporated on December 31, 2001)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

### As of September 30, 2002

#### 1. Organization of Business Scope

Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated in Taiwan on December 31, 2001, pursuant to the provisions of the Financial Holding Company Law of the Republic of China ("R.O.C.") from Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. by (Cathay Life) stock conversion method. On April 22, 2002, Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd. (Cathay Century) and Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd. (Cathay Bank) become two subsidiaries of the Company by stock conversion method. On September 26, 2002, the Company and the subsidiaries held stocks of United World Chinese Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. (UWCCB) which reached 25% stocks of the bank. According to the Financial Holding Company Law of the R.O.C., UWCCB is a subsidiary under the control of the Company. The Company mainly engages in the financial holding business activities.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (1) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand, unrestricted bank deposits, and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of less than three months.

#### (2) Short-term Investments

When market value is obtainable, short-term notes are stated at the lower of cost or market value. The cost of these notes, interest income, and gain or loss due to maturity or as a result of sales of notes are determined by the specific identification method.

#### (3) Long - Term Investments in stocks

Long-term investments in listed companies for which the Company's ownership interest is less than 20% of the voting stock, and over which the Company lacks significant operational influence, are stated at the lower of cost or market value. Unrealized loss thereon is reflected as a reduction of shareholders' equity. Long-term investments in unlisted companies, in which the Company's ownership interest accounted for less than 20% of the common stock, are stated at cost. However, when there is evidence showing that a decline in market value of such investment is not temporary and is already less than cost, the market value becomes the new cost basis and the difference is accounted for as if it were a realized loss, and included in the determination of net income. Stock dividends are not recognized as income but treated as an increase in the

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2002

number of shares held. Upon sales of long-term equity investments (accounted for under cost method), the difference between the weighted-average cost and sales price is used to compute the resulting gain or loss.

Investments in equity securities are accounted for under the equity method where the Company's ownership interest is 20% or more of the voting shares and the Company has significant operational influence.

If changes occur in the capital structure of the invested companies causing an increase or decrease of the value of the stocks, and the Company can no longer maintain its original shares of interest, adjustments will be dealt with in the capital surplus and long-term equity investments accounts. If there is any deficiency in the capital surplus account, the difference will be debited to the retained earnings account.

The cost of the disposal of an investment is determined by the weighted-average method.

Transactions with affiliated companies: Unrealized intercompany gains or losses are eliminated under the equity method. Gains or losses from sales of depreciable assets between the subsidiary and the Parent Company are amortized to income over the assets, economic service lives. Gains or losses from other types of inter-company transactions are recognized when realized.

(4) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost. Improvements and major renovation of properties are capitalized, while repairs and maintenance are expensed immediately. Upon disposal of an item of property and equipment, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts.

Depreciation on depreciable assets is recognized on a straight-line method, based on the useful lives prescribed by the Government of R.O.C. When the economic useful lives are expired, property and equipment, still in use are depreciated based on the residual value.

#### (5) Deferred Charges

The expense was occurred by issuing Zero Coupon Convertible Notes.

#### (6) Convertible Bonds Payable

A. The difference between the redemption price and face value of a convertible bond is

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

### As of September 30, 2002

amortized by the effective interest method and is credited to the reserve for bonds redemption accounts. In addition, this amortization is treated as interest expense.

- B. The book value approach is adopted when the conversion privilege of a convertible bond is exercised. In addition, the accounts of convertible bonds payable and reserve for bonds redemption are transferred to the accounts of capital stock and capital surplus, accordingly, no gain or loss is recognized upon conversion.
- (7) Foreign-currency Transactions

Foreign-currency transactions should be accounted for a cost and that was recognized on a straight-line method recorded in New Taiwan Dollars at the spot rates when the transactions occur. Gains or losses resulting from adjustments or settlements of foreign currency assets and liabilities are credited or charged to income. Year-end foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date, and any gains or losses resulting from the transaction are credited or charged to current income.

### (8) Derivative Financial Products Transaction

Transactions on forward exchange contracts are translated into New Taiwan Dollars based on the spot rate at the contract date. The difference between the spot rate and the agreed forward rate is amortized over the contract period. At year-end, the assets and liabilities of the forward exchange contracts are restated at the prevailing exchange rate, and resulting gains or losses are credited or charged to current income. The net value of receivables and payables of the forward exchange contracts is represented as an asset or a liability in the balance sheet. The exchange gains or losses resulting from the settlement of forward contracts are credited or charged to current income in the year of settlement.

Premium for an options contract is recorded at cost. Premium for the purpose of hedging is accounted for as an asset and amortized over the contract period, and is adjusted by market value as of the balance sheet date. Any gain or loss from hedging the exposed asset or liability position is recognized as a current period gain or loss.

Gains or losses arising from hedging an identifiable commitment are deferred and recognized as an adjustment of the transaction price on the transaction date. Any gain or loss resulting from the premium for the purpose of speculation is included in the current

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

### As of September 30, 2002

earnings.

### (9) Income Taxes

The Company adopted SFAS Statement No. 22, "Accounting for Income Taxes", which requires inter-period and intra-period tax allocations in addition to computing current period income tax payable (refund). Furthermore, it requires recognition of deferred income tax liabilities on future taxable temporary differences, and deferred income tax assets on future deductible temporary differences, prior year's loss carry-forwards and investment tax credits. The realization of deferred income tax assets is further assessed and a valuation allowance, if needed, is provided accordingly. Adjustment of prior year's income tax expense is recorded as current period income tax expense in the year of adjustment.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are classified as current or noncurrent in depending on the underlying assets or liabilities. Deferred income taxes not relating to assets or liabilities are classified as current or noncurrent based on the length of the expected realizable or reversible period.

As per Article 49 of Financial Holding Company Law, in the case of the company holding the exceeding of 90% of issued shares of its native subsidiaries, the company can be selected as the taxpayer as the shareholding is over 12 months within a taxable year and files the income tax returns with 10% tax of undistributed retained earnings to the Tax Authority under the Income Tax Law.

The Company adopts the provision No. 12, "Accounting for Income Tax Deduction" in dealing with the deductible income tax. The deductible income tax resulting from the expenditure on the purchase of equipment and technique, R&D, education training, and investment in equity shall be dealt by the current recognition method.

The additional 10% income tax on undistributed earnings is recognized as expenses on the date of the stockholders' meeting.

### (10)Capital Expenditure Expenses

Expenditure is capitalized and amortized over its useful life if it involves a significant amount and benefits more than one accounting period. Otherwise, it is expensed in the year of expenditure.

# CATHAY FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2002

#### (11)Treasury Stock

The Company uses the cost method to account for treasury stock. Under the cost method, the treasury stock account is debited for the cost of the shares purchased. When the disposal price of treasury stock is greater than the cost, the difference is credited to capital surplus-treasury stock. If the disposal price is lower than cost, the difference is debited to capital surplus from similar treasury stock. If the capital surplus-treasury stock account is insufficient to cover the excess of the cost over the price, retained earnings should be debited for the remaining amount. The book value of each share of treasury stock is equal to its weighted-average value and is calculated according to its reason for purchase.

When treasury stock is retired, capital surplus and common stock are debited according to the ratio of retiring treasury stock to total issued stock. When the book value of the retiring treasury stock is higher than the sum of its par value and capital surplus, the difference is debited to capital surplus-treasury stock. If the capital surplus-treasury stock account is insufficient to cover the difference, retained earnings should be debited for the remaining amount. When the book value of the retiring treasury stock is lower than the sum of its par value and capital surplus, the difference is credited to capital surplus-treasury stock.

As per Article 31 of Financial Holding Company Law, as the financial institution transformed into the Financial Holding Company, the company will adopt Article 24 to 28 in dealing with the adjustment of the organization and shareholding of its original investment. In the preceding paragraph as referred, the shareholder of the Financial Holding Company can transfer its shares to the employees of Financial Holding Company or those of its subsidiaries within three years; or treat its shares as the equity transferred in accordance with Paragraph 1, Item 2 of Article 28-2 of Securities and Exchange Law hereof; or sell its shares in Security Market or Stock Exchange Market which excluded from the restriction of Article 38. The Shares that are not transferred or unsold will be treated as the unissued shares of the Financial Holding Company and report the changes to government.

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2002

Treasury stock of subsidiary was converted into common stock of the Company on December 31 2001, the basis of conservative principle and the R.O.C. GAAP No.30, par value of these converted stocks is equal to that of the issued common stocks of the Company. These common stocks are under the guidance of the "Financial Holding Company Law" of the R.O.C. article 31 and the "Securities and Exchange Law" of the R.O.C. Article 28-2 and Article 38.

Effective from January 1, 2002, the shares of the Company that the subsidiaries held as investments were treated as treasury stock to meet the requirements of SFAS No. 30, "Treasury Stock", and the authorities under the requirements, it is not necessary to retroactively adjusting the financial statements for the prior years.

#### (12)Convenience Translation Into US Dollars

The financial statements are stated in New Taiwan dollars. Translation of the September 30, 2002 and 2001 New Taiwan dollar amounts into US dollar amounts are included in the financial statements solely for the convenience of the readers, using the noon buying rate provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on September 30, 2002 and 2001, of NT\$34.92 and NT\$34.56 to US\$1.00. The convenience translation should not be construed as a representation that the New Taiwan dollars amounts have been, or could in the future be, converted into US dollars at this rate or any other rate of exchange.

#### 3. Pro Forma Comparative Financial Statements:

The company was incorporated on December 31, 2001 transferring the shares of Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. through conversion stock method. Cathay Century and Cathay Bank adopted the same conversion stock method to join the Company on April 22, 2002. On September 26, 2002, the Company and its subsidiary held stocks of UWCCB which reached the holding definition of the Financial Holding Company Law of the R.O.C. Therefore, according to R.O.C. Securities And Futures Commission (SFC) regulations, the company discloses its Pro Forma comparative financial statements starting from January 1, 2001 as follows:

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

As of September 30, 2002 CATHAY FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. PRO FORMA BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of dollars) As of September 30, 2002 and 2001

	2002			2	2001		
	NT\$	US\$	%	NT\$	US\$	%	
Assets							
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$12,291,504	\$351,990	9.38	\$0	\$0	0.00	
Short-term investments	1,219,034	34,909	0.93	0	0	0.00	
Interest receivable	108,475	3,107	0.09	0	0	0.00	
Prepayments	2,336	67	0.00	0	0	0.00	
Sub-total	13,621,349	390,073	10.40	0	0	0.00	
Funds, Long-Term Investments and Receivable							
Long-term investments in stocks	116,949,984	3,349,083	89.27	148,725,857	4,303,410	100.00	
Sub-total	116,949,984	3,349,083	89.27	148,725,857	4,303,410	100.00	
Property and equipment							
Other equipment	2,648	76	0.00	0	0	0.00	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(237)	(7)	0.00	0	0	0.00	
Sub-total	2,411	69	0.00	0	0	0.00	
Other Assets							
Temporary payments and suspense accounts	321	9	0.00	0	0	0.00	
Deferred Charges	435,919	12,484	0.33	0	0	0.00	
Sub-total	436,240	12,493	0.33	0	0	0.00	
Total Assets	131,009,984	3,751,718	100.00	148,725,857	4,303,410	100.00	
Liabilities & Stockholders' Equity							
Current liabilities							
Collections for others	\$773	\$22	0.00	\$0	\$0	0.00	
Accrued expense	148,028	4,239	0.11	0	0		
Dividends payable	990	29	0.00	0	0	0.00	
Sub-total	149.791	4.290	0.11	0	0	0.00	
Long-term liabilities		.,_> 0	0.111	<u> </u>	0	0.00	
Bonds payable	24,805,324	710,347	18.94	0	0	0.00	
Sub-total	24,805,324	710.347	18.94	0	0	0.00	
Other liabilities	21,000,021	/10,517	10.71	<u> </u>	0	0.00	
Temporary receipts and suspense accounts	116	3	0.00	0	0	0.00	
Sub-total	116	3	0.00	0	0	0.00	
Total liabilities	24,955,231	714,640	19.05	0	0	0.00	
Total habilities		/14,040	17.05	0	0	0.00	
Stockholders' equity							
Capital stocks							
Common stock	84,531,631	2,420,723	64.52	77,525,597	2,243,218	52.12	
Stock dividend to be distributed	01,001,001	2,120,723	0.00	5,393,258	156,055	3.63	
Capital surplus	0	0	0.00	0,000,200	0	0.00	
Net assets from merger	50,143,523	1,435,954	38.28	63,771,615	1,845,243	42.88	
Retained earnings	50,115,525	1,155,551	50.20	05,771,015	1,013,215	12.00	
Legal reserve	13,714	393	0.01	0	Ő	0.00	
Unappropriated retained earnings	11,962,562	342.571	9.13	3,549,073	102,693	2.39	
Equity adjustment	11,9 02,002	0.12,071	,	0,019,070	102,070	2.07	
Unrealized valuation losses on long-term equity							
investment	(68,667)	(1,967)	(0.05)	(121,986)	(3,530)	(0.08)	
Cumulative translation adjustments	201,664	5,775	0.15	180,723	5,229	0.12	
Treasury stock	(40,729,674)		(31.09)	(1,572,423)	(45,498)	(1.06)	
Total stockholders' equity	106.054.753	3,037,078	80.95	148,725,857	4,303,410	( ) · · · · /	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$131,009,984	\$3,751,718	100.00	\$148,725,857	\$4,303,410		
Total habilities and stockholders equity	ψ131,00 <b>7</b> ,90 <del>4</del>	ψ3,731,710	100.00	ψ1-0,725,057	ψ-,505,-10	100.00	

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on September 30, 2002 and 2001 were NT\$34.92 and NT\$34.56 to US\$1.00)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

### As of September 30, 2002

CATHAY FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD.

PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF INCOME (Expressed in thousands of dollars)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001

	2002		2,001		
	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	
Operating revenues					
Interest income	\$292,725	\$8,382	\$0	\$0	
Gain on disposal of investments	100,881	2,889	0	0	
Investment income under the equity					
method-net	(3,650,594)	(104,541)	3,549,073	102,693	
Sub-total	(3,256,988)	(93,270)	3,549,073	102,693	
Operating Cost					
Interest expenses	(305,324)	(8,744)	0	0	
Loss on foreign exchange	(6,034)	(172)	0	0	
Sub-total	(311,358)	(8,916)	0	0	
Operation gross profit	(3,568,346)	(102,186)	3,549,073	102,693	
Operation expenses					
Administrative and general expenses	(244,154)	(6,992)	0	0	
Operating income	(3,812,500)	(109,178)	3,549,073	102,693	
Non-operating revenues					
Miscellaneous income	8,100	232	0	0	
Sub-total	8,100	232	0	0	
Income from continuing					
operations before income taxes	(3,804,400)	(108,946)	3,549,073	102,693	
Income taxes	(30,855)	(884)	0	0	
Net income	(\$3,835,255)	(\$109,830)	\$3,549,073	\$102,693	

(The exchange rates provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on September 30, 2002 and 2001 were NT\$34.92 and NT\$34.56 to US\$1.00)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

### As of September 30, 2002

#### 4. Changes in Accounting and Its Effects: None

### 5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

September 30,			
2002(NT\$)	2002(US\$)		
\$20	\$1		
2,279	65		
1,400,000	40,091		
10,889,205	311,833		
\$12,291,504	\$351,990		
	2002(NT\$) \$20 2,279 1,400,000 10,889,205		

### **6.** Short-Term Investments

	September 30,			
	2002(NT\$)	2002(US\$)		
Government bonds	\$1,219,034	\$34,909		

As of September 30, 2002, the Company didn't provide collateral or guarantee of government bonds on short-term investments.

### 7. Long-Term Investments in stocks

September 30,			
2002(NT\$)	2002(US\$)		
Book Value	Book Value		
\$62,786,919	\$1,798,022		
2,482,016	71,077		
11,394,448	326,301		
15,377,936	440,376		
92,041,319	2,635,776		
10,023	287		
(9,458)	(271)		
\$92,041,884	\$2,635,792		
	2002(NT\$) Book Value \$62,786,919 2,482,016 11,394,448 15,377,936 92,041,319 10,023 (9,458)		

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

### As of September 30, 2002

(1) Changes in long-term investments under the equity method are summarized as follows:

	For the nine months ended September 30,		
	2002(NT\$)	2002(US\$)	
Balance at the beginning of year	\$74,839,844	\$2,143,180	
Add (Less):			
Investment gains under equity			
method recognized	6,646,538	190,336	
Add: Increment of investment by			
stock conversion method	14,238,168	407,736	
Add: Increment of investment	15,690,915	449,339	
Less: Holding company stocks that			
the subsidiaries held as			
investments were treated as			
treasury stocks	(1,096,742)	(31,407)	
Less: Cash dividends received	(10,577,404)	(302,904)	
Less: Disinvestments of the			
subsidiaries	(7,700,000)	(220,504)	
Balance on September 30	\$92,041,319	\$2,635,776	

(2) The investment gains (losses) recognized by the equity method for the nine months ended September 30 are listed below:

	September 30,			
	2002(NT\$)	2002(US\$)		
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$6,422,202	\$183,912		
Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd.	118,293	3,388		
Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd.	112,938	3,234		
United World Chinese Commercial				
Bank Co., Ltd.	(6,895)	(198)		
Total	\$6,646,538	\$190,336		

A. The Company, in the third quarter of year 2002, issued the report of the subsidiary Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. reviewed by CPA with qualified opinions due to the potential adjustments, except for the long-term investments in the amount of NT\$689,358(US\$19,741) under the equity method, cumulative translation adjustment in the amount of NT\$6,535(US\$182) and investment losses in the amount of 5,656(US\$162) which were in accordance with unreviewed report of its investee companies. However, as the Company considered there is no significant effect on the

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2002

potential adjustments, it recognized its income/ loss on investments in accordance with the financial statements of Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd. previously reviewed by CPA.

- B. Cathay Century Insurance Co., Ltd., the subsidiary of the Company, in the third quarter of year 2002, recognized its income/ loss on investments in accordance with the financial statement that previously reviewed by CPA.
- C. We did not audit the financial statements for nine months ended September 30, 2002 of Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (holding company) were reviewed by other auditors with unreviewed report which complied with the R.O.C. Financial Institution Merger Law amortizing the losses of disposing of delinquent assets. On April 11, 2002, Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd. had transferred its delinquent assets to Taiwan Asset Management Corporation, and the related losses amounted to NT\$ 1,894,609 (US\$54,256). According to Article 15 of the R.O.C. Financial Institution Merger Law, the losses on the transaction will be amortized over five years from April 2002. As of September 30, 2002, the unamortized losses on the transfer of delinquent assets accounted for as other assets amounted to NT\$ 1,705,148 (US\$ 48,830) and should be recognized as current expenses. The investment gains (losses) of parent company accounted for under equity method of the losses were recognized as current expenses, provision for credit losses of its subsidiary (Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd.) increased by NT\$ 1,705,148 (US\$48,830), the income before tax of its subsidiary decreased by NT\$ 1,705,148 (US\$48,830), the income tax benefit from its subsidiary increased by NT\$ 426,287 (US\$ 12,208) and the net income after tax of the subsidiary decreased by NT\$ 1,278,861 (US\$36,623) for the nine months ended September 30, 2002. The investment losses of parent company accounted for under equity method recognized increased by NT\$ 451,016 (US\$ 12,916), the net asset from merger of additional paid-in capital decreased by NT\$ 827,845 (US\$ 23,707) for the nine months ended September 30, 2002.
- D. We did not audit the financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 of UWCCB, a subsidiary of Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. reviewed by other CPAs with qualified opinions due to the potential adjustments, except for the long-term investments in the amount of NT\$6,260,563(US\$179,283) under the equity method, and investment losses in the amount of 146,383(US\$4,192) which

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2002

were in accordance with unreviewed report of its investee companies. However, as the Company evaluated there is no significant influence on the potential adjustments, it recognized its income/ loss on investments in accordance with the financial statements of UWCCB previously reviewed by CPAs.

#### 8. Long-Term Liabilities

	September 30,		
	2002(NT\$)	2002(US\$)	
Zero Coupon Convertible Notes	\$24,500,000	\$701,603	
Redemption premium payable	305,324	8,744	
Total	\$24,805,324	\$710,347	

Please see note 20, "Zero Coupon Notes Related Information" for details.

#### 9. Common Stock

As of September 30, 2002, the numbers of issued shares were 6,095,872,818, with par value of 10 dollars.

The stockholder's meeting of the company resolved on June 27, 2002 declared cash dividends NT\$1.5 dollars each stock and bonus. From retained earning of NT\$137,135(US\$3,927) in 2001 and capital surplus of NT\$11,324,764 (US\$324,306), which belongs to the subsidiary before conversion. The date of issuing cash dividends was on July 26, 2002.

#### **10.** Capital Surplus

- The Capital Surplus is the net asset from merger of stock conversion (the net asset from merger) and the sum is NT\$26,526,202(US\$759,628) in September 30, 2002. Before converting, there are NT\$2,534,954(US\$72,593) is belong to the subsidiaries retained earnings.
- (2) The additional paid-in capital of par value through exchange of shares was generated from the transfer of the shares of subsidiaries to the Company. In compliance with was Item 4 of Article 47 of the Financial Holding Company Law, the portion of

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2002

additional paid-in capital from the share exchange which comes from the original financial institution's unappropriated retained earnings is allowed to be distributed as cash dividends.

(3) Beside the above-mentioned, pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Law, capital surplus can only be used to offset a deficit or to increase share capital. Capital surplus cannot be distributed as cash dividends. Issuance of new stock from capital surplus can be made only once per year. In addition, the amount to be capitalized should not exceed the specific percentage of capital surplus set by the SFC.

#### **11. Retained Earnings**

(1) Legal Reserve

Pursuant to the Company Law, 10% of the Company's annual after-tax net income must be allocated as legal reserve until the total amount of the legal reserve equals the issued share capital. This legal reserve only can be used to offset deficits and not for cash dividends distributions. However, if the total accumulated legal reserve is greater than 50% of the issued share capital, up to 50% of such excess can be capitalized if agreed by its stockholders.

(2) Unappropriated Retained Earnings

According to the Company Law of the Republic of China and the Company's Articles of Incorporations, 10% of the Company's annual earnings, after paying tax and offsetting deficits, if any, should first be distributed as legal reserve. In addition to distributing stock interest and 0.01%~0.05% as bonus for employees, the remainder shall be allocated in accordance with the resolution in the stockholders' meeting. After converting, the subsidiary's treasury stock had treat as the Company's treasury stock and it doesn't carry any stockholder rights.

- (3) According to the revised tax law of 1998, the Company is required to pay an extra 10% income tax on all undistributed retained earnings generated during the year. The regulation above is no longer in effect.
- (4) According to related regulations if any undistributed retained earnings of the Company assessed by the tax authority exceed 100% of its paid-in capital, the Company must distribute cash dividends or stock dividends following the year of the

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

### As of September 30, 2002

assessment. Otherwise, income tax will be levied on each shareholder's proportion of the total undistributed retained earnings; or the Company may pay an extra 10% income tax on the excess undistributed retained earnings for the year.

- (5) In accordance with SFC regulations, subsidiaries of financial holding companies that hold shares of their parent company should treat those shares as treasury stock as of January 1, 2002. And the cost of these shares cannot be distributed as special reserve.
- (6) Dividends Policy
- (7) According to the operating program, stock dividends are for the purpose of retaining operating capital. The remainder is distributed in cash, but cash dividends are a minimum of 10% of the dividends declared.

#### 12. Treasury Stock

							(01	n. m mous	ands of shar	(3)
Reason for Transfer	Jan. 1, 2002	Increase	Decrease	Sep. 30, 2002	Book Value (in NT thousands of dollars)	Book Value (in US thousands of dollars)	Per Share Book Value (in NT dollars)	Per Share Book Value (in US dollars)	Per Share Market Value (in NT dollars)	Per Share Market Value (in US dollars)
Transferred it to										
employees	0	4,758	0	4,758	\$186,364	\$5,337	\$39.91	\$1.14	\$39.91	\$1.14
For the purpose to conserve the credit and stockholders'										
equity of Cathay										
Financial Holding										
Co., Ltd.	0	95,674	0	95,674	4,197,464	120,203	43.87	1.26	39.91	1.14
Subsidiaries translated it to										
employees	156,927	0	0	156,927	7,333,863	210,019	46.73	1.34	39.91	1.14
Parent's stock that										
the subsidiaries										
held were treated										
as treasury stock	0	22,492	0	22,492	1,096,742	31,407	48.76	1.40	39.91	1.14
Total	156,927	122,924	0	279,851	\$12,814,433	\$366,966	-			

#### (Unit: in thousands of shares)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

### As of September 30, 2002

#### **13. Estimated Income Taxes**

(1) Income tax expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 is estimated as follows:

	For the nine months ended September 30		
	2002(NT\$)	2002(US\$)	
Income before taxes	\$6,492,732	\$185,932	
Adjustments:			
Exemption from income tax on			
securities trade gain	(100,881)	(2,889)	
Interest income of tax on a			
separate basis	(154,276)	(4,418)	
Investment gains recognized by			
equity method	(6,646,538)	(190,336)	
Unrealized redemption premium	305,324	8,743	
Taxable income	(103,639)	(2,968)	
Times: Taxes rate; Less: Progressive			
difference	25%-10	25%	
Sub-Total	0	0	
Add: Tax on a separate basis	30,855	884	
Income taxes	\$30,855	\$ 884	

#### (2) Information related tax imputation:

	September 30,			
	2002(NT\$)	2002(US\$)		
Balance of imputation credit				
account	\$541,034	\$15,494		
	September 30,			
	2002			
Imputation credit account ratio	30.60%			

(3) Information relating of undistributed earnings:

	Septemb	er 30,
Year	2002(NT\$)	2002(US\$)
After 1998	\$0	\$0

Net in come after tax for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 was not included in unappropriated earnings computed since 1998.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

### As of September 30, 2002

#### **14. Earnings Per Share**

	For the nine months en	nded September 30,
	2002(NT\$)	2002(US\$)
Income before income taxes (a)	\$6,492,732	\$185,932
Net income after income taxes (b)	\$6,461,877	\$185,048
Year-end outstanding number of		
shares	6,095,872,818	6,095,872,818
Weighted average outstanding number of shares(c)	5,810,440,042	5,810,440,042
Before tax earnings per share (Dollars) (a) / (c)	\$1.12	\$0.03
After tax earnings per share (b)/(c) (Dollars)	\$1.11	\$0.03

The changes of the above weighted-average outstanding number of shares are shown below:

	September 30,
(shares)	2002
Shares at the beginning of year	5,838,615,765
Add: Capital stock was issued by	
stock conversion method	152,658,032
Less: Treasury stock (Jan. 1,	
2002~Sep. 30, 2002)	(171,857,038)
Treasury stock (Apr. 22,	
2002~Sep. 30, 2002)	(8,976,717)
Total	5,810,440,042

The pro forma earnings per shares of the Company that the subsidiaries held as short-term investments were not treated as treasury stock:

	For the nine months er	nded September 30,
	2002(NT\$)	2002(US\$)
Income before income taxes	\$6,294,267	\$180,248
Net income after income taxes	\$6,263,412	\$179,365
Before income taxes earnings per share (expressed in dollars)	\$1.08	\$0.03
After income taxes earnings per shares (expressed in dollars)	\$1.07	\$0.03

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

### As of September 30, 2002

### **15. Related Party Transactions**

#### (1) Related parties

Name	Relationship
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Company
Cathay United Bank Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Company

(2) Significant transactions with related parties:

### A.Real-Estate Rental Expense

	For the nine months ended September 30		
Name	2002(NT\$)	2002(US\$)	
Cathay Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$6,155	\$176	

According to the contracts, terms of lease from the third party generally expire in 1 year; rents are paid monthly.

### B.Cash in Bank

		For	the nine months ende	d September 30, 20	02
Name	Item	Maximum Amount (NT\$)	Ending Balance (NT\$)	Rate	Interest Income (NT\$)
Cathay United Bank	Certificate		· <u>····</u> ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Deposits	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000	1.9% ~ 2.5%	\$18,798
	Cash In Bank	6,776,150	2,252	0.5% ~ 1.15%	_
			\$1,402,252		
		For	the nine months ende	ed September 30, 20	02
Name	Item	Maximum Amount	Ending Balance	Rate	Interest Income
		(US\$)	(US\$)		(US\$)
Cathay United Bank	Certificate	· · ·	· · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Deposits	\$40,092	\$40,092	1.9% ~ 2.5%	\$538
	Cash In Bank	194,048	64	$0.5\% \sim 1.15\%$	_
			\$40,156		

#### 16. Pledged Assets: None.

#### 17. Other Important Matters and Contingent Liabilities: None.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2002

#### 18. Serious Damages: None

#### **19. Subsequent Events**

- (1) On Oct 14, 2002, the Company's shareholders meeting resolved to exchange the shares of UWCCB. The common stock exchange ratios between the Company and UWCCB were 1:1.6. On October 14, 2002, UWCCB issued new shares in the amount of 199,898,216. According to stock converted contracts, the common stock exchange ratios between the Company and UWCCB were 1:1.6848, after being calculated and adjusted.
- (2) On October 9, 2002, the Company's Board meeting resolved to employ Mr. Tung Cheng-Cheng as managing director. The resolution was not valid until deliberated by the department of the Treasury.

#### 20. Other Significant Events

- (1) Financial Instruments Related Information
  - (a) Derivative Financial Instruments:
    - 1. Credit and Market Risk

The Company entered into forward contracts with financial institution, with good credit. Losses incurred from exchange rate fluctuations can be offset by forward hedging contracts.

2. Cash Flow and Demand

As there will be cash inflow and cash outflow on the expiration date of a forward contract, no demand for substantial cash flow is expected.

- 3. Forward Contract
  - Receivables and payables resulting from forward contract are offset. The differences between receivables and payables should be listed as assets or liabilities.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2002

- (2) As of September 30, 2002, the Company has forward exchange contract (the contract) of approximately US\$700,000. And the forward exchange contract period is from May 20, 2002 to May 20, 2007.
- (3) As of September 30, 2002, the exchange rate of the contract is over and the foreign exchange loss is NT\$54,309 thousands dollars. It will be amortized by three years.
- 4. Foreign Currency Options

As of September 30, 2002:

Counterpart	Effective Date	Put Date	Amount
			(in thousands of dollars)
Gold man Sachs	2002.5.20	2005.5.20;	US\$700,000
International		2007.5.20	

(b) Non Derivative Financial Instruments Related Information:

Except for the item listed in the following table, the book value of Non Derivative Financial Instruments as of September 30, 2002, is the same as the estimated fair market value.

- (2) Zero Coupon Convertible Notes Related Information:
  - Issuer: Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd., a financial holding company organized under the R.O.C. Financial Holding Company Act and the R.O.C. Company Law. Cathay Financial Holdings' registration number issued by the R.O.C. Ministry of Economic Affairs is 118958.
  - Offering: The International Notes are being offered by the Purchaser outside the United States in reliance on Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act ("Regulation S"). The Rule 144A Notes are being offered concurrently in the United States by Goldman Sachs International, through its selling agent, only to institutions that are qualified institutional buyers or QIBs (as defined in Rule 144A).

Issue Price: 100%.

Maturity Date: May 20, 2007.

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2002

Over-allotment Option:

Cathay Financial Holdings has granted to the Purchaser an option exercisable within 30 days from May 20, 2002 to purchase up to an additional US\$150,000 aggregate principal amount of Notes, solely to cover over-allotments, if any, please refer to "Plan of Distribution". In the event that the Purchaser exercises the over-allotment option, Cathay Financial Holdings will promptly inform the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Interest:

The Notes will not bear interest except in the limited circumstances set out under "Description of the Notes – Default Interest".

**Conversion Rights:** 

Subject to certain conditions, each holder of the Notes (the "Holder") will have the right during the Conversion Period (as defined herein) to convert its Notes (or any portion thereof being US\$1,000 dollars in principal amount or an integral multiple thereof) into Common Shares and, upon conversion may, subject to compliance with the terms and conditions of the applicable Deposit Agreement, direct that the Common Shares deliverable upon conversion be deposited with the Depositary (as defined herein) for issuance of GDSs, *provided, however*, that the Conversion Right during any Closed Period (as defined herein) shall be suspended and the Conversion Period shall not include any such Closed Period. See "Description of the Notes—Conversion" and "Risk Factors—Risks Relating to the Notes-There are limitations on your ability to exercise conversion rights". Cathay Financial Holdings shall as soon as practicable but in no event more than five Trading Days (as defined herein) from the Conversion Date (as defined herein) deliver Common Shares to the converting Holders or the Depositary, as the case may be.

Repurchase at the Option of the Holder:

Unless the Notes have been previously redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or converted, each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require Cathay Financial Holdings to repurchase all (or any portion of the principal

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2002

amount thereof which is US\$1,000 dollars or any integral multiple thereof) of such Holder's Notes, on May 20, 2005 at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the Redemption Premium. "Redemption Premium" means an amount payable pursuant to the Notes with respect to a repurchase or redemption of a Note that will provide a Note holder who purchased such Note at the Issue Price on the Original Issue Date (as defined herein) a compound yield of 2.75% per annum (computed on a semi-annual note equivalent basis). See "Description of the Notes – Repurchase of the Notes".

Repurchase in the Event of Desisting:

Unless the Notes have been previously redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or converted, in the event that the Common Shares cease to be listed or admitted to trading on the Taiwan Stock Exchange, each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require Cathay Financial Holdings to repurchase all (or any portion of the principal amount thereof which is US\$1,000 dollars or any integral multiple thereof) of such Holder's Notes at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the Redemption Premium. See "Description of the Notes – Repurchase of the Notes".

Repurchase in the Event of Change of Control:

Unless the Notes have been previously redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or converted, each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require Cathay Financial Holdings to repurchase all (or any portion of the principal amount thereof which is US\$1,000 dollars or any integral multiple thereof) of such Holder's Notes at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the Redemption Premium, upon the occurrence of a Change of Control (as defined herein). See "Description of the Notes—Repurchase of the Notes".

Redemption at the Option of Cathay Financial Holdings:

The Notes may be redeemed at the option of Cathay Financial Holdings, in whole but not in part, at any time on or after May 20, 2005 at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the Redemption Premium on the

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2002

Redemption Date (as defined herein); *provided* that (a) the Closing Price (translated into US dollars at the prevailing rate) of the Common Shares for a period of 30 consecutive Trading Days (including Trading Days that fall within a Closed Period), the last of which occurs not more than five days prior to the date on which notice of such redemption is given, is at least 130% of the Conversion Price (translated into US dollars at the Exchange Rate, as defined herein) and (b) the applicable Redemption Date does not fall within a Closed Period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Cathay Financial Holdings may redeem, in whole but not in part, the Notes at any time, on not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice, if at least 90% in principal amount of the Notes originally outstanding have been redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or converted, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the Redemption Date does not fall within a Closed Period.

Tax Redemption:

If, as a result of certain changes relating to the tax laws in the ROC or such other jurisdiction in which Cathay Financial Holdings is then organized, Cathay Financial Holdings becomes obligated to pay certain Additional Amounts (as defined herein), the Notes may be redeemed at the option of Cathay Financial Holdings, in whole but not in part, at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the Redemption Premium on such Redemption Date.

Redemption Amount at Maturity:

Unless the Notes have been previously redeemed, repurchased and cancelled, or converted, Cathay Financial Holdings will redeem the Notes on the Maturity Date (as defined herein) at a price equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount thereof plus the redemption premium.

#### Negative Pledge:

Subject to certain exceptions, Cathay Financial Holdings will not, and will procure that none of its Principal Subsidiaries (as defined herein) will, create or permit to

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

#### As of September 30, 2002

subsist any Lien (as defined herein) to secure for the benefit of the holders of any International Investment Securities (as defined herein) any sum owing in respect thereof or any guarantee or indemnity thereof without making effective provision to secure the Notes (a) equally and ratably with such International Investment Securities with a similar Lien or (b) with such other security as shall be approved by Holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes. See "Description of the Notes-Certain Covenants-Negative Pledge".

Further Issues:

Cathay Financial Holdings may from time to time without the consent of the Holders of the Notes create and issue further securities having the same terms and conditions as the Notes in all respects so that such further issue shall be consolidated and form a single series with the respective Notes.

Governing Law:

The Indenture, the Notes and the Deposit Agreements will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

Listing:

Application has been made to list the International Notes on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and to designate the Rule 144A Notes for trading on PORTAL in the United States. Application has been made to have the International GDSs issuable upon conversion of the Notes listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Trading Market for the Common Shares:

The only trading market for the Common Shares is the Taiwan Stock Exchange. The Common Shares have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since December 31, 2001.

(3) Material Contract: None.

#### 18. Information for Investment in Mainland China: None

#### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

### As of September 30, 2002

### **19. Segment Information**

According to the R.O.C. SFAS NO.23 "Interim Financial Reporting and Disclosures", the interim financial statements are not required to follow the principles outlined in the R.O.C. SFAS NO.20 "Disclosures of Segment Financial Information".

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

### As of September 30, 2002

### 20. The Subsidiaries' Concise Balance Sheets and Statements of Income

### (a) Concise balance sheets:

	CATH	CATHAY CENTURY INSURANCE CO., LTD.				CATHAY UNITED BANK CO., LTD				UNITED WORLD CHIINESE COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD.						
	September 30, 2002		September 30, 2001		September 30, 2002		September 30, 2001		September 30, 2002		September 30, 2001		September 30, 2002		September 30, 2001	
Items/Period	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Current assets	\$481,364,565	\$13,784,781	\$456,861,581	\$13,219,374	\$7,283,027	\$208,563	\$6,517,603	\$188,588	\$47,796,244	\$1,368,736	\$32,856,473	\$950,708	\$225,816,706	\$6,466,687	\$201,127,375	\$5,819,658
Exchange bills																
negotiated, discounted																
and loans	492,170,967	14,094,243	481,117,621	13,921,228	1,046,561	29,970	1,148,770	33,240	106,637,105	3,053,754	102,134,336	2,955,276	393,778,417	11,276,587	415,789,460	12,030,945
Funds and Long-term																
investments	239,556,902	6,860,163	138,275,384	4,001,024	760,004	21,764	926,979	26,822	454,986	13,029	2,492,316	72,115	12,543,271	359,200	12,130,608	351,001
Property and equipment	15,723,313	450,267	14,137,840	409,081	39,419	1,129	38,533	1,115	1,351,541	38,704	1,197,434	34,648	23,034,407	659,634	22,904,350	662,742
Other assets (Including																
intangible assets)	8,575,358	245,572	8,876,887	256,854	94,526	2,707	81,951	2,371	11,626,261	332,940	9,182,615	265,701	4,886,790	139,942	3,831,845	110,875
Current liabilities	10,241,073	293,272	6,130,074	177,375	665,512	19,058	622,528	18,013	156,225,071	4,473,799	136,180,091	3,940,396	606,239,547	17,360,812	590,653,300	17,090,663
Long-term liabilities	3,726	107	3,726	108	2,126	61	1,443	42	0	0	0	0	34,119	977	0	0
Other liabilities	1,163,951,138	33,331,934	1,022,906,580	29,597,991	5,936,048	169,990	5,518,115	159,667	198,381	5,681	137,248	3,971	1,272,960	36,453	750,998	21,730
Capital stocks	50,686,158	1,451,494	58,986,158	1,706,775	2,317,006	66,352	2,317,006	67,043	12,346,083	353,553	12,346,083	357,236	37,716,644	1,080,087	37,716,644	1,091,338
Common stock dividends																
to be distributed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,998,982	57,245	0	0
Capital surplus	3,048	87	129,078	3,735	0	0	724	21	0	0	88,315	2,556	5,102,231	146,112	5,871,526	169,894
Retained earnings	19,842,142	568,217	12,682,331	366,965	300,583	8,607	254,020	7,350	(903,398)	25,870	(888,563)	(25,711)	7,642,611	218,861	20,736,222	600,006
Equity adjustments	(2,317)	(66)	3,789	110	2,262	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	133,657	3,827	54,948	1,590
Treasury stocks	(7,333,863)	(210,019)	(1,572,423)	(45,498)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(81,160)	(2,324)	0	0
Total assets	1,237,391,105	35,435,026	1,099,269,313	31,807,561	9,223,537	264,133	8,713,836	252,136	167,866,137	4,807,163	147,863,174	4,278,448	660,059,591	18,902,050	655,783,638	18,975,221
Total liabilities	1,174,195,937	33,625,313	1,029,040,380	29,775,474	6,603,686	189,109	6,142,086	177,722	156,423,452	4,479,480	136,317,339	3,944,367	607,546,626	17,398,242	591,404,298	17,112,393
Total stockholders'																
equity	63,195,168	1,809,713	70,228,933	2,032,087	2,619,851	75,024	2,571,750	74,414	11,442,685	327,683	11,545,835	334,081	52,512,965	1,503,808	64,379,340	1,862,828

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### (Expressed in thousands of dollars unless otherwise stated)

### As of September 30, 2002

### (**b**) Concise statements of income:

	CATHAY LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.				CATHAY CENTURY INSURANCE CO., LTD.				CATHAY UNITED BANK CO., LTD.				UNITED WORLD CHIINESE COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD.			
	Jan.1~Sep. 30, 2002		Jan.1~Sep.	30, 2001	Jan.1~Sep. 30, 2002		Jan.1~Sep. 30, 2001		Jan.1~Sep. 30, 2002		Jan.1~Sep. 30, 2001		Jan.1~Sep. 30, 2002		Jan.1~Sep. 1	30, 2001
Items/Period	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$	NT\$	US\$
Operating revenues	\$315,348,275	\$9,030,592	\$266,370,838	\$7,707,489	\$8,108,382	\$232,199	\$8,203,655	\$237,374	\$7,563,820	\$216,604	\$7,622,733	\$220,565	\$25,719,751	\$736,534	\$31,999,024	\$925,898
Operating costs &																
expenses	(307,348,963)	(8,801,517)	(265,663,553)	(7,687,024)	(7,866,480)	(225,272)	(7,990,750)	(231,214)	(8,177,858)	(234,188)	(6,782,746)	(196,260)	(39,272,765)	(1,124,650)	(26,229,227)	(758,948)
Operating income	7,999,312	229,075	707,285	20,465	241,902	6,927	212,905	6,160	(614,038)	(17,584)	839,987	24,305	(13,553,014)	(388,116)	5,769,797	166,950
Non-operating revenues	323,094	9,253	211,409	6,117	3,493	100	2,158	62	22,061	632	22,155	641	179,806	5,149	61,221	1,771
Non-operating expenses	(38,169)	(1,093)	(62,706)	(1,814)	(1,119)	(32)	(843)	(24)	(3,808)	(109)	(3,452)	(100)	(565,612)	(16,197)	(224,317)	(6,490)
Operating income before																
taxes	8,284,237	237,235	855,988	24,768	244,276	6,995	214,220	6,198	(595,785)	(17,061)	858,690	24,846	(13,938,820)	(399,164)	5,606,701	162,231
Net income	6,459,991	184,994	(2,016,937)	(58,360)	162,558	4,655	148,466	4,296	(405,754)	(11,620)	786,343	22,753	(10,287,215)	(294,594)	4,631,201	134,005
Earning per share (in																
dollars)	\$1.17	\$0.04	(\$0.34)	(\$0.01)	\$0.70	\$0.02	\$0.64	\$0.02	(\$0.33)	(\$0.01)	\$0.64	\$0.02	(\$2.74)	(\$0.08)	\$1.23	\$0.04